Townsend Press 英语词汇学习丛书

# Improving VOCABULARY SKILLS

美国大学生中 使用最多的 词汇丛书!



Sherrie L. Nist • Carole Mohr

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本版图书如有印装质量问题,可向本社调换

学习任何一门语言,词汇学习是其中的基础工程和关键部分。掌握尽可能多的单词词组,是每个语言学习者孜孜以求的目标。然而我们经常听到的声音是:单词太难记了!

该丛书由美国Townsend Press 出版,我社原版引进,并根据中国学习者特点做了些改编。与时下图书介绍的单词记忆方法不同,该丛书的作者们倡导的是根据认知原理,通过积极学习 (active learning) 来熟悉掌握单词的方法。具体步骤是:首先,作者把要介绍的8个或者10个生词置于两道练习题中,让学习者通过语境,利用单词所在上下文中的例证、同义词、反义词等线索,推测 (infer)或是猜测 (guess) 生词的意义。其次,就是通过大量的、反复的、多类型的练习,帮助学习者由推测或猜测词义,通过搭配练习 (matching words with definitions) 来识别词义 (identify each word's meaning),通过完成句子、同义、反义或是类比 (analogy) 关系选择以及完形填空等练习,让学习者不断接触该生词并在各种场合中不断运用它,从而达到理解、巩固、掌握并最终自然而然地记忆单词的目的。在整个过程中,学习者是一个积极主动的参与者,而不是一个被动的记忆者。

除了上述主张的记忆方法不同,本套书还有以下特色:

- (1) Words-in-Context Approach: 本套书中的每个章节首先把要介绍的8个或10个生词通过练习题的形式介绍给读者,让读者通过上下文,猜测词义、熟悉词义并作出选择。
- (2) Abundant Exercises: 词义熟悉之后,编写者设置了大量的、各种类型的练习,包括词义搭配、选择题、完型填空等,加深巩固该章节中所介绍的8个或10个单词。每五六个章节组成一个单元,除了章节中的练习外,每一单元中还设有阶段复习性练习题,以巩固该单元中所介绍的所有词汇。
- (3) Focus on Essential Words: 读者看到书后,很自然地就会问为什么每本书中只讲述了250或300个单词呢? 每本书前言部分对这一问题作了回答:编写者做了大量的调查,参考词频信息,运用电脑对所选词汇进行复核,最后确定了每一阶段的基本词汇。书中列出的也是这些

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基本词汇的最常用意义。参照我国英语教学要求,六本书中 Vocabulary Basics 所涉及词汇与我国高中及非英语专业一年级相当、Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary 所涉及词汇与我国非英语专业四级水平相当(4200词汇水平)、Building Vocabulary Skills 所涉及词汇与我国非英语专业六级、英语专业低年级相当(6500词汇水平)、Improving Vocabulary Skills 所涉及词汇与我国英语专业一二年级相当(8000词汇水平)、Advancing Vocabulary Skills 所涉及词汇与我国英语专业高年级相当(12000词汇水平)、Advanced Word Power 所涉及词汇与我国英语专业高年级及以上水平相当。

- (4) Appealing Content: 单纯的死记硬背单词十分枯燥,而且效果也不一定好。本丛书除了上述 三个特色外,在练习内容的选择上也颇费心思。练习题内容饶有趣味,能吸引读者,让读者 在记忆单词的同时,还能巩固语言知识。
- (5) A Comprehensive Vocabulary Program: 本系列6本图书,相互联系,按照由易到难排列,读者学完一本以后,可以继续学习更高层次的几本,不断挑战自己。
- (6) User-friendly Format: 为便于读者的学习,图书在版式设计上也颇费心思,让读者使用方便。最后,我们衷心希望广大读者通过这套书的系统学习,不再觉得英语单词很难记忆。其实只要方法对了,记单词是一个很有趣、很有成就感的过程。

上海外语教育出版社

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*Note:* Twenty-six of the chapters present ten words apiece. The other four chapters each cover ten word parts and are so marked. For ease of reference, the title of the selection that closes each chapter is included.

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# Preface

The problem is all too familiar: students just don't know enough words. Reading, writing, and content teachers agree that many students' vocabularies are inadequate for the demands of courses. Weak vocabularies limit students' understanding of what they read and the clarity and depth of what they write.

The purpose of *Improving Vocabulary Skills* and the other books in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is to provide a solid, workable answer to the vocabulary problem. In the course of 30 chapters, *Improving Vocabulary Skills* teaches 260 important words and 40 common word parts. Here are the book's distinctive features:

- 1 An intensive words-in-context approach. Studies show that students learn words best by reading them repeatedly in different contexts, not through rote memorization. The book gives students an intensive in-context experience by presenting each word in six different contexts. Each chapter takes students through a productive sequence of steps:
  - Students infer the meaning of each word by considering two sentences in which it appears and then choosing from multiple-choice options.
  - On the basis of their inferences, students identify each word's meaning in a matching test. They are then in a solid position to deepen their knowledge of a word.
  - Finally, they strengthen their understanding of a word by applying it three times: in two sentence practices and in a selection practice.

Each encounter with a word brings it closer to becoming part of the student's permanent word bank.

- 2 Abundant practice. Along with extensive practice in each chapter, there are a crossword puzzle and a set of unit tests at the end of every six-chapter unit. The puzzle and tests reinforce students' knowledge of the words in each chapter. In addition, most chapters reuse several words from earlier chapters (such repeated words are marked with small circles), allowing for more reinforcement. All this practice means that students learn in the surest possible way: by working closely and repeatedly with each word.
- 3 Controlled feedback. The opening activity in each chapter gives students three multiple-choice options to help them decide on the meaning of a given word. The multiple-choice options also help students to complete the matching test that is the second activity of each chapter. These features enable students to take an active role in their own learning.
- 4 Focus on essential words. A good deal of time and research went into selecting the 260 words and 40 word parts featured in the book. Word frequency lists were consulted, along with lists in a wide range of vocabulary books. In addition, the authors and editors each prepared their own lists. A computer was used to help in the consolidation of the many word lists. A long process of group discussion then led to final decisions about the words and word parts that would be most helpful for students on a basic reading level.
- 5 Appealing content. Dull practice materials work against learning. On the other hand, meaningful, lively, and at times even funny sentences and selections can spark students' attention and thus

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enhance their grasp of the material. For this reason, a great deal of effort was put into creating sentences and selections with both widespread appeal and solid context support. We have tried throughout to make the practice materials truly enjoyable for teachers and students alike. Look, for example, at the selection on page 27 that closes the fifth chapter of this book.

- 6 Clear format. The book has been designed so that its very format contributes to the learning process. Each chapter consists of two two-page spreads. In the first two-page spread (the first such spread is on pages 8-9), students can easily refer to all ten words in context while working on the matching test, which provides a clear meaning for each word. In the second two-page spread, students can refer to a box that shows all ten words while they work through the fill-in activities on these pages.
- 7 One in a sequence of books. The most fundamental book in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is *Vocabulary Basics*. It is followed by *Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary* (a slightly more advanced basic text) and then by the three main books in the series: *Building Vocabulary Skills* (also a basic text), *Improving Vocabulary Skills* (an intermediate text), and *Advancing Vocabulary Skills* (a more advanced text). The most advanced book in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is *Advanced Word Power*. Together, the books can help create a vocabulary foundation that will make any student a better reader, writer, and thinker.

#### NOTES ON THE THIRD EDITION

A number of changes have been made in the third edition of Improving Vocabulary Skills:

- Material on how to solve word analogies has been added to the introduction, and a new unit test
  consisting of twenty word analogies has been prepared for each unit in the book. These tests
  provide practice in a format widely used in standardized tests.
- The remaining unit tests have been extensively revised, and a new multiple-choice section, using the words in realistic situations, has been added to Test 1 throughout.
- Finally, a number of practice items throughout the book have been revised or updated to ensure that each item works as clearly and effectively with students as possible.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We are grateful for the enthusiastic comments provided by users of the Townsend Press vocabulary books over the life of the first and second editions. We appreciate as well the additional material provided by Beth Johnson and Susan Gamer; the editing work of Eliza Comodromos; the proofreading work of Barbara Solot; and, especially, the organizational, design, and editing skills of the indefatigable Janet M. Goldstein.

Sherrie L. Nist Carole Mohr

# Introduction

#### WHY VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT COUNTS

You have probably often heard it said, "Building vocabulary is important." Maybe you've politely nodded in agreement and then forgotten the matter. But it would be fair for you to ask, "Why is vocabulary development important? Provide some evidence." Here are four compelling kinds of evidence.

- I Common sense tells you what many research studies have shown as well: vocabulary is a basic part of reading comprehension. Simply put, if you don't know enough words, you are going to have trouble understanding what you read. An occasional word may not stop you, but if there are too many words you don't know, comprehension will suffer. The content of textbooks is often challenging enough; you don't want to work as well on understanding the words that express that content.
- 2 Vocabulary is a major part of almost every standardized test, including reading achievement tests, college entrance exams, and vocational placement tests. Test developers know that vocabulary is a key measure of both one's learning and one's ability to learn. It is for this reason that they include a separate vocabulary section as well as a reading comprehension section. The more words you know, the better you are likely to do on such important tests.
- 3 Studies have indicated that students with strong vocabularies are more successful in school. And one widely known study found that a good vocabulary, more than any other factor, was common to people enjoying successful careers in life. Words are in fact the tools not just of better reading, but of better writing, speaking, listening, and thinking as well. The more words you have at your command, the more effective your communication can be, and the more influence you can have on the people around you.
- 4 In today's world, a good vocabulary counts more than ever. Far fewer people work on farms or in factories. Far more are in jobs that provide services or process information. More than ever, words are the tools of our trade: words we use in reading, writing, listening, and speaking. Furthermore, experts say that workers of tomorrow will be called on to change jobs and learn new skills at an ever-increasing pace. The keys to survival and success will be the abilities to communicate skillfully and learn quickly. A solid vocabulary is essential for both of these skills.

Clearly, the evidence is overwhelming that building vocabulary is crucial. The question then becomes, "What is the best way of going about it?"

#### WORDS IN CONTEXT: THE KEY TO VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT

Memorizing lists of words is a traditional method of vocabulary development. However, a person is likely to forget such memorized lists quickly. Studies show that to master a word (or a word part), you must see and use it in various contexts. By working actively and repeatedly with a word, you greatly increase the chance of really learning it.

The following activity will make clear how this book is organized and how it uses a words-in-context

approach. Answer the questions or fill in the missing words in the spaces provided.

Voca	hal:	31°V	( '1	1:113	ers

cabular	v Chapters			
Turn to	Chapter 1 on pages 8-11. This	chapter, like all the othe	rs, consists of five parts:	
f The	first part of the chapter, on page	es <b>8–9</b> , is titled		·
T	he left-hand column lists the ten	words. Under each bol	dfaced word is its	
	entheses). For example, the pronelow the pronunciation guide f			
Nouns boyfried former sort. The imagine		ething — a person, places are words that described truth. All of the withing is doing. Commo	ace, thing, or idea. Fameribe nouns, as in the foerbs in this book express needs include sing, sep	niliar nouns include llowing word pairs: s an action of some parate, support, and
sentence out the	the right of each word are to the the context—the words surn definition. There are four commeral sense of the sentence. Each	rounding the boldfaced mon types of context cl	word — provides clues y ues — examples, synon	ou can use to figure
1	Framplex			,
	A sentence may include examplook at the following sentence			For instance, take a
	Bruce is quite <b>eccentric</b> . F motorcycle, in a three-piece		n a circular house and	rides to work on a
	The sentences provide two exacircular house. The second is suit. What do these two examp eccentric means. Look at the a letter of the one you feel is corn	that he rides to work of les have in common? T answer choices below,	n a motorcycle while while while while which answer to that question	earing a three-piece on will tell you what
	Eccentric means	a. ordinary.	b. odd.	c. careful.
	Both of the examples given in a wrote $b$ , you chose the correct a		ce tell us that he is unusu	al, or <i>odd</i> . So if you
	Synonyms			
	<b>Synonyms</b> are words that mea words <i>joyful</i> , <i>happy</i> , and <i>deligh</i> serve as context clues by provides below from Chapter 2 provides	nted are synonyms — the iding the meaning of an	ey all mean about the sar unknown word that is n	me thing. Synonyms
	If Kate got angry only occas something or other.	ionally, I could take her	more seriously, but she's	s always <b>irate</b> about
	Instead of using <i>irate</i> twice, the synonym, and then choose the			
	Irate means	a. thrilled.	b. selfish.	c. furious.

The author uses two words to discuss one of Kate's qualities: angry and irate. This tells us that irate must be another way of saying angry. (The author could have written, "but she's always angry about something or other.") Since angry can also mean furious, the correct answer is c.

#### 3 Antonyms

**Antonyms** are words with opposite meanings. For example, *help* and *harm* are antonyms, as are *work* and *rest*. Antonyms serve as context clues by providing the opposite meaning of an unknown word. For instance, the sentence below from Chapter 1 provides an antonym clue for the word *antagonist*.

In the ring, the two boxers were antagonists, but in their private lives they were good friends.

The author is contrasting the boxers' two different relationships, so we can assume that *antagonists* and *good friends* have opposite, or contrasting, meanings. Using that contrast as a clue, write the letter of the answer that you think best defines *antagonist*.

Antagonist means

a. a supporter.

b. an enemy.

c. an example.

The correct answer is b. Because antagonist is the opposite of friend, it must mean "enemy."

#### 4. General Sense of the Sentence.

Even when there is no example, synonym, or antonym clue in a sentence, you can still figure out the meaning of an unfamiliar word. For example, look at the sentence from Chapter 1 for the word malign.

That vicious Hollywood reporter often maligns movie stars, forever damaging their public images.

After studying the context carefully, you should be able to figure out what the reporter does to movie stars. That will be the meaning of *malign*. Write the letter of your choice.

Malign means

a. to praise.

b. to recognize.

c. to speak ill of.

Since the sentence calls the reporter "vicious" and says she damages public images, it is logical to conclude that she says negative things about movie stars. Thus answer c is correct.

By looking closely at the pair of sentences provided for each word, as well as the answer choices, you should be able to decide on the meaning of a word. As you figure out each meaning, you are working actively with the word. You are creating the groundwork you need to understand and to remember the word. Getting involved with the word and developing a feel for it, based upon its use in context, is the key to word mastery.

It is with good reason, then, that the directions at the top of page 8 tell you to use the context to figure out each word's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Doing so deepens your sense of the word and prepares you for the next activity.

#### • The second part of the chapter, on page 9, is titled \_\_\_\_\_\_

According to research, it is not enough to see a word in context. At a certain point, it is helpful as well to see the meaning of a word. The matching test provides that meaning, but it also makes you look for and think about that meaning. In other words, it continues the active learning that is your surest route to learning and remembering a word.

Note the caution that follows the test. Do not proceed any further until you are sure that you know the correct meaning of each word as used in context.

Keep in mind that a word may have more than one meaning. In fact, some words have quite a few meanings. (If you doubt it, try looking up in a dictionary, for example, the word *make* or *draw*.) In this book, you will focus on one common meaning for each vocabulary word. However, many of the words

have additional meanings. For example, in Chapter 13, you will learn that *devastate* means "to upset deeply," as in the sentence "The parents were devastated when they learned that their son had been arrested." If you then look up *devastate* in the dictionary, you will discover that it has another meaning — "to destroy," as in "The hurricane devastated much of Florida." After you learn one common meaning of a word, you will find yourself gradually learning its other meanings in the course of your school and personal reading.

• T	he <i>third part</i> of the	chapter, on page 10, is titl	ed	
-----	-----------------------------	------------------------------	----	--

Here are ten sentences that give you an opportunity to apply your understanding of the ten words. After inserting the words, check your answers in the key at the back of the book. Be sure to use the answer key as a learning tool only. Doing so will help you to master the words and to prepare for the last two activities and the unit tests.

•	The fourth and fifth parts of the chapter, on pages 10-11, are titled _	•
	and	

Each practice tests you on all ten words, giving you two more chances to deepen your mastery. In the fifth part, you have the context of an entire passage in which you can practice applying the words.

At the bottom of the last page of this chapter is a box where you can enter your score for the final two checks. These scores should also be entered into the vocabulary performance chart located on the inside back page of the book. To get your score, take 10% off for each item wrong. For example, 0 wrong = 100%. 1 wrong = 90%, 2 wrong = 80%, 3 wrong = 70%, 4 wrong = 60%, and so on.

#### Word Paris Chapters

Word parts are building blocks used in many English words. Learning word parts can help you to spell and pronounce words, unlock the meanings of unfamiliar words, and remember new words.

This book covers forty word parts — prefixes, suffixes, and roots. **Prefixes** are word parts that are put at the beginning of words. When written separately, a prefix is followed by a hyphen to show that something follows it. For example, the prefix *non* is written like this: *non*-. One common meaning of *non*-is "not," as in the words *nontoxic* and *nonfiction*.

**Suffixes** are word parts that are added to the end of words. To show that something always comes before a suffix, a hyphen is placed at the beginning. For instance, the suffix *ly* is written like this: -*ly*. A common meaning of -*ly* is "in a certain manner," as in the words *easily* and *proudly*.

Finally, **roots** are word parts that carry the basic meaning of a word. Roots cannot be used alone. To make a complete word, a root must be combined with at least one other word part. Roots are written without hyphens. One common root is *cycl*, which means "circle," as in the words *motorcycle* and *cyclone*.

Each of the four chapters on word parts follows the same sequence as the chapters on vocabulary do. Keep the following guidelines in mind as well. To find the meaning of a word part, you should do two things.

First decide on the meaning of each **boldfaced** word in "Ten Word Parts in Context." If you don't know a meaning, use context clues to find it. For example, consider the two sentences and the answer options for the word part *quart* or *quadr*- in Chapter 6. Write the letter of your choice.

Let's cut the apple into quarters so all four of us can have a piece.

The ad said I would **quadruple** my money in two months. But instead of making four times as much money. I lost what I had invested.

much money, I lost what I had invested.			
The word part <i>quart</i> or <i>quadr</i> - means	a. overly.	b. two.	c. four.

You can conclude that if four people will be sharing one apple, *quarters* means "four parts." You can also determine that *quadruple* means "to multiply by four."

Introduction

2	Then decide on the meaning each pair of boldfaced words has in common. This will also be	e the
	meaning of the word part they share. In the case of the two sentences above, both words includ	e the
	idea of something multiplied or divided by four. Thus quart or quadr- must mean	

You now know, in a nutshell, how to proceed with the words in each chapter. Make sure that you do each page very carefully. Remember that as you work through the activities, you are learning the words.

How many times in all will you use each word? If you look, you'll see that each chapter gives you the opportunity to work with each word six times. Each "impression" adds to the likelihood that the word will become part of your active vocabulary. You will have further opportunities to use the word in the crossword puzzle and unit tests that end each unit.

In addition, many of the words are repeated in context in later chapters of the book. Such repeated words are marked with small circles. For example, which words from Chapter 1 are repeated in the Final Check on page 15 of Chapter 2?

#### Analogies

This book also offers practice in word analogies, yet another way to deepen your understanding of words. An **analogy** is a similarity between two things that are otherwise different. Doing an analogy question is a two-step process. First you have to figure out the relationship in a pair of words. Those words are written like this:

#### LEAF: TREE

What is the relationship between the two words above? The answer can be stated like this: A leaf is a part of a tree.

Next, you must look for a similar relationship in a second pair of words. Here is how a complete analogy question looks:

LEAF: TREE::

a. pond : riverb. foot : shoec. page : bookd. beach : sky

And here is how the question can be read:

LEAF is to TREE as

a. pond is to river.b. foot is to shoe.c. page is to book.d. beach is to sky.

To answer the question, you have to decide which of the four choices has a relationship similar to the first one. Check your answer by seeing if it fits in the same wording as you used to show the relationship between *leaf* and *tree*: A \_\_\_\_ is part of a \_\_\_\_. Which answer do you choose?

The correct answer is c. Just as a *leaf* is part of a *tree*, a *page* is part of a *book*. On the other hand, a *pond* is not part of a *river*, nor is a *foot* part of a *shoe*, nor is a *beach* part of the *sky*.

We can state the complete analogy this way: Leaf is to tree as page is to book.

Here's another analogy question to try. Begin by figuring out the relationship between the first two words.

\_\_\_ COWARD : HERO ::

a. soldier: militaryb. infant: babyc. actor: famousd. boss: worker

Coward and hero are opposite types of people. So you need to look at the other four pairs to see which has a similar relationship. When you think you have found the answer, check to see that the two words you

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Introduction

chose can be compared in the same way as *coward* and *hero*: \_\_\_ and \_\_\_ are opposite types of people.

In this case, the correct answer is d; boss and worker are opposite kinds of people. (In other words,

coward is to hero as boss is to worker.)

By now you can see that there are basically two steps to doing analogy items:

- 1) Find out the relationship of the first two words.
- 2) Find the answer that expresses the same type of relationship as the first two words have.

Now try one more analogy question on your own. Write the letter of the answer you choose in the space provided.

\_\_\_\_ SWING : BAT ::

a. drive: carb. run: broomc. catch: batd. fly: butterfly

If you chose answer a, you were right. Swing is what we do with a bat, and drive is what we do with a car.

#### A FINAL THOUGHT

The facts are in. A strong vocabulary is a source of power. Words can make you a better reader, writer, speaker, thinker, and learner. They can dramatically increase your chances of success in school and in your job.

But words will not come automatically. They must be learned in a program of regular study. If you commit yourself to learning words, and you work actively and honestly with the chapters in this book, you will not only enrich your vocabulary — you will enrich your life as well.

#### PRETEST OF THE WHOLE BOOK

This test contains 100 items. In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

Important: Keep in mind that this test is for diagnostic purposes only. If you do not know a word, leave the space blank rather than guess at it.

 1. animosity	a) approval b) ill will c) fear d) shyness
 2. encounter	a) meeting b) total c) departure d) attack
 3. adamant	a) realistic b) stubborn c) weak d) flexible
 4. eccentric	a) odd b) common c) active d) calm
 5. malign	a) depend on b) speak evil of c) boast d) praise
 6. tangible	a) more than normal b) touchable c) hidden d) orderly
 7. acclaim	a) false name b) great approval c) disagreement d) sadness
 8. escalate	a) remove b) lessen c) include d) intensify
 9. elicit	a) draw forth b) approve c) praise d) disprove
 10. obsolete	a) current b) difficult to believe c) out-of-date d) not sold
 11. allusion	a) indirect reference b) physical weakness c) improvement d) short story
 12. altruistic	a) honest b) lying c) proud d) unselfish
 13. euphemism	a) false appearance b) degree c) substitute for offensive term d) title
 14. arbitrary	a) wordy b) based on impulse c) demanding d) believable
 15. assail	a) attack b) travel c) defend d) confuse
 16. fluctuate	a) stand still b) vary irregularly c) float d) sink
 17. calamity	a) disaster b) storm c) conference d) breeze
 18. persevere	a) treat harshly b) mark c) continue d) delay
 19. comprehensive	a) accidental b) including much c) delicate d) small
 20. venture	a) turn aside b) urge c) risk d) misrepresent
 21. enhance	a) reject b) get c) improve d) free
 22. attribute	a) admiration b) program c) disease d) quality
 23. discern	a) see clearly b) devise c) rule out d) consider
 24. exemplify	a) construct b) represent c) plan d) test
 25. attest	a) bear witness b) examine c) tear up d) dislike

(Continues on next page)

26. concurrent	a) apart b) happening together c) north d) off-and-on
27. constitute	a) make up b) eliminate c) separate d) remove
28. predominant	a) smallest b) most noticeable c) having a tendency d) hidden
29. <b>nominal</b>	a) open to harm b) large c) important d) slight
30. confiscate	a) deny b) make difficult c) desire d) seize with authority
31. <b>suffice</b>	a) think up b) be enough c) prevent d) pay back
32. degenerate	a) give up b) improve c) stay the same d) worsen
33. implausible	a) possible b) hard to believe c) imaginary d) historical
34. sinister	a) frightened b) lively c) generous d) evil
35. intricate	a) easy b) complex c) workable d) touching
36. qualm	a) pleasure b) dead end c) feeling of doubt d) place of safety
37. <b>garble</b>	a) refuse b) mix up c) claim d) speak clearly
38. immaculate	a) roomy b) clean c) empty d) complete
39. retaliate	a) repair b) repeat c) renew d) pay back
40. blatant	a) sudden b) immediate c) quiet d) obvious
41, intermittent	a) hesitant b) nervous c) off-and-on d) constant
42. digress	a) stray b) improve c) resist d) repeat
43. incentive	a) fear b) pride c) concern d) encouragement
44. succumb	a) approach b) repeat c) give in d) cut short
45. devastate	a) spread out b) begin again c) reassure d) upset greatly
46. <b>speculate</b>	a) search b) think about c) inspect d) state to be so
47. infamous	a) not known b) small c) having a bad reputation d) related
48. benefactor	a) landlord b) one who gives aid c) optimist d) kindness
49. intrinsic	<ul> <li>a) belonging by its very nature</li> <li>b) on the surface</li> <li>c) not noticeable</li> <li>d) careful</li> </ul>
50. alleviate	a) make anxious b) depart c) infect d) relieve

51. mandatory	a) masculine b) sexist c) required d) threatening
52. lucrative	a) silly b) profitable c) causing disease d) attractive
53. aspire	a) dislike b) strongly desire c) impress d) deliver
54. benevolent	a) kind b) wealthy c) nasty d) poor
55. dissent	a) approval b) defeat c) winning d) disagreement
56. <b>proponent</b>	a) foe b) supporter c) examiner d) one part of the whole
57. quest	a) search b) request c) place d) memory
58. conversely	a) rudely b) uncooperative c) in an opposite manner d) unfriendly
59. prevalent	a) famous b) widespread c) escapable d) plain
60. traumatic	a) causing painful emotions b) reversed c) delicate d) harmless
61. flippant	a) cold b) formal c) disrespectful d) nervous
62. perception	a) meeting b) party c) dead end d) impression
63. prone	a) disliked b) tending c) active d) rested
64. rationale	a) research paper b) debate c) logical basis d) mood
65. impasse	a) exit b) central point c) gate d) dead end
66. <b>divulge</b>	a) reveal b) embarrass c) hide d) remove
67. nullify	a) harm b) allow c) turn aside d) cancel
68. elation	a) trade b) comparison c) joy d) majority opinion
69. ominous	a) happy b) threatening c) depréssed d) friendly
70. averse	a) attracted b) fearful c) warm d) opposed
71. transcend	a) send b) travel c) show off d) rise above
72. deplete	a) encourage b) use up c) delay d) add to
73. complacent	a) workable b) easy c) self-satisfied d) healthy
74. empathy.	<ul> <li>a) fear</li> <li>b) encouragement</li> <li>c) ability to share someone's feelings</li> <li>d) avoidance</li> </ul>
75. waive	a) sleep b) show off c) give up d) fly

76. <b>gape</b>	a) stare b) repair c) beat d) hide from
77. punitive	a) inexpensive b) punishing c) ridiculously inadequate d) possible
78. condone	a) forgive b) represent c) arrest d) appoint
79. precedent	a) gift b) example c) fee d) later event.
80. contemplate	a) think seriously about b) create c) add to d) reveal
81. detrimental	a) dirty b) nutritious c) harmful d) helpful
82. ironic	a) deeply felt b) meaning opposite of what is said c) simple d) great
83. vindictive	a) not easily understood b) gentle c) vengeful d) temporary
84. saturate	a) break apart b) put down c) fully soak d) describe
85. deficient	a) forgotten b) lacking c) complete d) well-known
86. <b>fallible</b>	a) capable of error b) complete c) incomplete d) simple
87. exhaustive	a) respected b) nervous c) complete d) tired
88. habitat	a) headache b) natural environment c) importance d) usual behavior
89. vile	a) offensive b) secretive c) nice d) tricky
90. pragmatic	a) ordinary b) slow c) wise d) practical
91. <b>pacify</b>	a) betray b) calm c) retreat d) remove
92. <b>esteem</b>	a) age b) doubt c) respect d) length of life
93. transient	a) stubborn b) temporary c) permanent d) easy-going
94. <b>avid</b>	a) bored b) disliked c) enthusiastic d) plentiful
95. nurture	a) harden b) thank c) nourish d) starve
96. augment	a) change b) cause to become c) increase d) describe
97. <b>explicit</b>	a) everyday b) distant c) permanent d) stated exactly
98. magnitude	a) importance b) attraction c) respect d) example
99. ambivalent	a) everyday b) having mixed feelings c) temporary d) able to be done
100. dispel	a) assist b) anger c) describe d) cause to vanish

# Unit One

 Homer Appr 古 注

Charact L

absolve adamant amiable amoral animosity antagonist eccentric encounter epitome malign Chamber .

curt demoralize dilemma inclination irate

retort sabotage subsequent wary zeal

Charle 3

acclaim adjacent elicit engross escalate

exploit methodical obsolete tangible terminate 1 hapter 1

deterrent implication inequity infirmity infringe

innovation revitalize sparse subjective succinct

Chapter i

allusion altruistic appease arbitrary assail

banal euphemism mercenary syndrome taint

ann, enn audi, audiocycl, cyclo--hood hyper-

nonpath, -pathy pend quart, quadr-

# **UNIT ONE: Pretest**

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

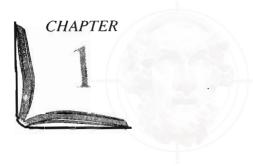
 1. animosity	a) approval b) ill will c) fear d) shyness.
 2. encounter	a) meeting b) total c) departure d) attack
 3. absolve	a) make guilty b) reject c) clear from guilt d) approve
 4. adamant	a) realistic b) stubborn c) weak d) flexible
 5. amiable	a) stingy b) rude c) proud d) good-natured
 6. eccentric	a) odd b) common c) active d) calm
 7. amoral	a) honest b) poor c) without principles d) generous
 8. malign	a) depend on b) speak evil of c) boast d) praise
 9. antagonist	a) friend b) relative c) boss d) opponent
 10. epitome	a) perfect example b) large hole c) horrible sight d) tallest point
 11. sabotage	a) aid b) follow c) deliberately damage d) hide from
 12. dilemma	a) error b) difficult choice c) tendency d) picture
 13. wary	a) kind b) unfriendly c) afraid d) cautious
 14. curt	a) ignorant b) talkative c) friendly d) rudely brief
 15. irate	a) very angry b) proud c) silly d) very friendly
 16. demoralize	<ul> <li>a) encourage</li> <li>b) lower the spirits of</li> <li>c) set a bad example for</li> <li>d) lecture</li> </ul>
 17. <b>zeal</b>	a) laziness b) injustice c) enthusiastic devotion d) hatred
 18. inclination	a) tendency b) favor c) lack d) increase
 19. retort	a) question b) reply c) argue d) approve
 20. subsequent	a) beneath b) before c) above d) following
 21. tangible	a) more than normal b) touchable c) hidden d) orderly
 22. acclaim	a) false name b) great approval c) disagreement d) sadness
 23. escalate	a) remove b) lessen c) include d) intensify
 24. elicit	a) draw forth b) approve c) praise d) disprove
25 evoloit	a) save b) throw away o) use selficially d) sell oversees

(Continues on next page)

7

Unit One: Pretest

26. adjacent	a) above b) under c) next to d) within
27. methodical	a) religious b) systematic c) careless d) immoral
28. obsolete	a) current b) difficult to believe c) out-of-date d) not sold
29. engross	a) destroy b) impress c) disgust d) hold the attention of
30. terminate	a) stop b) continue c) begin d) approach
31. succinct	<ul><li>a) prepared</li><li>b) brief and clear</li><li>c) impressed</li><li>d) not fair</li></ul>
32. <b>infirmity</b>	a) hospital b) small city c) physical weakness d) relationship
33. revitalize	a) renew strength b) break in on c) feel weak d) get an idea
34. <b>deterrent</b>	a) ending b) memory c) prevention d) blame
35. implication	a) word b) statement c) rule d) something hinted at
36. <b>infringe</b>	a) add to b) intrude c) impress d) encourage
37. sparse	a) spread thinly b) gentle c) plentiful d) threatening
38. innovation	a) exercise b) application c) something new d) test
39. inequity	a) injustice b) bigger portion c) small party d) boring job
40. <b>subjective</b>	<ul> <li>a) impressive</li> <li>b) cruel</li> <li>c) based on personal feelings</li> <li>d) distantly related</li> </ul>
41. banal	a) humid b) commonplace c) secret d) true
42. syndrome	a) attitude b) thought c) something required d) group of symptoms
43. appease	a) make calm b) tell the truth c) attack d) approve
44. taint	a) surprise b) dishonor c) annoy d) boast
45. allusion	<ul> <li>a) indirect reference</li> <li>b) physical weakness</li> <li>c) improvement</li> <li>d) short story</li> </ul>
46. altruistic	a) honest b) lying c) proud d) unselfish
47. mercenary	a) clean b) mean c) calm d) greedy
48. euphemism	a) false appearance b) degree c) substitute for offensive term d) title
49. <b>arbitrary</b>	a) wordy b) based on impulse c) demanding d) believable
50 assail	a) attack b) traval a) defend d) confuse





absolve adamant amiable amoral animosity antagonist eccentric encounter epitome malign

c. an example.

#### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 absolve Having insufficient evidence of his guilt, the jury had to absolve Mr. Melman /vlaz<sup>l</sup>de/ of the murder. -verb Accused of taking bribes, the mayor said, "In the end, I'll clear my name and be absolved of any wrongdoing." a. to accuse. b. to clear of guilt. c. to inform. Absolve means 2 adamant - Ron is adamant about not changing plans. He insists we still camp out even /ˈædəmənt/ though the weather report now says it will be cold and rainy. -adjective Adamant in his support of gun control, Senator Keen won't give in to pressure from powerful opponents. c. flexible. a. firm. b. uncertain. Adamant means 3 amiable . My amiable dog greets both strangers and old friends with a happy yip and /eimjəbl/ energetic tail-wagging. -adjective At first, our history teacher doesn't seem very friendly, but once you get to know her, she shows her amiable side. c. good-natured. Amiable means a. intelligent. b. uncaring. 4 amoral Jerry is almost totally amoral. He cares only about making money and having /ei'mprəl/ fun and couldn't care less about right or wrong. -adjective A former president of Uganda, Idi Amin, was truly amoral. He jailed, tortured, and killed innocent opponents without the slightest feeling of guilt. c. lacking ethical principles. Amoral means a. cowardly. b. lazy. 5 arrimosity I was shocked when Sandy said she hated Lionel. I'd never realized she felt /ˌænɪˈmɒsətɪ/ such animosity toward him. -noun « Ill will between the two families goes back so many generations that nobody remembers what originally caused the animosity. a. strong dislike. b. admiration. c. great fear. Animosity means 6 antagonist At the divorce hearing, the husband and wife were such bitter antagonists that /æn'tægənist/ it was hard to believe they had once loved each other. -noun In the ring, the two boxers were antagonists, but in their private lives they were good friends.

b. an enemy.

Antagonist means

a. a supporter.

Chapter 1	9
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7 eccentric /ɪk¹sentrɪk/	<ul> <li>Bruce is quite eccentr work on a motorcycle,</li> </ul>	\-	a circular house and rides to		
-adjective		the famous nursing reform and in one of her pockets.	er, had the eccentric habit of		
Eccentric means	a. ordinary.	b. odd.	c. careful.		
8 encounter /in'kauntə(r)/		<ul> <li>My encounter with Matt in a Los Angeles supermarket surprised me, since I thought he still lived in Chicago.</li> </ul>			
-noun	<ul> <li>I dislike returning to m with people who knew</li> </ul>		am likely to have encounters		
Encounter means	a. a thought.	b. a dinner.	c. a meeting.		
9 epitome // <sup>1</sup> pitəmi/ -noun	•		I-eyed puppy. e Robinson was the <b>epitome</b>		
Epitome means	a. a perfect model.	b. an opposite.	c. a main cause.		
10 malign /məˈlaɪn/	<ul> <li>That vicious Hollywood their public images.</li> </ul>	d reporter often maligns n	novie stars, forever damaging		
-verb	<ul> <li>Stacy refuses to mali- insisted on the divorce.</li> </ul>		though he was the one who		
Malign means	a. to praise.	b. to recognize.	c. to speak ill of.		

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Not giving in; stubborn
2	Lacking a moral sense; without principles
3	Differing from what is customary; odd
4	To find innocent or blameless
5	A brief or an unexpected meeting
6	A perfect or typical example of a general quality or type
7	An opponent; one who opposes or competes
8	Bitter hostility
9	To make evil and often untrue statements about; speak evil of
0	Good-natured; friendly and pleasant

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# - Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. absolve	b. adamant	c. <b>amiable</b>	d. <b>amoral</b>	e. animosity
f. antagonist	g. eccentric	h. encounter	i. epitome	j. mallgn
		in her belief that undertakings failed		
	2. My brothers in the parking	s had planned to me	et in the restaurant,	but their took
	3. I'm tired of stupid insul	hearing the two cats.	ndidates for govern	nor each other
		doesn't want to los		ains polite and
		nals are truly – ers are wrong.	- they don't see tha	at some actions are
	6. The of day.	refreshment is drink	ing an ice-cold len	nonade on a sizzlin
		_(e)d of stealing mo did to his reputation		eany, but the damag
		s of the department acted more like	-	rs competing with
		ious discussions wi f I don't share her o		se she shows grea
		not odd for females n school, girls who t		
tence Check	, 9			
	provided, complete	each item below wit	h <b>two</b> words from	the box. Use each
		millionaire dressed us that he was poo		nt every with
	3-4. Hector for	eels such towar		never says a single

-	_
7	п
	-

	Chapter 1 1
5	-6. Since the congresswoman was in opposing the nuclear power plant, the plant's owners regarded her as their toughest
7	7-8. Wayne is so that he doesn't even have the desire to be(e)d of guilt for all the times he has lied, cheated, and stolen.
9-	-10. With his friendly air, good-natured laugh and generosity, Santa Claus the of the grandfather.
nal Check: Joseph	Palmer
ection carefully. Then fill	you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page gure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
In 1830, a Massachus	setts farmer named Joseph Palmer moved to the city, only to find that
people continually reacted	d to him with anger and hatred. Why? Palmer certainly wasn't a(n)
(1)	man — no, he had a strong sense of right and wrong. He was a
	person as well. And on the whole, Palmer was the
(3)	of a normal citizen, living a typical life with his family. Yet his
neighbors crossed to the o	other side of the street to avoid an (4) with
	almer and sometimes threw stones at him. Grown men hurled rocks
through the windows of h	nis house. Even the local minister (5)(e)d
Palmer, telling the congres	gation that Palmer admired only himself.
One day, four men of	carrying scissors and a razor attacked Palmer and threw him to the
ground. Pulling out a	pocketknife, Palmer fought back, slashing at their legs. His
(6)	s fled. Afterward, Palmer was the one arrested and jailed. While
	more times. Both times, he fought his way free. After a year — although
his accusers still wouldn't	(7)him of guilt — he was released.
••	cause of all the (8) and abuse had been his
	er, (9) to the end, had refused to shave.
long, flowing beard. Palme	
	ner's difficulties, it was no longer (10)to
Thirty years after Palr	mer's difficulties, it was no longer (10) to the many who wore beards then was the President of the United States,



curt demoralize dilemma inclination irate retort sabotage subsequent wary zeal

#### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

\* The fast-food manager trained workers to give polite, full answers to 1 curt /k3:t/ customers, not curt responses. -adjective Betsy doesn't mean to be curt. She seems rudely brief with people because she's so shy. Curt means a. cautious. b. courteous. c. abrupt. 2 demoralize · Cara's refusal to date my brother demoralized him to the point that for months /dı morəlaiz/ he lacked the confidence to ask another woman out. -verb · When Bonita gained a pound during her diet, it so demoralized her that she ate a banana split. Demoralize means a. to cheat. b. to discourage. c. to excite. 3 dilemma · The store manager faced a dilemma: either having an elderly, needy man /di'lema/ arrested or ignoring store rules about shoplifters. -noun · In old romantic movies, the heroine's dilemma often involves choosing between a rich boyfriend and the poor man she really loves. a. a hard choice. b. a great danger. c. a benefit. Dilemma means 4 inclination · My inclination is to major in nursing, but I'm going to speak to a few nurses /ˌɪnklɪˈneɪ∫ən/ before I make my final decision. -noun · That two-year-old has some irritating tendencies, such as her inclination to say "no" to everything. c. a fate. Inclination means a. a tendency. b. a reason. 5 irate If Kate got angry only occasionally, I could take her more seriously, but she's /ai'reit/ always irate about something or other. -adjective · Ray gets mad when his wife misplaces the TV's remote control, and she becomes equally **irate** when he writes a check and forgets to record it in the checkbook. a. thrilled. b. selfish. c. furious. *Irate* means · When I told my parents I'd wash the supper dishes the next morning, my 6 retort /ri'to:t/ father retorted, "Maybe we should serve you dinner in the mornings, too." -verb · "What do you want?" the young woman asked Dracula. "Only to drink in your

b. to reply.

c. to ask.

charms," he retorted.

a. to approve.

Retort means

7 sabotage /ˈsæbətɑːʒ/	<ul> <li>Terrorist groups tra places.</li> </ul>	in their members to sabota	age airports and other public	
-verb	<ul> <li>A fired computer of planting a "virus" in</li> </ul>	-	mpany's computer system by	
Sabotage means	a. to develop.	b. to invest in.	c. to do harm to.	
8 subsequent /'sabsikwent/	• "I was hired as a stock boy," said the company president. "My subsequent jobs took me steadily up the company ladder."			
-adjective	<ul> <li>The first time Janet trips, she felt more re</li> </ul>		as terrified, but on subsequent	
Subsequent means	a. first.	b. following.	c. previous.	
9 wary /ˈweərɪ/		ng as a free lunch" means comething for nothing.	that we should be wary about	
-adjective - I'm a little wary of people who, when they first their best friend.			st meet me, treat me as if I'm	
Wary means	a. careful.	b. tired.	c. welcoming.	
10 zeal /zi:l/ -noun	<ul> <li>Flo attacked her food with such zeal that I thought she hadn't eaten for a week!</li> <li>My neighbor has so much zeal about keeping our neighborhood clean that he sweeps our sidewalk if we don't do it ourselves.</li> </ul>			
Zeal means	a. resistance.	b. passion.	c. skill.	

# Matching Words with Definitions

1

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

l	A tendency to think, act, or behave in a certain way; a leaning
2	Rudely brief when speaking to someone
3	Cautious; on guard
4	To reply, especially in a quick, sharp, or witty way
5	To lower the spirits of; weaken the confidence or cheerfulness of
6	A situation requiring a difficult choice
7	Following, in time or order; next; later
8	Enthusiastic devotion; intense enthusiasm
9	To deliberately destroy or damage
0	Very angry

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. curt	b. demoralize		d. inclination	e. irate
f. retort	g. <b>sabotage</b>	h. <b>subsequent</b>	i. wary	j. zeal
	1. Rob's a day's p	was whether to go to way.	ork feeling sick or to	stay home and
	2. Be w	hen something sounds to	o good to be true —	t probably is.
	3. I have to	watch my budget becaus	e I have a(n) to o	verspend.
		adway director cut off monse: "Thank you. That w		g singers with
	5. The strik	ing miners planned to _ rance.	one of the mines	by blowing up
		Devan expected to get a C truly(e)d him.	an A on his research	n paper, receivi
		n played miserably in to win all games.	the first game of th	e season, but
		er always became who we have time he began yelling		
		cents could apply to their d shopping, their grades	•	the they fee
	woman s	e wisecracking waiter sa tated, "I didn't come here he waiter.		
entence Ch	eck 2			
		te each item below with	two words from the l	box. Use each v
		dy angry, the customer b		_ when he rece
		I answer my phone and l		

		5.1dp.15. =	13
5	-6. Because of terrorist attemp	ots to flights, airline security working passengers.	kers are
		great for my chemistry class, we the necessary background quickly	
9-	offer for an office position	the job offer to be a salad chef, but a has presented her with a(n): Sho rant job, which pays poorly, or the terest her much?	ould she

# ➤ Final Check: Telephone Salespeople

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

ntext clues will help you fig	gure out which word goes in which blank	k.) Use each word once.
If my carpets need clea	aning or I want a new freezer, I will do s	some comparison shopping first.
I am not likely to buy any	thing suddenly just because a complete	stranger has phoned — usually
during the dinner hour	— to sell it. For this and other	reasons, I have always been
(1)	of telephone salespeople. I don't like	e their cheerful, overly amiable°
voices and their nervy sug	gestions as to how I might easily pay fo	r whatever it is they are selling.
My (2)	is to get off the phone as soon as	possible.
My husband, however,	, creates a(n) (3)	for me when he takes these
calls. He doesn't want wha	at is being sold either, but he feels sorry	for the salespeople. He doesn't
want to (4)	them with such a(n) (5)	reply as
"No." When they begin the	eir sales pitches, he is overcome by their	(6) for
their products and therefore	e listens politely. Then he (7)	s my efforts
to discourage (8)	calls by suggesting	g that the salespeople call back
later to talk to his wife! I d	don't know who gets more (9)	when that
happens — I or the salespe	eople, disappointed when they realize we	e never intended to buy a thing.
More than once, when I've	e finally said "No sale" for the last time t	to an adamant° salesperson who
had been refusing to take '	"no" for an answer, he or she has (10)_	(e)d,
"Well, thanks for wasting r	ny time."	



acclaim adjacent elicit engross escalate exploit methodical obsolete tangible terminate

c. to be sad about.

#### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 acclaim /əˈkleɪm/ -noun		that is clean, quiet, and safe do an Gogh is now considered ifetime.	
Acclaim means	a. criticism.	b. praise.	c. change.
2 adjacent /əˈdʒeɪsənt/ -adjective	comments.	are adjacent, Jeff and Kelli shes in a cupboard that's adja	
	won't have to walk v	when putting away the clean d	ishes.
Adjacent means	a. close.	b. similar.	c. separated.
3 elicit /ɪˈlɪsɪt/ -verb	The basketball plays	olet eyes always elicit admira er's three-point shot to win the ight from the excited fans.	
Elicit means	a. to stop.	b. to follow.	c. to bring out.
4 engross /ɪnˈgrəʊs/ -verb	when he was called	movie so <b>engrossed</b> Bryan to dinner. le-file march of black ants al	
	me for several minut		•
Engross means	a. to hold the interes	st of. b. to disgust.	c. to bore.
5 escalate /'eskəleɪt/	The fight between among members of I	the two hockey players esca	alated into an all-out battle
-verb		ate our fund-raising efforts,' pany won't survive."	" the theater manager said
Escalate means	a. to expand.	b. to delay.	c. to weaken.
6 exploit /ik <sup>l</sup> sploit/		entury, factory owners exploit ditions for as many as eighteer	
-verb		he English teacher's son, he anyone else in the class.	refuses to exploit his status

b. to take advantage of.

Exploit means

a. to forget.

17

7 methodical	<ul> <li>A methodical way to store spices is to shelve them in alphabetical order.</li> </ul>				
/mɪˈθɒdɪkəl/ -adjective	<ul> <li>Joan is so method into different nutrit</li> </ul>		assifies the foods in each meal		
Methodical means	a. accidental.	b. out-of-date.	c. orderly.		
8 obsolete /'nbsəli:t/	<ul> <li>Computers are so obsolete.</li> </ul>	common now that they h	ave made typewriters almost		
-adjective	<ul> <li>In the United State obsolete.</li> </ul>	s, the automobile quickly ma	de travel by horse and carriage		
Obsolete means	a. popular.	b. useful.	c. extinct.		
9 tangible /ˈtændʒəbl/	<ul> <li>The sculptor loved and stone.</li> </ul>	I making her ideas tangible	by giving them form in metal		
-adjective	•	, empty soda bottles, and ty had taken place the night b	dirty napkins were tangible efore.		
Tangible means	a. clever.	b. solid.	c. hidden.		
10 terminate /ts:mineit/		ds inched toward 3:00, the s te the last class before spring	tudents waited impatiently for vacation.		
-verb		have <b>terminated</b> the boxing the ability to defend himse	g match when he first saw the elf.		
Terminate means	a. to end.	b. to revive.	c. to begin.		

# Matching Words with Definitions

1.

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

2	To stop; bring to an end
3	Orderly; systematic
4	Close; near (to something)
5	Able to be touched; having form and matter
6	No longer active or in use; out of date
7	To increase or intensify
8	Great praise or applause; enthusiastic approval
9	To hold the full attention of; absorb
10	To use selfishly or unethically; take unfair advantage of

To draw forth

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

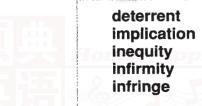
# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. <b>acclaim</b>	b. adjacent	c. <b>elicit</b>	d. <b>engross</b>	e. <b>escalate</b>
f. exploit	g. methodical	h. obsolete	i. tangible	j. terminate
	I. A wedding other.	ring is a(n) ex	pression of a couple	e's commitment to e
		gy becomes as che bensive, may becom	ap and plentiful as s	unshine, nuclear ene
		•	e Ryan, Forrest Gun  n Oscars and the	
	4. Our house is completel		high wooden fence,	so our view on that
		g match between F e neighbors compla	tose and her brother ined.	(e)d until it wa
	6. Sometimes pass my sto		ng on the bus will _	me so much that
		ers feel(e)d by es and better worki	their employers, the	ey often go on strike
			g letters. She keeps cople she owes lette	
			ng money on the jol m up on criminal ch	
			question "Which do from a number of ch	
ntence Chec	ek~2			
ng the answer line e.	s provided, complete	each item below wi	th two words from	the box. Use each w
	of grace		ne(e)d the audie ed. At the end, a lo	
	_	n hand-crafted furn )d all demand for it	iture is almost,	mass production ha

				Chapter 3	19
	5-6.	Workers want rewards welcome less concrete ben			y also
	7–8.	The more the British unfairly, the more the color			
	9–10.	Patty's baking technorow, with each one to		-	s in a
Final Check	: A Cruel S	port			
selection careful	ly. Then fill in e	to strengthen your knowled ach blank with a word from e out which word goes in who	om the box at the top	of the previous	_
As Alex	sat down in the	carnival tent, the lights dim	med. A spotlight rever	aled a short, heav	/ <b>y</b>
		tugged the chain, and an o			-
animal's ow	ner, announced t	hat the bear's name was S	Sally. He said he wou	ld give a hundre	ed
dollars to any	yone who wrestle	d Sally to the floor.	·		
"That's o	disgusting! You h	ave no right to (1)	an a	nimal that way!"	a
		ices joined her in protest. A			
Alex wanted	to leave too, bu	t he was too shocked to m	ove. He had thought	bear wrestling w	as
(2)		given up long ago as a crue	l sport.		
		(e)d		e. "I'll do it!" a b	ig
		0			
		nging at Sally. She backed a			
		ly finally raised a paw to de			
she had no c	laws. Feeling ver	y brave now, he (5)	(e)d	his attack.	
The horr	rible scene (6)	(e)d	Alex, who could barel	y believe his eye	es.
		to Alex re			
	allowed. I'm call				
Meanwh	ile, the drunken r	nan knocked Sally over. He	r owner then (8)	(e	)d
the match ar	nd handed Sally a	bucket of food. The (9)		_ way in which l	ne
		x he had done it many, man			
Finally,	the owner led Sa	ally away. The animal's dr	ooping head and her	labored walk we	re
(10)-		expressions of her miser	y. As Sally passed hi	im, Alex saw tw	<b>/O</b>
police office	rs enter the tent.	He hoped with all his hear	that the law could pr	event another suc	ch
	uelty to this living				
		entence Check 2%		;	





innovation revitalize sparse subjective succinct

#### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentences	to help you ligate out out it	g.		
1 deterrent /di <sup>'</sup> terent/	As a <b>deterrent</b> to burglars, my father put a sign on our lawn that says, "Beware of pit bull."			
-noun	If the dangers of skydiv high cost will be.	ving aren't a big enough do	eterrent for Ben, maybe the	
Deterrent means	a. a reward.	b. a prevention.	c. a reason.	
2 implication /ˌɪmplɪˈkeɪ∫ən/	<ul> <li>When the boss said that company profits were down, the implication was that nobody would be getting a raise.</li> </ul>			
-noun	<ul> <li>When the salesman win special deal on a car.</li> </ul>	ked, the <b>implication</b> was t	that he would give Joaquin a	
Implication means	a. a minor fault.	b. a demand.	c. something suggested.	
3 inequity /ɪnˈekwətɪ/		tma Gandhi experienced a he was thrown off a "white	an inequity that was all too	
-noun	<ul> <li>Most Americans consider it an inequity that some millionaires pay less in taxes than ordinary citizens do.</li> </ul>			
Inequity means	a. an injustice.	b. a physical weakness	. c. a question.	
4 infirmity /ɪn¹fɜːmətɪ/	<ul> <li>Rick uses a wheelcha traveling.</li> </ul>	ir, but he doesn't let his	s infirmity keep him from	
-noun	<ul> <li>Certain infirmities, suc elderly.</li> </ul>	h as arthritis and diabetes,	are more likely to affect the	
Infirmity means	a. a relationship.	b. a disability.	c. a secret.	
5 infringe /ɪnˈfrɪndʒ/		cket the nuclear power pe's right to enter and exit fr	plant as long as they don't reely.	
-verb	<ul> <li>When my mother is doi quiet time.</li> </ul>	ng her homework, no one	is allowed to <b>infringe</b> on her	
Infringe means	a. to interfere with.	b. to protect.	c. to recognize.	
6 innovation /ˌɪnəʊ¹veɪ∫ən/	<ul> <li>When commercial bak exciting innovation.</li> </ul>	ters first offered sliced b	read, it was considered an	
-noun	<ul> <li>The high cost of colleg children's education wh</li> </ul>		al innovations as paying for	
Innovation means	a. something new.	b. a weakness.	c. an imitation.	

7 revitalize /ri:'vaıtəlaız/	When Dwight is tired after work, he finds a brief nap revitalizes him for an evening out with friends.			
-verh		opes to <b>revitalize</b> the curren for new businesses.	tly lifeless shopping district by	
Revitalize means	a. to refresh.	b. to amuse.	c. to tire out.	
8 sparse /spais/	<ul> <li>There are thick pine become sparse.</li> </ul>	e forests at the foot of the mo	ountain, but higher up, the trees	
-adjective		turnout for the team's first pe attendance at the next one.	p rally was <b>sparse</b> . Organizers	
Sparse means	a. long.	b. thin.	c. crowded.	
9 subjective /səb'dʒektɪv/	Mary, a highly subjective judge of her son's abilities, feels he's brilliant in every respect. The boy's father, however, has a less emotional view of him.			
-adjective	The reporter refused to write about his friend's trial. He knew any story he wrote would be too subjective to be published as an unbiased article.			
Subjective means	a. one-sided.	b. boring.	c. impersonal.	
10 succinct /sək'sıŋkt/		ald be succinct so that you g more words than necessary.	et your message across clearly	
-adjective	"What's new?" is happened to you lat		g, "Has anything of interest	
Succinct means	a. wordy.	b. prejudiced.	c. brief and clear.	

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Injustice; unfairness; an instance of injustice
2	A new custom, method, or invention; something newly introduced
3.	Based on personal opinions, feelings, and attitudes; not objective
4	Something that discourages or prevents a certain action
5	Expressed clearly in a few words; to the point; concise
6	To renew the strength and energy of; restore to a vigorous, active condition
7	A physical weakness or defect; ailment
8	Distributed thinly; not thick or crowded
9	To intrude or trespass on; to go beyond the limits considered proper
10	An idea that is communicated indirectly, through a suggestion or him

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

{	b. <b>implication</b> g. <b>revitalize</b>	c. <b>inequity</b> h. <b>sparse</b>	d. <b>infirmity</b> i. <b>subjective</b>	e. <b>infringe</b> j. <b>succinct</b>		
	_ 1. Although M	_	er broken leg, it was	s an that kept		
	_ 2. When a res	taurant's tables h	ave ashtrays, the	is that smokin		
	_ 3. Our democra	atic rights do not in	nclude the freedom to	on other peop		
	_ 4. "Now" is a _	4. "Now" is a way of saying, "At this particular point in time."				
		along a path	at the corner of the	lot, where kids ta		
		ng in food pacl ather than poured.	caging is a bottle from	n which salad dres		
			loyees(e)d my au ggesting new goals.	int's interest in her		
			view of events ng Jewish girl in hidi	-		
	_	y was accused of c ig the same work.	reating a(n) by pa	aying women less		
		t the age of 53 one	tally deaf by age 50 ve of his most ambition			
ntence Check	2					
ng the answer lines pro	ovided, complete e	ach item below wi	th <b>two</b> words from th	e box. Use each w		
			yor saw the turng to his campaign			
			particularly on the on the privacy	•		

records.

9	7
_	J

		Chapter 4	23
5-6.	Although arthritis can be a painful, Aunt Fo a(n) to her active lifestyle. For example, she dancing every week.		
7–8.	All editorials are — they represent some editorial, for example, writers are free to argupolice brutality, instead of just reporting on it.	-	
9–10	A sign may be brief and still have severals. sign "Dangerous Curve" suggests that drivers slow down, that the curve ahead is sharp, and the happened there before.	should be wary°	and

## ➤ Final Check: Bald Is Beautiful

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

Looking through a hair-care magazine, I noticed many ads for toupees and hair thickeners. The
1)seemed to be that a man's baldness is a major (2)
Well, I'm not going to let anyone (3) on the right of a man to be bald, or to
demoralize° those who have already lost their hair. Listen, all you baldies. You may feel it's a serious
4) that some heads have only (5) hair while others
are thickly covered, but I think bald men — including my father — are terrifically attractive. Sure,
hat's just my (6) opinion, but I'm not alone. I know another woman
whose boyfriend went so far as to shave his head in order to (7) their
ired romance. My thick-haired boyfriend hasn't offered to go quite that far, but I wouldn't offer any
8) to him if he had an inclination° to do the same thing. I know drug
companies manufacture medications to produce hair on bald heads, but that's one
9) I would discourage any man from using. I'd even like to see the day
when toupees are as obsolete° as hoop skirts. I hate to see all those beautiful, shiny bald heads
covered up. Or, to be more (10), bald is beautiful.

Final Check

Sentence Check 2 \_\_\_\_\_%

Scores





allusion altruistic appease arbitrary assail banal euphemism mercenary syndrome taint

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

- 1 allusion /əˈljuːʒən/ -noun
- After I suggested that Monty have fruit for dessert instead of chocolate cake, he responded, "Is that an **allusion** to my weight?"
- Ray didn't have the courage to come right out and ask Lucy to marry him. Instead, he made only an **allusion** to marriage by asking, "Wouldn't it be easier if we had to fill out just one tax return?"
- Allusion means
- a. a contrast.
- b. a reference.
- c. an answer.

- 2 altruistic /¡æltro¹istik/ -adjective
- When an enemy approaches, ground squirrels show altruistic behavior. They risk their own lives to give alarm calls to nearby relatives.

"I'm not often altruistic," Brett admitted. "I usually put my own welfare first."

- Altruistic means
- a. unselfish.
- b. cheerful.
- c. greedy.

- 3 appease /ə¹pi:z/ -verb
- My sister was so outraged when I accidentally scratched her favorite old Beatles record that nothing I could say or do would **appease** her.
- Roger was furious when he saw me out with another guy, but I quickly appeased him by explaining that the "date" was my cousin.
- \_\_ Appease means
- a. to annoy.
- b. to heal.

c. to calm.

- 4 arbitrary /'ɑ:bitrən/ -adjective
- Professor Miller's students were angry that he graded essays in an arbitrary way, rather than using clear-cut standards.
- Parents should not enforce rules according to their moods. Such arbitrary discipline only confuses children.
- Arbitrary means
- a. steady.
- b. slow.

c. impulsive.

- 5 assail /əˈseɪl/ -verb
- The storm assailed us with hail and heavy rain.
- The two candidates continuously assailed each other with accusations of dishonesty.
- Assail means
- a. to attack.
- b. to confuse.
- c. to support.

- 6 banai /bəˈnɑːl/ -adjective
- The film, with its overused expressions and unimaginative plot, was the most banal I had ever seen.
- "Nice to see you" may be a banal comment, but what it lacks in originality it makes up for in friendliness.
- Banal means
- a. greedy.
- b. unoriginal.
- c. clever.

7 euphemism /ˈjuːfɪmɪzəm/	<ul> <li>Common euphemism (for drunk), and "pow</li> </ul>		ace" (for <i>grave</i> ), "intoxicated"
-noun		ence Agency is on rece <b>uphemism</b> "change of he	cord as having referred to ealth."
Euphemism means	a. a harsh term.	o. a term that doesn't offer	nd. c. a foreign term.
8 mercenary /'mɜːsɪnərɪ/	<ul> <li>Ed is totally mercen anything."</li> </ul>	ary. His philosophy is, '	'Pay me enough, and I'll do
-adjective	<ul> <li>The con man pretended for mercenary reason</li> </ul>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	by, but he actually married her
Mercenary means	a. jealous.	b. angry.	c. greedy.
9 syndrome /ˈsɪndrəum/	•	harmless, but as part of a be a sign of a serious illnes	<b>syndrome</b> including fever and ss.
-noun	<ul> <li>Jet lag is a syndrome exhaustion, headache,</li> </ul>		ng distances; it often includes
Syndrome means	a. a group of symptor	ns. b. a cause.	c. something required.
10 taint /teint/	<ul> <li>The involvement of boxing and horse racin</li> </ul>	•	nted many sports, including
-verb	• The government scan	lal tainted the reputations	of everyone involved.
Taint means	a. to benefit.	b. to damage.	c. to start.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Determined by personal judgment, not rule or reason; based on impulse
2	Motivated only by financial gain; greedy
3	An indirect reference
4	A group of symptoms typical of a particular disease or condition
5	A mild or vague term used as a substitute for one considered offensive or unpleasant
6	To calm, especially by giving in to the demands of
7	Lacking originality; overused; commonplace
8	To stain the honor of someone or something
9	To attack physically or verbally
0	Unselfishly concerned for the welfare of others; unselfish

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

	altruistic euphemism	c. <b>appease</b> h. <b>mercenary</b>	d. <b>arbitrary</b> i. <b>syndrome</b>	e. <b>assail</b> j. <b>taint</b>
	1. There have price.	been people enoug	gh to sell their own cl	nildren for the
	2. "Someone h	nasn't shown me his re rother.	port card," my mothe	r said, making
	3. It takes a(n)	person to adopt a	disabled child.	
	4. The mugger	ed his victims with	h a baseball bat.	
		ndertaker insists on usi alls it the "slumber roo		hapel of his fu
	6. The report image.	that the halfback was	s addicted to drugs	(e)d the te
	•	ing that would the river who had killed him	, i	as imprisonme
		ncoln is thought to have des unusually long bon		
	similar case	s harsh sentence was s or on the seriousness he defendant.		
		ecial" probably appea one says it to you and n		
itence Check 2				~
g the answer lines pro	vided, complete e	each item below with t	wo words from the b	ox. Use each v
	In contra	ole tend to place the pulast, people will exhaust.		
		ry customer loudly		

refund.

-	7
_	•

			Chapter 5 27
urge to use obscene language. This disease can a victim's reputation, because some people who hear the foul language won't understand the reason for it.  9–10. The critic hated stale language. Instead of writing a(n) comment such as "That ballerina is light on her feet," he made an interesting to the dancer's movements: "She was never heavier than moonlight."  Final Check: No Luck with Women	5-6.	according to his moods. And when he says, "Please	stay a few minutes
such as "That ballerina is light on her feet," he made an interesting to the dancer's movements: "She was never heavier than moonlight."  Final Check: No Luck with Women	7–8.	urge to use obscene language. This disease careputation, because some people who hear the for	an a victim's
	9–10.	such as "That ballerina is light on her feet," he made	e an interesting
Uses is a final apportunity for you to attend then your knowledge of the ten words. First mad the following	Final Check: No Luck v	vith Women	
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.	selection carefully. Then fill in e	ach blank with a word from the box at the top of	the previous page
To begin with, when he first meets a woman, he goes into one of two styles of conversation. The first is to (1)	The first is to (1)  name? Where do you live? Is want to have kids someday?  Naturally, most women find to (2)  morning, but it didn't. It might By this time the poor girl has a Another thing Mark often sound totally (3)  world to him. He makes freque how much she makes, and condate to a movie, he sometime manager afterward, claiming to (5)  some of his former girlfrie (6)  She replied by saying that she Mark, of course, finds wood He shakes his head and says, they act as if I have some ho (9)  women off, using gentle (10)  Mark. You're somewhat unique right out and let him hear the to the same says.	her with a stream of personal questions that your real hair color? What kind of work do you have you seeing anyone? Would you like to have did this surprising and annoying. His other approach is a things imaginable: "Nice day, isn't it? I thought it at rain tomorrow, but who knows. Last week was nice either walked away or passed out from boredom. does in his encounterso with women is to say things, as if money were the most importated and the prices of everything on a menu. We see the most importated to her hadn't liked the movie. Naturally, this sort of behaved the hadn't liked the movie. Naturally, this sort of behaved the hadn't liked the movie. Naturally, this sort of behaved the hadn't interested in digging that far down. Somen's reactions to him completely (7)	s: "What's your ou do? Do you mer with me?" to say the most might rain this e weather, too." It that make him and thing in the asks the woman When he takes a from the theater avior somewhat and date. When for, I tried to ally a nice guy.  I try to be a(n) behaviors turn little different, I need to come ."





ann, enn audi, audiocycl, cyclo--hood hyper-ly nonpath, -pathy pend quart, quadr-

## Ten Word Parts in Context

Common word parts — also known as *prefixes*, *suffixes*, and *roots* — are used in forming many words in English. Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

each word part.			
1 ann, enn /æn/	•	I family reunion will be held a	10
/cm/		g a big <b>bicentennial</b> parade e the town was founded.	exactly two hundred
The word part ann or enn mean	s a. four.	b. year.	c. hang.
2 audi, audio- /ˈɔːdɪ/	• The bride's softly at the back of the	spoken wedding vows were r	not audible to those
The word part audi or audio-	-	in the new <b>auditorium</b> is so given in the upper balconies.	good that music can
means	a. condition.	b. feeling.	c. hearing.
3 cycl, cyclo- /saik/		his parents if he could buy a he meant a motorcycle.	new "two-wheeler,"
The word part cycl or cyclo-	<ul> <li>A cyclone travels</li> </ul>	in a circular motion.	
means	a. circle.	b. four.	c. condition.
4 -hood /hud/	<ul> <li>When children re parents give them?</li> </ul>	each adulthood, how much	help should their
	<ul> <li>For my great-grain married at 15.</li> </ul>	ndmother, womanhood began	n early — she was
The word part -hood means	a. state of.	b. sound.	c. not.
5 hyper- /haipə/		ensitive to conflict. When personally.	cople disagree with
		t, a combination of a depar atively new in the United Stat	
The word part <i>hyper</i> - means	a. opposite of.	b. more than normal.	c. fourth.
6 ~iy /li/	-	y drown in Utah's Great Salt tage of salt helps people float.	t Lake because the
	_	can Revolution, many brides s a symbol of rebellion.	proudly wore red,

a. fourth.

b. in a certain way.

c. opposite of.

The word part -ly means

25	

7	non- /non/	•	n elementary schools are no me won't be poisoned.	ontoxic so that a child who
		<ul> <li>The story about sounded made-up</li> </ul>	the aliens was supposed to me.	to be nonfiction, but it
	The word part non- means	a. condition.	b. not.	c. overly.
8	path, -pathy /pæ $\theta$ //pə $\theta$ I/		rriage fell apart, Ben's rea so been rejected by a loved	
	The word part <i>path</i> or <i>-pathy</i>		nother claim to have powe ch other's feelings and thou	
	means	a. feeling.	b. hearing.	c. the opposite.
9	pend/	• The children's sw branch.	ring is an old tire that's sus	pended from a strong oak
		I can't sit and was without starting to	atch the swinging <b>pendul</b> u o feel sleepy.	ım of a grandfather clock
_	The word part pend means	a. suffering.	b. to listen.	c. to hang.
0	quart, quadr-	Let's cut the apple	e into <b>quarters</b> so all four o	of us can have a piece.
	/kwɔ:t/		ald <b>quadruple</b> my money in mes as much money, I lost when the money, I lost when the money in t	
	The word part <i>quart</i> or <i>quadr</i> -means	a. overly.	b. two.	c. four.

# Matching Word Parts with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten word parts. Clearly write or print each word part next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word part.

1	Four, fourth
2	Feeling, suffering
3	In a certain manner
4	Hearing, sound
5	To hang
6	State, condition
7	Year
8	More than normal; overly
9	Circle
0.	Not: the opposite of

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

## Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.

a. <b>ann</b> f. <b>-ly</b>	b. <b>audi, au</b> g. <b>non-</b>	dio- c. cycl, cyclo- h. path, -pathy	d. <b>-hood</b> i. <b>pend</b>	e. <b>hyper-</b> j. <b>quart, quadr-</b>
	1.	Chim loves playing the pian listening to him.	no, especially when	n he has a(n) ( ence)
<del></del>	2.	It's hard for me to be (sym. she causes so many of her p		my sister complains, bec
	3.	Because of therapy, Grace i years were troubled and unh		dult, but her (child )
	4.	When I lost one of my dia a(n) ( ant) to hang a	•	nad the other one made
	5.	The children's odd ( et) block clapper, a piano playe		
	6.	We were told to bring only was surprised to see how me	, , ,	
	7.	Mrs. Baker said she and her forty-seven years. But Mr. E		
	8.	One of the most difficult $(uni \dots e)$ , a vehicle wi		also one of the simple
	9.	The supervisor said that we possible promotions. So if t get one the next.		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	10.	My grandmother has ( pressure.	tension), whi	ch is abnormally high b

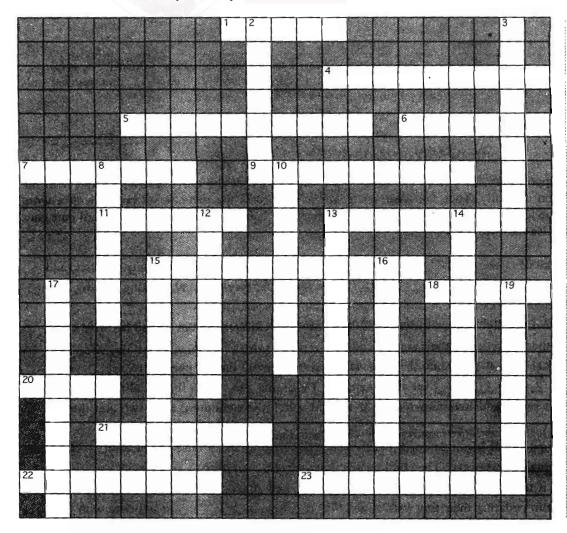
# > Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines provided, complete each italicized word in the sentences below with the correct word

	5-6. Stan, a ( drinker), is ( critical) of anyone who touches alcohol. He is adamant° in his belief that taking even a single drink is the sign of a self-destructive personality.
	7-8. The nursing class watched an ( visual) show about the horrible conditions in a mental institution of the 1950s. The patients looked ( etic); clearly, they were suffering.
	9-10. For my research report, I used two magazines — one ( erly), published four times a year; and an ( ual) that appears only every January.
Final Check: A Tas	te of Parenthood
following selection carefull	for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten word parts. First read the y. Then complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the parentheses below with a word ne previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word part goes yord part once.
I have a lot of (sym	) (1) for parents of twins, triplets, and
	I just spent the weekend baby-sitting for my four
nieces and nephews.	
•	° offered to watch my brother's two children so that he and his wife could
•	nd for their sixth wedding ( iversary) (3)
_ ,	and said that her husband, an actor, had a chance to ( tion)
•	for a big part in a TV drama. He had to fly to California for the
	'd love to go along if I could watch their children, aged two and three. I
	agreed.
	I soon learned that the word <i>baby-sitting</i> has a false implication — I did
•	eekend. The children's activity was ( stop) (6)
-	ver sat down, and nothing engrossed° them for more than a few minutes.
-	ng their tiny (tri es) (7) to building with their
	toy drums. They "washed" the dishes, let the dog loose, and made mud
	arden. By Sunday, I was convinced they were all ( active)
	In addition, all weekend I was assailed° with endless questions:
	te?" "Do I have to brush my teeth?" "What do ants eat?"
	vity and questions, I had to cope with the knowledge that four little ones
	on me for their needs. What if one got hurt?
What if they got sick? F	Fortunately, we survived without a disaster.
I can't imagine wh	at it must be like for parents with two or more children. I guess I'm not
ready to have kids yet	— not even one. At least my responsibilities were terminated° on Sunday
night. But (parent )	(10) is for keeps. I think I'll wait.
	es Sentence Check 2% Final Check%

# UNIT ONE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit One. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



absolve acclaim adjacent altruistic amiable animosity arbitrary banal demoralize deterrent eccentric epitome escalate inclination infringe innovation mercenary obsolete retort sparse subsequent succinct taint terminate zeal

#### ACROSS

- 1. To stain the honor of someone or something
- 4. To stop; bring to an end
- 5. To lower the spirits of
- 6. To reply, especially in a quick, sharp, or witty way
- 7. Friendly and pleasant
- 9. Motivated only by financial gain; greedy
- 11. Distributed thinly
- 13. Close; near (to something)
- 15. A tendency to think, act, or behave in a certain way
- 18. Lacking originality; overused

- 20. Enthusiastic devotion; intense enthusiasm
- 21. A perfect example of a general quality or type
- 22. To intrude or trespass on; to go beyond proper limits
- 23. Determined by personal judgment; based on impulse

#### DOWN

- 2. Great praise or applause; enthusiastic approval
- Something that prevents or discourages a certain action
- 8. To find innocent or blameless

- 10. Differing from what is customary; odd
- 12. Expressed clearly in a few words
- 13. Unselfishly concerned for the welfare of others: unselfish
- 14. To increase or intensify
- A new custom, method, or invention; something newly introduced
- No longer active or in use; out-of-date
- 17. Following in time or order; next; later; succeeding
- 19. Bitter hostility

# UNIT ONE: Test 1

PART A Choose the word that best com	npletes each item a	nd write it in the sp	ace provided.	
			while their qua	llity goes down.
	a. elicits	b. appeases	c. escalates	d. absolves
2	2. A common f	for <i>corpse</i> is "rema	ins."	
	a. syndrome	b. dilemma	c. euphemism	d. zeal
3	3. The taxi driver w	vas so that he c	harged his own mo	ther for a ride.
	a. mercenary	b. amiable	c. curt	d. wary
4	l. Do you consider of the nation's w		one percent of An	nericans own a third
	a. allusion	b. inclination	c. inequity	d. acclaim
5	5. You probably the in the Grand Car		very by mule was _	, but it still exists
	a. adamant	b. curt	c. tangible	d. obsolete
6	6. You can make you		going through them	carefully to remove
	a. succinct	b. adamant	c. tangible	d. eccentric
7	attack on the Wo		on September 11, 2	courage during the 001. Many of them
	a. encounter	b. epitome	c. animosity	d. innovation
8		tealing, the Los An	_	t Authority requires
	a. deterrent	b. acclaim	c. innovation	d. inference
. 9		lized that if she wective to find the rea		f the charges, she'd
	a. assailed	b. demoralized	c. tainted	d. absolved
10	_	Cleveland public hi		rades if you were a each A earns forty
	a. animosity	b. infirmity	c. inclination	d. syndrome

PA	RT	13

On the ansy	ver line.	write the	letter of the	choice that be	st completes e	each item.
on the ansv	voi iiiio,	WITTE LITE	ictici di tiic	choice that be	st completes	Jucii itelii.

<ul><li>You would have an encounter with an old friend</li><li>a. contacted him by mail.</li><li>c. forgot about him.</li></ul>	from grade school if you b. missed him. d. ran into him at the mall.
<ul> <li>The office manager maligned her boss by saying</li> <li>a. "He's not only stupid but also dishonest."</li> <li>c. "He's the nicest boss I've ever had."</li> </ul>	b. "I wish I had a sports car like his." d. "I think he could be a little more efficient."
<ul><li>Which of the following would be considered an</li><li>a. An electric blanket</li><li>c. A combination computer and waffle iron</li></ul>	innovation if it were put on the market today?  b. A fax machine d. A hand plow
<ul> <li>Our English teacher says spring fever is a syndrea.</li> <li>March through June.</li> <li>an urge to stare sleepily out the window.</li> </ul>	b. beautiful daffodils. d. allergy pills.
<ul><li>. "You have tainted the name of our family forever</li><li>a. proud."</li><li>c. amused."</li></ul>	er," Ellen's father told her, "and you should be b. ashamed."
a. giving him a bath and changing his sheets. c. complaining to her husband about him.	<ul><li>b. reading aloud to him every day.</li><li>d. tricking him into giving his fortune to her.</li></ul>
<ul><li>a. "No way."</li><li>b. "That'd be great. Thanks."</li><li>c. "I'd really like to, but I've already been asked</li></ul>	d by someone else."
<ul><li>a. They discovered that a large family of squirre</li><li>b. They had to choose between a terrible public</li><li>c. They had friendly neighbors on one side and</li></ul>	els was living in the attic of their new home. school or a private one that was very expensive rude ones on the other.
a. gobbled it down as though it were starving.	
<ul><li>implication was that</li><li>a. most of the students had already studied that</li><li>b. most of the class members were poor student</li></ul>	chapter. s.
	c. forgot about him.  The office manager maligned her boss by saying a. "He's not only stupid but also dishonest." c. "He's the nicest boss I've ever had."  Which of the following would be considered an idea. An electric blanket c. A combination computer and waffle iron.  Our English teacher says spring fever is a syndrous. A march through June. c. an urge to stare sleepily out the window.  "You have tainted the name of our family forever a. proud." c. amused."  The nurse exploited her elderly patient by a. giving him a bath and changing his sheets. c. complaining to her husband about him.  A curt response when someone asked you to dar a. "No way." b. "That'd be great. Thanks." c. "I'd really like to, but I've already been asked d. "I wouldn't dance with you if we were the last. When the Lees moved to a new neighborhood, the a. They discovered that a large family of squirre b. They had to choose between a terrible public c. They had friendly neighbors on one side and d. There was enough sun in their back yard for g. When we put out a can of tuna for the stray cat in a. gobbled it down as though it were starving. b. sniffed it suspiciously and took a long time be c. didn't seem hungry. d. ate it and promptly fell asleep.  When the teacher smiled at the class and said, "implication was that a. most of the students had already studied that b. most of the class members were poor student c. the teacher would test the class on that chapter the class on the class of the class on that chapter the class of the

Score (Number correct)  $\times 5 = \%$ 

# UNIT ONE: Test 2

# PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

<ul><li>a. acclaim</li><li>f. demoralize</li><li>k. sabotage</li></ul>	b. adama g. elicit l. sparse	h.	allusion infringe zeal		antagonist retort	e. j.	appease revitalize	
		nhappy empe on a gear t		)d the	e company's as	ssem	bly line by sp	illing
	2. Do yo	ou think that	t supermarke	t table	oids on cele	ebriti	es' privacy?	
	3. The cigar		debate took	oppos	ing sides on th	e qu	estion of outla	wing
		Americans nt of their ti		fo	or the outdoors	, spe	nding only abo	out 2
		•			ent doesn't hey wouldn't v			from
	_		es the contractions on condition		y steps of burni o it.	ing h	air to a lifeless	state
		•	n Monroe rec ed an Acaden		great from ard.	ado	ring fans and cr	ritics
					in her oppose about fourtee			
					chill, "If you w I were your hu		•	•
	10. Altho	ugh failure	s some p	eople,	it encourages	other	s to try harder.	
*		olants look _ empty spac		withi	n a year or two	they	'll multiply an	nd fil
			nly athlete in a bowling cha		amily," Clarend n.	ce sa	id, making a(n	ı)
				-	the prom, an a	_		him

PART B Write C if	the italicized word is used co	rectly. Write I if the	word is used incorrec	tly.
14.	Ants have the infirmity of being	ng able to survive und	er water for up to two	weeks.
15.	When the evidence in a case jurors' "gut feeling."	is unclear, a jury's d	ecision may be arbiti	rary, based on only the
16.	Movie reviews are never subjection	ective — they represe	nt the personal opinion	ns of critics.
17.	If you worry about the enviro Americans are concerned about	-	ric. According to a po	ll, over three-fourths of
18.	Phyllis is very <i>methodical</i> in indexed by occasion.	her efforts to be the li	fe of any party. She ke	eeps a file box of jokes,
19.	A wedding ring is a tangible e	expression of a couple	's commitment to each	n other.
PART (	swer line, write the letter of the	e word that is the <b>sync</b>	onym of the boldfaced	l word.
	Example: <u>a</u> irate	a. angry	b. calm	c. well-informed
20.	terminate	a. begin	b. end	c. grow
21.	amoral	a. ethical	b. costly	c. unprincipled
22.	amiable	a. friendly	b. natural	c. unfriendly
PART D On the an	swer line, write the letter of the	e word that is the anto	onym of the boldfaced	l word.
	Example: <u>b</u> irate	a. angry	b. calm	c. well-informed
23.	assail	a. flow	b. attack	c. defend
24.	subsequent	a. previous	b. hidden	c. following
25.	animosity	a. liveliness	b. hatred	c. sympathy

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_ × 4 = \_\_\_%

# UNIT ONE: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1.	ABSOLVE : BLAME ::	
	<ul><li>a. reduce : enlarge</li><li>c. trial : verdict</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. blame : punish</li><li>d. wish : desire</li></ul>
2.	AMORAL : CRIMINAL ::	
	<ul><li>a. pastor : church</li><li>c. uneducated : professor</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. murderer : victim</li><li>d. brave : explorer</li></ul>
3.	ANTAGONIST : TEAMMATE ::	
	<ul><li>a. coworker : relative</li><li>c. scholar : athlete</li></ul>	b. opponent : supporter d. teammate : coach
4.	DILEMMA : SOLUTION ::	
	<ul><li>a. puzzle : piece</li><li>c. breakdown : repair</li></ul>	b. confusion : bewilderment d. size : color
5.	SABOTAGE : TERRORIST ::	
	<ul><li>a. entertain : magician</li><li>c. terrorize : frighten</li></ul>	b. destroy : carpenter d. magic : illusion
6.	WARY : CAUTIOUS ::	
	<ul><li>a. jealous : envious</li><li>c. jealous : rival</li></ul>	b. excessive : minimal d. minimize : exaggerate
7.	IRATE: FRIENDLY::	
	<ul><li>a. peaceful : calming</li><li>c. sweet : sour</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. plentiful : abundant</li><li>d. warrior : weapon</li></ul>
8.	ACCLAIM : CRITIC ::	
	<ul><li>a. test.: question</li><li>c. loyalty : dog</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. statement : silence</li><li>d. symptom : disease</li></ul>
9.	ADJACENT : NEARBY ::	
	<ul><li>a. neighboring : distant</li><li>c. upbeat : optimistic</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. familiar : strange</li><li>d. optimist : whiner</li></ul>
10.	ENGROSS: FASCINATING::	
	<ul><li>a. popular : well-known</li><li>c. boring : thrilling</li></ul>	b. common : rare d. bore : monotonous

11,	INFIRMITY: STRENGTH::	
	a. joy : unhappiness c. sadness : depression	<ul><li>b. disappointment : emotion</li><li>d. depression : suicide</li></ul>
12.	METHODICAL : ORGANIZED ::	
	<ul><li>a. careful : sloppy</li><li>c. simple : elaborate</li></ul>	b. careful : orderly d. insult : anger
13.	OBSOLETE : MODEL T ::	
	<ul><li>a. well-known : Disney World</li><li>c. spotlight : flashlight</li></ul>	b. old-fashioned : modern d. nutritious : chewing gum
14.	TANGIBLE : DREAMS ::	
	<ul><li>a. weather : snowy</li><li>c. frequent : often</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. probable : likely</li><li>d. intentional : accident</li></ul>
15.	TERMINATE : EMPLOYMENT ::	
	<ul><li>a. chimney : house</li><li>c. remember : forget</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. begin : commence</li><li>d. quit : school</li></ul>
16.	ESCALATE: INTENSIFY::	
	<ul><li>a. labor : work</li><li>c. enlarge : preserve</li></ul>	b. compliment : insult d. increase : adjust
17.	SPARSE : THICK ::	
	<ul><li>a. acorn : oak tree</li><li>c. confusing : clear</li></ul>	b. recent : modern d. amusing : intelligent
18.	SUCCINCT : WORDY ::	
	<ul><li>a. talkative : chatty</li><li>c. alarming : frightening</li></ul>	b. brief: hurried d. welcome: unwanted
19.	ALTRUISTIC : UNSELFISH ::	
	<ul><li>a. saint : holy</li><li>c. generous : stingy</li></ul>	b. artist: painting d. wealthy: rich
20.	BANAL : UNORIGINAL ::	
	<ul><li>a. surprising : unexpected</li><li>c. copied : original</li></ul>	b. pleasant : distasteful d. match : fire

Score	(Number correct)	 × 5	=	%

# UNIT ONE: Test 4 (Word Parts)

#### PART A

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

Word Parts	Examples		Definitions
1. ann, enn	annual, bicentennial	a.	In a certain manner
2. audi, audio-	audible, auditorium	b.	Feeling, suffering
3. cycl, cyclo-	motorcycle, cyclone	c.	Circle
4hood	adulthood, womanhood	d.	To hang
5. hyper-	hypersensitive, hypermarket	e.	Year
6ly	easily, proudly	f.	Four, fourth
7. non-	nontoxic, nonfiction	g.	State, condition
8. path, -pathy	empathic, telepathy	h.	Not; the opposite of
9. <b>pend</b>	suspend, pendulum	i.	Hearing, sound
10. quart, quadr-	quarter, quadruple	j.	More than normal; overly

#### PART B

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Not every word part will be used.

a. ann	b. <b>audi-</b>	c. <b>cycl-</b>	d. <b>-hood</b>	e. <b>hyper-</b>	
f. <b>-ly</b>	g. non-	h. <b>-pathy</b>	i. pend	j. quadr-	
	11. Mickey N	Mouse had no (boy	) — he was "born	n" as an adult.	
	12. I enjoy ri	ding an exercise bike b	pecause I don't have to	o ( <i>e</i> ) uphi	
	, ,	dog didn't know why I was crying, but I could tell that $n  ldots )$ for me.			
	_	er, (sus ed) : bove a bowl of popcor	-	its own silken thr	
	15. Children's	s rhymes include such	( sense) word:	s as "Hickory, dick	

through.

a. sound

13	A	R	ί,	ê	٠

Use your knowledge of word parts to determine the meaning of the boldfaced words. On the answer line, write the letter of each meaning. \_\_\_ 16. Ned secretly slipped a note under Anna's plate. a. in a secret manner b. at a secret time · c. without being secret 17. Should I buy a quart or a gallon of chocolate milk? a. a third of a gallon b. a fourth of a gallon c. a half gallon 18. The public library's **biennial** hobby show will take place next month. a. happening every two weeks b. happening every two months c. happening every two years \_\_\_ 19. Mrs. Bush was troubled by hyperthyroidism. b. too much activity c. a missing thyroid gland a. too little activity of the thyroid gland of the thyroid gland

20. There's a problem at the television station. Only the audio portion of the show is coming

c. top

b. picture

Score (Number correct)  $\times 5 = -\%$ 

# Unit Two

Chapter i

calamity persevere comprehensive ponder conventional rehabilitate flagrant turmoil fluctuate venture

Chapter 8

attest enigma
attribute exemplify
discern mobile
dispatch nocturnal
enhance orient

Chapter 9

concurrent hypothetical nominal constitute decipher default hypothetical nominal predominant prerequisite recession

Chapter 10

degenerate sanctuary implausible scrutiny incoherent sinister intercede intricate suffice vulnerable

Chapter 11

blatant gloat
blight immaculate
contrive plaglarism
garble qualm
gaunt retaliate

Chapter 12

-ate forc, fort bio- hum claim, clam pater, patrifin semi-flex, flect -ward

# UNIT TWO: Pretest

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

1. fluctuate	a) stand still b) vary irregularly c) float d) sink
2. rehabilitate	a) restore to normal life b) relax c) plan in meetings d) interpret
3. flagrant	a) gentle b) hidden c) slight d) outrageous
4. calamity	a) disaster b) storm c) conference d) breeze
5. persevere	a) treat harshly b) mark c) continue d) delay
6. comprehensive	a) accidental b) including much c) delicate d) small
7. <b>venture</b>	a) turn aside b) urge c) risk d) misrepresent
8. <b>ponder</b>	a) think deeply about b) allow c) reduce d) flatten
9. turmoil	a) workplace b) quiet setting c) fire d) uproar
10. conventional	a) large b) at a conference c) outstanding d) ordinary
11. enhance	a) reject b) get c) improve d) free
12. mobile	a) firm in opinion b) able to move c) stationary d) restricted
13. <b>orient</b>	a) determine the location of b) lose c) represent d) consist of
14. attribute	a) admiration b) program c) disease d) quality
15. enigma	a) rash b) puzzle c) tool d) cleanser
16. discern	a) see clearly b) devise c) rule out d) consider
17. dispatch	a) recall b) remove c) send d) plant
18. exemplify	a) construct b) represent c) plan d) test
19. nocturnal	a) supposed b) not logical c) complex d) active at night
20. attest	a) bear witness b) examine c) tear up d) dislike
21. concurrent	a) apart b) happening together c) north d) off-and-on
22. hypothetical	a) moral b) factual c) avoidable d) supposed
23. <b>constitute</b>	a) make up b) eliminate c) separate d) remove
24. recession	a) parade b) amusement c) giving in d) business decline
25. predominant	a) smallest b) most noticeable c) having a tendency d) hidden

(Continues on next page)

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Unit Two: Pretest

26. decipher	a) interpret b) study c) improve d) pay back
27. default	a) jump b) do automatically c) fail to do something required d) seize
28. nominal	a) open to harm b) large c) important d) slight
29. prerequisite	a) requirement beforehand b) test c) close inspection d) extra credit
30. confiscate	a) deny b) make difficult c) desire d) seize with authority
31. sanctuary	a) opinion b) hardship c) place of safety d) something complicated
32. suffice	a) think up b) be enough c) prevent d) pay back
33. degenerate	a) give up b) improve c) stay the same d) worsen
34. vulnerable	a) kind b) intelligent c) wicked d) sensitive
35. implausible	a) possible b) hard to believe c) imaginary d) historical
36. intercede	a) ask for a favor b) remove c) isolate d) come between to help solve
37. scrutiny	a) knowledge b) lack of interest c) close inspection d) ignorance
38. sinister	a) frightened b) lively c) generous d) evil
39. incoherent	a) not logical b) well-spoken c) quiet d) unable to read
40. intricate	a) easy b) complex c) workable d) touching
41. qualm	a) pleasure b) dead end c) feeling of doubt d) place of safety
42. blight	<ul> <li>a) something that damages</li> <li>b) natural environment</li> <li>c) example</li> <li>d) storm</li> </ul>
43. garble	a) refuse b) mix up c) claim d) speak clearly
44. <b>contrive</b>	a) allow b) inspect c) think up d) prepare
45. gaunt	a) tired b) complex c) well d) bony
46. immaculate	a) roomy b) clean c) empty d) complete
47. retaliate	a) repair b) repeat c) renew d) pay back
48. <b>gloat</b>	a) express spiteful pleasure b) give up c) eat d) deny
49. plagiarism `	a) support b) contribution c) stealing someone's writings d) removal
50. <b>blatant</b>	a) sudden b) immediate c) quiet d) obvious





calamity comprehensive conventional flagrant fluctuate

persevere ponder rehabilitate turmoil venture

c. to keep going.

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

			- F ,				
1 calamity /kəˈlæmətɪ/		• The survivors of the earthquake slowly rebuilt their homes and lives after the calamity.					
	-noun	*	•	ed down one night in May. Er r street have been afraid to go	•		
	Calamity means		a. an activity.	b. a tragedy.	c. a risk.		
2	comprehensive /ˌkɒmprɪˈhensɪv/	æ		in New Orleans was not <b>com</b> terest in that wonderful city.	prehensive. It failed to		
	-adjective	•	The company's <b>comprehensive</b> insurance plan covers most health services including hospitals, doctors, and dentists.				
	Comprehensive means		a. complete.	b. familiar.	c. continuous.		
3	conventional /kənˈvenʃənəl/ -adjective		Jorge wanted to propose to	ne's Day gifts are roses and che Elena in the conventional man on his knees and asked, "W	nanner, so in the middle		
	Conventional means		a. out-of-the-way.	b. useful.	c. usual.		
4	flagrant /ˈfleɪgrənt/	•	The use of campaign fur flagrant violation of the la	nds for the congressman's paw.	private business was a		
	-adjective	*	In <b>flagrant</b> disregard of hi to their dinner party.	s parents' stated wishes, Art v	wore a T-shirt and jeans		
_	Flagrant means		a. obvious.	b. acceptable.	c. minor.		
5	fluctuate /ˈflʌktjueɪt/		My weight used to <b>fluctua</b> 170 pounds.	ate between 150 and 190 pour	nds. Now it's steady, at		
	-verb	•	Desert temperatures can daytime and nighttime.	fluctuate by as much as	fifty degrees between		
_	Fluctuate means		a. to continue.	b. to vary.	c. to follow.		
6 persevere /pɜːsɪ¹vɪə(r)/	/p3:si <sup>1</sup> viə(r)/	•	"I know you're tired," Jac camp before the storm hits	ck said, "but we've got to pe	ersevere and get to the		
	-verb	*	It was not easy to attend I persevered until she could	English classes while working I speak English well.	g at two jobs, but Nina		

b. to hold back.

Persevere means

a. to surrender.

7 ponder /'pondə(r)/	<ul> <li>Too often we don' actions.</li> </ul>	t take time to <b>ponder</b> the po	ossible consequences of our
-verb		Madigan rarely took time to ck, however, he's thought a lo	
Ponder means	a. to wait for.	b. to ignore.	c. to think about.
8 rehabilitate /ri:/həˈbɪlɪteɪt/	-	little effort to rehabilitate in ome lives after their release.	nmates so that they can lead
-verb	<ul> <li>My grandfather lea rehabilitates stroke</li> </ul>	arned to walk, write, and spectrums.	eak again in a program tha
Rehabilitate means	a. to pay back.	b. to prepare for normal life.	c. to depend upon.
9 turmoil /ˈtɜːmɔɪl/		the sixth-grade class was in d the students quickly came to	
-noun		of crying babies, active child nen our family reunions end.	Iren, and trying to feed 120
Turmoil means	a. discussion.	b. disorder.	c. harmony.
10 venture /'ventʃə(r)/		on any ride in this amuseme getting sick to my stomach, bu	•
-verb	<ul> <li>At tomorrow's staff my fingers that I do</li> </ul>	meeting, I will venture to say n't get fired.	what I really think and cross
Venture means	a. to dare.	b. to remember.	c. to imagine.
			•

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

l	Shockingly obvious; outrageous
2	To take the risk of; dare
3	Including all or much
4	To restore to a normal life through therapy or education
5	To continue with an effort or plan despite difficulties
6	Complete confusion; uproar
7	An event bringing great loss and misery
8	To vary irregularly; to go up and down or back and forth
9	To consider carefully; think deeply about
10	Customary; ordinary

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

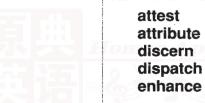
Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. calamity f. persevere	b. comprehensive g. ponder	c. conventional h. rehabilitate	d. <b>flagrant</b> i. <b>turmoil</b>	e. <b>fluctuate</b> j. <b>venture</b>
	1. Iris is so vair her face.	that she considers it	a if a pimpl	e appears anywhere
		ople have a child with		
		ne lost her job becaus plation of her rights.	se she spoke up fo	or a fellow employe
	4. Our history e September.	xam will be; it w	ill cover everythi	ng we've studied s
		Ooug's family has a gician, and his uncle	-	ther is a drummer,
		computer program vald be in her work, she		
		months of therapy to get around her home a		
		moved, the apartment and the baby wouldn't		oxes and people v
		dog's appetite( ything, and the next sl		
	10. Instead of hir court.	ing a lawyer, the defe	endant will to	plead her own cas
entence Che	ck~2			
ng the answer line	es provided, complete ea	ch item below with t	wo words from the	ne box. Use each w
		ime my cousin(e didn't open, and she d.		
	_	eatment center can no don't with the		•

			71
		e, Marshall is very, obeying ds are with him, he shows off wi	
	social worker to h	all we might do to help families in the staff. "We must plan a   g with only one part of their lives.	program, not just a
	department into	and orders so wildly at times As a result, productivity is at a loss to revitalize this office.	
Here is a final opportunity selection carefully. Then f	fill in each blank with a w	knowledge of the ten words. Firs vord from the box at the top of ses in which blank.) Use each wor	the previous page.
-		r (1) c	
_		hat would change her life forever	
	of us was sure was deep e	enough. When she hit the bottom	i, she broke her
back.			
I visited Anna a	t the hospital every day	for the next few weeks. I s	saw her mood
(3)	between anger	and quiet depression. Her whole	life seemed in
. (4)	; she was too conf	used and demoralized° to think re	easonably about
her future.			
Within about a mo	onth, however, I began to s	ee a change in Anna. She had me	oved to Henner
House to participate in	a very (5)	program, designed	to meet all the
needs of patients like A	Anna. The program (6)	s accident	t victims so that
they can return to ful	filling lives. Anna gained	hope once she saw she could le	earn to do such
everyday tasks as cool	king, cleaning, and bathing	g. After learning how to get arou	nd indoors, she
(7),	(e)d traveling arou	und the city in her wheelchair. Th	e more she did,
the better she felt.	The staff also helped A	nna plan for her future. They	urged her to
(8)	her goals and hov	w she might meet them. At times,	, it was difficult
		program, but she didn't quit.	
		a somewhat (10)	life.
		lo many of the ordinary things sh	
•		d. Yes, her life has changed forev	
once again glad to be a	•	,	
• •			
Scor	*es Sentence Check 2	% Final Check%	

Enter your scores above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.





enigma exemplify mobile nocturnal orient

#### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning. 1 attest Anyone who has seen the Golden Gate Bridge in the rose-gold light of sunset /ə'test/ can attest to its beauty. -verb \* Witnesses attest to the fact that rainfall makes the ground of Death Valley so slippery that boulders slide across it. a. to declare to be true. b. to wish for. c. to forget easily. Attest to means 2 attribute A three-hundred-page novel written in 1939 has the odd attribute of /əˈtrɪbjuːt/ containing no e, the most common letter in English. -noun In Japan, some cars have such computerized attributes as windshield wipers that automatically turn on when it rains. a. a tendency. b. a defect. c. a characteristic. Attribute means 3 discern · An experienced jeweler can easily discern whether a diamond is genuine or /di'ss:n/ -verb • People who are red-green colorblind can discern the colors of traffic lights by recognizing shades of gray. a. to see clearly. b. to disregard. Discern means c. to change. 4 dispatch • I wanted to dispatch the letter as quickly as possible, so I took it to the post /dis'pæts/ office instead of dropping it into a mailbox. -verb At work Harold is treated like an errand boy. His boss often dispatches him to the deli for sandwiches or donuts. b. to send. Dispatch means a. to represent. c. to drive. 5 enhance Our gym teacher enhanced her appearance with a more attractive hairstyle. /ɪnˈhɑ:ns/ The college catalogue stated that the writing course would "enhance all -verb students' writing skills" by improving their grammar and style. a. to improve. b. to recognize. Enhance means c. to reduce. 6 enigma " How the thief entered our house was an enigma until we remembered that the /ı'nıqmə/ cellar door had been left unlocked.

to make musical vibrations.

a. a comfort.

• The "singing sands" of Scotland remained an **enigma** until scientists learned that footsteps caused the round grains of sand and the surrounding air pockets

c. an error.

b. a puzzle.

-noun

Enigma means

7 exemplify /ɪgˈzemplɪfaɪ/	<ul> <li>The many IRS empl governmental incom</li> </ul>		accurate information exemplify
-verb	<ul> <li>Mr. Pell, who emplete exemplifies the best</li> </ul>		and freedom of expression,
Exemplify means	a. to illustrate.	b. to save.	c. to oppose.
8 mobile /ˈməʊbaɪl/	<ul> <li>My parents own a m long truck.</li> </ul>	obile home, which can be	moved from place to place on a
-adjective	<ul> <li>Every morning whe library into my room</li> </ul>	-	a volunteer wheeled a mobile
Mobile means	a. active.	b. expensive.	c. movable.
9 nocturnal /nok'ta:nəl/	•	rother has enjoyed one of s in the sink in the morning	his <b>nocturnal</b> feasts because I
-adjective	<ul> <li>Being nocturnal, ov</li> </ul>	ls are rarely seen during th	e day.
Nocturnal means	a. noisy.	b. busy.	c. of the night.
10 orient /ˈɔːrɪənt/	<ul> <li>When coming up fi orient myself.</li> </ul>	om the subway, I often n	eed to look at a street sign to
-verb		ers <b>orient</b> themselves in unat shows the car's location.	familiar places with the help of
Orient means	a. to locate.	b. to welcome.	c. to question.
Following are definit	with Definitions ions of the ten words. Cle n the previous page will hel		ord next to its definition. The
sentences above and o	if the previous page with her	p you decide on the meaning	g of each word.
1	A mystery of	or puzzle	
2	To send to a	specific place or on specif	ic business

	,,
2	To send to a specific place or on specific business
3	Of, about, or happening in the night; active at night
4	To make a statement about something on the basis of personal experience; bear witness; testify
5	To determine one's location or direction; to locate in relation to a direction (east, west, etc.)
6	To recognize; detect
7	To improve
8	Moving or able to move from place to place
9	A quality or feature of a person or thing
0.	To be an example of: represent: be typical of

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

	attribute exemplify	c. <b>discern</b> h. <b>mobile</b>	d. <b>dispatch</b> i. <b>nocturnal</b>	e. <b>enhance</b> j. <b>orlent</b>
		THE RESERVE OF THE STATE OF THE	11	). VIIVIII
	_ 1. Fresh gar sauce.	lic may not th	e breath, but it certai	nly improves spa
	_ 2. A witness the murde		h of the defendant's c	laim that she had
			other used to me ient as often as twice a	
		of such reformers ther King great	as Susan B. Anthony, eness.	Mahatma Gandhi
		oes not have enoug her intelligent life i	h evidence to solve the the universe.	e of whether o
		icts decided on a(n) through the forest.	escape. The darkr	ness would hide the
		rpiece is so natural ends and her own h	looking that it's impoair begins.	ssible to when
	_ 8. The positi	ions of the stars help	sailors themselve	es on the open seas
			but with her wheelche, move along a sidew	
	-		ed, has some amazing able, but the more it is	•
ntence Check 2	ટ			
ng the answer lines proce.	ovided, complete	e each item below	with <b>two</b> words from t	he box. Use each
	senses		ald not hear or see, the e. It is said that she c sense of smell.	
	_ 3-4. A	robot that collects a	nd delivers mail throug	shout the office but

\_\_\_s itself with electric eyes.

<b>51</b>	Chapter 8		
_ the human inst a much	In fables, animals often illustrate humans. In the story of between the tortoise and the hare, the tortoise is meant to th qualities of being slow but steady. Despite competing against speedier antagonist°, he persevered° and beat the overly confidence.	5-6	
	The reason the boss likes to Oliver on lengthy errands is Everyone knows that the office functions better with Oliver oway.	7–8.	
night before	Anyone who has ever gone to college can to the fact that finals, many students become animals. They stay up all night an exam and then, once the test is over, sleep the rest of the day.	9–10	

## ➤ Final Check: Animal Senses

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

Animals possess sensory po	owers that humans lack. Homing pigeons fly with great speed and
accuracy when (1)	(e)d with messages to faraway places. How do pigeons
(2)	themselves in unfamiliar regions? This remains something of a(n)
(3)	. The mystery, however, is partly explained by a pigeon's ability to
see ultraviolet light, which reve	als the sun's position even through clouds. In addition, pigeons can
hear sound waves that have trav	reled hundreds of miles. These waves (4)
a pigeon's sense of direction b	by indicating distant mountains and seas. Pigeons even appear to
(5)	changes in the earth's magnetic field.
Bats have impressive (6)	s equally worthy of acclaim°. As
(7)	animals, they search for food in complete darkness. They do so by
screeching in tones higher tha	in any human can hear and then locating prey by the returning
echoes.	
Scorpions also (8)	the night hunter. Tiny leg hairs enable them to
feel vibrations in the sand made	by a (9) insect as far as two feet away.
People with knowledge of t	he pigeon, bat, and scorpion can (10)
to the fact that such "innovation	ons"o as the magnetic compass, radar, and the motion detector are
nothing new.	

Enter your scores above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

%

Final Check

Sentence Check 2\_

Scores



concurrent confiscate constitute decipher default hypothetical nominal predominant prerequisite recession

#### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

- 1 concurrent Having mistakenly registered for two concurrent classes, Joe had to drop one /kənˈkʌrənt/ of them and choose a course that met at a different time. -adjective • Concurrent with the closing of the steel mill was the opening of a new toy factory in town. As a result, most of the workers laid off from the mill found jobs at the new factory. c. noticeable. a. occurring at the same time. b. resulting. Concurrent means 2 confiscate · "Hand 'em over," my father said. Just as we were really starting to have fun, /konfiskeit/ he **confiscated** our entire supply of water balloons. -verb Thai drug agents once confiscated \$2 million worth of heroin that had been wrapped in plastic and inserted into live goldfish. The agents seized the drugs as they were being sent out of the country. a. to distribute widely. b. to take possession of. c. to overlook. Confiscate means 3 constitute · In my opinion, a good movie, a pizza, and animated conversation constitute a /'konstitju:t/ perfect night out. -verh · Twelve business and professional people constitute the board of directors of the local women's shelter. Among other things, they help raise funds for the shelter. Constitute means a. to repeat. b. to oppose. c. to form. Why do contracts have to use language that's so difficult to decipher?
  - 4 decipher /di'saifə(r)/ -verb
  - \_\_\_ Decipher means
- On one of Holly's essays, her English teacher wrote, "Please type your papers.
  I can't decipher your handwriting."
  - b. to find.
- c. to improve.

- 5 **default** /dɪ<sup>l</sup>fɔːt/ -verb
- Default means
- We won our case against the appliance repairman because he **defaulted** by failing to appear in court.
- Jay's mother said, "I'll co-sign on your car loan, but you have to make every payment. If you default, it will hurt my credit rating."
  - a. to act as expected.

a. to figure out.

- b. not to do something required.
- c. to begin.

- 6 hypothetical /,haipəu'θetikəl/ -adjective
- Imagine the hypothetical situation of going to live alone on an island. Which books and CDs would you take along?
- Law schools hold pretend court sessions with hypothetical cases so that students can practice their skills.
- Hypothetical means
- a. sure to happen.
- b. dangerous.
- c. imaginary.

7 nominal /'nominəl/	<ul> <li>Except for a nomina free.</li> </ul>	I registration fee, the camp	for needy children is entirely
-adjective			ra credit for participating in e grade to be based mainly on
Nominal means	a. enormous.	b. very little.	c. helpful.
8 predominant	• Rock is the <b>predomi</b>	nant music in our dorm, but	t country music is also popular.
/prɪˈdɒmɪnənt/ -adjective		<b>minant</b> type of car in N e cars ran on electricity.	lew York City in 1900 used
Predominant means	a. rare.	b. main.	c. temporary.
9 prerequisite /ˌpri:ˈrekwɪzɪt/	<ul> <li>You can't take Spanish III.</li> </ul>	nish Literature I unless yo	ou've taken the <b>prerequisite</b>
-noun	<ul> <li>Being allergic to cig was a prerequisite for</li> </ul>	•	Joel that his quitting smoking
Prerequisite means	a. a requirement.	b. a penalty.	c. a method.
10 recession /rɪˈse∫ən/	While seashore busing do very well from sp		a recession in the winter, they
-noun	The department stor rehired them when be	-	during the recession, but it
Recession means	a. a rapid growth.	b. a sale.	c. an economic setback.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To make up; be the parts of
2	To fail to do something required
3	Most common or most noticeable
4	Something required beforehand
5	To seize with authority; legally take possession of
6	To interpret or read (something confusing or hard to make out)
7	Slight; very small compared with what might be expected
8	Happening or existing at the same time; simultaneous
9	A temporary decline in business
10	Supposed for the sake of argument or examination; imaginary; theoretical

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. concurrent f. hypothetical	b. confiscate c. constitute d. decipher e. default g. nominal h. predominant i. prerequisite j. recession
	1. Anger was the emotion among voters when they first heard that taxes would be raised again.
	2. Although the two robberies were — both occurred at midnight Friday—one man had planned them both.
	3. One hundred senators and 435 members of the House of Representa the United States Congress.
	4. A for taking the driver's road test is passing a written test of driving laws.
	5. The town library charges only a fine for late books but a higher for late videotapes.
	6. Karim has such terrible handwriting that his wife couldn't his messaying she should meet him at the restaurant.
	7. When the shoe factory closed, our little town went into a because laid-off workers had no money to spend at local businesses.
	2. 8. The phone company refused to install a phone in Glen's new apart because he had(e)d on several of his previous bills.
	9. When Justin was convicted of his third reckless-driving charge i months, the court(e)d his driver's license.
	10. To teach young children safety, many parents explain what to do in situations, such as if a stranger asks them to go for a ride.
tence Check	2
the answer lines p	provided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each
	1-2. This summer, local children can sign up for art or music lessons for fee of \$3. It's impossible to take both, though, since the classes w
	3-4. Although cancer and heart disease the leading threats to life i United States, car accidents are the cause of death for teenagers.

		Ch	apter 9	55
5-6.	"It seems as if a degree in account laws," said Ken. "How else could a			r tax
7–8.	The small print on the Bryants' m on payments, the bank had the right			
9–10.	When Ms. Howe was interviewed regional manager asked her a quest our business is in a," he said. "	ion about a situa	tion. "Imagine	that
Final Check: Money Pr	oblems			
selection carefully. Then fill in e	to strengthen your knowledge of tach blank with a word from the out which word goes in which bla	box at the top of the	he previous p	-
"My car has been stolen!"	' My neighbor, Martha, ran into m	y house crying and	angry. "I saw	,
	r, and she told an officer the licer	nse number and car	model. "The	,
•	color of the car is brown," she add			
• •	the beauty shop I own. I saw two			
-	the officer asked. "Have you (2)_	-	_(e)d on you	r
car loan?"	•		_ , ,	
"What do you mean?" Ma	rtha asked.			
•	making your payments, the bar	nk or dealer has	the right to	)
(3)				
, ,	hadn't made any payments for thre	e months. Later she	told me she'd	i
	t threw them away because their			
O .	also said she was having money p	• •	-	
	me improvement loan. She also ha			
_	it all off, the city was suffering f			
•	mething her laid-off employees co			
about \$12,000 in debt.		·		
At my suggestion, Martha	visited a debt counselor who help	oed her develop a co	omprehensive	5
	· (7)s 1			
	one's debts in full. The counselor			
	a reasonable budget, based on Ma			
	she owed to arrange to pay a (9)_			
-	debt was paid. They also discuss			
	_ situations, such as if her refriger			
	ack on her feet again — in more w			t
the car back.	-	-		
	entered Check 2		7	
Scores S	entence Check 2% Final C	нсск70		



degenerate implausible incoherent intercede intricate

sanctuary scrutiny sinister suffice vulnerable

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the semences	to help you ligare out out.	a word 5 mouning.		
1 degenerate /dɪˈdʒenərət/		ly was called to the nursing hogenerate. It was feared he didn'		
-verb	•	ith his parents <b>degenerated</b> vishes and became a bartender.	when he dropped out of	
Degenerate means	a. to improve.	b. to remain the same.	c. to worsen.	
2 implausible /ɪm'plɔ:zəbl/ -adjective	<ul> <li>As implausible as it may sound, Southern Florida sometimes does get snow.</li> <li>Insurance companies hear such implausible excuses for auto accidents as "hit the telephone pole when I was blinded by the lights of a flying saucer."</li> </ul>			
Implausible means	a. unbelievable.	b. acceptable.	c. valuable.	
3 incoherent /inkəuˈhiərənt/				
-adjective	<ul> <li>My sister talks a lot never figure out what</li> </ul>	in her sleep, but she's so <b>inco</b> she's saying.	<b>Sherent</b> then that we can	
Incoherent means	a. calm.	b. unclear.	c. inconvenient.	
4 intercede /ˌɪntəˈsi:d/	<ul> <li>When the principal said Harry couldn't play in Friday's football game, the coach interceded, hoping to change the principal's mind.</li> </ul>			
-verb	<ul> <li>Inez's parents refused to come to her wedding until her brother interceded an persuaded them to come after all.</li> </ul>			
Intercede means	a. to give in to some	one. b. to plead for someone.	c. to examine closely.	
5 intricate /'intrikat/	• War and Peace is a lo stories of many indivi	ong, intricate novel that weaves duals.	s together the detailed life	
-adjective		ne intricate gold and silver jew le tools. It obviously required gornaments.		
Intricate means	a. simple.	b. uninteresting.	c. complicated.	
6 sanctuary /ˈsæŋ <i>k</i> tjʊən/	Old, unused trains in some of New York Ci	Grand Central Station serve as a ty's homeless.	a nighttime sanctuary for	
-noun	<ul> <li>When the houseful of children becomes too noisy, Ned finds the laundry root to be a sanctuary, a place where he can read in quiet.</li> </ul>			
Sanctuary means	a. a reminder.	b. a shelter.	c. a challenge.	

7 scrutiny /'skru:tini/	<ul> <li>Store security guards the bags may be used</li> </ul>	_	ople carrying large bags, since	
-noun		hed, a book comes under the grammar and spelling errors.	ne scrutiny of a proofreader,	
Scrutiny means	a. attention.	b. protection.	c. permission.	
8 sinister /'sinistə(r)/		d scientist thought up the si l plot failed when he died fro	inister scheme of releasing a om the virus himself.	
-adjective	<ul> <li>The creepy novel The Boys from Brazil tells of a sinister plot to clone of copies of Adolf Hitler who would then take over the world.</li> </ul>			
Sinister means	a. illogical.	b. evil.	c. inconsiderate.	
9 suffice /səˈfaɪs/	<ul> <li>The amount of resea but not for a college</li> </ul>		e for a high-school term paper,	
-verb	<ul> <li>I forgot to buy some suffice.</li> </ul>	ething for lunch tomorrow,	but the leftover meatloaf will	
Suffice means	a. to be wasted.	b. to be adequate.	c. to be examined.	
10 vulnerable /ˈvʌlnərəbl/ -adjective	-	boded areas are especially vul	Inerable to termites.  ly are vulnerable to fractures.	
Vulnerable means	a. open.	b. safe.	c. attracted.	

# **Matching Words with Definitions**

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Having many parts arranged in a complicated way; complex
2	To be good enough
3	To worsen; deteriorate
4	A place of safety, protection, or relief
5	To make a request or plead on behalf of someone else
6	Open to damage or attack; susceptible
7	Difficult to believe; unlikely
8	Evil; wicked
9	Close inspection; careful examination
0	Unable to speak in an orderly, logical way

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

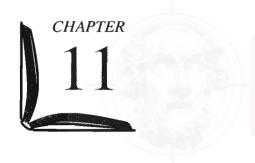
# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. degenerate	b. implausible	c. Incoherent	d. intercede	e. intricate
f. sanctuary	g. scrutiny	h. sinister	i. suffice	j. vulnerable
		ons for the scho	ool newspaper, bu	t they wouldn't be g
	2. The Joker's in doing evil	_	for he's a(n)	man who takes plea
	3. People who of small tow	-	more to mu	ggings than are resid
	4. The leaves bedroom wa		w created a(n) _	lacy shadow on
	5. Although it s a rainstorm.	seems, the seem	ingly dead desert	really does blossom
	_	allow an escaped corges themselves.	onvict to use their	home as a may
		was so upset that he tood he had been fir		i't until he calmed d
	8. Unclaimed to for drugs or		eive the of se	ecurity officers water
		't have company, m		to into a jumb
				o be home from her her a midnight curfey
ntence Check	2			
ng the answer lines pre-	rovided, complete e	each item below with	two words from	the box. Use each v
	is sparse <sup>c</sup>		your bird feeder, p	ne open where shrub ut it near a of th
		to the party, Mitch		nt° lie — a(n)

not \_\_\_ to get us in.

	Chapter 10 59
5-6.	When a complicated musical piece is played by a talented orchestra, audiences can appreciate the structure. But when poor musicians try the piece, its into nothing more than noise.
7–8.	As he left the bank, the robber shot and wounded an elderly man on mere impulse. Shocked by the act, the bank clerk was at first However, after calming down, she was able to clearly tell the police about the robbery and the totally arbitrary shooting.
9–10	The children's eager of the carefully arranged candies and cookies brought a curt° warning from their mother: "Look, but don't touch!" However, their grandmother(e)d and convinced her that it would be an inequity° to give all the goodies to company and none to the children.
Final Check: The New	French Employee
Here is a final opportunity for you selection carefully. Then fill in a	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. e out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
One summer, Nan work	ed in a factory with an employee who had recently arrived from
	ed in a factory with an employee who had recently arrived from man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic  (e)d for simple conversations and helpful translations.
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic  (e)d for simple conversations and helpful translations.  she was called to the foreman's office, she wished she knew no
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents wer	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic  (e)d for simple conversations and helpful translations.  she was called to the foreman's office, she wished she knew no re there with Jean-Louis. After explaining that Jean-Louis may have
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents wer been more (2)	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic  (e)d for simple conversations and helpful translations.  she was called to the foreman's office, she wished she knew no re there with Jean-Louis. After explaining that Jean-Louis may have  than the innocent young man he appeared to be, the
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents wer been more (2)  foreman left her there to tran	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents wer been more (2)  foreman left her there to tran after committing several jewe	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic  (e)d for simple conversations and helpful translations.  she was called to the foreman's office, she wished she knew no re there with Jean-Louis. After explaining that Jean-Louis may have  than the innocent young man he appeared to be, the slate for the agents. The agents said Jean-Louis had been on the run rel thefts in France. Nan struggled to translate their questions, which
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents wer been more (2)  foreman left her there to tran after committing several jewer were often too (3)	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents wer been more (2)  foreman left her there to tran after committing several jewe were often too (3)  nervous that she was nearly	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents wer been more (2)  foreman left her there to tran after committing several jewe were often too (3)  nervous that she was nearly what Nan was saying, he said	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents wer been more (2)  foreman left her there to tran after committing several jewe were often too (3)  nervous that she was nearly what Nan was saying, he said for his no-good twin brother,	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic  (e)d for simple conversations and helpful translations.  she was called to the foreman's office, she wished she knew no re there with Jean-Louis. After explaining that Jean-Louis may have  than the innocent young man he appeared to be, the slate for the agents. The agents said Jean-Louis had been on the run rel thefts in France. Nan struggled to translate their questions, which  for her limited vocabulary. At times, she became so  (4) When Jean-Louis finally deciphered the police were maligning him. He claimed he was being mistaken who was responsible for the robberies. The angry FBI agents found
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents wer been more (2)  foreman left her there to tran after committing several jewe were often too (3)  nervous that she was nearly what Nan was saying, he said for his no-good twin brother, Jean-Louis's story (5)	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents were been more (2)  foreman left her there to trans after committing several jewer were often too (3)  nervous that she was nearly what Nan was saying, he said for his no-good twin brother, Jean-Louis's story (5)  into a shouting match, with	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents were been more (2)  foreman left her there to tran after committing several jewer were often too (3)  nervous that she was nearly what Nan was saying, he said for his no-good twin brother, Jean-Louis's'story (5)  into a shouting match, with (7)	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents wer been more (2)  foreman left her there to tran after committing several jewe were often too (3)  nervous that she was nearly what Nan was saying, he said for his no-good twin brother, Jean-Louis's story (5)  into a shouting match, with (7)  Nan then went to the lad	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents were been more (2)  foreman left her there to trans after committing several jewer were often too (3)  nervous that she was nearly what Nan was saying, he said for his no-good twin brother, Jean-Louis's story (5)  into a shouting match, with  (7)  Nan then went to the lad the shouting. After the agen	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic
France, a soft-spoken young French (1)  However, one day when French at all. FBI agents were been more (2)  foreman left her there to trans after committing several jewer were often too (3)  nervous that she was nearly what Nan was saying, he said for his no-good twin brother, Jean-Louis's story (5)  into a shouting match, with (7)  Nan then went to the lad the shouting. After the agen But she felt (9)	man named Jean-Louis. He spoke little English, but Nan's basic





blatant blight contrive garble gaunt gloat immaculate plagiarism qualm retaliate

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 blatant · Scott's smoking is blatant. Not only does he light up everywhere, but his /bleitent/ clothes smell of smoke, and his fingers are stained with nicotine. -adjective • The company's disregard of the environment is blatant. It makes no effort to stop polluting coastal waters with garbage. Blatant means a. unmistakable. b. scrambled. c. not noticeable. 2 blight Nothing has hurt our country more than the blight of drugs. /blait/ · There are two ways of looking at TV: as a blight that dulls the mind or as a -noun valuable source of information. Blight means a. something that assists. b. something very obvious. c. something that harms. 3 contrive • My eight-year-old son could write a book titled 101 Ways I Have Contrived to /kən'traıv/ Stay Up Past My Bedtime. -verb Jill has to contrive a way to get a day off from work for her friend's wedding. She's already used up her vacation time. Contrive means a. to think up. b. to mix up. c. to avoid. 4 garble • The typesetter accidentally garbled the newspaper story, giving the reader /ˈgaːbl/ only a mixed-up article. -verb · The company had garbled the bike's assembly instructions so badly that we were constantly confused about which step to do next. Garble means a. to read. b. to lose. c. to jumble. 5 gaunt Abraham Lincoln's beard made his gaunt face look fuller. /go:nt/ · Sharon's eating disorder, called anorexia nervosa, has made her so gaunt that -adjective she looks like a walking skeleton. b. wide. c. confused. Gaunt means a. very thin. 6 gloat · The coach told his team, "There's only one thing worse than a sore loser, and /glaut/ that's a mean winner. Don't gloat." -verb Neil's sister always tattles on him and then gloats when he's punished, saying, "I told you so."

b. to be overly self-satisfied.

c. to pay back.

a. to apologize fully.

Gloat means

7 immaculate /ɪˈmækjʊlət/	<ul> <li>It's amazing that wh often seems very dirty</li> </ul>	ile Carolyn always appears in.	nmaculate, her apartment		
-adjective		to come home from a birthda sually manage to get as muc- ouths.			
Immaculate means	a. uncomfortable.	b. spotless.	c. soiled.		
8 plagiarism /ˈpleɪdʒ <i>ɪ</i> ərɪz <i>ə</i> m/	<ul> <li>When the author saw for plagiarism.</li> </ul>	a movie with the same plot as	one of her novels, she succ		
-noun	<ul> <li>The teacher warned in own is plagiarism.</li> </ul>	ner students that using an autl	hor's exact words as one's		
Plagiarism means	a. creativity.	b. the stealing of ideas.	c. planning.		
9 qualm /kwa:lm/		he has <b>qualms</b> about telling "lite e likes a friend's new haircut wh			
-noun		ke as an April Fool's joke, I be tolen and called the police?	egan to have <b>qualms</b> . Wha		
Qualm means	a. a guilty feeling.	b. a proud memory.	c. a clever plan.		
10 retaliate /rɪˈtælɪeɪt/	<ul> <li>When I broke my sist Walkman earphones.</li> </ul>	er's stereo, she retaliated by c	utting the cord of my Sony		
-verb	<ul> <li>When Ron refused to pay his little sister for washing his car, she retaliated by washing it again — with its windows open.</li> </ul>				
Retaliate means	a. to forgive.	b. to take revenge.	c. to confuse.		

### Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	An uneasy feeling about how right or proper a particular action is
2	To mix up or confuse (as a story or message); scramble
3.	To feel or express delight or self-satisfaction, often spitefully
4	Something that weakens, damages, or destroys
5	Using someone else's writings or ideas as one's own
6	To plan cleverly; think up
7	To return an injury for an injury; pay back
8	Very obvious, often offensively so
9	Perfectly clean
0	Thin and bony

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. <b>blatant</b>	o. blight	c. contrive	d. <b>garble</b>	e. <b>gaunt</b>
f. gloat	g. immaculate	h. <b>plagiarism</b>	i. qualm	j. retaliate
	_ 1. A(n) h	ouse may be a sign	that someone has no	othing better to do
	_ 2. Child abuse	e is an awful on t	he physical and men	ntal health of our ye
		efuses to drive Mr. ns, which is often.	Elson to bingo bec	eause hes so r
		D's on my brother' ied this term.	s report card are	_ evidence of how
		hopes to a way ed him four times.	to get Rita to go ou	t with him, even th
	go to the m	riend Jamee left a monall, he(e)d it so go play ball."	_	
	-	the Hatfields harme ent on for years.	d the McCoys, the	McCoys would
		ter being lost at sea t on weight rapidly.	for nine days, the	men were terribly
	* A	s say it is foolish to a when I walk b		•
		n joked that charges o original. He wrote, "V		
ntence Check :	2			
g the answer lines pro	ovided, complete	each item below wit	h <b>two</b> words from t	he box. Use each
		ng room looked o		
	_ 3–4. After the	e bully struck him, J	ules wanted to	by throwing a rock

he had \_\_\_s about doing anything so dangerous.

5-	-6. The little girl was so after her illness that her parents carefully(e)d fattening meals that were sure to arouse her appetite.
7-	-8. "At least I know you aren't guilty of," said my teacher. "Nobody else would have(e)d the report so badly that it's impossible to follow."
9-	10. Willie is a on our school. Not only does he start fights with opposing players on the basketball court, but he alsos after he's benched, as if he's proud of causing such turmoil. In fact, although he's a great player, the coach is pondering kicking him off the team.

### ➤ Final Check: A Cruel Teacher

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

It has been twenty years since I was in Mr. Brill's tenth-grade biology class, but I still get
nervous thinking about it. Mr. Brill was a tall, (1) man who resembled the
skeleton at the back of the room. His meanness was (2) For his most
difficult questions, he would call on the shyest kids, those most vulnerable° to the pain of
embarrassment. And when they nervously (3)(e)d their answers,
he would (4), as if their poor performance were a personal victory for
him. The discomfort of some of his victims was almost tangible°, nearly as solid as the wooden
pointer which he sometimes loudly slammed across his desk just to shock us. He seemed to
(5) situations just to make us miserable. For example, if our fingernails
were not (6), we were sent out of class. As if we needed clean hands to
dissect a frog! One time I worked extremely hard on a paper for class, but he accused me of
(7) He said I must have copied it because I was too dumb to write
anything that good. Without a (8), he gave me an F, which ruined my
average and demoralized° me for the rest of the year. All of us students would imagine ways to get
even with him, but we were too afraid to (9) Why a teacher like that
was allowed to continue teaching was an enigma° to us, one I still have not figured out. In all the
years since, I've never met a person who was such a (10) on the teaching
profession.

Sentence Check 2\_

Scores

Final Check \_





-ate bioclaim, clam fin flex, flect forc, fort hum pater, patrisemi--ward

### Ten Word Parts in Context

Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

part.		•	
1 -ate	• Teachers often find it d	lifficult to motivate stude	ents to learn eagerly.
/ət/	_	s fascinated viewers wit nglish children's hospital r week.	
The word part -ate means	a. cause to become.	b. call.	c. end.
2 <b>bio-</b> /baເອບ/	• Helen Keller wrote a My Life.	touching autobiography	titled The Story of
	• Biology is the science	of living things, both plan	nt and animal.
The word part bio- means	a. bend.	b. life.	c. partly.
3 claim, clam /kleim/		eater critics acclaimed The	
The word part claim or clam		oint emphasizes passion has "Aha!" and "That hu	
means	a. cry out.	b. father.	c. partly.
4 fin /fain/ /fin/	• The <b>final</b> word in mar so."	ny prayers is amen, which	h means "May it be
		naah!" the crowd exclate finale that closed to	
The word part fin means	a. strong.	b. toward.	c. end.
5 flex, flect /fleks/ /flekt/	Gymnasts must be ex bodies into many posit	tremely <b>flexible</b> so that it	they can bend their
	• When they enter church one knee, as a sign of r	ch, Catholics <b>genuflect</b> – reverence.	- that is, they bend
The word part flex or flect means	a. bend.	b. father.	c. person.
6 forc, fort /fo:t/	• The burglar forcibly window.	entered the home by br	reaking the kitchen
		a high wall of pressed nowball attack by the kids	•

a. person.

b. direction of.

c. strong.

The word part forc or fort means

•	num hʌm/	• "We have done a grandmother's life," s	Il that is <b>humanly</b> posserid the doctor.	sible to save you
			Iter for the homeless compla We want to be treated like pe	
T	The word part hum means	a. in the direction of.	b. having to do with peo	ople. c. call.
•	pater, patri- peitə(r)/	Mike just became a fa to help care for the ba	ather, so he is taking six mo	nths' paternity leave
7	The word part pater or patri-	* Patriotism was so st defend their fatherlan	trong that soldiers willingly d.	risked their lives to
	means	a. partly.	b. toward.	c. father.
9 s	semi-	• My grandfather is only	y <b>semiretired</b> — he works pa	art-time as a plumber.
/	'semi/	• I use <b>semisweet</b> cho bitter or too sweet.	colate in my frosting to ke	ep it from being too
_ 1	The word part semi- means	a. partly.	b. of living things.	c. toward.
. •	ward wad/	• Everyone at the fair balloon exploded.	looked skyward in horror a	as the colorful hot-air
		• The children tried w even reaching the end	alking to school <b>backward</b> of their block.	but gave up before
_ 1	The word part -ward means	a. call.	b. in the direction of.	c. of living things.

### Matching Word Parts with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten word parts. Clearly write or print each word part next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word part.

1.	Bend
2	Partly; half
3	Life; of living things
4	Father
5	Cause to become
6	In the direction of; toward
7	Call; cry out
8	Strong
9	Person; having to do with people
10	End

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.

aate f. forc, fort	b. k g. l	num		claim, clam pater, patri-	d. fin i. semi-		flex -ward
	1	. Little Je		dly (ex ed)	that his father was	the sm	artest ma
	2		-	) is any cycle o y temperature.	of periodic changes	in life,	such as
	3	The jury		the disturbed young	g man, who had sho	ot his fa	ther, gui
	4	After a head (he		iny weekend of car	mping, the Boy Sco	outs we	re reliev
	5	-		s so (in ible) past curfew.	_ that she never or	nce ben	t the rul
	6			s ( eful) a powerful impressi	_	of red	uced mi
	7			in a ( private) _ l also suffered a hea		spital. T	The other
	8			ly two ( alists th were country sing		session	of the
	9	_		nd Tutu of South Attan) efforts to be			
	10		d)	nistrators of New to learn that fo			

### > Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines provide part from the box. Use each version of the second secon	ded, complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the sentences below with the correct word word part once.
	1-2. I looked (down ) and watched the doctor tap my knee to see if its (re ) was normal.
	3-4. My supervisor, Mr. Kane, is ( nal) He (en es) the rules in a fatherly way—firmly but kindly. In addition, my coworkers are all very amiable°, making for a very friendly atmosphere.

	Chapter 12 67
5-6. 	After the accident, my brother was ( conscious) for several hours. ( ally), around midnight, he became fully alert and mobile° enough to walk out of the hospital on his own.
7–8.	When the teacher asked students to write a ( graphy), she meant the life story of a ( an) But Harry wrote the life story of Tarzan, his pet snake.
9–10. 	In 1863, Abraham Lincoln issued a (pro ation) freeing the slaves. But it would be almost one hundred years after his announcement before real efforts were made to (integr ) black people into society's mainstream.

### ➤ Final Check: It's Never Too Late

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten word parts. First read the following selection carefully. Then complete each italicized word in the parentheses below with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word part goes in which blank.) Use each word part once.

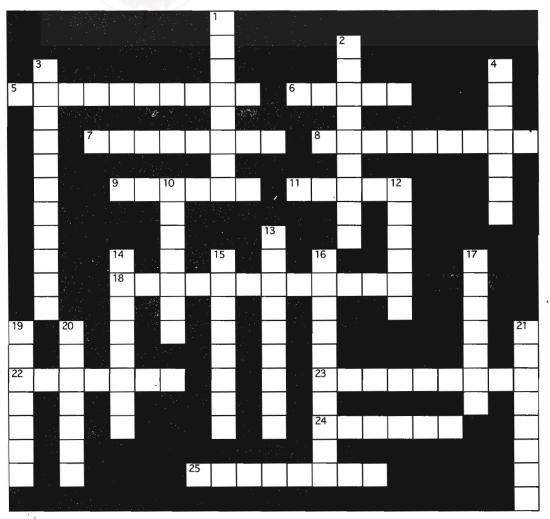
I almost fell out of my chair last night when my father (pro ed) (1),
"I quit my job today. I'm going to college." He realizes that people may think it eccentric to start
school at his age, but he's willing to appear odd because he's tired of ( skilled)
(2) work in a factory. He wants a job that requires more skill and training.
Both of my ( nal) (3) grandparents died when Dad was a child, so
he and his brothers were forced to quit school early to work. Dad finished high school at night.
Now he will venture° working only part-time in order to (educ ) (4)
himself further. He still isn't sure what his major will be, but he has always liked science. He
definitely wants to take a ( logy) (5) course because all living
things interest him. He'd like to focus his (efs) (6) in a field that
benefits ( anity) (7), such as physical therapy, where he could help
rehabilitate° people with certain infirmities°. He's also thinking about nursing. Most men of his
generation think of nursing as women's work, so Dad's interest in this field shows me he is more
( ible) (8) in his thinking than I ever realized. Whatever his choice,
he is looking (for ) (9) to classes with great zeal°. I know that
when he ( ishes) (10) his schooling, no one will be prouder of him
than I already am.
Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%

Sentence Check 2 \_\_\_\_

Scores

### UNIT TWO: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Two. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



attribute blatant calamity concurrent contrive conventional decipher default discern dispatch enigma fluctuate gaunt immaculate implausible intercede mobile nominal ponder qualm recession scrutiny sinister suffice turmoil

#### ACROSS

- 5. Perfectly clean
- 6. Thin and bony
- 7. An event bringing great loss and misery
- 8. A quality or feature of a person or thing
- 9. To consider carefully
- An uneasy feeling about how right or proper a particular action is
- 18. Customary; ordinary
- 22. To be good enough
- 23. A temporary decline in business

- 24. A mystery or puzzle
- 25. To send to a specific place or a specific business

#### DOWN

- 1. To plan cleverly; think up
- 2. To vary irregularly; to go up and down or back and forth
- 3. Difficult to believe; unlikely
- 4. Very obvious, often offensively so
- 10. Slight; very small compared to what might be expected
- 12. Moving or able to move from place to place

- 13. To make a request or plead on behalf of someone else
- 14. Close inspection; careful examination
- To interpret or read (something confusing or hard to make out)
- 16. Happening or existing at the same time; simultaneous
- 17. Complete confusion; uproar
- 19. To recognize; detect
- 20. To fail to do something required
- 21. Evil; wicked

### UNIT TWO: Test 1

#### PART A Choose the word that best completes each item and write it in the space provided. 1. According to legend, vampires are \_\_\_ creatures who cannot survive in daylight. a. incoherent d. conventional b. immaculate c. nocturnal 2. The counseling program to \_\_\_\_ addicts includes job training. a. rehabilitate b. contrive c. ponder d. exemplify 3. Unless figure skaters practice regularly, their skills will b. degenerate a. retaliate c. confiscate d. decipher 4. It may sound \_\_\_\_, but a camel can drink twenty-five gallons of water at a time. a. implausible c. mobile d. nominal b. gaunt 5. Movie subtitles should be \_\_\_ with the spoken words they are translating. b. hypothetical c. incoherent d. concurrent a. flagrant 6. Even the most \_\_\_ people have microscopic creatures clinging to their hair. b. immaculate c. incoherent d. intricate a. sinister 7. Measles remains a serious \_\_\_ worldwide, killing over a million people each year. a. blight b. plagiarism c. qualm d. prerequisite 8. The Peace Corps continues to \_\_\_\_ American volunteers to live and work in developing nations. c. dispatch d. default a. discern b. garble 9. The government student loan program is in serious trouble because many students \_\_\_ on their payments. a. suffice b. attest c. intercede d. default 10. In a race across New Jersey in 1901, drivers traveling up to thirty miles an hour were arrested for their \_\_\_ disregard of the speed limit, which was eight miles an hour.

b. hypothetical

a. flagrant

c. conventional

d. immaculate

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On the answer line, write the letter of the choice that best completes each i
---

	11.	Conventional business clothing for a man include a. Bermuda shorts and a Hawaiian shirt. c. a suit and tie.	b.	jeans and a sleeveless tank top. swimming trunks.
	12.	In order to attest to what it feels like to walk on a. have read about an astronaut who did it. c. be a scientist who has studied the moon.	b.	moon's surface, a person must have walked there himself or herself. have a good imagination.
	13.	<ul><li>A person who has lost his or her eyesight can be</li><li>a. learning to read Braille.</li><li>c. learning to get around with a Seeing Eye dog.</li></ul>	b.	becoming depressed and refusing to go out.
	14.	<ul><li>A usual <b>prerequisite</b> to getting a driver's license</li><li>a. purchasing a car.</li><li>c. passing a driving test.</li></ul>	b.	committing many traffic offenses. refusing to have one's photograph taken.
•	15.	<ul><li>When her brother and sister argue, Rachel often i</li><li>a. leaving the house.</li><li>c. ignoring them both.</li></ul>	b.	covering her ears. helping each see the other's point of view.
	16.	College students who don't eat properly and don a. good health. c. driving places.	b.	et much sleep are vulnerable to their doctors.
—	17.	The parrot <b>garbled</b> its words, a. making us all laugh at its mixed-up speech. c. embarrassing us with its dirty words.		amazing us by speaking so clearly. boring us by repeating the same few words
	18.	Which of the following <b>constitutes</b> a good break a. A neighborhood diner b. Orange juice and bran flakes with milk and be c. Spaghetti with anchovy sauce d. Customers at a pancake house		
	19.	The tennis player's performance <b>fluctuated</b> during a. was magnificent one day, awful the next, and b. was consistently excellent.  c. began well but went steadily downhill all weed. started badly but became better every day.	ave	
	20.	Wanting to <b>gloat</b> over her promotion at work, Kra. didn't mention it to anyone. b. worked harder than ever to show that she desc. said to a coworker, "Sorry, loser. I got it." d. became very nervous about her new responsible.	erve	

(Number correct)  $\times 5 =$ 

# UNIT TWO: Test 2

### PART A

Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

f.	attribute nominal scrutiny	g.	calamity orient sinister	c. deciph h. qualm m. suffice	i.	enigma recession		exemplify retaliate	
				ng of the ship arly 1,600 peop		hich struck an	icebe	rg, was a(n) _	in
			2. People when places, no		ust the	emselves in a ci	ty by	relating to far	miliar
				to my daughte 'She needs to b		out the garba	ge w	on't," A	lonso
			4. I don't ki signature.		me the bir	rthday card bed	cause	I couldn't	_ the
			5. A shortag several in		product, s	uch as sugar,	could	cause a(n) _	in
			,	y a used car give it careful	-	ı examine it c	losel	y and also ha	ave a
			-	our library ch		a fee to fee at all.	use a	computer, I	don't
				eligions, gods a	_	sses represent v	ariou	s humans,	, such
			-	the years, peop e sent gifts of n		_s about having ne IRS.	chea	ted on their in	come
		1	0. People executing		their dictat	or, who had or	derec	l mass murder	rs, by
		1			•	all time was the foods until the	_		_
		1				overed the grouk trees were eight			wn in
		1	3. Lightning	g bolts, which to	ravel at mi	llions of miles	an ho	ur and produc	e five

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Write C i	f the italicized word is used co	rrectly. Write I if the	word is used incorre	ctly.				
14.	The turmoil of a smooth, clear lake always makes me feel at peace.							
15.	A wonderfully incoherent spea	A wonderfully <i>incoherent</i> speaker, Abraham Lincoln was widely admired for his powerful speeches.						
16.	James Bond was about to ste who had fallen in love with h	-	_	voman, a former enemy				
17.	7. The Democratic and Republican parties are <i>predominant</i> in the United States, but other parties are also represented on the ballots.							
18.	18. Shortly before his birthday, Bruce <i>contrived</i> to get his parents to walk past the toy store so that he could point out the Nintendo game displayed in the window.							
19.	19. Each year, thousands of Americans who think themselves too <i>gaunt</i> have some fat surgically removed.							
PART C On the an	nswer line, write the letter of th	e word that is the <b>syn</b>	onym of the boldface	d word.				
	Example: <u>c</u> nominal	a. personal	b. enormous	c. slight				
20.	confiscate	a. give back	b. seize	c. combine				
21.	enhance	a. improve	b. lead	c. weaken				
22.	comprehensive	a. limited	b. broad	c. irregular				
PART D On the an	nswer line, write the letter of th	e word that is the <b>ant</b>	onym of the boldfaced	d word.				
	Example: _b_ nominal	a. personal	b. enormous	c. slight				
23.	intricate	a. complicated	b. musical	c. simple				
24.	persevere	a. look	b. stop	c. persist				
25.	blatant	a. strange	b. obvious	c. hidden				

### UNIT TWO: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1	. CALAMITY : SUFFERING ::	h tragady i jay
	<ul><li>a. magnet : repels</li><li>c. tragedy : sadness</li></ul>	b. tragedy : joy d. table : chair
2	2. PERSEVERE : QUIT ::	
	a. open: shut c. drink: thirsty	b. perspire : sweat d. continue : persist
3	3. VENTURE : EXPLORER ::	
	<ul><li>a. see : blind person</li><li>c. cow : milk</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. teach : professor</li><li>d. ocean : ship</li></ul>
	4. CONVENTIONAL : UNCOMMON ::	
	<ul><li>a. conduct : experiment</li><li>c. owner : possesses</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. thoughtful : considerate</li><li>d. quiet : noisy</li></ul>
	5. MOBILE : UNMOVING ::	
	<ul><li>a. rapid : slow</li><li>c. excited : lively</li></ul>	b. write : words d. wet : water
· (	6. ENIGMA : MYSTERIOUS ::	
	<ul><li>a. baseball : bat</li><li>c. funny : serious</li></ul>	b. joke : funny d. clue : detective
	7. OWL : NOCTURNAL ::	
	a. tiger: cat c. day: night	b. tiger : fierce d. child : adult
8	8. DISCERN : LOOK ::	
	<ul><li>a. hear s listen</li><li>c. cold : touch</li></ul>	b. smell : taste d. ignore : see
	9. DECIPHER : CODE ::	
	<ul><li>a. surgeon : doctor</li><li>c. puzzle : piece</li></ul>	b. untangle : knot d. evident : clear
10	0. CONFISCATE : SEIZE ::	
	<ul><li>a. confuse : clarify</li><li>c. take : give</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. cry : funeral</li><li>d. contribute : give</li></ul>

\_ 19. QUALM : CONSCIENCE :: a. love: hatred b. room: fireplace

20. PLAGIARISM: IDEAS:: a. criminal: crime b. host : party

c. cramp: muscle

c. writing: paper d. shoplifting: merchandise

> Score (Number correct) \_

d. pain: health

# UNIT TWO: Test 4 (Word Parts)

#### PART A

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

Word Parts	Examples	Definitions
1ate	motivate, fascinate	a. Father
2. <b>bio-</b>	autobiography, biology	b. Call; cry out
3. claim, clam	acclaim, exclamation	c. Partly
4. fin	final, finale	d. End
5. flex, flect	flexible, genuflect	e. Cause to become
6. forc, fort	forcibly, fortify	f. In the direction of; toward
7. hum	humanly, humane	g. Person; having to do with people
8. pater, patri-	paternity, patriotism	h. Strong
9. semi-	semiretired, semisweet	i. Bend
10ward	skyward, backward	j. Life; of living things

#### PART B

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Not every word part will be used.

a. <b>-ate</b>	b.	bio-	c. <b>clam</b>	d. fin	е.	flex
f. fort	g.	hum	h. patrl-	i. <b>se</b> i	<b>ni-</b> j.	-ward
	11.	To (activ .	) yeast, put it i	n a warm liqu	id.	
	12.	When I me word.	editate, I focus (in	. ly) by n	nentally repeatin	g a nons
	13.		enteenth century, Engassing a law that all co		,	_
	14.		h king Louis XIV's ( s: "Why do you weep			
	15.		obots often given a (			Are we

(Continues on next page)

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		KI	•

write the letter of each meaning.

16. The dining club is semipublic.

a. fully public b. partly public c. private

17. A patriarchy is a form of social organization in which families are headed by

a. the strongest. b. the oldest. c. the father.

18. My chemistry teacher also teaches biochemistry, which is the chemistry of

Use your knowledge of word parts to determine the meaning of the boldfaced words. On the answer line,

a. life processes. b. lakes. c. weather.

\_\_\_\_ 19. Albert Einstein **claimed** that his brain was his laboratory.

a. realized

b. made known

c. silently wished

\_\_\_\_ 20. The company I work for has decided to experiment with **flextime** for employees.

a. longer work hours

b. shorter work hours

c. adjustable work hours

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_ × 5 = \_\_\_\_%

# Unit Three



curtail indispensable devastate intermittent rigor incentive incorporate succumb

#### Chapter 14

alleviate infamous benefactor intrinsic covert revulsion cynic speculate demise virile

#### Chapter 15

abstain deficit
affiliate dissent
agnostic diversion
aspire lucrative
benevolent mandatory

#### Chapter 16

charisma poignant contemporary prevalent conversely quest traumatic

#### Chapter 17

congenial prone
flippant rapport
impasse rationale
perception relentless
prompt reprisal

#### Chapter 18

cor, cour	-ish
di-, du-	magni-, magn-
-dom	phob
-fy	pro-
II-, im-	psych-, psycho-

# **UNIT THREE: Pretest**

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

1. incorporate	a) anger b) separate c) combine d) calm
2. intermittent	a) hesitant b) nervous c) off-and-on d) constant
3. digress	a) stray b) improve c) resist d) repeat
4. incentive	a) fear b) pride c) concern d) encouragement
5. succumb	a) approach b) repeat c) give in d) cut short
6. <b>rigor</b>	a) ease b) hardship c) slowness d) meanness
7. squander	a) waste b) lose c) insult d) strongly desire
8. curtail	a) urge b) join c) cut short d) relieve
9. indispensable	a) necessary b) not important c) saved up d) wasted
10. devastate	a) spread out b) begin again c) reassure d) upset greatly
11. speculate	a) search b) think about c) inspect d) state to be so
12. cynic	a) pessimist b) serious person c) single person d) clown
13. infamous	<ul> <li>a) not known</li> <li>b) small</li> <li>c) having a bad reputation</li> <li>d) related</li> </ul>
14. benefactor	<ul> <li>a) landlord</li> <li>b) one who gives aid</li> <li>c) optimist</li> <li>d) kindness</li> </ul>
15. covert	a) distant b) hidden c) changed d) adjusted
16. virile	a) healthy b) manly c) wrinkled d) required
17. intrinsic	<ul> <li>a) belonging by its very nature</li> <li>b) on the surface</li> <li>c) not noticeable</li> <li>d) careful</li> </ul>
18. alleviate	a) make anxious b) depart c) infect d) relieve
19. demise	a) trick b) death c) disguise d) departure
20. revulsion	a) confession b) great disgust c) attraction d) compassion
21. deficit	a) surplus b) remainder c) part of the whole d) shortage
22. mandatory	a) masculine b) sexist c) required d) threatening
23. abstain	a) do without b) disagree c) prepare d) approve of
24. lucrative	a) silly b) profitable c) causing disease d) attractive
25. diversion	a) awareness b) practice c) amusement d) fate

(Continues on next page)

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26. affiliate	a) impress b) approve c) reject d) join
27. agnostic	a) one who is unsure there's a God b) saint c) believer d) genius
28. aspire	a) dislike b) strongly desire c) impress d) deliver
29. benevolent	a) kind b) wealthy c) nasty d) poor
30. dissent	a) approval b) defeat c) winning d) disagreement
31. proponent	a) foe b) supporter c) examiner d) one part of the whole
32. charisma	a) friendship b) kindness c) obedience d) charm
33. quest	a) search b) request c) place d) memory
34. <b>contend</b>	a) join b) claim c) arouse d) allow
35. conversely	a) rudely b) uncooperative c) in an opposite manner d) unfriendly
36. contemporary	a) modern b) odd c) old-fashioned d) futuristic
37. extrovert	a) shy person b) magnetism c) main point d) outgoing person
38. <b>prevalent</b>	a) famous b) widespread c) escapable d) plain
39. poignant	a) annoying b) beautiful c) careless d) touching
40. traumatic	a) causing painful emotions b) reversed c) delicate d) harmless
41. <b>rapport</b>	a) support b) close relationship c) view d) report
42. reprisal	a) getting even b) defeat c) question d) search
43. flippant	a) cold b) formal c) disrespectful d) nervous
44. perception	a) meeting b) party c) dead end d) impression
45. relentless	a) angry b) persistent c) cruel d) kind
46. congenial	a) pleasant b) intelligent c) mixed-up d) lacking
47. <b>prone</b>	a) disliked b) tending c) active d) rested
48. <b>rationale</b>	a) research paper b) debate c) logical basis d) mood
49. <b>impasse</b>	a) exit b) central point c) gate d) dead end
50. <b>prompt</b>	a) urge b) avoid c) waste d) lie





curtail devastate digress incentive incorporate indispensable intermittent rigor squander succumb

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 curtail /kɜːˈteɪl/	• Upon hearing reports of students could go home	of a tornado, the principal cue early.	urtailed the school day so
-verb	<ul> <li>I need to curtail my vo money to pay back a loa</li> </ul>	lunteer activities so that I can	n spend more time earning
Curtail means	a. to combine.	b. to shorten.	c. to extend.
2 devastate /'devəsteit/	_	had been arrested for arme believe he'd do such a terribl	-
-verb	· Vera is so fond of Andy	. She'll be devastated to hea	r he has cancer.
Devastate means	a. to thrill.	b. to annoy.	c. to upset greatly.
3 digress /dar'gres/	• Professor Rubin never day's topic.	digresses during a lecture. E	even his jokes relate to the
-verb		year-old niece our phone nu Winnie the Pooh has a teleph	
Digress means	a. to listen carefully.	b. to go off the subject.	c. to get up.
4 incentive /ɪnˈsentɪv/	The insurance company its representatives to ma	offers an <b>incentive</b> — a free ake more sales.	e vacation — to encourage
-noun	• The thought of myself adequate incentive to ex	in a bathing suit next sum xercise.	mer provides me with an
Incentive means	a. encouragement.	b. liberty.	c. change.
5 incorporate //ɪnikɔ:pəreɪt/	<ul> <li>Jerry incorporated all banana-cream pecan pie</li> </ul>	of his favorite desserts into	one: a chocolate-covered
-verb		oung children has gone down have been incorporated into	
Incorporate means	a. to give up.	b. to join together.	c. to raise.
6 indispensable /,ındıs'pensəbl/	Because there's no bus neighborhood.	or train service nearby, a c	ar is <b>indispensable</b> in my
-adjective		you find that many th tually necessary after all.	ings you thought were
Indispensable means	a. free.	b. needed.	c. expensive.

7 intermittent /¡ɪntə¹mɪtənt/	<ul> <li>You have to work practice won't work</li> </ul>		train him well. Intermittent
-adjective		her weight loss on a diet weight losses stopped. She knew	would be <b>intermittent</b> , so she we they would start again.
Intermittent means	a. irregular.	b. too much.	c. steady.
8 rigor /ˈrɪgə(r)/		go through the <b>rigors</b> of boorunning several miles a day.	ot camp, such as completing an
-noun	0	ng at two part-time jobs whe	ile going to school proved too bs.
Rigor means	a. a gamble.	b. an expense.	c. a hardship.
9 squander /'skwondə(r)/	<ul> <li>It's sad to see such baked-bean cans.</li> </ul>	a wonderful artist squander	her talent designing labels for
-verb		room now closes promptly e on long lunch breaks.	at one o'clock so that workers
Squander means	a. to share.	b. to misuse.	c. to upset.
10 succumb /səˈkʌm/	<ul> <li>Leah succumbed to birthday.</li> </ul>	her daughter's begging and	bought her a pet lizard for her
-verb	<ul> <li>Once the suspect stealing the car ster</li> </ul>		succumbed and confessed to
Succumb means	a. to yield.	b. to delay.	c. to anger.

## **Matching Words with Definitions**

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To waste; spend or use foolishly
2	_ To cut short or reduce
3	Something that moves one to take action or work harder; a motivation
4	To turn aside, or stray, especially from the main topic in speaking or writing
5	Great hardship or difficulty; harshness; severity
6	_ To upset deeply; overwhelm
7	_ To give in; stop resisting
8	Necessary
9	To unite into a single whole; combine
10	_ Starting and stopping from time to time; off-and-on

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. curtail	b. devastate	c. <b>digress</b>	d. incentive	e. <b>incorporate</b>
f. indispensable	g. intermittent	h. <b>rigor</b>	i. squander	j. <b>succumb</b>
	_ 1 rain kept	interrupting the b	allgame.	
	_ 2. The sight of h	er bandaged husb	oand in an oxygen	tent(e)d Claire.
	_ 3. Someone has	managed to a	tomato and a pota	nto into one plant.
	_ 4. A home compeople.	puter and a telep	hone are tools	s for many self-emplo
	_ 5. Airlines offer people to fly of	•	credits" toward fr	ee trips as an to
	6. Many teenage all night with		thes of paren	thood, such as staying
		•	nths of spending, C by expensive meals	Coretta discovered that
			to sell me a wate olice officer appro	h, but he quickly aching.
		•	oved to gab, we of shool athletics or so	ften could get him to chool politics.
		d to ignore the do	•	el pecan pie on the m
ntence Check :	2			
g the answer lines proces.	ovided, complete ea	ch item below w	th two words from	n the box. Use each w
		els he(e)d t thes of an exc		n inactivity, so now
				of its new plant unti
	5-6. My aunt h	as only succ	ess in quitting sm	oking. Every few mo

she\_\_\_s to temptation, and then she has to quit all over again.

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				Chapter 13	83
	7-8		failed business deal than more interesting tale		-
	9–10	every other she her sales pitch highl	man offered me free saccould think of to get my implausible°. I simple oducts alone, weret	ne to buy. However, I y could not believe t	I found
Final Check	: Learning	s to Study			
selection carefull	y. Then fill in	each blank with a wo	nowledge of the ten wo ord from the box at the s in which blank.) Use e	e top of the previous	_
Linda ne	ver had to work	very hard to make goo	od grades in high schoo	ol. But in college, wh	ere
			were greater, she soor	_	
			. Linda was also learn		
(2)		time on dates and	parties. She didn't rea	lize how badly she v	vas
doing until s	he saw her midt	erm grades, which (3)_		(e)d her. She kn	ew
she had to n	nake some chan	ges right away and be	egan to ponder° what t	they should be. As a	(n)
(4)		to work harder, she	tried studying with her	r friend Denise. But t	hat
didn't work;	their conversati	on would (5)	fr	om European history	to to
personal topi	cs, such as dates	s or favorite singers.			
Linda de	cided she'd ha	ve to go it alone. She	e began to skip week	day parties and also	to
(6)		the time she spe	ent talking or exchangi	ng e-mails with frien	ıds.
She discover	ed that a good p	place to study was (7)_		to her new stu	ıdy

habits. She found the library's silent third floor a sanctuary°, a place with no temptations to which she could (8)\_\_\_\_\_. She also became more methodical° in her study habits, keeping an assignment book, writing due dates on a calendar, and setting up a study schedule. At first, Linda's performance fluctuated°, and so the improvement in her grades was \_\_\_\_\_ — A's and B's alternated with C's and D's. But little by little, she learned to (10)\_\_\_\_\_ a social life with serious study and get grades she was proud of.

> Sentence Check 2 \_\_\_ Final Check Scores





alleviate benefactor covert cynic demise infamous Intrinsic revulsion speculate virile

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning. 1 alleviate • To alleviate his loneliness, the widower moved closer to his daughter and her /ə'li:vieit/ family. -verb · After a long game in the August heat, the young baseball players alleviated their thirst with ice-cold lemonade. a. to consider. b. to hide. Alleviate means c. to ease. 2 benefactor • The Second Street Bank is a long-time **benefactor** of the arts. This year it will /benifæktə(r)/ sponsor a series of free jazz concerts in the parks. -noun · The wealthy benefactor who paid for the child's operation prefers to remain anonymous. b. a social critic. a. a financial supporter. c. a cooperative person. Benefactor means 3 covert · Miriam and David's relationship is so covert that they never eat out. Even /knvət/ their best friends don't know they are seeing each other. -adjective If you enjoy covert activities, become a secret agent. a. obvious. b. concealed. Covert means c. easy to bear. 4 cynic • Her parents' nasty divorce has made Libby a cynic about marriage. /sinik/ • Mr. Bryant was a cynic about people until he fell down on a street corner and -noun several strangers rushed to his aid. a. someone who b. someone who c. someone with a Cynic means believes the worst. bad reputation. gives help. 5 demise · During my years in grade school and high school, the untimely demise of /di<sup>l</sup>maiz/ several of my classmates made me very aware of my mortality. -noun • In 1567, a beard caused a man's demise. Hans Steininger's beard was so long that he stepped on it while climbing a staircase, lost his balance, fell down the steps, and died. c. dying. Demise means a. popularity. b. a secret. 6 infamous · King Henry VIII of England was infamous throughout Europe for executing /ˈɪnfəməs/ two of his six wives.

• Visitors to the dungeons of ancient castles always want to see the instruments of torture, including the **infamous** Iron Maiden — a body-shaped box with

b. thought to be annoying.

c. giving hope.

-adjective

Infamous means

spikes inside.

a. known unfavorably.

7 intrinsic	<ul> <li>Trust is intrinsic to a</li> </ul>	ny good friendship.			
/ɪn <sup>ɪ</sup> trɪnsɪk/ -adjective	<ul> <li>Because Lian has an good grades to motive</li> </ul>		e doesn't need the reward of		
Intrinsic means	a. secret.	b. fundamental.	c. unnecessary.		
. 8 revulsion /rɪ¹vʌl∫ən/		<ul> <li>Whenever I read about child abuse in the newspaper, I am filled with such revulsion that I often cannot finish the article.</li> </ul>			
-noun	<ul> <li>When Sharon met the revulsion.</li> </ul>	e man who had cheated her fa	ather, she was overcome with		
Revulsion means	a. interest.	b. hatred.	c. understanding.		
9 speculate /'spekjuleit/	<ul> <li>It's interesting to spe Lincoln had lived a f</li> </ul>		ve been different if Abraham		
-verb	<ul> <li>The therapist asked Ralph her true feeling</li> </ul>		hat might happen if she told		
Speculate means	a. to remember.	b. to announce.	c. to guess.		
10 virile /'virail/	<ul> <li>Men who are unsure virile by being overl</li> </ul>	•	etimes try to "prove" they are		
-adjective		p-buzz," the female finds h	neck out, and then drops his im very <b>virile</b> . In fact, that		
Virile means	a. having attractive i	nale qualities. b. lacking i	n confidence. c. unselfish.		

### Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	_ Secret; hidden
2	A person who believes the worst of people's behavior and motives; someone who believes people are motivated only by selfishness
3.	Belonging to a person or thing by its very nature (and thus not dependent on circumstances)
4	<ul> <li>Having a very bad reputation; widely known for being vicious, criminal, or deserving of contempt</li> </ul>
5	A person or organization that gives help, especially financial aid
6	_ Manly; masculine
7 <b>.</b>	_ Death
8	_ To come up with ideas or theories about a subject; theorize
9	_ To relieve; make easier to endure
10	_ Great disgust or distaste

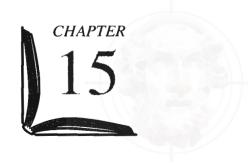
CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. alleviate	b. <b>bene</b>	factor	c. covert	d. <b>cynic</b>	<b>C</b>	e. <b>demise</b>
f. infamous	g. Intrin	sic	h. revulsion	i. <b>spec</b>	ulate	j. <b>virile</b>
	1. Pi	roblems ar	re to life; they'r	e unavoidabl	e.	
	2. M	ly hunger	isn't fully satisfied,	but the apple	e(e)d it	somewhat.
			ys usually welcome t they are becoming		g voice and	a thickening b
			s work of the nuns ost hardeneds.	in the slums	of India is e	enough to touch
		-	was tried and fou parents with a hatch		, Lizzie Bo	rden is still
		he childre irprise par	n loved the act	ivities involv	ved in prepa	aring their mot
			murderer's neighb at their "friend" had			
		_	up has claimed resp bing," said the new	-	e can only	on the mo
		_	ak had been a well- t he left a lot of mo			
		_	idea for married con s For example,	•		•
ntence Check	2					
g the answer lines p	provided,	complete	each item below wi	th two words	s from the b	ox. Use each v
·.						
	1–2.	personal physical	is a good career ity to try to ly and mentally stro such as intense stre	people's pa ong, she will	in. In add be able to h	ition, since sh
	3-4.	assi few qual	h everything about gnment was to ma lms° about faking s he hadn't done ever	ke friends wi uch friendshi	ith top Nazi ips — he wo	scientists. He ould have felt i

	Chapter 14 87
5	<ol> <li>Thes in town said that Joyce Lester's sorrow over her husband's was much less than her joy in getting the money from his insurance policy.</li> </ol>
7-	<ol> <li>Young men who are bullies usually think of themselves as, but a of the weak is far more manly than someone who takes advantage of weakness.</li> </ol>
9-	<ol> <li>With all the stories told about Jesse James, the Dalton Gang, and other     figures of the Wild West, we can only as to how much is fact     and how much is fiction.</li> </ol>
Final Check: The Ma	l Monk
selection carefully. Then fill i	ou to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. are out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
Shortly before the	ussian Revolution, an eccentrico man named Rasputin became
(1)	as the "mad monk." Because he dressed like a peasant, drank
heavily, and rarely bathed	the nobility often felt (2) during their
encounters° with him at the	palace.
Yet despite his outward	appearance, Rasputin possessed a(n) (3)
charm that drew many to	im, including the Russian empress. She thought him a great man of
God and a special (4)	of her seriously ill son, whose condition she felt
Rasputin (5)	
_	s believed otherwise. To them, Rasputin was no healer;
	exploited° his relationship with the empress for his own benefit. Rather
than praise Rasputin, his e	nemies preferred to malign° him. In a pamphlet titled <i>The Holy Devil</i> ,
-	ribed him as a sinister° man. This author even dared to
	that the monk and the empress were romantically involved. This
theory was strengthened b	the fact that the empress's "holy man" pursued many women and
•	he was.
	ssian noblemen made (9) plans to kill
	cret must have gotten out, for a Russian official warned Rasputin of a
	heless accepted the noblemen's invitation to a dinner party, where they
	and cake. When Rasputin did not appear to succumbo to the poison, his
-	by shooting and stabbing him and then
	er. An autopsy revealed that he had died by drowning.
Scores	Sentence Check 2% Final Check%





abstain affiliate agnostic aspire benevolent deficit dissent diversion **lucrative** mandatory

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the

context of the sentences	to help you figure out each	word's meaning.	
1 abstain /əb <sup>l</sup> stein/	Although Lou has give he chews it.	en up cigarettes, he doesn't ab	ostain from tobacco. Now
-verb	<ul> <li>My sister called off he from dating other won</li> </ul>	er engagement to Clayton beca nen.	ause he wouldn't abstain
Abstain from means	a. to desire.	b. to believe in.	c. to deny oneself.
2 affiliate /əˈfɪlɪeɪt/	<ul> <li>Diane is neither a De political party.</li> </ul>	mocrat nor a Republican. She	isn't affiliated with any
-verb		ld have earned more if she had she couldn't afford the member	
Affiliate with means	a. to join.	b. to study.	c. to hold back from.
3 agnostic /ægˈnɒstɪk/		a God, and Marcia feels so can't be certain one way or the	
-noun		in agnostic, used to say, "Humer or not there's a God."	mans cannot understand a
Agnostic means	<ul> <li>a. one who denies God's existence.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>b. one who feels we can't know if God exists.</li></ul>	c. one who is sure there is a God.
4 aspire /əˈspaɪə(r)/	<ul> <li>Twelve-year-old Dere architect.</li> </ul>	k, who loves drawing buildin	gs, aspires to be a great
-verb	<ul> <li>Millions of young peo succeed.</li> </ul>	ple <b>aspire</b> to be professional at	thletes, but only a few will
Aspire means	a. to fear.	b. to wish.	c. to volunteer.
5 benevolent /bi'nevələnt/ -adjective	•	wolent when they get tax deducth founded a benevolent associate Salvation Army.	
Benevolent means	a. recreational.	b. profitable.	c. charitable.
6 deficit /'defisit/	<ul> <li>Our club has spent so budget deficit.</li> </ul>	much more than it has taken	in that it now has a huge
-noun	<ul> <li>Residents are asked a dangerously lowered t</li> </ul>	not to water their lawns beca he water supply.	use a <b>deficit</b> of rain has
Deficit means	a. a lack.	b. an overflow.	c. a collection.

7 dissent /di <sup>'</sup> sent/		s so torn by <b>dissent</b> that its mer to schedule another meeting.	nbers could not agree even		
-noun	<ul> <li>The dictator perm them, but not to ex</li> </ul>	itted people to agree with his popress dissent.	olicies or keep silent about		
Dissent means	a. plans.	b. opposition.	c. relief.		
8 diversion /dar¹va:∫ən/	<ul> <li>My history teacher says that one of her favorite diversions during summer vacation is reading mystery novels.</li> </ul>				
-noun	1	but he also enjoys such <b>diversio</b> and reading humorous stories.	ns as playing video games,		
Diversion means	a. a recreation.	b. something easy.	c. an assignment.		
9 lucrative /ˈlju:krətɪv/	<ul> <li>Investments in the result in great final</li> </ul>	e stock market can be <b>lucrativ</b> encial loss.	e. However, they can also		
-adjective	•	all college isn't lucrative," Prof need to make lots of money."	essor Baum admitted, "but		
Lucrative means	a. required.	b. financially rewarding.	c. risky.		
10 mandatory /ˈmændətəri/		asketball team have to follow strach player attend at least 80 perce			
-adjective	<ul> <li>"A research paper you'll get extra cree</li> </ul>	isn't mandatory," the instructor edit."	said, "but if you write one,		
Mandatory means	a. unimportant.	b. helpful.	c. essential.		

# **Matching Words with Definitions**

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To strongly desire; to be ambitious (to do something or to get something)
2	_ Profitable; well-paying
3	_ A shortage; a lack (in amount)
4	To hold oneself back from something; refrain
5	Charitable
6	A person who believes we cannot know whether or not there is a God
7	Required
8	An amusement or pastime; anything that relaxes or amuses
9	To associate; join
10	Disagreement

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. abstain	b. affiliate	c. agnostic	d. aspire	e. benevolent
f. deficit	g. <b>dissent</b>	h. diversion	i. lucrative	j. mandatory
	1. My kid	brothers to become	me the video-game	champion of the world
	2. The parish.	fund at my church	collects money to	help poor families in
		ents enjoy card gan er games and music v		and I like such
		ance fee wasn't, tors make a donation		useum entrance sugge
		Hank needs to lose sweets and fatty food		recommended that he
		ld overcome a(n) _ gree to have their org		ransplants if more pe ey die.
		as no in the fa	-	or not to start a vege a.
	_	ould have joined the		nt he prefers ton.
		someone who believe sked, "do they give b		omeone who does not,
		•		performers. The rest tables or driving a cal
entence Chec	ek 2			
		ete each item below	with two words from	m the box. Use each v
	his fa	uncle decided to splur	ge and with a c	ountry club because go
	3–4. Gail			e office until her empl

get her to quit.

	_		٠.
ſ	٦	٠	4
٩	4	•	1

5-	6. Some people think that since Stan is a(n), true he's not sure if God exists, but that doesn sense. In fact, he recently founded a societ for disabled children in the area.	't mean he lacks a moral
7-	8. The in the township treasury is causing a long not taxes should be raised.	ot of over whether or
9-	<ol> <li>Because my fathers to make enough mone college, he's working hard to make his auto r possible.</li> </ol>	-

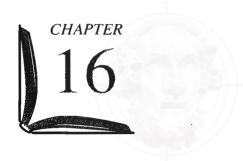
### ➤ Final Check: Conflict Over Holidays

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

While Jeanne and Paul are generally a happily married couple, they do struggle over one point of
They disagree as to how their family should observe religious holidays.
"The emphasis on presents," says Jeanne, "has made the season (2) for
those mercenary° retailers who overcharge at holiday time. Also, people who should be watching
eir expenses create unnecessary (3)s in their budgets by squandering°
oney on unimportant gifts." She complains that exchanging presents at Christmas is practically
), whether or not one believes in the holiday's religious significance.
anne (5)s to keep her home free of all such nonreligious customs
d thus wants her children to (6) from traditions such as gift-giving
d dyeing Easter eggs. She feels the family's money would be better spent if it were donated to a
organization for helping the poor. Some of Jeanne's neighbors assume
at she is a(n) (8) because of her lack of holiday spirit. They are wrong,
owever. Jeanne believes deeply in God and is (9)(e)d with a church.
While Paul understands Jeanne's concerns, he prefers the conventionalo way of celebrating
olidays. "Children enjoy the customary (10)s that are connected with the
olidays," he says. "What would Christmas be without a visit to Santa and gifts under the tree? What
ould Easter be without colorful eggs and an Easter egg hunt? These are pleasant practices that
thance° the joy of the season."

Final Check \_

Sentence Check 2 \_\_\_



charisma contemporary contend conversely extrovert poignant prevalent proponent quest traumatic

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentences t	o help you figure out each we	ord's meaning.	
1 charisma /kəˈrɪzmə/ -noun		a that when he ran for class e voted for him. Such mag	
		Diana obviously had greated numerous loyal fans — ev	
Charisma means	a. feelings.	b. personal appeal.	c. luck.
2 contemporary /kənˈtempərərɪ/ -adjective		furniture, but her husband p nat compared to kids in zy.	-
Contemporary means	a. common.	b. old-fashioned.	c. current.
3 contend /kənˈtend/ -verb	not be held responsible fo	tended that his client was in or the murder. To two snowflakes are ident	
Contend means	a. to wish.	b. to deny.	c. to declare.
4 conversely /kənˈvɜːslɪ/ -adverb	loves food so much that h	ored by food, eats in order to be seems to live in order to eat to school whenever it rains.	nt.
		thinks a little rain never hur	
Conversely means	a. in contrast.	b. in a modern way.	c. similarly.
5 extrovert /'ekstrəvə:t/ -noun	shy.	ormers are <b>extroverts</b> . Offsi	
Extrovert means	a. a supporter of causes.	b. a timid person.	c. a sociable person.
6 poignant /ˈpɔɪnjənt/ -adjective	<ul><li>speech by a friend of one</li><li>I cried when I read a poi</li></ul>	merican soldiers missing in of the soldiers was particular gnant story about a dying g	rly <b>poignant</b> .
Poignant means	her dolls to "poor childrenge a. affecting the emotions."		c. lively.

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	/'prevalent/	over twelve million people	e were out of work.	Depression. By 1932,
	-adjective		prevalent in the United State have two or more TVs. Far for	
	Prevalent means	a. favorable.	b. found frequently.	c. unlikely.
	proponent /prəu <sup>l</sup> pəunənt/		liams, a <b>proponent</b> of impromany older people need great	
	-noun	<ul> <li>Although Elaine quit work employer-supported day ca</li> </ul>	k to take care of her children are.	, she is a <b>proponent</b> of
	Proponent means	a. a recipient.	b. an opponent.	c. a supporter.
	quest /kwest/	<ul> <li>During Carlo's quest for twenty-seven different rest</li> </ul>	the perfect pizza, he sampl taurants.	ed the cheese pizza at
	-noun	• Ponce de Leon's quest was Florida.	as for the Fountain of Youth;	what he found instead
	Quest means	a. a hunt.	b. a question.	c. design.
	traumatic /trɔ:ˈmætɪk/	• Divorce can be less <b>traun</b> into account as the divorce	natic for children if their fear takes place.	s and feelings are taken
	-adjective	<ul> <li>My cousin has had nightr trapped in a coal mine.</li> </ul>	mares ever since his <b>trauma</b>	tic experience of being
_	Traumatic means	a. familiar.	b. reasonable.	c. upsetting.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	In an opposite manner; in an altogether different way
2	The quality of a leader which captures great popular devotion; personal magnetism; charm
3	_ A search; pursuit
4	_ Widespread; common
5	To state to be so; claim; affirm
6	_ Modern; up-to-date
7	_ Someone who supports a cause
8	_ Emotionally moving; touching
9	<ul> <li>Causing painful emotions, with possible long-lasting psychological effects</li> </ul>
10.	An outgoing, sociable person

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### ➤ Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

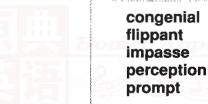
a. charisma f. polgnant	b. contemporary g. prevalent	h. proponent	d. <b>conversely</b> i. <b>quest</b>	e. extrovert j. traumatic
	1. I study bes	st in the morning,	my sister concentra	ntes better at night.
	_	a(n) by nature, be ther people.	ut since she's beco	ome depressed, she
		port, I was very move seen separated for years		ion of family mem
		drinking was so in the dr		se that college office
		mans that she wa clerk. "Is it her turn no	•	" said the superma
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	a(n) of exercising Idren to swim or cycle	•	le even encourages
		ovie stars may not be ople want to see their fi	_	hey have a(n)
	-	n't like the apartment red a more place.	with the old-fashio	oned tub and radia
		third grade was ven though he's a succe	•	-
	for Noah's	past three hundred years ark. Some have looketeen thousand feet abo	ed for it in northeas	

### > Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines provi once.	ded, c	complete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box. Use each word
	1–2.	Many people are surprised to learn how poverty is in America. Today, millions live below the poverty line, and the number seems to escalate° daily.
	3–4.	Judy and Martin Reed exemplify° the old saying "Opposites attract." A(n), Judy chooses work that brings her into constant contact with others, Marty prefers jobs in which he mainly works alone.

		Chapter 16	95
5-	-6. Ever since the experience of finding from a drug overdose, Sophie has been a seeducation in the public schools. If drug says, schools may cut corners and omit it.	trong of mandatory°	drug
7-	-8. My mothers that Romeo and Juliet written, but my sister claims Love Story is	•	ever
9-	<ol> <li>Mahatma Gandhi's and vision inspired join him enthusiastically in the for p problems. Gandhi incorporated nonviolent a highly effective method for social change</li> </ol>	peaceful solutions to nat ace and political activism	tional
Final Check: Dr. Mar	tin Luther King, Jr.		
selection carefully. Then fill in	you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten we are each blank with a word from the box at the ure out which word goes in which blank.) Use	he top of the previous	
(1)	young people may be able to list the	e many accomplishment	ts
	Luther King, Jr. They may know that he was		
aspired° to achieve racial I	narmony and was a(n) (2)	of peacefu	ıl
	y know that he fought the discrimination ag		
	in our country in the 1950s and 1960s.		
	acclaim° for his work. For example, in 1964		
	that he is th		
reformer in the history of o		1	
•	lly know the (5)	, the powerful persona	al
	e was a perfect blend of quiet, considerate thin		
_	When Dr. King spoke, people listened	•	
	way of speaking that those who he		
	s meant a stronger belief in and respect for		
	, for bigots, it meant hatred and fear of w		
	for equal rights for all w		ʻI
	on will rise up and live out the true meaning of		
	at all men are created equal.'" He gave his tin		
	er was a (10) e	-	
	y recovered from that awful day. But because		
	or dignity. And many have taken up his fight		
racism.			-
Scores	Sentence Check 2% Final Check	1	





prone rapport rationale relentless reprisal

# Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 congenial /kənˈdʒi:njəl/ -adjective	guests were so <b>cong</b> • Beware of friendsh	g at a party where I didn't enial that I soon felt at ease. ips that begin in Internet chay be anything but pleasant in	at rooms. People who seem
Congenial means	a. persistent.	b. intelligent.	c. sociable.
2 flippant /ˈflɪpənt/	• "Don't give me a fl situation is a serious	ippant answer," George's fat matter."	her told him. "Your financial
-adjective	· ·	y is asked to clean his room, Thy should I? I just cleaned it	, ,
Flippant means	a. rude.	b. serious.	c. incorrect.
3 impasse /im'pass/ -noun	thought the defendation of the think you've	ned an <b>impasse</b> . They couldn nt was the murderer and other reached an <b>impasse</b> when try may come to mind while you	s were sure he was innocent. ing to solve a problem, take a
Impasse means	a. a deadlock.	b. a relationship.	c. an opportunity.
4 perception /pəˈsep∫ən/	• Brenda's <b>perceptio</b> character.	ns of others are usually accu	rrate. She is a good judge of
-noun		our problem differ. Rob thin uestion of who controls the pu	•
Perception means	a. a memory.	b. a view.	c. a desire.
5 <b>prompt</b> /prom <b>p</b> t/	• To <b>prompt</b> her son pillow.	Byron to get a job, Mrs. Dav	vis pinned the want ads to his
-verb		ompt customers to buy more bkies or apple pie with that?"	by asking such questions as
Prompt means	a. to allow.	b. to agree with.	c. to motivate.
6 prone /prəun/ -adjective	-	e to sleep problems, so he limi ghter during class, Chris som	

b. immune.

c. attracted.

Prone means

a. tending.

7 rapport /ræ'pɔ:(r)/		had such good rapport with inues to this day.	my gym teacher that our close
-noun		evelops between you and your a counselor who makes you fee	therapist after a month or two, el comfortable.
Rapport means	a. a report.	b. a personal connection.	c. a financial situation.
8 rationale /ˌræʃə¹nɑ:l/	<ul> <li>Danielle's ration make a lot of mo</li> </ul>		vas simple. She said, "I want to
-noun		or not lowering the drinking ag re still being developed at that	ge to 18 is that self-control and age.
Rationale means	a. a situation.	b. an explanation.	c. a question.
9 relentless /rɪˈlentlɪs/	<ul> <li>The dog's relent his owners were</li> </ul>		He barked the entire two hours
-adjective		e noise of crowds and heavy to d peace and quiet.	raffic is so relentless that it can
Relentless means	a. occasional.	b. exciting.	c. nonstop.
10 reprisal /rɪˈpraɪzəl/	• In reprisal for be where he used to		ot several people at the factory
-noun	<ul> <li>Fear of reprisal bully who has th</li> </ul>	•	ng parents or teachers about a
Reprisal means	a. disrespect.	b. revenge.	c. delay.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Insight or understanding gained through observation; impression
2	Having a tendency; inclined
3	Persistent; continuous
4	The underlying reasons for something; logical basis
5	Disrespectful and not serious enough
6	Agreeable or pleasant in character; friendly
7	To urge into action
8	The paying back of one injury or bad deed with another
9	A situation with no way out; dead end
10.	Relationship, especially one that is close, trusting, or sympathetic

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. congenial	b. fl	ippant	c. <b>impasse</b>		perception	e. prompt
f. prone	g. ra	pport	h. rationale	i.	relentless	j. reprisal
	_ 1.	Raquel is	to accidents, so	her car	insurance rates	are quite high.
	_ 2.	You will gunpleasan	get along better in lit nt.	e if yo	u are to oth	er people, rather
	_ 3.	My broth anything s	er hides his lack of seriously.	confid	lence by being	He rarely t
	_ 4.	It took his	s best friend's heart ht.	attack t	to my dad t	o start exercising
	_ 5.		s instant between the other for years.	en Duk	e and Otis. The	ey talked as if th
	_ 6.		ovie's turning point, vas the police; on the			a(n) On one
	_ 7.		pril and May, the rai	n was s	so that we th	nought we might
	_ 8.	-	of human nature is everyone is basically		·	some bad experien
	_ 9.		cey and John divorc			er half his incom
	_ 10.		behind encouraging that low weight gain		_	•
ntence Check 2	2					
ng the answer lines pro	ovide	d, complete	e each item below w	ith <b>tw</b> o	words from the	e box. Use each v

the first day we met.

dissent° died down.

1-2. Because Wade is so \_\_\_ and easy to talk to, we established a warm \_\_\_

\_\_ 3-4. Although the company president explained the \_\_\_ behind the pay cuts,

his announcement \_\_\_(e)d an employee protest. However, once it was learned that the president was also taking a big pay cut, the employees'

		33
5-	6. The waitresses in our local diner are to be polite. If a customer says, "I'm ready to order response such as, "And I'm ready to retire, making a big deal about it."	now," he may get a
7-	8. My of the situation is that talks between and union officials reached a(n) because compromise on salaries. In such situations, flex to progress.	use neither side would
9-	0. Abby could put up with occasional kidding, by was often, going on for weeks at a time. So planned a(n) that would embarrass him in form	Sick of it all, she finally

# ➤ Final Check: Relating to Parents

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

How do you respond when your parents deny you permission to do something? For example,
if you want to travel and work around the country for the summer but your parents say you're too
young, do you yell and demand that they stop curtailing° your rights? Do you plan a(n)
(1), vowing to sabotage° their summer plans because they've ruined
yours? Or do you explain the (2) behind your request, so that your
parents will understand your reasoning?
The way you behave when you and your parents reach a(n) (3) on an
issue can have a big effect on how they view you. Sure, you could retort°, "Fine. I'll go buy a
leash so you can really run my life." But if you are consistently (4)
like that, you'll just strengthen their (5) of you as being too immature to
be on your own. Also, if you are (6) in your begging, asking three hundred
times a day, "But why won't you let me travel alone?" you might elicit° this response: "You may
do some traveling alone right now—go directly to your room."
Instead, approach your parents in a (7) way and try to develop a
strong, friendly (8) with them. An amiable°, respectful relationship
will make them more (9) to see things your way. Even if you can't
(10) them to change their minds about this summer's plans, your
chances of getting their support will be better the next time you want to try something new.
Sentence Check 2 % Final Check %





cor, cour di-, du--dom -fy il-, im-ish magni-, magnphob propsych-, psycho-

### Ten Word Parts in Context

Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

1 cor, cour /ko:/	• I felt truly welcom generosity were hea	ned by my <b>cordial</b> hosts. Trtfelt.	heir kindness and
		eous enough to face the bull en-hearted to do the same.	y without backing
The word part <i>cor</i> or <i>cour</i> means	a. resembling.	b. double.	c. heart.
2 di- /dai/, du- /dju:/	•	Yerna got <b>divorced</b> , they had to busehold possessions into two	-
	<ul> <li>One of the three b played at the dance.</li> </ul>	and members didn't show u	ip, so only a <b>duo</b>
The word part di- or du- means	a. make.	b. two.	c. great.
3 -dom /dəm/	• A few actors achieved stardom is long and	ve overnight success, but for difficult.	most, the road to
		ut my husband into a deep sake him with me when I shop	·
The word part -dom means	a. like.	b. state of being.	c. fear.
4 -fy /fai/	<ul> <li>Would it simplify n dressing room to try</li> </ul>	natters if I held your baby wh on the slacks?	ile you go into the
	• First liquefy the ice	cream over heat. Then mix in	the strawberry jam.
The word part -fy means	a. cause to become.	b. again.	c. dislike.
5 il- /ɪl/, im- /ɪm/	Nita doesn't seem t hydrant.	o care that it's illegal to parl	k in front of a fire
	• My brother-in-law i instead of a married	s so <b>immature</b> that he often man of 26.	acts as if he is 16
The word part il- or im- means	a. not.	b. double.	c. like.
6 <b>-ish</b> / <b>i</b> ʃ/	•	r once videotaped me huffin	
	•	chool, Jessy was the most <b>sty</b> eatured in the fashion magazin	

a. forth.

b. characteristic of.

c. mind.

The word part -ish means

7 magni-, magn- /ˈmægnɪ/	<ul> <li>My grandmother uthe newspaper apper</li> </ul>	ses a <b>magnifying</b> glass to mear larger.	ake the small print in
The world next way will array		tarting Standard Oil in 1870, lled about 85 percent of the co	<u> </u>
The word part <i>magni</i> - or <i>magn</i> - means	a. forward.	b. fear.	c. large.
8 phob /faub/	• One of the most up to the roof of one's	nusual <b>phobias</b> is the fear of mouth.	peanut butter sticking
		nas developed <b>agoraphobia</b> to the mailbox at the end of	
The word part <i>phob</i> means	a. forth.	b. quality.	c. fear.
9 pro- /prəu/	• <b>Proceed</b> down to the x-ray departme	he end of this hallway, make a	left, and you will see
	· One scientist prop	els his car with a fuel he gets b	y burning garbage.
The word part <i>pro-</i> means	a. forward.	b. resembling.	c. dislike.
10 psych- /psaik/, psycho- /psaikeu/	• To treat her dep	ression, Lee takes medicati	on and also sees a
The word part psych- or psycho-	* A psychoactive dr	ug is one that affects mental pr	rocesses.
means	a. mind.	b. make.	c. again.
The pronunciation of word parts is for	reference only as they n	nay change when it becomes par	t of a particular word.
Matching Word Parts w	ith Definitions		
Following are definitions of the t The sentences above and on the pr			
1	Great; large		
2	Cause to be or bec	ome; make	
3	Forward; forth		
4	Fear		
5	Two; double		
6	Resembling; like;	characteristic of	
7	Heart		
8	Mental processes;	mind	
9	State of being; cor	ndition	

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Not

10. \_\_\_\_\_

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.

a. cour	b. <b>di-, du-</b>	c. <b>-dom</b>	d. <b>-fy</b>	e. il-, im-
-ish	g. <b>magni-</b>	h. <b>phob</b>	i. pro-	j. psycho-
	1. Despite he	er (boy ) hair	do, Paula looks very	feminine.
	2. (Wis )	is what we gain	when we learn from	our mistakes.
	3. The parent son failed.		aged) when o	every attempt to find th
	4. To keep the stretcher.	ne accident victim (	<i>mobile</i> ), the	e paramedics tied her to
		n these life-size dol luced) each year	-	is that only one hunds
	6. The fundo pounds he		ied) my reflect	ion so that I looked fi
		plicate) imp	portant papers and le	tters so that if the origi
		analyst) asker in understanding he		her dreams, as they mig
	•	ant to find a job ent next month, you'	-	duates start looking ) your search.
		Santa Claus doesn'too frightened of cor		. ia) Otherwise,

# > Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.

1-2. The apartment the realtor showed us was ( . . . *ficent*) \_\_\_\_, but it was ( . . . *practical*) \_\_\_\_ for us. Not only was it too large, but it would also make an uncomfortable dent in our budget.

3-4. Everyone has fears, but ( . . . *ic*) \_\_\_\_ people need to gain (*free* . . . ) \_\_\_\_ from the extreme fears that devastate° them and their families.

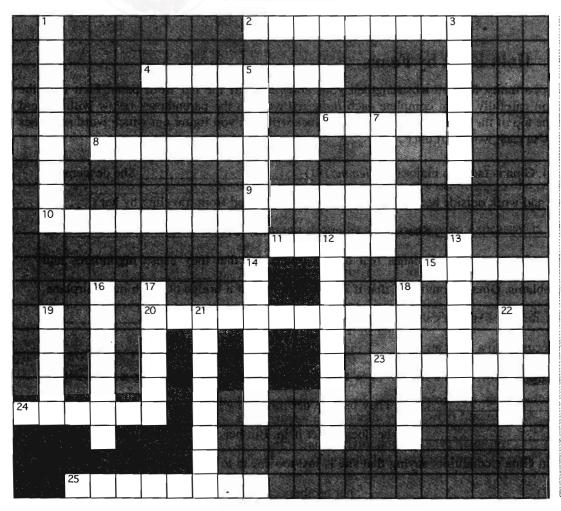
5-6. The purpose of  $(\dots therapy)$  is to  $(\dots mote)$  mental health.

-	00
1	U.S

7–8. Florence and I felt (fool ) when we		103
Banner" as a ( et) and forgot the word		
9–10. The mayor didn't allow racial tensions to (dismade more of an effort to (uni ) the continuous		He just
al Check: Held Back by Fears		
is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten- wing selection carefully. Then complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the parent the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure hich blank.) Use each word part once.	theses below with a	a word
At age 24, Gina is facing a major ( lemma) (1)	She desperate	ely
wants to live and work outside her hometown, but she is prevented from trav	veling by her ( id	as)
(2) She suffers from ( logical) (3)	t	but
intense fears of bridges and airplanes that are so traumatic° that they	cause nightmares a	and
breathing problems. Gina is convinced that if she doesn't fall off a bridge of	or crash in an airpla	ne,
the mere possibility of such a calamity will so (terri ) (4)	1	her
that she'll succumb° to a heart attack.		
For some time now, Gina's friends have tried to persuade her to start	seeing a ( logi	ist)
(5) They believe her problem will only	increase in ( tud	de)
if she doesn't get help. But her relatives	s often make flippa	nt°
remarks about Gina's condition, saying that she is just too cheap to travel.	Accusing her of bei	ing
(child ) (7), her brothers call her "baby" an	nd "chicken." They s	say
if she only had a little more ( age) (8), sh	ne would be able to	go
places. They don't realize that if she could have controlled her fears by now,	she would have.	
Gina is seriously considering her friends' advice because she feels she	e has squandered° 1	too
much of her time and energy on her fears. She hopes she will make	e rapid ( gre	ess)
(9) in gaining (free ) (10)	from her fe	ars
so that she can start to live a full life.		

### UNIT THREE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Three. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



abstain alleviate aspire charisma congenial contend curtail cynic deficit demise digress dissent extrovert impasse incorporate. intrinsic lucrative poignant prompt prone quest reprisal rigor succumb virile

#### ACROSS

- Belonging to a person or thing by its very nature (and thus not dependent on circumstances)
- 4. The paying back of one injury or bad deed with another
- To strongly desire; to be ambitious (to do something or to get something)
- 8. To relieve; make easier to endure
- 9. To give in; stop resisting
- 10. Profitable; well paying
- 11. A search; pursuit

- 15. Great hardship or difficulty
- 20. To unite into a single whole; combine
- 23. Disagreement
- 24. Death
- 25. Emotionally moving; touching

#### DOWN

- 1. Agreeable or pleasant in character; friendly
- 3. To state to be so; claim
- 5. A situation with no way out; dead end
- 7. To urge into action

- 12. An outgoing, sociable person
- 13. To turn aside, or stray, especially from the main topic in speaking or writing
- 14. To cut short or reduce
- 16. To hold oneself back from something; refrain
- 17. Manly; masculine
- 18. A shortage; a lack (in amount)
- 19. Having a tendency; inclined
- 21. The quality of a leader which captures great popular devotion; personal magnetism
- A person who believes the worst of people's behavior

# UNIT THREE: Test 1

#### PART A Choose the word that best completes each item and write it in the space provided. 1. In irregular bursts of energy, dying stars give off \_\_\_\_ radio signals. a. virile b. intermittent c. congenial d. flippant 2. Scientists \_\_\_ that the average life span of a dinosaur was probably 100 to 120 years. a. speculate b. digress c. detract d. squander 3. The \_\_\_ of a Connecticut man was strange indeed. He died when his fivehundred-pound wife sat on him. a. diversion b. charisma c. perception d. demise 4. A power failure \_\_\_ our viewing of the TV mystery, so we never found out who had committed the murder. a. prompted b. curtailed c. contended d. dissented 5. The CIA's \_\_\_ activities often include "bugging" people's telephone lines with tiny hidden microphones. b. traumatic c. virile d. congenial a. covert 6. \_\_\_ of gun control point out that gun accidents in American homes result in over a thousand deaths each year. a. Quests b. Incentives c. Proponents d. Rigors 7. The talks between the two countries reached a(n) \_\_\_ when each side claimed the oil-rich border area as its own. a. benefactor b. rapport c. diversion d. impasse 8. \_\_\_ to oversleeping, Sherman keeps his alarm clock across the room so he has to get out of bed to turn it off. a. Intrinsic b. Lucrative c. Prone d. Covert 9. Alcohol is involved in nearly half of all traffic deaths in the United States, so people should \_\_\_ from drinking when they need to drive. a. affiliate b. abstain c. contend d. aspire \_ 10. When I realized that I didn't have enough money for holiday gifts, I

December.

a. charisma

decided to overcome the \_\_\_ by taking an extra part-time job in

c. dissent

b. perception

d. deficit

#### PART B

On the answer line, write the letter of the choice that best completes each item.

	If you <b>aspire</b> to be an Olympic swimmer, a. then find a sport you prefer. c. become a coach instead.		you must be ready to practice continually. you may have a fear of water.
 12.	<ul><li>A child with relentless questions is probably</li><li>a. ill.</li><li>c. curious.</li></ul>		angry. too shy to ask.
 13.	<ul><li>The enormously successful movie <i>Titanic</i> incorp</li><li>a. many millions of dollars.</li><li>c. elements of romance, adventure, and tragedy.</li></ul>	b.	an ocean liner which struck an iceberg.
 14.	Many men try to make themselves look more vir a. eating more fruits and vegetables. c. making quilts.	b.	by learning to play a musical instrument. lifting weights.
 15.	The boss's <b>perception</b> of Cory was a. the comment "Good morning." c. the afternoon shift.		that Cory was a hard worker. eight dollars an hour.
 16.	Joel seems to believe that his friends exist in ord a. believes she exists to serve her friends. c. has far fewer friends than Joel.	b.	agrees with Joel's point of view. is not a friend of Joel's.
 17.	In his lecture about television, the speaker digres a. mentioning a game-show series. b. saying, "Good morning. My topic today is telected to discussing a soccer game he had seen the night." d. examining television ads aimed at children.	evi	sion."
 18.	Cheryl's face showed <b>revulsion</b> as she listened to a. exactly what happens to a person's body as he b. the gourmet appetizers, meals, and desserts set c. advances in spinal-cord research that hold great d. financial-aid packages available to incoming control of the second s	is e vec it pi	electrocuted.  I on the cruise ship.  Tomise for accident victims.
 19.	Elaine works hard at her job as a lawyer. For div a. reads all the latest law journals to keep up wib. gardens and plays field hockey. c. writes briefs, attends hearings, and meets wit d. attended college and law school.	th r	ecent developments.
 20.	<ul><li>Knowing that her auto accident had been a trauma. expected her to heal soon.</li><li>b. were hesitant to make her talk about the horric c. wondered why she was making such a big ded. knew she would be joking about it soon.</li></ul>	ble	event.

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 5 = \_\_\_\_%

# **UNIT THREE: Test 2**

PART A

Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

	f.	benefactor lucrative reprisal	g.	contend poignant rigor	h.	devastate quest succumb		extrovert rapport	e. j.	flippant rationale	
			1	. Jill was a house.	_(e)d	when she lost h	er job	and, with it,	her h	opes of afford	ling
			2	. I have excel sister for yea		with my b	rother,	but I haven	't spo	ken to my o	lder
			3	. Rudy is such his beauty sa		that he ma	kes fr	iends with mo	ost of	the customer	rs at
			4	Before the to without glov		f the century, the	he	s of prizefig	hting	included box	king
			5	. The owner on nonsmoking		restaurant on.	(e)d to	o public press	sure a	and establishe	ed a
			6	. My for to down to make	_	cloth napkins i er napkins.	s that	they result in	few	er trees being	cut
			7	. It was to	see t	he bear immedi	ately	adopt the orpl	haned	cub.	
			8	. Halloween is a billion doll		for candy man year.	ufactu	rers. The hol	iday	earns them ab	oout
			9		•	s, the hero sear missing person		far and wide,	on a	(n) for so	ome
_			10	_		chief has			colle	ege costs for	any
		<b>b</b> .	11			kept taking h					was
			12			ents that the				ns about the h	ıuge
			13			al asked Randy					ls in

D 3 A	ENZES	13
1.9	RT	15

Write C if	f the italicized word is used corre	ctly. Write I if the wo	rd is used incorrectly				
14.	For two weeks, the newspapers r	eported on the crimes	of the infamous serial	killer.			
15.	Fran often squanders her money by walking through rain or snow instead of paying for a cab.						
16.	Priests, rabbis, and other agnostics signed the petition asking for aid to the homeless.						
17.	Groucho Marx once joked that accept him as a member.	Groucho Marx once joked that he wouldn't want to affiliate himself with any club that would accept him as a member.					
18.	3. The desire to aid others seems <i>intrinsic</i> to many animals. Baboons, for example, will try to free other baboons that are caged.						
19.	Halloween has <i>contemporary</i> rewitches to frighten away ghosts			ress as demons and			
PART C On the an	swer line, write the letter of the w	ord that is the <b>synony</b>	m of the boldfaced w	ord.			
	Example: <u>u</u> traumatic	a. upsetting	b. surprising	c. comforting			
20.	benevolent	a. cruel	b. gifted	c. kind			
21.	alleviate	a. relieve	b. worsen	c. raise			
22.	indispensable	a. essential	b. expensive	c. unnecessary			
PART D On the an	swer line, write the letter of the w	ord that is the antony	m of the boldfaced w	ord.			
	Example:c traumatic	a. upsetting	b. surprising	c. comforting			
23.	prevalent	a. heavy	b. rare	c. common			
24.	congenial	a. disagreeable	b. clever	c. pleasant			
25.	mandatory	a. required	b. optional	c. noisy			

(Number correct)  $\times 4 =$ 

# **UNIT THREE: Test 3**

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

Homer Approach

 1. CURTAIL : S	SHORTEN ::		
a. seek : find c. silence : co	onversation	b. depart : arrive d. ask : inquire	
 2. DEVASTATE	: DISASTER ::		
a. harm : nur c. bore : surp		b. amaze : miracle d. cold : snow	
 3. INCENTIVE	: MONEY ::		
a. youth : adu c. vehicle : m		b. cash: poverty d. sanitation worker: gar	rbage
 4. BENEFACTO	OR : SUPPORTS ::		
a. surgeon : c c. soldier : he		<ul><li>b. leader : follows</li><li>d. waiter : waitress</li></ul>	
 5. CYNIC : OPT	TIMISTIC ::		
a. cucumber c. outcast : ex	_	b. criminal : law-abiding d. ballerina : graceful	
 6. VIRILE : FE	MININE ::		
a. manly: mac. popular: c		b. apartment : dwelling d. fashionable : outmode	:d
 7. AGNOSTIC	RELIGIOUS ::		
<ul><li>a. salespersor</li><li>c. hermit : so</li></ul>		<ul><li>b. secretary : telephone</li><li>d. corn : crop</li></ul>	
 8. DISSENT : D	ISAGREEMENT ::		
<ul><li>a. remedy : se</li><li>c. discord : h</li></ul>		<ul><li>b. chemist : scientist</li><li>d. rival : helpful</li></ul>	
 9. DEFICIT : SU	JRPLUS ::		
a. debt : pove c. clouds : ra		<ul><li>b. border : interior</li><li>d. race car : speedy</li></ul>	
0. CONTEMPO	RÅRY : OLD-FASHION	ED ::	
a. outdated:		b. copy : original	

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 5 = \_\_\_\_%

# UNIT THREE: Test 4 (Word Parts)

#### PART A

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

Word	l Parts	Examples	Definitions
	1. cor, cour	cordial, courageous	a. Two; double
	2. <b>di-, du-</b>	divorced, duo	b. Mental processes; mind
	3. <b>-dom</b>	stardom, boredom	c. Not
	4. <b>-fy</b>	simplify, liquefy	d. Fear
	5. <b>il-, im-</b>	illegal, immature	e. Heart
	6ish	devilish, stylish	f. Forward; forth
	7. magni-, magn-	magnifying, magnate	g. Great; large
	8. phob	phobia, agoraphobia	h. State of being; condition
	9. <b>pro</b> -	proceed, propel	i. Cause to be or become; make
	10. psych-, psycho-	psychiatrist, psychologist	j. Resembling; like; characteristic of

#### PART B

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Not every word part will be used.

a. <b>co</b> i	ur b.	-dom	c. <b>du-</b>	d. <b>-fy</b>	e. il-	ļ
fisl	<b>h</b> g.	magni-	h. <b>phob</b>	i. <b>pro-</b>	j. <b>psycho-</b>	
		11. Considering all there's no reason		ovies, and TV prog	rams in everyday	life,
	1	12. The car that is uset for the studen	_	g instruction has ( he teacher.	al) controls,	, one
	<u> </u>	13. Bacteria (puri	. ) soil in w	which bodies are buri	ed by destroying ge	rms.
-	1	14. The ( <i>nightmar</i> . with drugs.	) experie	ence of constantly hi	iccuping can be sto	pped
	1	15. A victim of (acr		a fear of heights, Dia	ane refused any job	that

(Continues on next page)

Ð	٨	12"	L,	٠

-	knowledge of word parts to dete letter of each meaning.	ermine the meaning of the <b>boldface</b>	d words. On the answer line.
16.	"Go through the red double doo	rs," said the secretary, "and then pre	oceed down the hallway."
	a. go quickly	b. go fearfully .	c. go forward
17.	A blue moon is <b>improbable</b> .		
	a. shocking	b. unlikely	c. beautiful
18.	Our parents received a magnun	of champagne as an anniversary gi	ift.
	a. a large bottle	b. a medium-sized bottle	c. a little bottle
19.	Ken's report emphasized the co	re of the plan.	
	a. the details	b. the background	c. the central part
20.	Belle suffered from a psychosis		
	a. a physical disease	b. a mental disorder	c. a heart problem

# **Unit Four**

息典。 英语

Homer Approach

Chapter 19

benign blasé comprise condescend facade glib haughty libel pseudonym redundant Chapter 20

averse detract disdain divulge elation

endow expulsion mortify nullify ominous

Chapter 21

credible cursory designate deviate improvise Interim latent secular shun simulate  $Chapter\ 22$ 

commemorate complacent consensus deplete diligent

empathy menial niche transcend walve

 $Chapter\,23$ 

bizarre conducive falter flaunt frenzy gist hamper paradox repertoire viable Chapter 24

aster-, astrocontra-er, -or
-gamy
geo
miscomnipop
rect
the, theo-

# **UNIT FOUR: Pretest**

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

 1. facade	a) false name b) building front c) scorn d) good intention
 2. redundant	a) wordy b) gentle c) plenty d) not enough
 3. blase	a) excited b) kind c) curious d) bored
 4. haughty	a) arrogant b) alarmed c) contented d) thoughtful
 5. pseudonym	<ul> <li>a) false appearance</li> <li>b) imaginary creature</li> <li>c) false name</li> <li>d) dishonest person</li> </ul>
 6. comprise	a) reward b) consist of c) award d) repeat
 7. condescend	<ul> <li>a) avoid</li> <li>b) become messy</li> <li>c) do something beneath oneself</li> <li>d) get bored</li> </ul>
 8. libel	a) document b) publishing false information c) newspaper d) rumor
 9. glib	a) crunchy b) smooth-talking c) threatening d) present but inactive
 10. benign	a) rude b) crazy c) cruel d) kindly
 11. divulge	a) reveal b) embarrass c) hide d) remove
 12. endow	a) name b) tease c) give a quality to d) cancel
 13. expulsion	a) promotion b) dismissal c) award d) attack
 14. detract	a) provide b) compete c) lessen d) compliment
 15. nullify	a) harm b) allow c) turn aside d) cancel.
 16. elation	a) trade b) comparison c) joy d) majority opinion
 17. ominous	a) happy b) threatening c) depressed d) friendly
 18. mortify	a) humiliate b) praise c) entertain d) remember
 19. disdain	a) discouragement b) pain c) scorn d) approval
 20. averse	a) attracted b) fearful c) warm d) opposed
 21. cursory	a) believable b) capable of error c) done hastily d) inactive
 22. shun	a) take care of b) avoid c) approve of d) hesitate
 23. designate	a) appoint b) discover c) avoid d) report
 24. interim	a) time b) noontime c) mealtime d) meantime
 25. latent	a) plain b) inactive c) on the surface d) confusing

(Continues on next page)

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Unit Four: Pretest

	26. improvise	a) prove b) do without preparation c) reject d) reveal
	27. secular	a) not related to religion b) troublesome c) in a city d) religious
	28. deviate	a) hide b) develop c) follow d) turn aside
	29. simulate	a) enjoy b) take apart c) imitate d) build
	30. credible	a) believable b) fair c) affordable d) careful
	31. menial	a) important b) unkind c) lowly d) odd
	32. transcend	a) send b) travel c) show off d) rise above
	33. deplete	a) encourage b) use up c) delay d) add to
_	34. complacent	a) workable b) easy c) self-satisfied d) healthy
	35. niche	a) memory b) wild outburst c) main idea d) one's place
	36. diligent	a) careful in work b) odd c) obvious d) gentle
	37. empathy	<ul> <li>a) fear b) encouragement c) ability to share someone's feelings</li> <li>d) avoidance</li> </ul>
	38. consensus	a) majority opinion b) counting c) study d) approval
	39. commemorate	a) forget b) imitate c) add new members d) honor the memory of
	40. waive	a) sleep b) show off c) give up d) fly
	41. gist	a) details b) central idea c) left overs d) respect
	42. bizarre	a) odd b) complex c) simple d) common
	43. paradox	<ul> <li>a) delicate situation</li> <li>b) problem</li> <li>c) seemingly contradictory idea</li> <li>d) play</li> </ul>
	44. viable	a) in view b) manly c) lively d) workable
	45. flaunt	a) scare b) show off c) tempt d) intrude
	46. conducive	a) revealing b) announcing c) promoting d) defeating
	47. hamper	a) restrict b) celebrate c) betray d) debate
	48. frenzy	a) high regard b) main idea c) party d) wild outburst
	49. repertoire	a) sample b) collection of skills c) demonstration d) concert

a) frighten b) approve c) hesitate d) jump

50. falter





benign blase comprise condescend facade

glib haughty libel pseudonym redundant

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 benign /bɪˈnaɪn/ -adjective	his face told me not to	o worry.	out the benign expression on
-uajective	Gorilla mothers, usu     babies when caged w		ecome abusive toward their
Benign means	a. realistic.	b. kindhearted.	c. bored.
2 blasé /ˈblɑːzeɪ/	The new staff member timers were pretty black.		weekly meetings, but the old-
-adjective	<ul> <li>No matter how many Each game is new and</li> </ul>		pecome blasé about baseball.
Blasé means	a. unexcited.	b. obvious.	c. repetitive.
3 comprise /kəmˈpraɪz/	<ul> <li>The United Kingdor Ireland.</li> </ul>	m comprises England, Sco	otland, Wales, and Northern
-verb	<ul> <li>Saliva comprises about tooth enamel.</li> </ul>	out sixty ingredients, includ	ling minerals that help repair
Comprise means	a. to cause.	b. to reveal.	c. to be made up of.
4 condescend /,kpndi'send/	<ul> <li>The snobby milliona wasn't also rich.</li> </ul>	ire wouldn't condescend to	associate with anyone who
-verb		lse in the office took turns n m "such a lowly task."	naking coffee, Bill would not
Condescend means	a. to lower oneself.	b. to dare something frig	htening. c. to remember.
5 facade /fəˈsɑːd/		ld department store was cloan inviting bright orange-red	eaned this summer. Now the
-noun	<ul> <li>The facade of the hot back were made of pl</li> </ul>	•	was marble, but the sides and
Facade means	a. an inside.	b. a top.	c. a front.
6 <b>glib</b> /glɪb/	<ul> <li>Always ready with a into being re-elected.</li> </ul>	slick promise, the glib politi	cian smoothly talked his way
-adjective	<ul> <li>The man thought his and insincere.</li> </ul>	conversation would impress	Sandra, but she found it glib

b. strict.

c. smooth.

Glib means

a. bored.

7 haughty /horti/			ter than anybody else. Not appopular with their neighbors.
-adjective		ed to manager, Gil was I ow had more important thing	naughty with his old office s to do than gab with them.
Haughty means	a. snobbish.	b. angry.	c. wordy.
8 fibel /'laɪbəl/		name listed in the article," he yelled. "How dare they	as a gang member, he was print such a lie about me?"
-noun		ors double-check the facts used of libel, they can prove	they publish about a person. that they stated the truth.
Libel means	a. a false name.	b. a printed falsehood.	c. a repeated expression.
9 pseudonym / <sup>l</sup> psju:dənim/		onal story for a family maga yone in town to know about	zine, Bev used a <b>pseudonym</b> . her problems.
-noun	-	King uses a <b>pseudonym</b> on so many of the horror novels	some of his books so readers on the market are his.
Pseudonym mean	a. a weak vocabulary	b. a personal experier	c. a false name.
10 redundant /rɪˈdʌndənt/		eadache medicine was so r of the product was repeated	redundant that it gave me a at least a dozen times.
-adjective		redundant" in several spots sed extra, unneeded words.	s in the essay where Eric had
Redundant means	s a. grammatical.	b. proud.	c. repetitious.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	A false name used by an author; a pen name
2	To do something one feels is beneath oneself
3	Unexcited or bored about something already experienced repeatedly
4	The front of a building
5	Wordy or needlessly repetitive
6	Kindly; gentle
7	The publishing of false information that harms a person's reputation
8	Proud of one's appearance or accomplishments to the point of looking down on others; arrogant
9	To consist of
10	Characterized by a smooth, easy manner of speaking that ofter suggests insincerity or thoughtlessness

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. <b>benign</b>	b. <b>blasé</b>	c. comprise	d. condescend	e. <b>facade</b>
f. glib	g. <b>haughty</b>	h. <b>libel</b>	i. pseudonym	j. redundant
	_	_	nswering the phone, greenengers, and smiling.	eting customers, ope
		t's letters are anno by telephone.	oyingly, repeating	"news" she has alr
		coming a fashion her old, unglamore	model, Nora has been vous friends.	very, even snub
		_	nzine for because being drunk in public.	it printed a false
	-		some made-up excuse y at the snap of a finger.	
			my neighbor carefully and gently put it down	-
	go to wo		er job at the recording si , after ten years, she's	
			er a dollhouse with a ers, a red front door, and	
			all player wouldn't t t the fans were the ones	
		-	ns wasn't the first auth of the time used the sar	
ntence Ch	eck 2			
		ete each item below	w with <b>two</b> words from	the box. Use each v
		-	than everyone else at the	•
	3–4. One a	author was accused	of when he wrote	a damaging article a

the governor's wife. After that, he used a \_\_\_\_ so people wouldn't know

he was the author whose facts were in doubt.

			Chapter 19 <b>119</b>
	5-6.	At first Joanne thought Barry was too, the show. As she got to know him better, however, changed. She found that his easy manner remature.	er, her perception° of him
	7–8.	The scenery crew for the summer theatre designer. They created an intricate of a with a carved door, a drawbridge, and a moat.	medieval castle, complete
	9–10	The writing teacher had become from reproblems: careless organization, lack of focu paragraphs held only a sentence of meaning. turned to plagiarism° rather than use their own	is, and writing so that In addition, students often
Final Check: Is	nterview	with a Rude Star	
selection carefully. T	hen fill in e	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten word each blank with a word from the box at the e out which word goes in which blank.) Use ea	top of the previous page.
When a famo	us actress a	rrived in town to work on a movie, an editor	asked me to interview
her. Because this	was my firs	t interview assignment, I felt far from (1)	
about it. Instead,	I was both	excited and scared. Would a star (2)	to
see me, an unkno	wn, inexperi	enced reporter?	
When I arri	ved at the	movie set, I saw the actress standing in	front of the painted
. (3)		_ of a mansion. During a break in the filming	, I approached her and
introduced mysel	f. Trying to	be as congenial° as possible, I smiled and tole	d her I was pleased to
meet her. "Well, l	et's get this	over with," she said, clearly annoyed.	
The interview	went terri	bly. My dream of establishing a comfortable	rapport° with the star
soon vanished as	the intervie	w degenerated° into an awkward, demoralizin	g° situation that I just
wanted to end. A	Although it	(4)(e)d carefully	thought-out questions,
she sighed or	rolled h	er eyes at every one of them. An	d no matter how
(5)		my manner, she seemed to view me as s	some sort of threat. At
		and yelled, "That's (6)	
time to answer th	e same ques	tion twice." When I asked her about serious iss	sues, her answers were
totally (7)		— insincere and shallow.	
Now that th	e interview	is over, I have to write about her. Should	d I say that she's a
(8)		rude woman who thinks only of herself and e	xpects others to do the
same? If I do, she	might accu	se me of maligning° her and sue me for (9)	
I wonder if the ed	litor would	et me use a (10),	so my real name won't
appear on an artic	le about this	s miserable woman.	
	Scores S	entence Check 2% Final Check	1



averse detract disdain divulge elation endow expulsion mortify nullify ominous

c. to threaten.

# Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	1, 1		
1 averse /ə¹vɜ:s/	<ul> <li>That little boy wa made him gag.</li> </ul>	s once so averse to tomatoe	es that the very sight of them
-adjective	<ul> <li>Being averse to so than go to a rock co</li> </ul>	•	ay home and listen to my CDs
Averse means	a. opposed.	b. accustomed.	c. open.
2 detract /dɪˈtrækt/	<ul> <li>Julius thinks the sc noticeable.</li> </ul>	ar on his cheek detracts from	n his good looks, but it's barely
-verb	<ul> <li>All of the litter in flowers.</li> </ul>	the park certainly detracts fr	rom the beauty of the trees and
Detract means	a. to result.	b. to benefit.	c. to take away.
3 disdain /dis'dein/	•	er in the French restaurant a't pronounce anything on the	viewed Tanya with <b>disdain</b> menu.
-noun	-	quest to see the state senator 's secretary politely made an	would be treated with <b>disdain</b> . appointment for me.
Disdain means	a. pride.	b. disrespect.	c. sorrow.
4 divulge /darlvʌldʒ/	<ul> <li>My father wouldn' surprise."</li> </ul>	t divulge the type of car he h	had bought, saying only, "It's a
-verb	<ul> <li>It's against the law</li> </ul>	to ask people to divulge their	r age at a job interview.
Divulge means	a. to hide.	b. to recall.	c. to tell.
5 <b>elation</b> /ɪˈleɪ∫ <i>ə</i> n/	<ul> <li>The principal show touchdown.</li> </ul>	ated with elation when the so	chool team scored the winning
-noun	• •	to feel elation at his graduating with some of his high-sch	tion. Instead, he felt sadness at tool friends.
Elation means	a. anger.	b. confusion.	c. happiness.
6 endow /in'dau/ -verb	· Oscar Wilde was		ility to fly backward.  o find humor in any situation is hotel room, "One of us had to

b. to curse.

Endow means

a. to equip.

7 expulsion /ɪklspʌl∫ən/	<ul> <li>The manager told us talk during the movie.</li> </ul>	-	he theater if we continued to
-noun	3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	ol is intended as a punishmowed to attend classes a rewa	nent, but some students may ard.
Expulsion means	a. being canceled.	b. being forced out.	c. being embarrassed.
8 mortify	• It would mortify me	f my voice were to crack du	ring my choir solo.
/ˈmɔːtɪfaɪ/ -verb		•	the streamer of toilet paper room to rejoin my date in a
Mortify means	a. to shame.	b. to insult.	c. to delay.
9 nullify /'nʌlɪfaɪ/	• The college will <b>nulli</b> with a new sticker.	fy my student ID at the end	of the term unless I update it
-verb		decided to <b>nullify</b> its contracted of drunken driving.	act with a well-known athlete
Nullify means	a. to renew.	b. to reveal.	c. to cancel.
10 ominous /'pminəs/		have an <b>ominous</b> quality, threat of ghosts can seem ve	particularly at night or on ry real.
-adjective	• The sore's failure to h	eal was ominous, a possible	sign of cancer.
Ominous means	a. embarrassing.	b. threatening.	c. unworthy.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	To provide with a talent or quality
2.	An attitude or feeling of contempt; scorn
3	The act or condition of being forced to leave
4	Threatening harm or evil; menacing
5	To reveal; make known
6	Having a feeling of dislike or distaste for something
7	To humiliate or embarrass
8	To lessen what is admirable or worthwhile about something
9	A feeling of great joy or pride
0	To make legally ineffective; cancel

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. averse f. endow	b. detract g. expulsion	c. disdain on h. mortified	d. <b>divulge</b> i. <b>nullifled</b>	
	•	le talking in a movie hing a film.	theater greatly	from the enjoyment
	2. Beca	use of the dark, stor	m clouds, we canceled	the softball game.
	3. I'm _	to speaking in public	because I don't enjoy i	naking a fool of mys
		n he received the college with joy.	scholarship, my broth	her felt such tha
		results of the mayoral el ence of voting fraud.	ection were after	the townspeople fo
		American water shrew ling the small animal to		that have air pock
		e want a law calling for t igrants to be allowed to s		
		ie's repeated boasts about the to look at him with _	_	backfired. They cau
	9. Neve	er trust Esta with a secret	. She'll it the min	ute you turn your ba
		reporter was when I		

# > Sentence Check 2

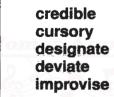
once.		
	1–2.	Some people are so to living near a nuclear plant that they want the the plant's license to be They say the plant infringes° on every homeowner's right to safety.
	3-4.	Shannon is(e)d with beautiful curly red hair, but her self-image is so low that she feels her hairs from her looks. However, others find her hair to be one of her many attractive physical attributes°.
	5-6.	When someone(e)d to a counselor that a certain student was selling

drugs, an investigation began that led to that student's \_\_\_ from school.

Using the answer lines provided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word

		Chapter 20	123
7–8.	Amy was by the low grade she recent grade she considered a sign of the teacher teacher's rationale° for the grade was that In addition to the lack of logic, it contained	's for her. Howeve the speech was incoher	r, the rent°.
9–10.	Marty had believed his headaches and blur some terrible syndrome°, so he felt wh needed glasses.	<del>_</del>	
Final Check: The Night	mare of Gym		
selection carefully. Then fill in e	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten wo ach blank with a word from the box at the out which word goes in which blank.) Use	e top of the previous	_
I was not (1)	(e)d with athletic ability.	In a frequent nightmare	€,
	andatory° gym class so that I can graduate		
situation always looks gr	im. For one thing, the teacher has	threatened me wit	h
(2)	from school for refusing to take a group	shower. Also appearin	g
in my dream is the terrifying	vault horse, the very sight of which (3)		_s
from my mental health. I rur	toward the horse, leap, and nose-dive int	to the mat. Ignoring m	y
despair, the rest of the gym cl	ass laughs. Once again, I am (4)	by m	y
athletic performance.			
Next, a single (5)	rope threatens overhead,	where it hangs from th	ıe
ceiling. I try to contrive° sor	ne excuse to get out of climbing it. Howe	ever, my excuses are s	0
incoherent° that my teacher	says, "I don't understand anything you'r	re saying. Get started	."
Wondering if anyone has eve	r died from rope burn, I struggle to climb	it. Almost to the top,	I
sweat so much that I slide bac	k to the floor, landing at the gym teacher's	feet. "What a loser," th	ie
teacher mutters with an expres		<u></u> ·	
	een (7) to se		
	ring forgotten my sneakers, I'm forced to d	-	=
	polished floor. During one high-speed turn	, I go sliding—right int	io
	the smell causes me to pass out.		
	of the dream comes near the end.		
	, I learn that I will graduate after all. I s	mile, thinking I'll neve	er
have to face the rigors° of gyr			
· -	s the terrible		
	epends on my agreeing to take four more ye	-	to
college. If I don't, my high sc	hool diploma will be (10)	·	
	Chade		
Seores S	entence Check 2% Final Check	70	





interim latent secular shun simulate

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 credible /ˈkredəbl/	<ul> <li>Some jurors doubted credible.</li> </ul>	the witness's testimony, bu	ut most of them found it
-adjective	<ul> <li>As credible as Mr. Bo him without checking to</li> </ul>	ower's resumé may seem, I d that it really is truthful.	lon't think you should hire
Credible means	a. long.	b. boring.	c. believable.
2 cursory /ˈkɜːsərɪ/	<ul> <li>Most people do only a cursory job of brushing their teeth. To avoid cavities, however, you must take the time to brush carefully.</li> </ul>		
-adjective	<ul> <li>Because James had to a cursory cleaning bef</li> </ul>	work late, he had only enough ore his parents arrived.	time to give his apartment
Cursory means	a. careful.	b. consistent.	c. quick.
3 designate /'dezigneit/	At the party, Betty dra as the driver for the trip	nk soda rather than beer, so home.	her friends designated her
-verb	<ul> <li>A coworker was desi Year" award at the com</li> </ul>	gnated to present Vonnie wapany banquet.	vith the "Employee of the
Designate means	a. to forbid.	b. to assign.	c. to hire.
4 deviate /'di:viət/	Having taken the wro from the route marked	ng exit off the highway, we on the map.	had to deviate somewhat
-verb	• If you deviate even a li	ttle from the test's directions,	you might hurt your grade.
Deviate means	a. to follow.	b. to depart.	c. to gain.
5 improvise /'imprevaiz/ -verb		accompaniments on the piano now how she plays so well	
		bell, I wasn't expecting Elle y <b>improvise</b> an explanation f	
Improvise means	a. to remember.	b. to keep away from.	c. to invent.
6 interim /'intərim/	Cassie hadn't seen her troubled boys into seriousled boys into seriousled.	nephews for years. In the into	erim, they had grown from
-noun	-	, it took two weeks for her re e interim, the agents had to de	•
Interim means	a. the time between.	b. the future.	c. the place.

7 latent /'leitant/	<ul> <li>Certain viruses, such as before symptoms appear</li> </ul>		e latent in the body for years
-adjective	<ul> <li>After he retired, my fath painting and now sells n</li> </ul>		artistic talent. He took up oil
Latent means	a. partial.	b. inactive.	c. absent.
8 secular /'sekjulə(r)/	<ul> <li>While our government religion.</li> </ul>	is secular, some gover	nments are directly tied to a
-adjective	<ul> <li>Devoting himself to a demost secular pleasures.</li> </ul>	eeply religious life, the H	indu holy man denied himself
Secular means	a. spiritual.	b. reliable.	c. nonreligious.
9 shun /∫∧n/	<ul> <li>I used to see a lot of Tr possible.</li> </ul>	racy, but since our argun	nent, she shuns me whenever
-verb	<ul> <li>The Amish live without automobiles and electric</li> </ul>		nces. For example, they shun
Shun means	a. to keep away from.	b. to recognize.	c. to observe.
10 simulate /'simjuleit/ -verb	Equipment that simulatemporarily, until an action	ates a human heart ca ual heart can be substitute	
Simulate means	a. to contrast with.	b. to imitate.	c. to be made of.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To compose, perform, or provide without preparation
2	Believable
3	The period of time in between; meantime
4	To name to an office or duty; appoint
5	To act or look like; imitate
6	Not directly related to religion; not spiritual; worldly
7	Done quickly and without attention to detail
8	To keep away from; avoid consistently
9	Present but hidden or inactive
10	To turn aside or stray, as from a path, direction, or standard

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. <b>credible</b>	b. <b>cursory</b>	c. <b>designate</b>	d. <b>deviate</b>	e. <b>improvise</b>
f. Interim	g. latent	h. secular	i. shun	j. simulate
		ability in basketba		
	2. Presider views.	as Supreme Co	ourt justices people	who share their pol
		ndy dropped out of co s degree?	llege. What caused	him to from his
		his story about a flat to use our telephone.	t tire sounded,	my parents allowed
		between applying to a lot of time worrying.	college and getting	g the letter of accepta
		couldn't identify the draw a(n) glance at the		_
		orus is known for its		ut it also performs
		ne actor forgot his lines anager whispered to hi		some dialog unt
		und the hardest part of ple and places that wo		
		o's exhibits the ans, for example, live i		
tence Chec	oh 9			
		ete each item below w	ith <b>two</b> words from	the box. Use each
		eventh grade, I looked between seventh and enly surfaced.		
	3-4. In lo	ooking for a college, L	uke gave only	attention to sch

He was quite sure he wanted to attend a Catholic school.

	CI CI	napter 21	27
	-6. Matt told his mother he was late because he had f home. To make his story more, he had scratch rock to an injury from a fall.		_
	7-8. Della wanted to be a cheerleader, but she willingly goal when she was(e)d class mascot and got to costume to all the games.		
9	-10. Proud of his ability to create new dishes, Franco t books. He preferred to meals, using whatever in to be on hand. In fact, cooking was one of his favori	ngredients happen	

# ➤ Final Check: Skipping Church

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. selection (Con

xt clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.	ous pa
I remember so well the time my mother's back injury prevented her from going to church	with
brother and me. For five weeks, we were supposed to go by ourselves. Zack and I back	then
eferred (1) activities to religious ones, so we decide	d to
church while Mom was recovering. We (3)	_(e)d
churchgoers she wanted us to be by getting dressed every Sunday in our good clother	s and
iving home and returning at the right times. We spent the (4)	at a
staurant or at the movies. Of course, we knew Mom would question us about the service.	Each
eek one of us was (5)(e)d to invent a sermon. I thought Zack's ser	mons
unded not only (6), but also inspiring. I, conversely°, tend	ed to
on the spot and didn't sound so believable. But Mom never se	emed
notice how weak my sermons were or how (8) our answers	
notice now weak my sermons were or new (o) our unswers	were
nen she asked whom we'd seen and what news we'd heard.	were
nen she asked whom we'd seen and what news we'd heard.	what
nen she asked whom we'd seen and what news we'd heard.  Finally, she was ready to attend church again. Over dinner Saturday evening, she began	what
hen she asked whom we'd seen and what news we'd heard.  Finally, she was ready to attend church again. Over dinner Saturday evening, she began emed to be an innocent conversation. Gently, but showing a previously (9)	what —— quiet
hen she asked whom we'd seen and what news we'd heard.  Finally, she was ready to attend church again. Over dinner Saturday evening, she began emed to be an innocent conversation. Gently, but showing a previously (9)ent for cross-examination that could have made her a star attorney, she questioned us in a	what —— quiet and I
ren she asked whom we'd seen and what news we'd heard.  Finally, she was ready to attend church again. Over dinner Saturday evening, she began emed to be an innocent conversation. Gently, but showing a previously (9)  ent for cross-examination that could have made her a star attorney, she questioned us in a trelentless° manner about our "church-going." The more she persisted, the more Zack	what quiet and I
ren she asked whom we'd seen and what news we'd heard.  Finally, she was ready to attend church again. Over dinner Saturday evening, she began emed to be an innocent conversation. Gently, but showing a previously (9)	what quiet and I tually
ren she asked whom we'd seen and what news we'd heard.  Finally, she was ready to attend church again. Over dinner Saturday evening, she began emed to be an innocent conversation. Gently, but showing a previously (9)  ent for cross-examination that could have made her a star attorney, she questioned us in a trelentless' manner about our "church-going." The more she persisted, the more Zack embled and (10)  (e)d from our official story. We even included we were caught, and the realization mortified us. Looking downward in shame	what quiet and I tually



commemorate complacent consensus deplete diligent

empathy menial niche transcend waive

# Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	, , ,	ε	
1 commemorat /kəˈmeməreɪt/ -verb		ng to commemorate his life	y. So on the anniversary of his with a fancy dinner party that
		rents commemorate their for the ce where they first met.	irst date by having dinner at
Commemorate	means a. to share.	b. to celebrate.	c. to believe.
2 complacent /kəm pleisənt/		annot afford to be complace have to campaign again for	ent about winning an election. the voters' support.
-adjective	<ul> <li>Getting all A's has school.</li> </ul>	n't made Ivy <b>complacent</b> .	She continues to work hard at
Complacent me	eans a. very eager.	b. reasonable.	c. too much at ease.
3 consensus /kənˈsensəs/		ong agreement among the tea	achers. The <b>consensus</b> was that quickly to raise their pay.
-noun	•	sus was that we should go can be wanted to do something e	imping again this summer. Ray lse for a change.
Consensus mea	ns a. a majority view.	b. an unusual idea.	c. a question.
4 deplete /dɪˈpliːt/	• I'd like to help you to <b>deplete</b> my bank		ected car repairs have managed
-verb		<b>plete</b> their small quantity of the island for plants they cou	of canned food, the shipwreck ld eat.
Deplete means	a. to use up.	b. to forget.	c. to find.
5 diligent /ˈdɪlɪdʒənt/		nore <b>diligent</b> about practicing able to play well now.	g piano when I was younger. It
-adjective	•	en she first joined the famil spired others to work harder.	y business, but she became so
Diligent means	a. self-satisfied.	b. lucky.	c. hard-working.
6 empathy /'empəθι/		oved ones in the attacks on to the attacks on the attacks of the a	he World Trade Center and the e of their shared grief.
-noun	. Me Allan is an	evcellent career counselor	nartly because of her great

· Ms. Allan is an excellent career counselor partly because of her great

b. a sympathetic understanding.

c. an efficiency.

empathy. She understands each student's feelings and point of view.

a. a common opinion.

Empathy means

7 menial /ˈmi:nɪəl/		<ul> <li>Victor seems to think my found that it requires some</li> </ul>	summer job delivering pizza e skills.	is menial work, but I've		
	-adjective	<ul> <li>Every job can be done with pride. Even menial jobs such as washing windows or scrubbing floors can be performed with care.</li> </ul>				
_	Menial means	a. unskilled.	b. steady.	c. satisfying.		
8	niche /nɪt∫/	2	in accounting, Laura decided she went back to school for n	-		
	-noun	<ul> <li>Dom spent the years after finding a comfortable nic</li> </ul>	er college moving restlessly he for himself.	from job to job, never		
_	Niche means	a. a shared opinion.	b. a suitable place.	c. an education.		
9	transcend /træn'send/	<ul> <li>The psychic convinced her clients that she could transcend time and sp and talk directly with the dead.</li> </ul>				
	-verb	<ul> <li>Yoga can help one tran relaxation.</li> </ul>	scend the cares of the wor	ld and reach a state of		
_	Transcend means	a. to participate in.	b. to go past.	c. to use up.		
10	waive /weiv/	• The defendant decided to himself in court.	waive his right to an attorne	y and, instead, speak for		
	-verb	<ul> <li>Since Lin had studied so much math on her own, the school waived the requirement that she take high school algebra.</li> </ul>				
_	Waive means	a. to lose.	b. to honor.	c. to give up.		

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Not requiring special skills or higher intellectual abilities
2	The ability to share in someone else's feelings or thoughts
3	To rise above or go beyond the limits of; exceed
4	To honor the memory of someone or something, as with a ceremony celebrate; observe
5	To willingly give up (as a claim, privilege, or right); do without
6	An opinion held by everyone (or almost everyone) involved
7	Self-satisfied; feeling too much satisfaction with oneself or one's accomplishments
8	Steady, determined, and careful in work
9	An activity or situation especially suited to a person
10	To use up

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a dilicent

f. empathy	g. menial	h. niche	i. transcend	j. <b>waive</b>
			y claim he had to he younger generation	•
	2. The American I Edison.	inventors' Associat	ion gathered at a bar	nquet to Thoma
 			from heart surgery, e little energy he has	
	4. Many people be	lieve that Shakespea	are's works those	e of all other authors
		•	start, but then the ving to attract new co	
 	_	s with a career cou ing world might be	nselor helped Suzan e.	ne consider what he
		•	y restaurant, but the poors and cleaning ta	-
			f German because hermany when they	• •
	-	restaurant would b so-so and the servic	be good, but our gro se was even worse.	up's was that th
	_		tician, but she lacks can find some proble	

# > Sentence Check 2

Using the answer line once.	es provided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	1-2. Lynn begged the bank to the overdraft charge of thirty dollars, telling them that it would entirely her savings.
	2-4. In high school, Victor was voted "Most Likely to Become a Psychologist." It was the of his classmates that he was the student endowed with the most for other people.
	5-6. My mother could have stayed in her comfortable as part of the secretarial pool, but she wanted to the limits of that job and become

an executive herself.

				Cria	Nei 22	131
		"On this, our hun president, "I'd like from top to botton cans. He truly exen	to our founder m, doing even suc	r with a toast. He	ran the con	npany irbage
		Dr. Roberts and Roberts is ab Conversely°, Dr. K	out reading journa	als and learning	new techni	
Final Check:	A Model To	eacher				
Here is a final oppo selection carefully. (Context clues will	Then fill in ea	ich blank with a w	ord from the box	at the top of th	e previous	
At Eastman	High School re	eunions, the conver	rsation usually gets	around to the qu	uestion "Wh	10
was the best te	acher in school	?" And year after y	year, the (1)		of th	ie
graduates has b	been that Mr. N	MacDonald was the	e best. Many reme	ember Joe MacD	Oonald as th	ie
epitome° of tea	ching—the teac	her against whom t	hey measured all o	thers.		
He had star	ted his profession	onal life as a highly	paid attorney. Ho	wever, never at h	ome with th	ie
law, he left his	lucrative° prac	ctice and found his	(2)	a	s an Englis	sh
teacher in the	shabby classro	oms at Eastman.	Mr. MacDonald s	omehow helped	his studen	ts
(3)		their broken-o	down surroundings	and experience	the magic i	in
the words of Sh	nakespeare, Dic	kinson, or Frost. E	ven those who tend	ded to shun° read	ling began t	io
think there mig	ht be something	to this literature st	uff after all.			
Mr. MacDo	onald's enthusia	asm for his work v	was never (4)		(e)d. I	n
fact, instead of	being used up,	his enthusiasm actu	ually increased thro	ough the years. C	ther teacher	rs
became (5)		about the	ir work and did onl	y cursory° lessor	n preparation	n.
But Mr. MacDo	onald was as (6)	)	as an eag	er first-year teac	her. He coul	ld
often be found	talking with stu	dents after school,	as his great (7)		ha	ıd
given him the r	reputation of be	ing someone who	understood students	s' problems. He	was fun, to	0.
On the first rea	lly beautiful sp	ring day of each ye	ear, he'd (8)		his lesso	n
plan and take th	ne class out into	the sunshine to sit	under the blue sky	and talk about li	terature. An	ıd
no task was too	(9)	1	for him. He was oft	en seen picking	up trash froi	m
the grounds—se	omething other	teachers would nev	er condescendo to	do.		
After Mr. 1	MacDonald's re	etirement, his form	er students wanted	l to honor him i	n some wa	y.
They thought a	bout a statue, b	out decided to (10)_		his te	aching in th	ne
way that he'd l	ike best, with a	college scholarship	p for an Eastman st	tudent, which wa	as establishe	ed
in his name.						
[		ntence Check 2				
	ocores sei	nonce Check 2		70		



bizarre conducive falter flaunt frenzy

gist hamper paradox repertoire viable

# Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 bizarre /bɪˈzɑ:(r)/		le have <b>bizarre</b> ideas. For e m or that others can steal the	xample, they may think that eir thoughts.			
-adjective	•	em <b>bizarre</b> , but if you see thing looks quite ordinary.	him with his even stranger-			
Bizarre means	a. limited.	b. ordinary.	c. odd.			
2 conducive /kənˈd <i>j</i> uːsɪv/	<ul> <li>A deliciously warm and fever.</li> </ul>	d sunny April day is condu	cive to a bad case of spring			
-adjective	<ul> <li>Learning to budget an allowance at a young age is conducive to good spending habits later in life.</li> </ul>					
Conducive means	a. favorable.	b. similar.	c. damaging.			
3 falter /'fɔ:ltə(r)/	<ul> <li>Vince faltered on the fi without pausing.</li> </ul>	irst few notes of his piano p	iece but then played the rest			
-verb	<ul> <li>Even public speakers faltered when giving the</li> </ul>		and confident must have			
Falter means	a. to show off.	b. to hesitate.	c. to succeed.			
4 flaunt /flo:nt/	<ul> <li>Instead of enjoying the they buy in front of their</li> </ul>		arts flaunt every new thing			
-verb	•	ner high grades. In fact, I di ceived the highest academic	dn't know that she was first award at graduation.			
Flaunt means	a. to interfere with.	b. to approve of.	c. to exhibit.			
5 frenzy /'frenzi/		nd her little son in the depart down until she knew he was	rtment store, she went into a s safe.			
-noun	<ul> <li>The holiday season alw</li> </ul>	ays includes a frenzy of last	t-minute shopping.			
Frenzy means	a. a calm condition.	b. an angry condition.	c. an excited condition.			
6 gist /dʒɪst/ -noun	-	the details and get right to the is that a family got strande	ne gist of the argument.  ed on an island and had to			

b. the main idea.

c. the benefit.

struggle to survive.

a. the small parts.

Gist means

7 hamper /ˈhæmpə(r)/ -verb			independence," Tom's parents wn life, including your laundry
	<ul> <li>The breakdown of Coast today.</li> </ul>	of telephone lines hampered	business all along the West
Hamper means	a. to restrict.	b. to show off.	c. to promote.
8 paradox /'pærədoks/	_	postponing her decision about her of the <b>paradox</b> "No deci	t whether or not to go back to sion is also a decision."
-noun	to punish us, they the best thing in the	answer our prayers." The ki	paradox: "When the gods wishing gets what he thinks will be — and then discovers that it is aughter into a golden statue.
Paradox means	a. an outburst.	b. a simple statement.	c. a seeming contradiction.
9 repertoire	• The actor's reper	toire includes drama, storytell	ing, song, and dance.
/ˈrepətwɑ:(r)/ -noun	<ul> <li>In order to be succestrategies from wh</li> </ul>	_	nt to have a <b>repertoire</b> of study
Repertoire means	a. a variety of ski	lls. b. a reason to do someth	ning. c. a statement of intent.
10 viable /'vaiəbl/	<ul> <li>The parties in the benefit equally.</li> </ul>	labor dispute can reach a viab	le agreement only if both sides
-adjective	<ul> <li>The little boy quid mending a broken</li> </ul>		tape is not a viable solution to
Viable means	a. practical.	b. attractive.	c. expensive.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	The main point or essential part of a matter; central idea
2	To act or speak with uncertainty; hesitate
3	To limit, interfere with, or restrict
4	A wild outburst of excited feelings or actions
5	Workable; capable of being successful or effective
6	A statement that seems contradictory yet may be true
7	A range or collection of skills or accomplishments
8	Dramatically unusual, as in manner or appearance; strange
9	Tending to promote or bring about
10.	To show off (something)

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

	. conducive . hamper	c. falter h. paradox	d. flaunt i. repertoire	e. <b>frenzy</b> j. <b>vlable</b>	
	_ 1. Halloween o	offers everyone the	chance to look as a	as possible.	
	_ 2. Al Pacino's	includes both r	nodern dramas and Sha	kespearean plays	
		oorter asked Senat a moment.	or Drake a difficult, o	uestion, the sen	
		or snails, heat is to sleep. In fact, desert snails may sleep three cears at a time.			
		Kelly's essay was t 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.	hat school should be o	pen only four da	
		ary clothes may ed for the exercise of	_ movement, sweat so	uits and leotards	
		ng, the staff could ery suggestion had	not come up with a _ a drawback.	plan to imp	
		_	worried when he didn _ — no news is good i		
		a because she	had locked her keys ir work.	the car and she	
			e could get a date was riving expensive sports		
mtono (NE - 1 o					
ntence Check 2	,				
ng the answer lines pro e.	vided, complete e	each item below with	th two words from the	box. Use each w	
	wasn't co	omplacent° about l	ongs from her that being prepared. Afraid sticed the songs over an	she would	
	_ 3-4. The	of the lecture was	that although the Unite	ed States encour	

free trade, some other countries \_\_\_ it.

	Chapter 23 <b>135</b>
5-6.	The joking at today's staff meeting wasn't to finding a way to alleviate° the town's parking problem. No one could think of a plan to increase the number of parking spaces.
7–8.	Bob is so prone° to changing his mind that his rapid shifts of opinion sometimes make me furious. Once, in a of anger, I shouted this: "You're always the same — always changing your mind!"
9–10.	My mother took me aside at the party and said, "That looks more like a strange costume than a dress. It's bad enough your clothing looks so, but do you have to mortify me and it in front of all my friends?"
Final Check: My Talent	ted Roommate

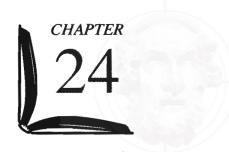
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

"If you've got it, (1) it!" That's the (2)
of Georgia's philosophy. Georgia is my dorm roommate. A dance and theater major, she is a true
extrovert° — always showing off, always "onstage." It seems she is in constant motion, going
from graceful leaps down the hall to such (3) acrobatics as
swinging by her knees from the clothes rod in her closet. Some days Georgia performs her entire
(4) right in our room. The (5) "less is
more" doesn't apply to her on those occasions, when she delights by acting, singing, and dancing
everything she's ever learned. Attracted by her talent and charisma°, an audience always gathers
to watch. The lack of space in our room never seems to (6) her
movements. Since Georgia's shows are not very (7) to good
studying on my part, I join the crowd drawn by her magnetism. She is so smooth and confident —
I have never seen her (8) She moves easily from ballet to tap to
jazz. She'll tell jokes, sing part of an opera, and perform a scene from Romeo and Juliet. Not
knowing all the words never stops her — she simply improvises $^{\circ}$ lines as she goes along. When
she finishes, her audience breaks into a (9) of applause. Many
drama students will probably end up in other careers, but I contend° Georgia is talented enough to
build a (10) career in show business.
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY

Final Check \_\_\_\_\_%

Sentence Check 2 \_\_\_\_\_\_%

Scores





aster-, astro-
contra-
-er, -or
-gamy
geo-

misomnipop rect the, theo-

## Ten Word Parts in Context

Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

1 aster- /'æstə(r)/, astro- /'æstrəu/	<ul> <li>The aster is a love point outward from</li> </ul>	•	for its starlike	shape: its petals
The word part aster- or astro-	<ul> <li>Astrologers claim on our lives.</li> </ul>	to interpret the inf	fluence of the	stars and planets
means	a. someone who d	loes something.	b. star.	c. marriage.
2 contra- /'kɒntrə/	• Contrary to his ca	mpaign promise, th	e mayor is go	ing to raise taxes.
		on the bottle of ar "We recommend ing aspirin or simil	against takin	g this product if
The word part <i>contra</i> - means	a. all.	b. straight	t.	c. against.
3 -er, -or /ə(r)/	<ul> <li>When the opera series pictures taken, his bedspread around</li> </ul>	s only shirt was in		•
	<ul> <li>American visitors the streets are.</li> </ul>	to Canadian cities	are often stru	ck by how clean
The word part -er or-or means	a. god. b	. wrong. c.	someone who	does something.
4 -gamy /gəmɪ/	<ul> <li>Jackson brought learned that she was</li> </ul>	charges of <b>bigan</b> as still legally marr		
	<ul> <li>King Mongut of Stand I, practiced po</li> </ul>	iam, whose story w lygamy. He was re		
The word part -gamy means	a. marriage.	b. opposit	te.	c. god.
5 <b>geo-</b> /dʒi:əʊ/	• Pierce County, N geographic center	forth Dakota, has of North America.		on of being the
	<ul> <li>Geophysics is the including oceans,</li> </ul>	e science of the m volcanos, and earth		ces of the Earth,
The word part geo- means	a. earth.	b. people.		c. outer space.
6 mis- /mis/	• I think there is som	nething wrong with	a child who ne	ever misbehaves.
	<ul> <li>The telephone ca doing a survey, bu</li> </ul>	ller <b>misrepresent</b> e t she really wanted		
The word part mis- means	a. for.	b. straigh	t.	c. badly.

		Thomas A manage	
7 omni- /ˈɒmnɪ/		ears, the mobs seemed <b>omnipotent</b> . began convicting gangsters, the name of the second	
		urs ate only plants, and others ate on dinosaurs, ate all kinds of food.	aly meat. Still others,
The word part <i>omni</i> - means	a. right.	b. all.	c. wrong.
8 pop /pop/		United States was not very <b>populo</b> e lived here then.	ous. Only about two
		populate the West, the governmen would build on it.	it gave free land to
The word part pop means	a. people.	b. everywhere.	c. opposite.
9 rect /rekt/	•	play Monopoly, I seem to pick the il. Do not pass Go. Do not collect \$20	
		ose stomachs!" yelled the coach d stand erect!"	. "Pull back those
The word part rect means	a. opposite.	b. straight.	c. wrong.
10 the /'θι/ theo- /'θί:əυ/		is the belief that there is only one Go	
The word part the or theo- means		b. everywhere.	c. for.
The pronunciation of word parts are of particular word.	only for reference	as it might change when it becomes a	component part of a
Matching Word Parts wi	ith Definiti	ions	
		Clearly write or print each word part help you decide on the meaning of ea	
1	Wrong; badl	у	
2	Straight		
3	Star, outer sp	pace	
4	People		
5	Someone wh	no (does something)	

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Against; contrasting; opposite

Earth; geography

A god or God

Marriage

All; everywhere

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.

a. <b>aster-, astro-</b> f. <b>mis-</b>	b. <b>contra-</b> g. <b>omni-</b>	cer, -or h. pop	d. <b>-gamy</b> i. <b>rect</b>	e. <b>geo-</b> j. <b>the, theo-</b>
	_ 1. Wade, a profe he's offstage.	essional (act ) _	, seems to be pla	aying a part even v
	_ 2. The study of (chemistr	of the chemical new y)	nakeup of the E	arth's crust is ca
	_ 3. Poverty is (. every street.	<i>present</i> ) in l	arge cities in India	a, where people be
		ike figure called an		is often used in be
		et, the (di or) _ nning on course.	is the person w	ho keeps everyone
	_ 6. John Wesley founded Meth	was the eighteenth	n-century British (	logian)
		g my house key on (place) it.	a special hook in t	the kitchen as soon
	_	en go through a stag If the parent says y	•	
		doesn't stop pe y requires them to h	-	more than one husl
	humans prob	ces on Earth that hably would not appoeak of a mountain?	peal to many. Who	

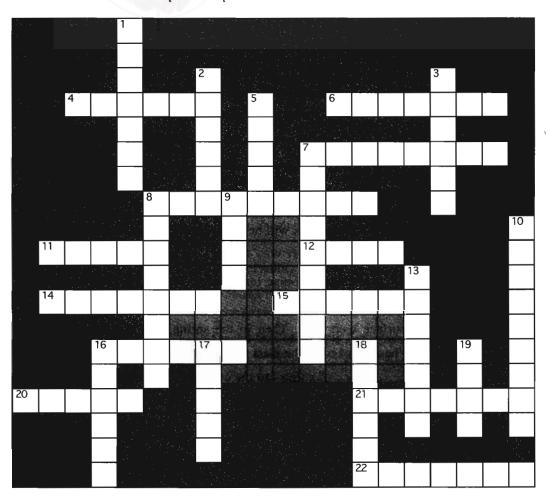
# > Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines provide part from the box. Use each v		omplete each <i>italicized</i> word in the sentences below with the correct word art once.
	1–2.	The kindergartners were asked to draw a ( angle), but several made a ( take) and drew a circle instead.
		(Pan ists) believe that God is not a personality but an (present) force of nature, present throughout the universe.

		Chapter 24	139
5-6.	(Doct ) Fisher was very ( ular) because she always took the time to answer great empathy° for her patients' suffering.		
7–8.	The two Mayfield brothers made ( ry) carchaeologist who speculates about what o like. The other is an ( naut) who thinks about	our past might have	been
9–10.	In ( graphy) class, we learned not or climate of various countries but also about a some African nations, (exo), or mar not allowed and can result in expulsion° from	customs. For examp rrying outside the tri	ole, in ibe, is
Final Check: Fascinatir	ng Courses		
following selection carefully. The	ou to strengthen your knowledge of the ten van complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the parent ious page. (Context clues will help you figure rt once.	heses below with a	word
Each semester, I like to o	choose one fascinating course unrelated to my	y major. Last fall, fo	or
example, I took a(n) ( log	gy) (1) cours	e that focused on th	ne
remarkable changes in the E	arth's surface over time. Then in the spring,	I took ( nomy	y)
(2)	When I looked at the stars through a tele	escope, I felt tiny an	ıd
	to the enormous		
	nade me ponder° the nature of God and promp		
class on religion.			
So this semester I'm takin	g a course in ( <i>logy</i> ) (4)	One day w	/e
	his question: If God is ( potent) (5)		
then why hasn't He or She al	leviated° all of humanity's suffering? We've a	also talked about ho	w
	arises when peop		
	usion hampers° the pursuit of unity in the wor		
	preach that we		
	in some other religions, (poly ) (8)		
is quite acceptable.			
	y of the world's ( ulation) (9)	, man	iy
	ey look to their church for $(di \dots ion)$ (10)		
	there's a rationale° for understanding other reli		
t t		l l	
Scores Se	ntence Check 2% Final Check	_%	

## UNIT FOUR: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Four. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



averse benign consensus credible designate diligent disdain elation empathy endow facade falter frenzy gist glib latent libel mortify niche paradox redundant secular shun viable waive

### **ACROSS**

- 4. Workable; capable of being successful or effective
- 6. An attitude of contempt; scorn
- 7. Steady, determined, and careful in work
- 8. An opinion held by most or all involved
- An activity or situation
   especially suited to a person
- 12. The main point or essential part of a matter; central idea
- 14. To humiliate or embarrass
- 15. The front of a building
- To act or speak with uncertainty; hesitate

- 20. The publishing of false information that harms a person's reputation
- 21. A feeling of great joy or pride
- 22. The ability to share in another's feelings or thoughts

### DOWN

- A statement that seems contradictory yet may be true
- 2. Kindly; gentle
- 3. Present but hidden or inactive
- 5. To willingly give up; do without
- 7. To name to an office or duty; appoint

- 8. Believable
- To keep away from; avoid consistently
- 10. Wordy or needlessly repetitive
- 13. Not directly related to religion; not spiritual; worldly
- A wild outburst of excited feelings or actions
- 17. To provide with a talent or quality
- 18. Having a feeling of dislike or distaste for something
- Characterized by a smooth, easy manner of speaking that often suggests insincerity

# UNIT FOUR: Test 1

PART A Choose the word that best co	ompletes eac	h item an	d write it in the spa	ace provided.	
	1. The rain	the v	work of the road co	onstruction crew.	
	a. hamp	ered	b. improvised	c. flaunted	d. designated
	2. Suddenl	y dizzy fi	om the heat, the sp	eaker and cov	ered his eyes.
	a. trans	cended	b. simulated	c. faltered	d. waived
		to become		music. No matter	how often you hear
	a. viabl	e	b. haughty	c. blasé	d. secular
	4. In beco		oriest, Brian certa	inly from his	s plan to become a
	a. impr	ovised	b. deviated	c. simulated	d. divulged
	_	•	with the A on her less she began work o		Lee was careful not tent immediately.
	a. comp	olacent	b. secular	c. ominous	d. menial
			to learn that gentl	_	Geyer writes horror
	a. inter	im	b. pseudonym	c. consensus	d. expulsion
		cott won wn joy an		mpetition, his pare	nts' was as great
	a. elatio	on	b. facade	c. niche	d. libel
			of tricks for go	etting his own wa	ay includes pouting,
	a. inter	im	b. empathy	c. consensus	d. repertoire
			with home repairs	s, but I'm I	work steadily and
	a. dilig		b. glib	c. haughty	d. cursory
			cle made unprove print it for fear of l	_	ainst the mayor, the
	a. para		b. expulsion	c. empathy	d. libel

	***	
<i>,,</i>	RT	 ĸ

On the answer line, write the le	etter of the choice that best completes each item.
----------------------------------	--

11.	Among Beverly's many pets, the most bizarre is	he	r
	<ul><li>a. green parrot.</li><li>c. miniature poodle.</li></ul>	b.	hissing cockroach. goldfish.
 12.	According to cartoons, situation comedies, and the likely to attract <b>glib</b> characters?		
	a. Cowboy c. Used-car salesperson		Accountant Plumber
 13.	<ul><li>A person endowed with an honest nature</li><li>a. wishes he had an honest nature.</li><li>c. pretends to have an honest nature.</li></ul>		is lacking an honest nature. possesses an honest nature.
 . 14.	<ul><li>Ominous music in a movie score generally mean</li><li>a. a love scene is about to happen.</li><li>c. an exciting action scene is about to happen.</li></ul>	b.	something scary or evil is about to happen. the opening credits are about to be shown.
15.	Napoleon Bonaparte was so <b>averse</b> to cats that h a. insisted one live in every room of his palace. c. sneezed and itched whenever one was near.	b.	stroked one for luck every morning. left the room in disgust if one entered.
 16.	Concerning fish, the term "feeding frenzy" refer a. the period after eating when fish are relaxed. c. a quiet, methodical search for food.	b.	
 17.	New England comprises  a. the Atlantic Ocean.  b. clam chowder, lobster, and lighthouses.  c. Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhod. shipbuilding, fishing, and manufacturing.	de l	Island, Connecticut, and Vermont.
18.	Our cat has tested positive for the disease feline a. we are having her put to sleep because she is b. she may not develop any symptoms for a long c. we know she will die very soon.  d. we are sure she doesn't have the virus.	suf	fering so much.
. 19.	Marisa told her employer that she felt dizzy and answered, with great <b>empathy</b> , a. "Well, don't let your personal problems interb. "Sorry to hear that. Can you work overtime to. "You must be feeling terrible. Is there anythind. "Do you think you have the flu? Don't give it	fere onig	with your work." ght?" can do?"
_ 20.	A frequent dream of mine always mortifies me.  a. I am in public and suddenly realize I'm naked b. I can fly as easily as a bird. c. I am in my childhood home talking with my d. I am in a furious argument with a coworker w	d. fath	er, who is young and healthy again.
	Score (Number correct)		

# UNIT FOUR: Test 2

### PART A

Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. commemorate f. flaunt k. secular	b. <b>consen</b> g. <b>gist</b> l. <b>simulat</b>	h. improvise	d. designate i. interim	e. divulge j. paradox	
	_ 1. It's a(n)	that we can sometimes	s be more generous	by giving less.	
	_ 2. Authors	often state the of an ar	rticle in the introdu	ctory paragraph.	
	_ 3. Alonso choir.	s his good voice by s	singing louder tha	n anyone else in t	he
	_ 4. More ar religious	nd more nuns are wearing dress.	ng clothes ra	ther than tradition	ıal
	_ 5. On Pres Lincoln.	sidents' Day, the nation _	_s George Wash	ington and Abraha	ım
	_ 6. I think it dressing.	t's selfish of Dolly not to _	her secret recip	e for poppyseed sal	ad
		nat the experience of feeling of nausea.	friding on a rolle	er coaster give me	a
		mind speaking before a gro o death if I had to a spe	_	to prepare, but I'd	be
		y plan for making enose is to rent out some of its		p up the payments	on
		th the businessman at first doubting him once he began			ice
	_	among the city's sportsw etball championship this ye	-	ewater High will w	vin
		he church's pastor resigne		ter stepped in for t	he
	_	ys(e)d my little brothe he's the only one who rece			ub

P	A	R	T	B

Write C is	f the italicized word is used co	rrectly. Write I if the	word is used incorre	ctly.						
14.	In a democracy, it's importan	t for people to waive	their right to vote.							
15.	. "That bow tie detracts from Alan's appearance," said Paloma. "He looks strangled and gif wrapped."									
16.	Wayne has transcended his usual good grades by failing three of his four classes this semester.									
17.	. Because <i>menial</i> tasks require little thought, I was able to plan some of my essay while cleanir my apartment yesterday.									
18.	. The host's famous sister remained in her room for most of the party, although she dicondescend to come downstairs and say good night to the other guests before they left.									
19.	By careful saving, I manage summer's end.	ed to <i>deplete</i> my ban	k account from \$80 t	to almost \$1,200 by the						
PART C On the an	swer line, write the letter of th	ne word that is the syn	onym of the boldface	d word.						
	Example: <u>a</u> bizarre	a. strange	b. ordinary	c. expensive						
20.	haughty	a. proud	b. humble	c. tall						
21.	disdain	a. loss	b. contempt	c. admiration						
22.	benign	a. cruel	b. broken	c. kindly						
PART D On the an	swer line, write the letter of th	ne word that is the ant	t <b>onym</b> of the boldface	d word.						
	Example: _b_ bizarre	a. strange	b. ordinary	c. expensive						
23.	shun	a. owe	b. seek	c. avoid						
24.	facade	a. back	b. light	c. front						
25.	nullify	a. ignore	b. approve	c. cancel						
				]						
	Score (Nu	mber correct)	× 4 =%							

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

# UNIT FOUR: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1.	PSEUDONYM: AUTHOR::	
	<ul><li>a. address : map</li><li>c. word : dictionary</li></ul>	b. story : true d. costume : actor
2.	FACADE : BUILDING ::	
	<ul><li>a. house : cellar</li><li>c. street : sign</li></ul>	b. face : head d. neighborhood : town
3.	HAUGHTY: ARROGANCE::	
	<ul><li>a. thirsty: water</li><li>c. clever: intelligence</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. brave : fear</li><li>d. muscle : strength</li></ul>
4.	REDUNDANT: WORDY::	
	<ul><li>a. error : mistake</li><li>c. word : repeat</li></ul>	b. paper: book d. paper: read
5.	DETRACT : IMPROVE ::	
	a. blame : error c. criticize : scold	<ul><li>b. open : door</li><li>d. ascend : descend</li></ul>
6.	ELATION: WONDERFUL NEWS::	
	<ul><li>a. pain : injury</li><li>c. satisfaction : failure</li></ul>	b. wisdom : ignorance d. football : sport
7.	OMINOUS : STORM CLOUDS ::	
	<ul><li>a. bright : fog</li><li>c. flock : seagull</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. fragrant : flowers</li><li>d. sophomore : grade</li></ul>
8.	CURSORY : CAREFUL ::	
	<ul><li>a. sharp: blade</li><li>c. wild: untamed</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. quick : rapid</li><li>d. plentiful : scarce</li></ul>
9.	IMPROVISE : REHEARSE ::	
	<ul><li>a. schedule : roster</li><li>c. restore : destroy</li></ul>	b. attempt : try d. comedian : joke
10.	SHUN: OUTCAST::	
	<ul><li>a. celebrate : hero</li><li>c. poem : poet</li></ul>	b. triangle : shape d. welcome : foe

a. tired: exhaustion b. uninterested: indifference

19. NICHE: SUITABLE:: a. kitchen cabinet : cereal b. high school: classroom

c. haunted house: scary d. doctor's office : chilly 20. BIZARRE : ODDITY ::

c. transparent : clearness

a. treacherous: traitor b. strange: ordinary d. landlord: tenant c. unknown: celebrity

> \_\_ × 5 = . Score (Number correct) \_

d. rigid: flexibility

# UNIT FOUR: Test 4 (Word Parts)

### PARTA

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

Word Parts	Examples	Definitions
1. aster-, astro-	aster, astrologer	a. Someone who (does something)
2. contra-	contrary, contraindication	b. Star, outer space
3er, -or	singer, visitor	c. All; everywhere
4. <b>-gamy</b>	bigamy, polygamy	d. Straight
5. <b>geo-</b>	geographic, geophysics	e. A god or God
6. mis-	misbehave, misrepresent	f. Against; contrasting; opposite
7. <b>omni</b> -	omnipotent, omnivorous	g. Marriage
8. рор	populous, populate	h. Earth
9. rect	directly, erect	i. People
10. the, theo-	monotheism, theology	j. Wrong; badly

### PART B

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Not every word part will be used.

a. aster-	b. contra-	cer	d. <b>-gamy</b>	e. <b>geo-</b>	
f. mis-	g. <b>omni</b> -	h. <b>pop</b>	i. rect	j. <b>theo-</b>	
	11. Vanilla ice o		: ( . · . · ular) am	ong Americans th	an
	12. ( ry) as well as by		ose, Shakespeare mad	e his living by acti	ng
	_	sun between the pa, or small planets.	aths of Mars and Jupi	iter are thousands	of
			ho, thinking her husba up, making her guilty		ied
			fact is that Mou	_	

(Continues on next page)

a. opposing forces.

\_\_\_\_ 18. There will be many **exhibitors** at the state fair this year.

TOA	DT	0
1-14	KE	١.

write the letter of each meaning. 16. Mr. Nolan is a man of many misdeeds. a. religious feelings b. girlfriends c. immoral acts \_\_\_\_ 17. Houses are usually **rectilinear**; that is, they are characterized by

Use your knowledge of word parts to determine the meaning of the **boldfaced** words. On the answer line,

c. exhibit fees a. farm exhibits b. people who exhibit

19. Throughout history, a common form of government has been theocracy, in which the

b. straight lines.

government is considered to be based on c. religious authority. a. laws voted on by everyone. b. immoral laws.

20. There's too much knowledge in the world today for any one person to claim omniscience.

a. knowledge of biology

c. partial knowledge b. complete knowledge

c. great cost.

(Number correct) × 5 = Score

# **Unit Five**

Chapter 25

devoid implore infuriate intimidate introvert jeopardize sibling smug sneer vivacious Chapter 26

condone contemplate feasible feign fiscal

furtive gape pathetic precedent punitive

Chapter 27

cryptic deficient depict detrimental implicit inhibition ironic rupture saturate vindictive Chapter 28

constrict exhaustive failible formulate genial habitat pragmatic pretentious reconcile vile

Chapter 29

avid dwindle esteem evoke legacy mediate muted nurture pacify transient Chapter 30

aloof ambivalent augment dispel explicit

longevity magnitude mundane obscure render

# **UNIT FIVE: Pretest**

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

 1.	sneer	a) impress b) endanger c) ridicule d) make laugh
 2.	introvert	a) worker b) shy person c) good example d) attacker
 3.	vivacious	a) vicious b) retired c) conceited d) lively
 4.	sibling	a) sister or brother b) friend c) relative d) parent
 5.	implore	a) excite b) attack c) beg d) borrow
 6.	devoid	a) provided b) lacking c) endangered d) borrowed
 7.	jeopardize	a) risk b) meet with c) anger d) defend
 8.	intimidate	a) celebrate b) visit c) soothe d) frighten
 9.	smug	a) upset b) calm c) conceited d) lively
 10.	feasible	a) unbelievable b) possible c) amazing d) wild
 11.	gape	a) stare b) repair c) beat d) hide from
 12.	fiscal	a) secretive b) about government c) financial d) personal
 13.	condone	a) forgive b) represent c) arrest d) appoint
 14.	pathetic	a) rich b) puzzling c) wonderful d) pitifully lacking
 15.	precedent	a) gift b) example c) fee d) later event
 16.	contemplate	a) think seriously about b) create c) add to d) reveal
 17.	furtive	a) loud b) quiet c) public d) secretive
 18.	detrimental	a) dirty b) nutritious c) harmful d) helpful
19.	ironic	a) deeply felt b) meaning opposite of what is said c) simple d) great
 20.	implicit	a) lacking b) attached c) above d) unstated but understood
 21.	vindictive	a) not easily understood b) gentle c) vengeful d) temporary
 22.	cryptic	a) harmful b) cruel c) puzzling d) loud
 23.	inhibition	a) attack b) delay c) holding back d) exhibit
24.	deficient	a) forgotten b) lacking c) complete d) well-known

b) settle c) accept

d) control

(Continues on next page)

25. depict

a) describe

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Unit Five: Pretest

 20. Constrict	a) control b) prove c) make smaller u) regard
 27. pretentious	a) pleasant b) showy c) required d) practical
 28. fallible	a) capable of error b) complete c) incomplete d) simple
 29. exhaustive	a) respected b) nervous c) complete d) tired
30. formulate	a) allow b) move c) purchase d) develop
31. habitat	a) headache b) natural environment c) importance d) usual behavior
32. vile	a) offensive b) secretive c) nice d) tricky
 33. reconcile	a) refine b) redo c) accept d) increase
 34. pragmatic	a) ordinary b) slow c) wise d) practical
 35. pacify	a) betray b) calm c) retreat d) remove
 36. esteem	a) age b) doubt c) respect d) length of life
37. transient	a) stubborn b) temporary c) permanent d) easy-going
 38. evoke	a) pull back b) plant c) vote d) draw forth
 39. muted	a) softened b) strangled c) bright d) puzzling
 40. <b>avid</b>	a) bored b) disliked c) enthusiastic d) plentiful
41. dwindle	a) strip b) shrink c) weave d) cut
 42. nurture	a) harden b) thank c) nourish d) starve
 43. aloof	a) cool b) friendly c) not clearly expressed d) ordinary
 44. augment	a) change b) cause to become c) increase d) describe
45. explicit	a) everyday b) distant c) permanent d) stated exactly
 46. longevity	a) size b) holding back c) length of life d) health
 47. magnitude	a) importance b) attraction c) respect d) example
 48. mundane	a) odd b) ordinary c) softened d) loud
49. obscure	a) enthusiastic b) showy c) hard to understand d) bored

50. render

a) win out b) reveal c) cause to vanish d) cause to become





devoid implore infuriate intimidate introvert

jeopardize sibling smug sneer vivacious

c. to put in danger.

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 devoid • The French fries were so thin, dry, and devoid of taste that they seemed like /bicv<sup>1</sup>ib/ toothpicks. -adjective • Sometimes Carl is totally devoid of common sense. Once he went on vacation leaving his front door unlocked and the newspaper delivery service uncanceled. a. without. b. equal to. Devoid of means c. possessing. 2 implore · Please hide those chocolate bars, and don't tell me where they are no matter /ım'plo:(r)/ how much I implore you. -verb • The princess **implored** the evil magician to spare the handsome prince's life. a. to educate. *Implore* means b. to deny. c. to urge. 3 infuriate Peter so infuriated Sheila that she slammed down the phone while he was still /in'fjuarieit/ talking. -verb · At the grocery store, it infuriates me when people with a cartload of food get in the express line. Infuriate means b. to encourage. c. to frighten. a. to anger. 4 intimidate · Will's huge size intimidates strangers, but anyone who knows him realizes /in'timideit/ that he's a very gentle man. -verb · Public speaking so intimidates Charlene that she would rather write four term papers than give a single oral report. Intimidate means a. to calm. b. to scare. c. to annoy. 5 introvert · Pearl is a very outgoing person, but her boyfriend Larry is such an introvert /ˈintrə*ʊ*vɜːt/ that he seldom socializes at all. -noun · It could be difficult for an introvert to succeed in sales, which involves considerable contact with the public. Introvert means a. a conceited person. b. a shy person. c. a busy person. 6 jeopardize • Molly is so clumsy that she jeopardizes every fragile item she touches. /dzepədaiz/ Whatever she picks up is liable to get broken. -verb • Pregnant women who take drugs jeopardize their babies' health.

b. to take into account.

Jeopardize means

a. to play with.

7 sibling /ˈsɪblɪŋ/ -noun		<ul><li>Do you think twins are more similar in personality than other siblings?</li></ul>					
		<ul> <li>It's hard enough for chil siblings have to be separa</li> </ul>		omes; it's even worse when			
_	Sibling means	a. a brother or sister.	b. a cousin.	c. a friend.			
8	smug	* Self-confidence is a virtu	e, but being smug is carry	ing self-confidence too far.			
	/smʌg/ -adjective	• I avoid <b>smug</b> people. They are very generous in judging themselves while viewing others narrow-mindedly.					
_	Smug means	a. full of life.	b. dishonest.	c. too self-satisfied.			
9	sneer /sniə(r)/	<ul> <li>Janice is terrific with litt she never sneers at them.</li> </ul>		w silly their questions are,			
	-verb	<ul> <li>Instead of encouraging sneers at us with a scorn</li> </ul>		stake, our biology teacher			
	Sneer at means	a. to leave.	b. to mock.	c. to ignore.			
10	vivacious /vɪˈveɪ∫əs/	• My father is such a viva lively too.	acious host that he makes	s his guests feel bright and			
	-adjective	• Between scenes, the act vivacious once the camer		and dull, but they become			
	Vivacious means	a. good-looking.	b. peppy.	c. irritable.			

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	A shy or inwardly directed person
2	Completely lacking
3	A sister or brother
4	To anger greatly
5	Lively; full of life and enthusiasm
6	To beg; plead
7	To show or express contempt or ridicule
8	To make timid or afraid; frighten
9	Overly pleased with one's own cleverness, goodness, etc.; too self-satisfied
0	To endanger; put at risk of loss or injury

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. devoid	b. implore	c. infuriate	d. intimidate	e. introvert
f. jeopardize	g. <b>sibling</b>	h. <b>smug</b>	i. sneer	j. <b>vivacious</b>
	1. You may chatterbox	-	and, but to me	, she's just an irrit
·	2. I you	not to mention the V	CR to Hakim. I wan	t to surprise him wi
	3. The geniu win a med		colate ice cream that	s of calories sl
	_	with computers all computers are computers and computers are computers are computers and computers are computers and computers are computers and computers are computers are computers are computers and computers are computers are computers are computers are computers are computers and computers a	lay suits my brother. th other people.	He's too much of
		nderstand why Eile and mountain climb	en enjoys activities ing.	that her life,
		is the one time of you	ear when my grandpa	irents, parents, and
		d to be little that an t everything we kids	gered my father, but dos him.	since he got laid
		found Art selling d _(e)d at him, snarling	rugs near the elements, "You scum."	ntary school, the p
		to get children's c	ooperation by setting of punishment.	g shared goals tha
			if she didn't get th cher's question corre	
ntence Check	2			
g the answer lines p	provided, complete	e each item below w	ith two words from	the box. Use each
	angry	as my parents and	me the most. Ns can. I guess gs, both positive and	close relationship
			_ me to help you with t for so long, I'm _	

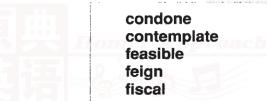
the Internet all week?

mean to gloat°, but why should I give up my evening when I was diligent° about doing my paper on time and you were playing games on

		Chapter 25	155
5-6.	I think Marvin only pretends to look down of school. Hes at them to hide the fact that they	_	ers in
7–8.	Among her close friends, my sister is known as energetic and bubbly. But she often seems like a she doesn't know well.	-	
9–10.	I told Seth he would his chances of getting he waited until the last minute to ask someone. Be to think that any girl he asked would be happy someone else to go to the dance with him.	out he was e	nough
Final Check: Cal and H	is Sisters		
Here is a final opportunity for you selection carefully. Then fill in ea	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. Fach blank with a word from the box at the top out which word goes in which blank.) Use each w	of the previous	_
I've never met (1)	s who are less alike than C	Cal and his sister	rs,
	e different in their approach to school. All of then		
but while Margo and Tina don	't brag about their intelligence, Cal does. When he	e gets straight A	's,
he flaunts° his report card and	(2)s at classmates who have	ven't done as we	:11.
Naturally, being so (3)	about his grades (4)	s h	nis
	s, and he's often by himself. By contrast, Margo is a		
she's completely (5)	of shyness. She's so (6)		
	und her, and she's constantly busy with movie da		
with friends, and parties. Noth	ning seems to (7)Ma	rgo. She will wa	ılk
into a room full of strangers,	poldly strike up a conversation, and leave an hour	later with sever	ral
new best friends. Tina is	yet another completely different type of per	son. Under mo	ost
circumstances, she is so quiet	that people barely notice she is in the room. Ho	wever, Tina is n	ot
a(n) (8)	She's not shy; she just puts her energy	into having a fe	èw.
•	owd of acquaintances. I actually think Tina is the		
the three. While Cal is devote	ed mostly to himself and his intelligence, and Ma	argo is busy bei	ng
popular, Tina cares deeply abo	out other people. It (9)	s her to know th	nat
	ople living in her own city, and she quietly volu		
time to helping them: She onc	e (10)(e)d Cal and Mar	rgo to get involv	ed

in the same kind of work, but neither of them had any interest.





**furtive** gape pathetic precedent punitive

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning

context of the sentences	to help you figure out each	ch word's meaning.			
1 condone /kənˈdəun/ -verb  I cannot condone Barb's smoking in public. It threatens other people's he when you're three minutes late. But they are going to condone your walking into class a half hour late.					
Condone means	a. to excuse.	b. to recall.	c. to punish.		
2 contemplate /ˈkontempleɪt/ -verb	realized, however, the Whenever Anne's hu	at the eagle-eyed teacher wo	would <b>contemplate</b> separation,		
Contemplate means	a. to consider.	b. to pretend.	c. to avoid.		
3 feasible /ˈfiːzəbl/ -adjective	someone helps me w • Marilyn told her sup	ith the cleaning chores.	keep the house clean unless le for this staff to do the work re more people."		
Feasible means	a. wrong.	b. legal.	c. possible.		
4 feign /fein/ -verb	yelled, "Surprise!" • You can feign a head		to feign shock when everyone too stuffed up to pronounce an lose."		
Feign means	a. to wish for.	b. to prove.	c. to fake.		
5 fiscal /ˈfiskəl/ -adjective	<ul><li>money to cover costs</li><li>Some states have pa</li></ul>	assed laws allowing child-s aychecks of divorced par-	It simply didn't make enough support payments to be taken ents who ignore their fiscal		
Fiscal means	a. emotional.	b. financial.	c. unfair.		
6 furtive /ˈfɜːtɪv/ -adjective	<ul> <li>thief's hand toward a</li> <li>According to experts and with whom may</li> </ul>	spectator's pocket. s, teenagers who are furtive be involved with drugs.	ed the <b>furtive</b> movement of a e about where they are going		
Furtive means	a. secret.	<ol><li>b. dependable.</li></ol>	c. serious.		

7 gape	<ul> <li>Everyone stopped to gape at the odd-looking sculpture in front of the library.</li> </ul>				
/geip/ -verb		wed down to <b>gape</b> at an acc vas backed up for miles.	ident in the southbound lanes,		
Gape means	a. to yell.	b. to appreciate.	c. to stare.		
8 pathetic /pəˈθetɪk/	<ul> <li>That plumber's wor the pipe is leaking.</li> </ul>	k was pathetic. Not only doe	es the faucet still drip, but now		
-adjective		ne areas of the world is <b>p</b> osity treatable with modern me	<b>athetic</b> . People are dying of dicine.		
Pathetic means	a. ordinary.	b. miserable.	c. expensive.		
9 precedent /pri/si:dant/	<ul> <li>When Jean's employer gave her three months off after her baby was born,</li> <li>precedent was set for any other woman in the firm who became pregnant.</li> </ul>				
-noun		the teacher gave the student virtue will think twice before they	who stole an exam an F for the y do the same," he explained.		
Precedent means	a. a question.	b. a delay.	c. a model.		
10 punitive /ˈpjuːnətɪv/	<ul> <li>Judge Starn is espe them a jail term.</li> </ul>	cially <b>punitive</b> with drunker	n drivers, giving every one of		
-adjective	<ul> <li>Many parents find punitive action is.</li> </ul>	that reward is a better bas	sis for teaching children than		
Punitive means	a. punishing.	b. forgiving.	c. uneven.		

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Possible; able to be done
2	Done or behaving so as not to be noticed; secret; sneaky
3	To stare in wonder or amazement, often with one's mouth wide open
4	Anything that may serve as an example in dealing with later similar circumstances
5	To forgive or overlook
6	Giving or involving punishment; punishing
7	_ Financial
8	_ To think about seriously
9	Pitifully inadequate or unsuccessful
0	To pretend; give a false show of

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

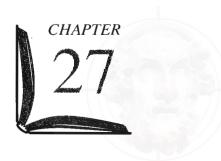
Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. <b>condone</b> f. <b>furtive</b>	b. <b>c</b> g. <b>g</b>	ontemplate ape	c. <b>feasible</b> h. <b>pathetic</b>	d. <b>feign</b> i. <b>precedent</b>	e. <b>fiscal</b> j. <b>punitive</b>
				ners to at them	. Instead of a star
		-		ing business school,	but so far I've mad
		3. Lawyers car similar cases		by finding a usefu	l among prev
			for me to attend to ose between them.	wo weddings in the	same afternoon, so
			al does not hitti blent solution.	ng students. He belie	eves that every prol
			•	had to give evidency stub, before he cou	
			on the elevator didr	n't want to stare at th	e patch on my eye
_			iving conditions we	ere There was noted to the crumbling.	o heat or electrici
		_	re my oral report is revealed my nervo	n class, I tried to _ usness.	confidence, but
	1	said, "If you	•	, but one day I push time, I will send yo	
ntence Che	ck 2				
ng the answer line e.	s provi	ded, complete e	each item below wi	th <b>two</b> words from th	ne box. Use each v
		office but	dget meeting. The b	ouy a new copy macl oss replied, "Unfortur ould create a deficit° i	nately, our situa

3-4. Some parents take only \_\_\_ measures when children misbehave. They never take time to \_\_\_ the benefits of a gentler approach. However,

benign° encouragement is often more effective than punishment.

		Aptor 20	155
5-6.	Several passersby stopped to at the homeless shelter, made of cardboard and a tern blanket. The moved one woman to go to a restaurant and buy a me	he poignant°	sight
7–8.	The fourth-grade teacher said, "I will not any _ class. Rita, please stop passing notes under your desk		in my
9–10.	The was set many years ago: When the winner of is announced, the runner-ups happiness for the value fact that she is quite devoid of happiness at the momentum of the set of the se	winner, despir	
Final Check: Shoplifter			
selection carefully. Then fill in e	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First ach blank with a word from the box at the top of the out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word	the previous	
Valerie took a (1)	glance around her. When it seem	ed that no on	ie
	ue shirt into the bottom of her purse and darted out o		
department. She walked slow	ly around the shoe department for a while and then	left the store	€.
"Stop! You! Stop!" shouted a	guard who seemed to appear from nowhere. Then a	nother man i	n
street clothes grabbed her purs	e and pulled out the shirt.		
"But but it's not m	ine. I don't know how it got there," Valerie cried.		
The two men just looked	at each other and laughed at the blatant° lie. The guar-	d said, "That	's
what all shoplifters say. Peop	ole steal without taking time to (2)	th	e
possible results. Then when th	ey're caught, they loudly (3)	innocence.	,,,
As the guard began to p	phone the police, Valerie implored° the men, "Pleas	se don't pres	ss
charges. Please. This is the first	st time I've ever done anything like this, and I'll never	do it again."	
The men laughed again. "	Your argument is (4)," the	e man in stree	et
clothes said. "It's everyone's	first time. Our store has a policy on shoplifters: It's n	nandatory° fo	or
us to press charges, even if it'	s the first offense. We can't set a bad (5)		_
by letting a shoplifter go, as if	we (6)(e)d such crimes."		
"That's right," said the gu	ard. "Shoplifting is all too prevalent" in our store. T	This shirt cost	ts
only twenty dollars, but the tw	venties add up. Our (7) o	officer reporte	d
a loss of about \$150,000 w	orth of merchandise to shoplifters last year. So i	t simply isn	't
(8)	_ to let you walk away. Unfortunately, we have no	choice but t	0
take (9)	action."		
Soon Valerie was led to	the police car. She covered her face as other shopp	ers stopped t	0
(10)	_ at the lovely young woman, an unlikely-looking crim	minal.	
	entence Check 2% Final Check%		



cryptic deficient depict detrimental implicit inhibition ironic rupture saturate vindictive

# Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 cryptic /ˈkrɪptɪk/	<ul> <li>I begged Tony to tell me the big secret, but he always gave the same cryptic reply: "It's a green world, my friend."</li> </ul>				
-adjective	<ul> <li>Next to the dead woman's body was a cryptic note that said, "Not now."</li> </ul>				
Cryptic means	a. cruel.	b. mystifying.	c. humorous.		
2 deficient /dɪˈfɪʃənt/	<ul> <li>When people have to diet is also deficient in</li> </ul>		it sometimes means that their		
-adjective	<ul> <li>Gil's manners are def for anything.</li> </ul>	ficient. For example, I've	never heard him thank anyone		
Deficient means	a. insufficient.	b. sensitive.	c. increasing.		
3 depict /di'pikt/ -verb	Harriet Beecher Stov	a typical nineteenth-century we's novel <i>Uncle Tom's C</i> that the book helped to beg	Cabin depicted the cruelty of		
Depict means	a. to hide.	b. to show.	c. to predict.		
4 detrimental / detrimental/	<ul> <li>Do you think all telever positive influence on</li> </ul>		ildren, or are some programs a		
-adjective	<ul> <li>The gases from automobiles and factories have been so detrimental to the environment that some of the damage may be permanent.</li> </ul>				
Detrimental means	a. useful.	b. new.	c. damaging.		
5 implicit /ɪmˈplɪsɪt/	• When the gangster gr Harris understood the		t your family to stay healthy,"		
-adjective	<ul> <li>Although it's never be be promoted when Ea</li> </ul>		t understanding that Carla will		
Implicit means	a. playful.	b. modern.	c. unspoken.		
6 inhibition /ˌɪnhɪˈbɪ∫ən/ -noun		o <b>inhibitions</b> about running enly affectionate, with no	g around naked.  inhibitions about hugging or		
Inhibition means	a. an inner block.	b. a habit.	c. a purpose.		

7 ironic /ai <sup>l</sup> ronik/	<ul> <li>It's ironic that Lore in her youth.</li> </ul>	tta is such a strict mother, l	because she was certainly wild
-adjective		hain for her husband's water	ronic twist: A woman sells her ch, while her husband sells his
Ironic means	a. unexpected.	b. inadequate.	c. reasonable.
8 rupture /'rʌptʃə(r)/	<ul> <li>If the dam were to water.</li> </ul>	rupture, the town would	disappear under many feet of
-verb	_	paby's stomach was caused have to be repaired.	d by a muscle wall that had
Rupture means	a. to heal.	b. to exist.	c. to come apart.
9 saturate /'sætʃəreit/	<ul> <li>Most people like the saturated every pie</li> </ul>	_	a lets hers sit until the milk has
-verb	<ul> <li>Studying history for absorbed one more</li> </ul>		my brain — I couldn't have
Saturate means	a. to protect.	b. to empty.	c. to fill.
10 vindictive /vin'diktiv/		to date my older brother, he o forward her all his junk e-	becomes <b>vindictive</b> . One way mail.
-adjective	<ul> <li>After she was given jumbled the compar</li> </ul>		dictive employee intentionally
Vindictive means	a. sympathetic.	b. spiteful.	c. puzzling.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	A holding back or blocking of some action, feeling, or thought
2	Having a vague or hidden meaning; puzzling
3.	Suggested but not directly expressed; unstated, but able to be understood
4	Inclined to seek revenge; vengeful
5	To represent in pictures or words; describe
6	To burst or break apart
7	Lacking something essential; inadequate
8	To soak or fill as much as possible
9	Harmful
10.	Opposite to what might be expected

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. cryptic	b. deficient	c. depict	d. <b>detrimental</b>	e. implicit
. inhibition	g. <b>ironic</b>	h. rupture	i. saturate	j. vindictive
	1. A person	can be intelligent a	nd yet be in comm	on sense.
	2. When the	pressure in the gas	pipe became too great	, the pipe(e)d.
	3. Isn't it	_ that the richest m	an in town won the mi	llion-dollar lottery?
		nething as healthfu very large amounts.	l as vitamins can be _	to your health v
	5. Becky's barefoot.	customary lack of	was evident the	day she came to d
		ovel <i>Oliver Twist</i> e as truly pathetic°.	, Charles Dickens	_s life in an Eng
		ngs are If ar will take full reven	yone harms a membe ge.	er of a gang, the o
		-	was written in double out the teacher's r	•
		na of Gretchen's pe and rolled down a v	rfume so(e)d the vindow.	air in the car that S
			hers' contracts, there is preparing lessons and	
tence Check	k 2			
	-	te each item below	with <b>two</b> words from	the box. Use each v
		-balloon fights are ey get(e)d with	fun until a balloon cold water.	_s against your clo
	backg	round, to be	painting, with its doze However, it's possible connecting the dots.	
			gy to retaliate° when s ying to get even with	

is \_\_\_\_ to her relationships with family and friends.

7-8. It's that the book Live Simply on Little Money has made the author wealthy, since a(n) message of the book is that the author himself requires little money.
9-10. Gerry feels people should "lose theirs" and do whatever they feel like doing, but I think people who are altogether in self-control have poor manners.
Final Check: A Nutty Newspaper Office
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
My therapist says it's (1) to my mental health to keep my
thoughts bottled up inside of me, so I'll drop all (2)s and tell you
about the newspaper office where I work.
Let me describe my editor first. It's sort of (3) that Ed is in
communications because I've never met anyone harder to talk to. Although he's a proponento of
clear expression, Ed communicates as unclearly as anyone I know. For example, if I say, "How are
you doing today, Ed?" he'll give me some (4) response such as "The
tidal pools of time are catching up with me." I used to think there might be some deep wisdom
(5) in Ed's statements, but now I just think he's a little bizarre°.
Then there's Seymour, our sportswriter. Seymour is perfectly normal except that he has
unexplained fits of crying two or three times a week. In the middle of a conversation about the
baseball playoffs or the next heavyweight title fight, Seymour suddenly goes into a frenzy° of
crying and (6)s handfuls of Kleenex with his tears.
Now, I don't mean to (7) our office as a totally depressing place.
It is not entirely (8) in excitement, but even our excitement is a little
weird. It is usually provided by Jan, a (9) typesetter who, whenever she
feels injured by Ed, takes revenge in some horrible but entertaining way. One of her favorite types
of reprisal° is sneaking fictional items about him into the society column. I'll never forget the time
Ed was in the hospital after his appendix (10)(e)d. He almost broke
his stitches when he read that he was taking a vacation at a nudist colony. The article infuriatedo
him so that he probably would have sued the newspaper for libel° if he didn't work there himself.
Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%



constrict
exhaustive
fallible
formulate
genial

habitat pragmatic pretentious reconcile vile

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentence	s to help you figure out each	ch word's meaning.		
1 constrict /kon'strikt/	<ul> <li>The summer highway two lanes.</li> </ul>	y construction will constrict	traffic by confining it to only	
-verb	<ul> <li>In feudalist China, the feet of some girls were constricted with binding to keep them from growing to normal size. Women's feet were considered most attractive if they were less than four inches long.</li> </ul>			
Constrict means	a. to expand.	b. to repair.	c. to squeeze.	
2 exhaustive /ɪgˈzɔ:stɪv/	<ul> <li>Don't buy a used car without putting it through an exhaustive inspection.</li> <li>Check every detail, from hood to trunk.</li> </ul>			
-adjective	<ul> <li>My teacher recommended an exhaustive thousand-page biography of Freud, but who has time to read such a thorough account?</li> </ul>			
Exhaustive means	a. smooth.	b. detailed.	c. narrow.	
3 fallible /ˈfæləbl/		fallible," the boss told his war mistakes on company time	workers. "But do you have to?"	
-adjective	•	kids think their parents can eir parents suddenly seem fa	do no wrong, but when they allible.	
Fallible means	a. optimistic.	b. friendly.	c. imperfect.	
4 formulate /ˈfɔːmjuleɪt/	<ul> <li>The author first form mystery.</li> </ul>	nulated an outline of his pl	ot and then began writing his	
-verb	<ul> <li>Before stepping into for a raise.</li> </ul>	his boss's office, Hank had	carefully formulated his case	
Formulate means	a. to develop.	b. to question.	c. to accept.	
5 <b>genial</b> /ˈdʒiːnjəl/			at the nursing home might be s turned out to be very genial.	
-adjective	• Libby found her firs to a more <b>genial</b> one		d unpleasant that she changed	
Genial means	a. good-looking.	b. practical.	c. good-natured.	
6 habitat /'hæbitæt/		e that wild animals should not be captured and put in zo	be allowed to remain in their	
-noun			ts from very cold to very hot	

b. a plan.

c. a territory.

Habitat means

a. a pattern.

7 pragmatic /præg <sup>l</sup> mætik/	<ul> <li>We always called no pragmatic member of</li> </ul>	ny sister "Practical Polly" of the family.	because she was the most			
-adjective		• When Vince was single, he spent most of his money on travel. Now that he has a family to support, he must spend his money in more <b>pragmatic</b> ways.				
Pragmatic means	a. sensible.	b. patient.	c. pleasant.			
8 pretentious /prɪˈtenʃəs/	Dana's classmates do someone who acts as	n't like her because she's so if she knows it all.	pretentious. It's hard to like			
-adjective		husband's grave with a large nber of a royal family.	e, pretentious monument, as			
Pretentious means	a. overly imaginative	b. important-seeming.	c. cruel.			
9 reconcile /'rekənsaıl/	<ul> <li>When my grandfathe that he was really gor</li> </ul>	r died, we worked hard to re	econcile Grandma to the fact			
-verb		ck in six months, Tony reus line and doing without a ca				
Reconcile to means	a. to bring to accept.	b. to frighten about.	c. to hide from.			
10 vile /vail/	<ul> <li>My sister loves a cert a garbage truck.</li> </ul>	ain cheese that has the vile of	dor of something that fell off			
-adjective	• When I finally get around to cleaning out the refrigerator, I always find some vile moldy food at the back of a shelf.					
Vile means	a. threatening.	b. natural.	c. nasty.			

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To bring (oneself or someone else) to accept
2	The natural environment of an animal or plant
3	Making a show of excellence or importance, especially when undeserved
4	Capable of making an error
5	To make smaller or narrower, as by squeezing or shrinking
6	Covering all possible details; complete; thorough
7	Friendly, pleasant, and kindly
8	Offensive to the senses, feelings, or thoughts; disgusting
9	To plan or express in an orderly way
10	Practical

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

		exhaustive pragmatic	c. fallible h. pretentious	d. formulate i. reconcile	e. <b>genial</b> j. <b>vile</b>
		1. The local dir	ner serves the world's m	ost beef stew, ful	l of big globs of fat
		2. Why is Deb	ra acting so unfriendly	today? She's usually	so
			was forced to her apartment.	self to my independ	ence when I move
			s the pupils of o wider, letting in more		less light. Darknes
-			sor told me that if I wis		dependent project,
			m paper on orchids, Verbie flower's growth and i		rch, covering ever
		7 about h	nis intelligence, Norm	tries to impress peop	ble with a lot of bi
			stories sometimes mista		as at the North Pole
			e more," my broth a larger order rather tha	-	
			auto mechanic said, "Yes, but your mistake		-
Sé	ntence Check 2	•			
Jsi onc	ng the answer lines pro e.	vided, complete	each item below with t	wo words from the	box. Use each word
		to the fac	nt me to be perfect, but et that every one of us is how detrimental° her cr		then that my mothe
_		gorilla's	experts(e)d a pla natural Continued val of the species.		
			le was not at allld money on videotape		

family without any extra cash.

		Chapter 28 <b>167</b>
7–8.	When our pet python escaped, we quickly mathroughout the house and grounds. We found him dog, about to the poor mutt to death.	
9-10.	At the sales seminar, employees were taught to be and never to seem, no matter how much they warm, amiable° salespeople, not ones who show o	knew. Customers like
Final Check: Roughing	It	
selection carefully. Then fill in ea	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. Finach blank with a word from the box at the top of out which word goes in which blank.) Use each wo	of the previous page.
"Whose brilliant idea was	this anyway?" Sara asked. "If people were intended	ed to sleep on the
ground and cook over a fire, w	e wouldn't have beds and microwave ovens."	
"Stop complaining," Emi	ly said. "At least you've got on dry clothes. Yo	ou didn't end up
walking through some (1)	mud because your canoe	overturned. And
you didn't have a (2)	partner who claimed to know	everything about
canoeing but actually didn't kr	now enough to steer around a rock."	
"So I made a mistake," Ge	orge said. "We're all (3)	·"
"Well," Emily responded	, "your mistake has lost us our tent. And our sl	eeping bags and
clothes are saturated° with mu	ddy water."	
Then Doug spoke up. "It	's no big deal. Sara and I will lend you clothes, a	and you two can
squeeze into our tent."		
"Squeeze is right, " said I	Emily. "Four in one tent will (4)	us so
much that we won't be able to	exhale."	
"It's your choice," said Do	oug. "Decide if you want to be in a crowded tent or	r sleep out in this
wild-animal (5)	**	
Sara couldn't resist addi	ng, "If you had just listened to me and had b	oeen a bit more
(6)	when planning for this trip, we wouldn't be in	such a mess. You
would have written a(n) (7)	list of what we would no	eed, from A to Z.
Then you would have (8)	(e)d a clear plan for who	would take what.
Then we wouldn't be out here	with two corkscrews but no plastic to wrap our below	ongings in."
"Let's just stop complaini	ng before this degenerates° into a shouting match	. We should be a
little more (9)	with one another," said Dou	ig. "We need to
	ourselves to our imperfect situation and not	
much from our vacation that w	ve forget to have a good time."	
	ntence Check 2% Final Check%	





avid dwindle esteem evoke legacy mediate muted nurture pacify transient

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning

context of the sentences	s to help you rigure out each	word's meaning.			
1 avid /ˈævɪd/ -adjective	<ul> <li>Ramia, an avid reader, enjoys nothing more than a good science-fiction novel.</li> <li>Artie is such an avid sports fan that he has two televisions tuned to different sporting events so he doesn't miss any action.</li> </ul>				
Avid means	a. likable.	b. devoted.	c. helpful.		
2 dwindle /'dwindl/	<ul> <li>As the number of lea increased.</li> </ul>	ves on the tree dwindled,	the number on the ground		
-verb	•	helped Doreen's craving for er cigarettes each day until s	or cigarettes to dwindle. She the quit altogether.		
Dwindle means	a. to make sense.	b. to drop suddenly.	c. to decrease.		
3 esteem /ɪ'sti:m/		d after coaching basketball ald whistle as a sign of their	for thirty years, his admiring esteem.		
-noun	<ul> <li>The critics had such es Year."</li> </ul>	teem for the play that they	voted it "Best Drama of the		
Esteem means	a. concern.	b. appreciation.	c. curiosity.		
4 evoke /ɪˈvəʊk/	Music can evoke pov listeners to tears.	verful feelings. A sweet v	violin solo often moves its		
-verb	• The smells of cider and pumpkin pie evoke thoughts of autumn.				
Evoke means	a. to bring out.	b. to shelter.	c. to follow.		
5 legacy /'legəsi/ -noun	• •	eir legacy of musical talen	er were all musicians. She t because she's an excellent		
		ncies that my mother handed er interests in growing flower	d down to me is the love of ers and in hiking.		
Legacy means	a. a memory.	b. a high hope.	c. an inherited gift.		
6 mediate /ˈmiːdɪət/	• My father refused to r say, "Settle your own f	-	ny sister and me. He would		
-verb	<ul> <li>Each of the farmers claimed the stream was part of his property. Finally, the agreed to let the town council mediate their conflict.</li> </ul>				
Mediate means	a. to participate in.	b. to settle.	c. to observe.		

7 muted /'mju:tid/		earplugs, the yelling from nat it no longer disturbs me.	the next apartment becomes
-adjective	<ul> <li>The artist used mu peaceful tone.</li> </ul>	ted rather than bright colors	, giving the painting a quiet,
Muted means	a. soft.	b. temporary.	c. boring.
8 nurture /ˈnɜːtʃə(r)/	<ul> <li>Although I often nurtures her many</li> </ul>		plants, my sister carefully
-verb		g. The female only lays the eg	female fish, in general, do not ggs, which are guarded by the
Nurture means	a. to inspect.	b. to seek out.	c. to care for.
9 pacify /'pæsifai/	<ul> <li>When I'm feeling r of mint tea.</li> </ul>	nervous or upset, I often pacif	fy myself with a soothing cup
-verb		note of apology: "I'm sorry	riend "a creep," but I failed to I called Mel a creep. It's not
Pacify means	a. to amuse.	b. to encourage.	c. to soothe.
10 transient / trænzient/		include both permanent brai porarily blurred vision.	in damage and transient side
-adjective	<ul> <li>Julie wants a last transient one.</li> </ul>	ing relationship, but Carlos	seems interested in only a
Transient means	a. dull.	b. short-lived.	c. hard to notice.

## Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Softened; toned down; made less intense
2	Temporary; passing soon or quickly
3	Enthusiastic and devoted
4	To make calm or peaceful
5	To draw forth, as a mental image or a feeling
6	To gradually lessen or shrink
7	To settle (a conflict) by acting as a go-between
8	High regard; respect; favorable opinion
9	To promote development by providing nourishment, support and protection
10	Something handed down from people who have come before

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

## > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

Homer Approach

a. avid	b. dwindle	c. esteem	d. <b>evoķe</b>	e. <b>legacy</b>
f. mediate	g. <b>muted</b>	h. nurture	i. pacify	j. <b>translent</b>
	1. When my and singing	newborn nephew stagsoftly.	arts to scream, we	him by rocking
	2. The photos friends.	s in my album	many fond memo	ries of my high-scl
	3. If you stude begin to	ly too long at one	sitting, your conce	ntration will eventu
	4. At the part overhear us	y, Yoko and I kept 6.	our conversation	_ so that no one we
	5. You must shelter.	a child with lo	ove and respect as	well as with food
		charm of spring is 't wait for its return.		nes and goes so qui
		is for her singing in a local theater	•	sent Mary flowers
	-	Bobby is the most rom baseball cards to		now. He collects alr
		e's work, a priceles has been enjoyed by		
		n go to court, Mr. ave a lawyer the		wner of the gas sta
entence Chec	k 2			
ing the answer lines	s provided, complete	each item below wi	th <b>two</b> words from	the box. Use each w
	-	for Gerald tur		
		such a(n) chef t en known to cook w		
	<del></del>	usic unsets our cana	_	

					Chapter 29	171
_	7–8.		nals to be una		it is the biologica their own. Paren	
	9–10.	of whom claims will be cut in to	s the same ch wo, he sees th	nild as her own.	etween two wome Pretending that the s thoughts in mother.	he child
F	inal Check: Getting S	cared				
se	ere is a final opportunity for you election carefully. Then fill in e Context clues will help you figure	ach blank with	a word from	the box at the to	op of the previou	
	Do you remember trying	to scare yourse	elf and everyb	ody else when	you were a kid?	For
	instance, maybe you were a(r	n) (1)		roller-coast	er rider, closing y	our/
	eyes and screaming and loving	ng it all. Afterw	ard, you wou	ld (2)		
	your still nervous stomach by	quietly sipping	an ice-cold Co	oke. If a short ro	ller-coaster ride g	ave
	you too (3)	a th	rill, there was	always the long	-term fear of a ho	rror
	movie. If the horrors it depict	ed° were vile° e	nough, you m	night be scared al	bout going to bed	for
,	the next three months.					
	And remember popping	out from behind	corners yellin	ng "Boo!" at you	ur brother? The f	ight
	that followed ("You didn't sca	are me one bit."	"Did too." "D	id not." "Did too	o.") would go on u	ıntil
	a grown-up (4)		_(e)d the con	nflict. (Parents a	always seemed to	be
	there to settle disputes among	siblings° or to (	5)		_ and reassure yo	u at
	times when you needed suppo	rt.)				
	At other times, you and y	our friends proba	ably sat aroun	d a campfire late	at night, engagin	g in
	your favorite nocturnal° activi	ity—telling ghos	t stories. Thril	led with the horr	or of it all, you sp	oke
	in voices so (6)	the	y were almos	t whispers. The s	toryteller who gai	ined
	the most (7)					
	greatest terror in others. If an	ybody's fear star	rted to (9)		, this ex	pert
	would build it up again with	the most effectiv	e story in the	campfire reperte	oire°, the story of	the
	ghost in the outhouse, a (10)_					
	sisters to younger ones. The					
	outhouse. But fearing the gho	st there, how cou	ıld you?		_	
			-			
	Secres S			nal Check		
	e seures s	MICHOE CHECK Z	/O Fi	IIII CHEEK		





longevity magnitude mundane obscure render

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the gentence	s to help you figure out each	m word 5 meaning.		
1 aloof /əˈluːf/	<ul> <li>Some people say that seem warm and open</li> </ul>	at the English are <b>aloof</b> , but to	the English people I've met	
-adjective	<ul> <li>I knew that Taylor we even when I tried to I</li> </ul>	as upset with me about some one friendly.	ething because he was aloof	
Aloof means	a. motivated.	b. lazy.	c. cold.	
2 ambivalent /æm'bivələnt/		lent about marriage," Earl said to set the date and wanting to		
-adjective	• I'm <b>ambivalent</b> about dislike her efforts to	nt my counselor. I appreciate hand interfere in my life.	ner desire to be helpful, but I	
Ambivalent means	a. meaning well.	b. having mixed feelings	c. experienced.	
3 augment /ɔ:gˈment/		willing to augment their he twear is so bad for their feet?	eight by wearing high heels	
-verb	<ul> <li>Because Jenna needed additional money, she augmented her salary by typ term papers for college students.</li> </ul>			
Augment means	a. to add to.	b. to risk.	c. to cover up.	
4 dispel /dɪsˈpel/	• Vickie's sweet note of felt toward her.	of apology was enough to disp	pel the slight anger Rex still	
-verb	<ul> <li>I tried to dispel my her that my parents n</li> </ul>	friend's fears about her blind net on a blind date.	date that evening by telling	
Dispel means	a. to cause.	b. to eliminate.	c. to communicate.	
5 explicit /ik/splisit/	• Even though the ins bookcase together.	tructions were explicit, we	were still unable to put the	
-adjective	<ul> <li>My parents were very explicit about what I could and could not do during their three-day absence. They presented me with a detailed list!</li> </ul>			
Explicit means	a. brief.	b. mysterious.	c. specific.	
6 longevity /lonj'dʒevətɪ/	<ul> <li>Volkswagens and Ho expensive cars.</li> </ul>	ndas are known for their long	gevity, often outlasting more	
-noun	The animal with the several hundred years.	greatest <b>longevity</b> is the giant s.	land tortoise, which can live	

b. life span.

c. size.

Longevity means

a. form.

7 magnitude /ˈmægnɪtjuːd/	<ul> <li>Numbers in the billi people to grasp.</li> </ul>	ons and trillions are of too	great a magnitude for most			
-noun		r realized the <b>magnitude</b> of I responsible for the loss of	of his error, he panicked at the so large a sum of money.			
Magnitude means	a. an amount.	b. a time.	c. a length.			
8 mundane /ˌmʌnˈdeɪn/	Because Usha teach mundane activity to		day, it is simply one more			
-adjective	<ul> <li>The most mundane activities can turn into extraordinary events. For instance, I met my best friend while washing my clothes at the laundromat.</li> </ul>					
Mundane means	a. exciting.	b. painful.	c. commonplace.			
9 obscure /əbˈskjuə(r)/	The chemist didn't empress his dieory crearly, so it remai					
-adjective		scovered who committed the covered who committed the cr's motives remained obsc	e murder, but even to the best ure.			
Obscure means	a. unimportant.	b. unclear.	c. known.			
10 render /'rendə(r)/	<ul> <li>Don't let the baby ne unreadable.</li> </ul>	ear your term paper with tha	at crayon, or she will render it			
-verb	<ul> <li>Phyllis added so much red pepper to the chili that she rendered it too hot for anyone to eat.</li> </ul>					
Render means	a. to remember.	b. to make.	c. to wish.			

## **Matching Words with Definitions**

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To drive away as if by scattering; cause to vanish
2	Size
3	Ordinary; everyday
4	Stated or shown clearly and exactly
5	Having conflicting feelings about someone or something
6	To cause (something) to become; make
7	Not easily understood; not clearly expressed
8	Cool and reserved; distant in personal relations
9	To increase; make greater, as in strength or quantity
0	Length of life

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. aloof f. longevity	b. <b>ambivale</b> g. <b>magnitud</b>	-	d. dispel	e. <b>explicit</b> j. <b>render</b>
		pest writers can describe ary at all.	something so	that it doesn't se
	2. The ar	rchitect decided to add and	ther pillar to the build	ding to its supp
		ell seems toward mes me."	ne," Janice said, "as	if he both likes
		nt research suggests that cong we will live.	our parents' doe	sn't necessarily af
		I'm frightened, I try to a me feel in control.	ppear because lo	oking cool and dis
		essence of my science tellicated, ideas clear to		at he is able to m
	•	ou keep walking on the bas flat as the floor," Annie	•	ike that, you will
		ude proposes marriage to as to whether or not he rea		y doubts she may
	-	to make my test question by students will know exact	•	
		an to realize the of the ore kinds of insects living.		

### > Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines provided, complete each item below with **two** words from the box. Use each word once.

1-2. When asked about his \_\_\_\_, ninety-year-old Mr. Greene gives an \_\_\_\_ recipe for a long life: eat well, exercise, and stay away from hospitals. "It's ironicoon," he explains, "that I got the worst infection of my life at a hospital."

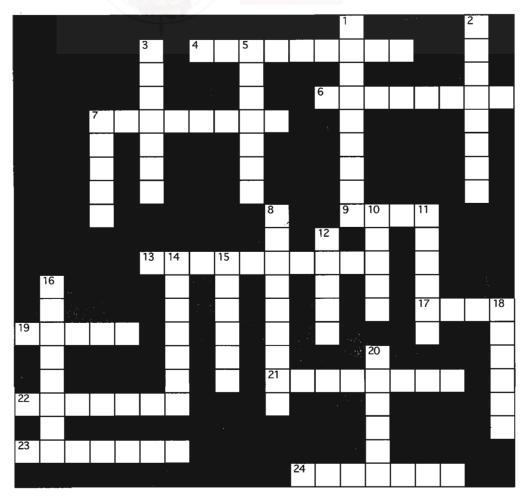
3-4. Harriet was able to \_\_\_ the family income by working overtime, but her

problems with her husband and children increased in \_\_\_ as a result.

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5-6. I'm about playing with our rock band. The music is a source elation° for me, but I'm afraid it will me deaf one of these days.	of
7-8. Gail sometimes appears cold and conceited, but she is only towa people whom she strongly dislikes. With all others, her usual genia and modest manner soons any impression that she is haughty°.	
9-10. "Does the idea that we don't always see things as they really are see to you?" the teacher asked. "If so, it will become clearer if you relate it to the experience of looking down a road. Doesn't it look narrower in the distance than it really is?"	ou
Final Check: My Sister's Date	
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.	
I watched as my older sister, Ruth, removed the last spiked curler from her hair. We gapedo at	
the result. She somehow had (1)(e)d her hair limp as spaghetti.	
When Ruth started to cry, I tried to pacify her with my usual gentleness: "Why are you such a	
crybaby about some stupid guy?"	
The guy was Steven Meyer. He and Ruth were going to a high-school dance. She'd had a	
crush on him for years, for reasons that were (2) to me. (I never had been	
able to discern° what she saw in him.)	
When Ruth began to (3) her makeup by applying some more	
powder, she gave a terrifying scream that probably reduced my (4) by	
at least a year. She informed me between sobs that a pimple had just appeared on her nose, making	
her "look like a vile" witch." I studied her face, expecting a pimple of truly amazing	
(5) Instead, I spotted a tiny speck. I tried to (6)	
Ruth's worries: "So, it makes you look like a witch. Don't you want to look bewitching?" But she	
just began to cry again. I took this opportunity to go downstairs and wait for Steven Meyer.	
He arrived a half hour before Ruth was ready. Observing him through my thick glasses, I tried to	
figure out exactly what Ruth saw in him. We talked until she appeared at the top of the stairs. Trying	
to look (7), she came down very slowly, wearing a cool, distant expression.	
When Ruth returned home later that night, her comment about the evening was	
(8) : "Totally rotten." She said that Steven, far from being extra-	
ordinary, had turned out to be "the most (9) sort of person in the world."	
It seemed Ruth had bypassed feeling (10) about Steven and gone	
straight from love to hate.	
It's just as well, since I've been married to Steven for ten years now.	
it a just as well, since I we been married to steven for the years now.	
Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%	

### UNIT FIVE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Five. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



aloof ambivalent avid constrict depict dispel fallible feign furtive genial implicit ironic mediate mundane muted nurture obscure pathetic pragmatic punitive saturate sibling smug sneer vivacious

#### **ACROSS**

- 4. To make smaller or narrower, as by squeezing or shrinking
- Pitifully inadequate or unsuccessful
- 7. To soak or fill as much as possible
- Overly pleased with one's own cleverness, goodness, etc.; self-satisfied
- 13. Having conflicting feelings about someone or something
- 17. Enthusiastic and devoted
- 19. Cool and reserved
- 21. Suggested but not directly expressed

- 22. Not easily understood or clearly expressed
- 23. To settle (a conflict) by acting as a go-between
- A sister or brother

#### **DOWN**

- 1. Lively; full of enthusiasm
- 2. Giving or involving punishment; punishing
- 3. Done or behaving so as not to be noticed; secret; sneaky
- 5. To promote the development of by providing nourishment, support, and protection

- To show or express contempt or ridicule
- 8. Practical
- 10. Softened; toned down; made less intense
- 11. Friendly, pleasant, and kindly
- 12. To pretend; give a false show of
- 14. Ordinary; everyday
- 15. Opposite to what might be expected
- 16. Capable of making an error
- 18. To represent in pictures or words; describe
- To drive away as if scattering; cause to vanish

## UNIT FIVE: Test 1

#### PART A

Choose the word that best com	pletes each item an	d write it in the spa	ace provided.	
1	. Dean is so the food restaurant as		position of hambu	rger cook at a fast-
	a. punitive	b. transient	c. pretentious	d. muted
2	. Peter hasn't been	about quitting	his job, but he's hi	nted at it.
	a. explicit	b. avid	c. fallible	d. punitive
3	. In talking with th	e social worker, the	abused child	a life of horror.
	a. depicted	b. implored	c. intimidated	d. nurtured
4	. When my brother "Can you lend me		shortage of cash, hi	is message was
	a. smug	b. avid	c. implicit	d. vivacious
5	. The poker gang la for her rose as she	aughed when Mome won the first four	-	game, but their
	a. esteem	b. longevity	c. legacy	d. magnitude
6		ome three hours after		cille an excuse
	a. formulated	b. dispelled	c. ruptured	d. intimidated
7		arch during which nact lens fell out of		ny entire apartment,
	a. exhaustive	b. fiscal	c. pretentious	d. vindictive
8		his excellent grade got straight A's aga		have to be and
	a. obscure	b. deficient	c. smug	d. muted
9		ich uncle is so sting oney to family me		who aren't rich, are
	a. exhaustive	b. ironic	c. furtive	d. pragmatic
10		heard about his grant interest whenever		and pains a million him.
•	a. implored	b. feigned	c. mediated	d. intimidated

#### PART B

On the answer line, write the letter of the choice that best completes each item.

 11.	"I'm not fallible," my older sister insists. She me	eans	s that she never makes
	a. money.		meals.
	c. mistakes.	d.	good grades.
 12.	The habitat of a cactus is		•
	a. very prickly.	b.	capable of storing water.
	c. grayish-green.	d.	the desert.
13.	A mundane experience, in most people's opinion	n, v	vould be
	a. grocery shopping.		meeting one's future spouse.
	c. sky-diving.	d.	having major surgery.
14.	"This new comedy show is devoid of humor," w	rote	the television critic, meaning that the show
	a. is always funny.		is funny some of the time.
	c. completely lacks humor.	d.	is going to win an award.
15.	When Isaac implored his sister to lend him ten d	loll	ars, he
 	a. blackmailed her into lending him the money.		
	c. refused her offer to lend him the money.		begged her to lend him the money.
16.	A person who begins honking and yelling, "Go	. 00	ot" at other drivers the second a traffic light
 10.	turns green is <b>deficient</b> in	, 5	s. at other drivers the second a traffic fight
	a. vision.	b.	rudeness.
	c. patience.	d.	speed.
17.	A reliable way to infuriate a teacher is to		
	a. skip class, refuse to do assignments, and talk	bac	k rudely in class.
	b. hold the door open for him or her and offer to		-
	c. take education courses in college and eventua	_	
	d. ask for clarification when you do not understa	and	an assignment.
 18.	Roger realized Anitra's interest in him had dwin	dle	d when she began to
	a. ask his friends if he was dating anyone specia	ıl.	
	b. object to his seeing other women.		
	c. come up with excuses to call him at home.		
	d. avoid his phone calls and visits.		
 19.	When my father mediates a quarrel, he		
	a. intentionally angers the people involved beca		
	<ul><li>b. helps settle the quarrel by acting as a go-betw</li><li>c. takes one person's side in order to make the companion</li></ul>		
	d. refuses to become involved in the quarrel in a		•
•	•	٠	•
 20.	Although Vanessa developed a crush on her class	sma	ite Josh, the feeling was transient because
	<ul><li>a. she asked him out on a date.</li><li>b. Josh was in all her classes.</li></ul>		
	c. she soon met the boy she called her "true love	e."	
	d. Josh returned Vanessa's feelings.		
	,		

(Number correct) \_\_\_

Score

\_\_\_\_ × 5 = \_\_\_

## UNIT FIVE: Test 2

PART A
Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. ambivalent f. fiscal k. muted	b. condone c. contemplate d. evoke e. feasible g. inhibition h. jeopardize i. legacy j. magnitude l. reconcile m. sibling
	1. To make the bright green a more shade, the painter added a few dro of black.
	2. Music in a minor key oftens sad feelings in the listener.
	3. No one realized the of Nora's depression until she tried to kill herse
	4. Isabel has feelings about her job. She loves the work but hates boss.
	5. Why dropping out of school when you've got only two semester go?
	6. It isn't to grow roses in our back yard. There's too much shade there for roses.
<del></del>	7. Rosa has(e)d her son's temper tantrums for so long that he the they're acceptable behavior.
	8. My love of the outdoors is a(n) from my grandfather, who often he in the mountains.
	9. The company is in such bad shape that over half the employees soon be laid off.
	10. Dick(e)d his chances of getting the job when he addressed interviewer by the wrong name.
	11. Mys will be coming from California and Arkansas to celebrate parents' twenty-fifth anniversary.
	12. At first, Tiffany was reluctant to sit in Santa Claus's lap, but she overc hers when she saw that he was handing out candy canes.
	13. As the wedding drew near, Brenda had to herself to the fact that

DA	PT	D
$\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{A}}$	KI	33

Write C if the italicized wo	Write C if the italicized word is used correctly. Write I if the word is used incorrectly.						
14. Saturate the was	14. Saturate the washcloth by wringing it out.						
15. I asked Sal to au	gment the stereo because it wa	s giving me a headach	ne.				
16. An avid reader, J	udy spends much of her time of	enjoying newspapers,	magazines and books.				
17. Sonia sneered at	the rock star who was her idol	and asked him to auto	ograph her CD.				
18. Being a pragmat	ic person, my brother values n	nusic and poetry more	than practical things.				
19. Barry didn't let l future nights.	his children stay up late last n	ight because he didn'i	t want to set a precedent for				
PART C On the answer line, write the	ne letter of the word that is the	synonym of the bolds	faced word.				
Example: _a_	dwindle a. lessen	b. increase	c. turn				
20. aloof	a. angry	b. friendly	c. reserved				
21. nurture	a. starve	b. establish	c. nourish				
22. <b>render</b>	a. make	b. prevent	c. return				
PART D On the answer line, write the letter of the word that is the <b>antonym</b> of the boldfaced word.							
Example: _b_	dwindle a. lessen	b. increase	c. turn				
23. genial	a. unpleasant	b. kindly	c. inborn				
24. pathetic	a. admirable	b. required	c. sorry				
25. intimidate	a. delay	b. frighten	c. encourage				

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 4 = \_\_\_\_%

## UNIT FIVE: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1.	INTROVERT : SHY ::	
	<ul><li>a. firefighter: brave</li><li>c. showoff: modest</li></ul>	timid: shyness recipe: ingredients
2.	SIBLING: BROTHER::	
	<ul><li>a. niece : aunt</li><li>c. parent : father</li></ul>	baby : infant twins : triplets
3.	VIVACIOUS : SLUGGISH ::	
	<ul><li>a. lively : active</li><li>c. spirited : cheerleader</li></ul>	curious : interested passionate : uncaring
4.	FURTIVE: SPY::	
	<ul><li>a. tall : mouse</li><li>c. dishonest : forger</li></ul>	sly: sneaky tiptoe: walk
5.	GAPE : AMAZING ::	
	<ul><li>a. smile : sad</li><li>c. yawn : exciting</li></ul>	laugh: humorous interrupt: conversation
· 6.	PUNITIVE : PENALTY ::	
	<ul><li>a. liberating : shackles</li><li>c. instructive : lesson</li></ul>	punishing : reward verdict : evidence
7.	CRYPTIC : CODE ::	
	<ul><li>a. spicy : carrot</li><li>c. wealthy : beggar</li></ul>	encouraging : cheerleader mystical : magical
8.	DETRIMENTAL : SMOKING ::	
	<ul><li>a. beneficial : exercise</li><li>c. snakebite : antidote</li></ul>	physician: health harmful : medicine
9.	RUPTURE : PIPE ::	
	<ul><li>a. sweep : dustcloth</li><li>c. inhale : exhale</li></ul>	dirt : shovel malfunction : computer
10.	VINDICTIVE: FORGIVING::	
	<ul><li>a. neglectful : attentive</li><li>c. expensive : costly</li></ul>	local : nearby take : revenge

c. magnify: microscope

					***
Score	(Number correct)	×	5	=	%

d. sweetness: candy

## POSTTEST OF THE WHOLE BOOK

This test contains 100 items. In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

c) improve

1. enhance

a) free

b) get

d) reject

	2. encounter	a) departure b) total c) meeting d) attack
:	3. obsolete	a) current b) out-of date c) difficult to believe d) not sold
	4. eccentric	a) active b) common c) calm d) odd
:	5. escalate	a) remove b) include c) lessen d) intensify
	6. <b>euphemism</b>	a) degree b) false appearance c) substitute for offensive term d) title
	7. exemplify	a) test b) construct c) represent d) plan
	8. adamant	a) flexible b) stubborn c) weak d) realistic
	9. <b>comprehensive</b>	a) delicate b) including much c) accidental d) small
10	0. animosity	a) fear b) shyness c) approval d) ill will
1	1. discern	a) rule out b) devise c) see clearly d) consider
1:	2. allusion	a) indirect reference b) physical weakness c) improvement d) short story
1:	3. altruistic	a) unselfish b) honest c) lying d) proud
1	4. malign	a) praise b) boast c) speak evil of d) depend on
1	5. arbitrary	a) based on impulse b) wordy c) believable d) demanding
1	6. assail	a) defend b) travel c) attack d) confuse
1	7. fluctuate	a) sink b) vary irregularly c) float d) stand still
1	8. elicit	a) praise b) disprove c) draw forth d) approve
1	9. persevere	a) mark b) treat harshly c) continue d) delay
2	0. venture	a) misrepresent b) turn aside c) urge d) risk
2	1. attest	a) examine b) bear witness c) tear up d) dislike
2	2. acclaim	a) disagreement b) great approval c) false name d) sadness
2	3. calamity	a) conference b) breeze c) disaster d) storm
2	4. attribute	a) admiration b) quality c) disease d) program
2	5. tangible	<ul><li>a) more than normal</li><li>b) touchable</li><li>c) hidden</li><li>d) orderly</li></ul>

(Continues on next page)

26. retaliate	a) repair b) pay back c) renew d) repeat
27. qualm	a) pleasure b) place of safety c) feeling of doubt d) dead end
28. intrinsic	<ul> <li>a) belonging by its very nature</li> <li>b) not noticeable</li> <li>c) on the surface</li> <li>d) careful</li> </ul>
29. confiscate	a) make difficult b) deny c) seize with authority d) desire
30. immaculate	a) roomy b) clean c) empty d) complete
31. degenerate	a) give up b) improve c) stay the same d) worsen
32. implausible	a) possible b) hard to believe c) imaginary d) historical
33. devastate	a) reassure b) upset greatly c) spread out d) begin again
34. sinister	a) frightened b) generous c) lively d) evil
35. nominal	a) slight b) large c) important d) open to harm
36. speculate	a) inspect b) think about c) search d) state to be so
37. <b>succumb</b>	a) cut short b) approach c) give in d) repeat
38. garble	a) claim b) mix up c) refuse d) speak clearly
39. <b>constitute</b>	a) make up b) remove c) eliminate d) separate
40. blatant	a) quiet b) sudden c) immediate d) obvious
41. intricate	a) complex b) easy c) workable d) touching
42. predominant	a) hidden b) having a tendency c) most noticeable d) smallest
43. incentive	a) fear b) concern c) pride d) encouragement
44. infamous	a) having a bad reputation b) not known c) small d) related
45. concurrent	a) apart b) north c) happening together d) off-and-on
46. benefactor	a) landlord b) one who gives aid c) optimist d) kindness
47. intermittent	a) hesitant b) nervous c) off-and-on d) constant
48. suffice	a) think up b) prevent c) be enough d) pay back
49. alleviate	a) infect b) relieve c) make anxious d) depart
50. digress	a) resist b) improve c) stray d) repeat

51. averse	a) opposed b) fearful c) warm d) attracted
52. conversely	a) unfriendly b) rudely c) uncooperative d) in an opposite manner
53. aspire	a) dislike b) strongly desire c) impress d) deliver
54. <b>elation</b>	a) comparison b) trade c) joy d) majority opinion
55. quest	a) place b) memory c) search d) request
56. mandatory	a) sexist b) threatening c) required d) masculine
57. ominous	<ul><li>a) happy</li><li>b) depressed</li><li>c) threatening</li><li>d) friendly</li></ul>
58. traumatic	a) harmless b) reversed c) delicate d) causing painful emotions
59. lucrative	a) causing disease b) profitable c) silly d) attractive
60. <b>impasse</b>	a) gate b) exit c) central point d) dead end
61. transcend	a) send b) travel c) show off d) rise above
62. complacent	a) workable b) self-satisfied c) healthy d) easy
63. <b>divulge</b>	a) remove b) reveal c) hide d) embarrass
64. benevolent	a) poor b) kind c) wealthy d) nasty
65. rationale	a) mood b) debate c) logical basis d) research paper
66. <b>proponent</b>	a) supporter b) examiner c) foe d) one part of the whole
67. <b>nullify</b>	a) cancel b) turn aside c) allow d) harm
68. flippant	a) cold b) disrespectful c) formal d) nervous
69. <b>prone</b>	a) active b) tending c) disliked d) rested
70. empathy	<ul> <li>a) fear</li> <li>b) encouragement</li> <li>c) ability to share someone's feelings</li> <li>d) avoidance</li> </ul>
71. <b>waive</b>	a) fly b) sleep c) show off d) give up
72. prevalent	a) plain b) widespread c) escapable d) famous
73. dissent	a) disagreement b) winning c) defeat d) approval
74. <b>perception</b>	
	-

75. deplete

a) add to

**b**) delay

c) use up

d) encourage

\_\_\_\_100. condone

a) arrest

76. vindictive	a) not easily understood b) gentle c) vengeful d) temporary
77. precedent	a) gift b) fee c) example d) later event
78. vile	a) tricky b) nice c) secretive d) offensive
79. ironic	a) simple b) meaning opposite of what is said c) deeply felt d) great
80. saturate	a) fully soak b) put down c) break apart d) describe
81. pacify	a) betray b) remove c) retreat d) calm
82. detrimental	a) harmful b) nutritious c) dirty d) helpful
83. explicit	a) everyday b) permanent c) distant d) stated exactly
84. exhaustive	a) complete b) nervous c) respected d) tired
85. ambivalent	a) everyday b) temporary c) having mixed feelings d) able to be done
86. dispel	a) cause to vanish b) anger c) describe d) assist
87. <b>pragmatic</b>	a) practical b) slow c) wise d) ordinary
88. esteem	a) respect b) doubt c) age d) length of life
89. contemplate	a) think seriously about b) create c) add to d) reveal
90. transient	a) permanent b) easy-going c) stubborn d) temporary
91. augment	a) cause to become b) change c) describe d) increase
92. <b>fallible</b>	a) incomplete b) complete c) capable of error d) simple
93. <b>punitive</b>	a) punishing b) inexpensive c) ridiculously inadequate d) possible
94. avid	a) enthusiastic b) disliked c) bored d) plentiful
95. habitat	a) headache b) natural environment c) importance d) usual behavior
96. <b>nurture</b>	a) harden b) thank c) nourish d) starve
97. <b>deficient</b>	a) forgotten b) well-known c) complete d) lacking
98. gape	a) hide from b) beat c) stare d) repair
99. magnitude	a) importance b) attraction c) respect d) example

b) represent

c) forgive

d) appoint

# **Appendixes**



# A Answer Key

## 1. Answers to the Pretest of the Whole Book

- 1. b 2. a
- 3. b 4. a 5. b 6. b 7. b 8. d 9. a 10. c 11. a 12. d 13. c 14. b 15. a 16. b 17. a 18. c 19. b 20. c 21. c 22. d 23. a

24. b

25. a

- 26. b 27. a 28. b 29. d 30. d 31. b 32. d 33. b 34. d 35. b 36. c 37. b 38. b 39. d 40. d 41. c 42. a 43. d 44. c 45. d 46. b 47. c 48. b 49. a 50. d

		•		
51.	c		76.	a
52.	b		77.	b
53.	b		78.	a
54.	a		79.	b
55.	d		80.	a
56.	b		81.	c
57.	a		82.	b
58.	c		83.	c
59.	b .		84.	c
60.	a		85.	b
61.	c		86.	a
62.	d		87.	c
63.	b		88.	b
64.	c		89.	a
65.	d		90.	d
66.	a		91.	b
67.	d		92.	c
68.	c		93.	b
69.	b		94.	c
70.	d		95.	c
71.	d		96.	c
72.	b		97.	d
73.	c		98.	a
74.	c		99.	b
75.	c		100.	d

## 2. Answers to the Unit Pretests

Unit One	Unit Two	Unit Three	Unit Four	Unit Five
Pretest	Pretest	Pretest	Pretest	Pretest
1. b	1. b	1. c	1. b	1. c
2. a	2. a	2. c	2. a	2. b
3. c	3. d	3. a	3. d	3. d
4. b	4. a	4. d	4. a	4. a
5. d	5. c	5. c	5. c	5. c
6. a	6. b	6. b	6. b	6. b
7. c	7. c	7. a	7. c	7. a
8. b	8. a	8. c	8. b	8. d
9. d	9. d	9. a	9. b	9. c
10. a	10. d	10. d	10. d	10. b
11. c	11. c	11. b	11. a	11. a
12. b	12. b	12. a	12. c	12. c
13. d	13. a	13. c	13. b	13. a
14. d	14. d	14. b	14. c	14. d
15. a	15. b	15. b	15. d	15. b
16. b	16. a	16. b	16. c	16. a
17. c	17. c	17. a	17. b	17. d
18. a	18. b	18. d	18. a	18. c
19. b	19. d	19. b	19. c	19. b
20. d	20. a	20. b	20. d	20. d
21. b	21. b	21. d	21. c	21. c
22. b	22. d	22. c	22. b	22. c
23. d	23. a	23. a	23. a	23. c
24. a	24. d	24. b	24. d	24. b
25. c	25. b	25. c	25. b	25. a
26. c	26. a	26. d	26. b	26. c
27. b	27. c	27. a	27. a	27. b
28. c	28. d	28. b	28. d	28. a
29. d	29. a	29. a	29. c	29. c
30. a	30. d	30. d	30. a	30. d
31. b	31. c	31. b	31. c	31. b
32. c	32. b	32. d	32. d	32. a
33. a	33. d	33. a	33. b	33. c
34. c	34. d	34. b	34. c	34. d
35. d	35. b	35. c	35. d	35. b
36. b	36. d	36. a	36. a	36. c
37. a	37. c	37. d	37. c	37. b
38. c	38. d	38. b	38. a	38. d
39. a	39. a	39. d	39. d	39. a
40. c	40. b	40. a	40. c	40. c
41. b	41. c	41. b	41. b	41. b
42. d	42. a	42. a	42. a	42. c
43. a	43. b	43. c	43. c	43. a
44. b	44. c	44. d	44. d	44. c
45. a	45. d	45. b	45. b	45. d
46. d	. 46. b	46. a	46. c	46. c
47. d	47. d	47. b	47. a	47. a
48. c	48. a	48. c	48. d	48. b
49. b	49. c	49. d	49. b	49. c
50. a	50. d	50. a	50. c	50. d

## 3. Answers to the Chapter Activities

Chapter 1 (Joseph Pal	mer)		Chapter 8 (Animal	Senses)			
Ten Words Matching in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. b 1. 2 6. 9 2. a 7. b 2. 4 7. 6 3. c 8. c 3. 7 8. 5 4. c 9. a 4. 1 9. 10 5. a 10. c 5. 8 10. 3	Sentence Check 1 Check 2 1. b 6. i 1-2. g, h 2. h 7. a 3-4. e, j 3. j 8. f 5-6. b, f 4. c 9. e 7-8. d, a 5. d 10. g 9-10. i, c	Final Check 1. d 6. f 2. c 7. a 3. i 8. e 4. h 9. b 5. j 10. g	Ten Words in Context Words/Di. a 6. b 1. 6 6. 2. c 7. a 2. 4 7. 3. a 8. c 3. 9 8. 4. b 9. c 4. 1 9. 5. a 10. a 5.10 10.	Sentence efs Check 1 3 1. e 6. i 5 2. a 7. c 8 3. d 8. j 2 4. g 9. h	Sentence Check 2 1-2. e, c 3-4. h, j 5-6. b, g 7-8. d, f 9-10. a, i	Final Check 1. d 6. b 2. j 7. i 3. f 8. g 4. e 9. h 5. c 10. a	
Chapter 2 (Telephone	Salespeople)		Chapter 9 (Money	Problems)			
Ten Words in Context       Matching Words/Defs         1. c       6. b         2. b       7. c         3. a       8. b         4. a       9. a         5. c       10. b         5. 2       10. 5	Sentence         Sentence           Check 1         Check 2           1. c         6. b         1-2. e, a           2. i         7. h         3-4. d, f           3. d         8. e         5-6. g, i           4. a         9. j         7-8. j, b           5. g         10. f         9-10. h, c	Final Check 1. i 6. j 2. d 7. g 3. c 8. h 4. b 9. e 5. a 10. f	Ten Words in Context  1. a 6. c 1. 3 6. 2. b 7. b 2. 5 7. 3. c 8. b 3. 8 8. 4. a 9. a 4. 9 9. 5. b 10. c 5. 2 10.	fs Check 1 4 1. h 6. d 7 2. a 7. j 1 3. c 8. e 1 10 4. i 9. b	Sentence Check 2 1–2. g, a 3–4. c, h 5–6. i, d 7–8. e, b 9–10. f, j	Final Check 1. h 6. j 2. e 7. i 3. b 8. c 4. d 9. g 5. a 10. f	
Chapter 3 (A Cruel Sp	ort)		Chapter 10 (The No	w French Emp	oloyee)		
Ten Words       Matching         in Context       Words/Defs         1. b       6. b       1. 3       6. 8         2. a       7. c       2. 10       7. 5         3. c       8. c       3. 7       8. I         4. a       9. b       4. 2       9. 4         5. a       10. a       5. 9       10. 6	Sentence         Sentence           Check 1         Check 2           1. i         6. d         1-2. d, c           2. h         7. f         3-4. h, j           3. a         8. g         5-6. i, a           4. b         9. j         7-8. f, e           5. e         10. c         9-10. g, b	Final Check 1. f 6. d 2. h 7. b 3. c 8. j 4. a 9. g 5. e 10. i	Ten Words in Context Words/Do 1. c 6. b 1. 5 6. 2. a 7. a 2. 9 7. 3. b 8. b 3. 1 8. 4. b 9. b 4. 6 9. 5. c 10. a 5. 4 10.	fs Check 1 10 1. i 6. f 2 2. h 7. c 8 3. j 8. g 7 4. e 9. a	Sentence Check 2 1–2. j, f 3–4. b, i 5–6. e, a 7–8. h, c 9–10. g, d	Final Check 1. i 6. a 2. h 7. d 3. e 8. f 4. c 9. j 5. b 10. g	
Chapter 4 (Bald Is Bea	autiful)		Chapter 11 (A Cruel Teacher)				
Ten Words in Context   Matching   Words/Defs   1. 3 6. 7   2. c 7. a 2. 6 7. 4   3. a 8. b 3. 9 8. 8   4. b 9. a 4. 1 9. 5   5. a 10. c 5. 10 10. 2	Sentence Check 1  1. d 6. f 1-2. h, g 2. b 7. g 3-4. f, e 3. e 8. i 5-6. d, a 4. j 9. c 7-8. i, c 5. h 10. a 9-10. b, j	Final Check 1. b 6. i 2. d 7. g 3. e 8. a 4. c 9. f 5. h 10. j	Ten Words in Context Words/D6  1. a 6. b 1. 9 6. 2. c 7. b 2. 4 7. 3. a 8. b 3. 6 8. 4. c 9. a 4. 2 9. 5. a 10. b 5. 8 10.	fs Check 1 3 1. g 6. d 10 2. b 7. j 1 3. f 8. e 7 4. a 9. i	Sentence Check 2 1–2. g, a 3–4. j, i 5–6. e, c 7–8. h, d 9–10. b, f	Final Check 1. e 6. g 2. a 7. h 3. d 8. i 4. f 9. j 5. c 10. b	
Chapter 5 (No Luck W	ith Women)		Chapter 12 (It's Ne	ver Too Late)			
Ten Words in Context       Matching Words/Defs         1. b       6. b         2. a       7. b         3. c       8. c         4. c       9. a         5. a       10. b         10. d       10. d         10. d       10. d         10. d       10. d	Sentence         Sentence           Check 1         Check 2           1. h         6. j         1-2. b, h           2. a         7. c         3-4. e, c           3. b         8. i         5-6. d, g           4. e         9. d         7-8. i, j           5. g         10. f         9-10. f, a	Final Check 1. e 6. c 2. f 7. d 3. h 8. i 4. a 9. b 5. j 10. g	Ten Word Pts Matching in Context Words/D6  1. a 6. c 1. 5 6.  2. b 7. b 2. 9 7.  3. a 8. c 3. 2 8.  4. c 9. a 4. 8 9.  5. a 10. b 5. 1 10.	fs Check 1 10 1. c 6. f 3 2. b 7. i 6 3. h 8. d 7 4. j 9. g	Sentence Check 2 1–2. j, e 3–4. h, f 5–6. i, d 7–8. b, g 9–10. c, a	Final Check 1. c 6. f 2. i 7. g 3. h 8. e 4. a 9. j 5. b 10. d	
Chapter 6 (A Taste of	,		Chapter 13 (Learni	ng to Study)			
Ten Word Pts Matching in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. b 1. 10 6. 4 2. c 7. b 2. 8 7. 1 3. a 8. a 3. 6 8. 5 4. a 9. c 4. 2 9. 3 5. b 10. c 5. 9 10. 7	Sentence         Sentence           Check I         Check 2           1. b         6. g         1-2. d, i           2. h         7. f         3-4. c, f           3. d         8. c         5-6. g, e           4. i         9. a         7-8. b, h           5. j         10. e         9-10. j, a	Final Check 1. h 6. g 2. j 7. c 3. a 8. e 4. b 9. i 5. f 10. d	Ten Words in Context Words/D6 1. b 6. b 1. 9 6. 2. c 7. a 2. 1 7. 3. b 8. c 3. 4 8. 4. a 9. b 4. 3 9. 5. b 10. a 5. 8 10.	efs Check 1 2 1. g 6. h 10 2. b 7. i 6 3. e 8. a 5 4. f 9. c	Sentence Check 2 1-2. i, h 3-4. a, e 5-6. g, j 7-8. b, c 9-10. d, f	Final Check 1. h 6. a 2. i 7. f 3. b 8. j 4. d 9. g 5. c 10. e	
Chapter 7 (Accident a	Chapter 14 (The M	ad Monk)					
Ten Words       Matching         in Context       Words/Defs         1. b       6. c       1. 4       6. 9         2. a       7. c       2. 10       7. 1         3. c       8. b       3. 2       8. 5         4. a       9. b       4. 8       9. 7         5. b       10. a       5. 6       10. 3	Sentence         Sentence           Check 1         Check 2           1. a 6. f         1-2. j, a           2. g 7. h         3-4. h, f           3. d 8. i         5-6. c, d           4. b 9. e         7-8. g, b           5. c 10. j         9-10. e, i	Final Check 1. d 6. h 2. a 7. j 3. e 8. g 4. i 9. f 5. b 10. c	Ten Words in Context Words/Di. c 6. a 1. 3 6. 2. a 7. b 2. 4 7. 3. b 8. b 3. 7 8. 4. a 9. c 4. 6 9. 5. c 10. a 5. 2 10.	efs Check 1 10 1. g 6. c 5 2. a 7. h 9 3. j 8. i 1 4. d 9. b	Sentence Check 2 1-2. g, a 3-4. h, c 5-6. d, e 7-8. j, b 9-10. f, i	Final Check 1. f 6. d 2. h 7. i 3. g 8. j 4. b 9. c 5. a 10. e	

		Answers to the	e Chapter Activities	191
Chapter 15 (Conflict Over Holidays		Chapter 23 (My Talente	d Roommate)	
Ten Words         Matching         Sentence           in Context         Words/Defs         Check 1           1. c         6. a         1. 4         6. 3         1. d         6. f           2. a         7. b         2. 9         7. 10         2. e         7. g           3. b         8. a         3. 6         8. 8         3. h         8. b           4. b         9. b         4. 1         9. 2         4. j         9. c	Sentence Check 2 Check 1-2. b, h 1. g 6. a 3-4. a, j 2. i 7. e 5-6. c, e 3. f 8. c 7-8. f, g 4. j 9. b 9-10. d, i 5. d 10. h	Ten Words Matching in Context Words/Defs 1. c 6. b 1. 6 6. 8 2. a 7. a 2. 3 7. 9 3. b 8. c 3. 7 8. 1 4. c 9. a 4. 5 9. 2	Sentence Check I Check 2  1. a 6. g 1-2. i, c 2. i 7. j 3-4. f, g 3. c 8. h 5-6. b, j 4. b 9. e 7-8. e, h 5. f 10. d 9-10. a, d	Final Check 1. d 6. g 2. f 7. b 3. a 8. c 4. i 9. e 5. h 10. j
Chapter 16 (Dr. Martin Luther King	g, Jr.)	Chapter 24 (Fascinating	(Courses)	
in Context Words/Defs Check I  1. b 6. a 1. 4 6. 2 1. d 6. h  2. c 7. b 2. 1 7. 8 2. e 7. a  3. c 8. c 3. 9 8. 6 3. f 8. b  4. a 9. a 4. 7 9. 10 4. g 9. j	Sentence Check 2         Final Check           1-2. g, b         1. b         6. e           3-4. e, d         2. h         7. f           5-6. j, h         3. g         8. d           7-8. c, f         4. c         9. i           9-10. a, i         5. a         10. j	in Context Words/Defs (1. b 6. c 1. 6 6. 5 2. c 7. b 2. 9 7. 10 (2. 3. c 8. a 3. 1 8. 7 (4. a 9. b 4. 8 9. 4	Sentence         Sentence           Check 1         Check 2           1. c         6. j         1-2. i, f           2. e         7. f         3-4. j, g           3. g         8. b         5-6. c, h           4. a         9. d         7-8. b, a           5. i         10. h         9-10. e, d	Final Check 1. e 6. f 2. a 7. c 3. b 8. d 4. j 9. h 5. g 10. i
Chapter 17 (Relating to Parents)		Chapter 25 (Cal and His	s Sisters)	
in Context Words/Defs Check I 1. c 6. a 1. 4 6. l 1. f 6. c 2. a 7. b 2. 6 7. 5 2. a 7. i 3. a 8. b 3. 9 8. l0 3. b 8. d 4. b 9. c 4. 8 9. 3 4. e 9. j	Sentence Check 2       Final Check         1-2. a, g       1. j       6. i         3-4. h, e       2. h       7. a         5-6. f, b       3. c       8. g         7-8. d, c       4. b       9. f         9-10. i, j       5. d       10. e	in Context Words/Defs 0 1. a 6. c 1. 5 6. 2 2. c 7. a 2. 1 7. 9 3. a 8. c 3. 7 8. 4 4. b 9. b 4. 3 9. 8	Sentence         Sentence           Check 1         Check 2           1. j 6. g         1-2. c, g           2. b 7. c         3-4. b, a           3. a 8. i 5-6. i, d           4. e 9. d 7-8. j, e           5. f 10. h 9-10. f, h	Final Check 1. g 6. j 2. i 7. d 3. h 8. e 4. f 9. c 5. a 10. b
Chapter 18 (Held Back by Fears)		Chapter 26 (Shoplifter)		
in Context Words/Defs Check 1 1. c 6. b 1. 7 6. 6 1. f 6. g 2. b 7. c 2. 4 7. l 2. c 7. b 3. b 8. c 3. 9 8. 10 3. a 8. j 4. a 9. a 4. 8 9. 3 4. e 9. d	Sentence Check 2       Final Check         1-2. g, e       1. b       6. g         3-4. h, c       2. h       7. f         5-6. j, i       3. e       8. a         7-8. f, b       4. d       9. i         9-10. a, d       5. j       10. c	in Context Words/Defs (1. a 6. a 1. 3 6. 10 2. a 7. c 2. 6 7. 5 3. c 8. b 3. 7 8. 2 4. c 9. c 4. 9 9. 8	Sentence         Sentence           Check I         Check 2           1. g 6. e         1-2. c, e           2. b 7. f         3-4. j, b           3. i 8. h         5-6. g, h           4. c 9. d         7-8. a, f           5. a 10. j         9-10. i, d	Final Check 1. f 6. a 2. b 7. e 3. d 8. c 4. h 9. j 5. i 10. g
Chapter 19 (Interview with a Rude S	*	Chapter 27 (A Nutty Ne		F1. I
in Context Words/Defs Check I 1. b 6. c 1. 9 6. 1 1. c 6. a 2. a 7. a 2. 4 7. 8 2. j 7. b 3. c 8. b 3. 2 8. 7 3. g 8. e 4. a 9. c 4. 5 9. 3 4. h 9. d	Sentence Check 2       Final Check         1-2. g, d       1. b       6. j         3-4. h, i       2. d       7. f         5-6. f, a       3. e       8. g         7-8. c, e       4. c       9. h         9-10. b, j       5. a       10. i	in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. a 1. 6 6. 8 2. a 7. a 2. 1 7. 2 3. b 8. c 3. 5 8. 9 4. c 9. c 4. 10 9. 4	Sentence         Sentence           Check I         Check 2           1. b         6. c         1-2. h, i           2. h         7. j         3-4. a, c           3. g         8. a         5-6. j, d           4. d         9. i         7-8. g, e           5. f         10. e         9-10. f, b	Final Check 1. d 6. i 2. f 7. c 3. g 8. b 4. a 9. j 5. e 10. h
Chapter 20 (The Nightmare of Gym	1)	Chapter 28 (Roughing I	(t)	
in Context Words/Defs Check 1 1. a 6. a 1. 6 6. 1 1. b 6. f 2. c 7. b 2. 3 7. 8 2. j 7. g 3. b 8. a 3. 7 8. 2 3. a 8. c 4. c 9. c 4. 10 9. 5 4. e 9. d	Sentence Check 2       Final Check         1-2. a, i       1. f       6. c         3-4. f, b       2. g       7. a         5-6. d, g       3. b       8. e         7-8. h, c       4. h       9. d         9-10. j, e       5. j       10. i	in Context Words/Defs 1. c 6. c 1. 9 6. 2 2. b 7. a 2. 6 7. 5 3. c 8. b 3. 8 8. 10 4. a 9. a 4. 3 9. 4	Sentence         Sentence           Check 1         Check 2           1. j 6. b         1-2. i, c           2. e 7. h         3-4. d, f           3. i 8. f         5-6. g, j           4. a 9. g         7-8. b, a           5. d 10. c         9-10. e, h	Final Check 1. j 6. g 2. h 7. b 3. c 8. d 4. a 9. e 5. f 10. i
Chapter 21 (Skipping Church)		Chapter 29 (Getting Sca	ared)	
in Context Words/Defs Check 1 1. c 6. a 1. 5 6. 8 1. g 6. b 2. c 7. b 2. 1 7. 2 2. c 7. h 3. b 8. c 3. 6 8. 9 3. d 8. e 4. b 9. a 4. 3 9. 7 4. a 9. i	Sentence Check 2 Check 1-2. f, g 1. h 6. a 3-4. b, h 2. i 7. e 5-6. a, j 3. j 8. b 7-8. d, c 4. f 9. g 9-10. i, e 5. c 10. d	in Context Words/Defs 1. b 6. b 1. 7 6. 2 2. c 7. a 2. 10 7. 6 3. b 8. c 3. 1 8. 3 4. a 9. c 4. 9 9. 8	Sentence         Sentence           Check 1         Check 2           1. i 6. j 1-2. c, j           2. d 7. c 3-4. a, b           3. b 8. a 5-6. g, i           4. g 9. e 7-8. h, e           5. h 10. f 9-10. f, d	Final Check 1. a 6. g 2. i 7. c 3. j 8. d 4. f 9. b 5. h 10. e
Chapter 22 (A Model Teacher)		Chapter 30 (My Sister's	Date)	
in Context Words/Defs Check 1 1. b 6. b 1. 7 6. 3 1. j 6. h 2. c 7. a 2. 6 7. 2 2. a 7. g 3. a 8. b 3. 9 8. 5 3. d 8. e 4. a 9. b 4. 1 9. 8 4. i 9. c	Sentence Check 2 Check 1-2. j, d 1. c 6. e 3-4. c, f 2. h 7. f 5-6. h, i 3. i 8. j 7-8. a, g 4. d 9. g 9-10. e, b 5. b 10. a	in Context Words/Defs 1. c 6. b 1. 4 6. 10 2. b 7. a 2. 7 7. 9 3. a 8. c 3. 8 8. 1 4. b 9. b 4. 5 9. 3	Sentence         Sentence           Check 1         Check 2           1. h 6. i         1-2. f, e           2. c 7. j         3-4. c, g           3. b 8. d         5-6. b, j           4. f 9. e         7-8. a, d           5. a 10. g         9-10. i, h	Final Check 1. j 6. d 2. i 7. a 3. c 8. e 4. f 9. h 5. g 10. b

## 4. Answers to the Posttest of the Whole Book

51. a

76. c

26. b

2.	c	27. с	52. d	77.	c
3.	b	28. a	53. b	78.	d
4.	d	29. с	54. c	79.	b
5.	d	30. b	55. c	80.	a
6.	c	31. d	56. c	81.	d
7.	c	32. b	57. c	82.	a
8.	b	33. b	58. d	83.	d
9.	b	34. d	59. b	84.	a
10.	d	35. a	60. d	85.	c
11.	c	36. b	61. d	86.	a
12.	a	37. с	62. b	87.	a
13.	a	38. b	63. b	88.	a
14.	c	39. a	64. b	89.	a
15.	a	40. d	65. c	90.	d
16.	c	41. a	66. a	91.	d
17.	b	42. c	67. a	92.	c
18.	c	43. d	68. b	93.	a
19.	c	44. a	69. b	94.	a
20.	d	45. c	70. c	95.	b
21.	b	46. b	71. d	96.	c
22.	b	47. c	72. b	97.	d
23.	c	48. c	73. a	98.	c
24.	b	49. b	74. a	99.	a
25.	b	50. c	75. c	100.	c

1. c

## B List of Words and Word Parts

的,全面的

Note: Word parts are in italics.

absolve v. 赦免,宽恕 abstain v. (自我克制地)戒绝 acclaim n. 称赞, 为…喝彩 adamant adj. 坚定不移的 adjacent adj. 邻近的, 毗邻的 affiliate v. 使加入(成为会员) agnostic n. 不可知论者 alleviate v. 减轻,缓解,缓和 allusion n. 影射, 暗指 aloof adj. 冷漠的,超然离群的 altruistic adj. 利他的, 无私的 ambivalent adj. (情感)矛盾的 amiable adj. 和蔼可亲的 amoral adj. 不道德的 animosity n. 仇恨, 敌意, 憎恨 ann. enn 表示"年份、年岁" antagonist n. 对手, 敌手 appease v. 平息, 抚慰 arbitrary adj. 随心所欲的 aspire v. 渴望, 追求 assail v. 攻击,袭击 aster-, astro- 表示"星" -ate 表示"使成为""产生" attest v. 证明, 表明 attribute n. 属性, 特性 audi, audio- 表示"听力的, 听觉 的" augment v. 增加,增长 averse adj. 反对的 avid adj. 劲头十足的 banal adj. 陈腐的, 千篇一律的 benefactor n. 捐助人,赞助人 benevolent adj. 慈善的, 善心的 benign adj. 善良的, 宽厚的 bio- 表示 "生命" bizarre adj. 异乎寻常的 blasé *adj*. 厌倦的 blatant adj. 极明显无误的 blight n. 破坏因素 calamity n. 不幸, 痛苦 charisma n. 魅力 claim, clam 表示"叫/喊出" commemorate v. 纪念 complacent adj. 自满的, 沾沾自喜 comprehensive adj. 广泛的,综合

comprise v. 由…构成/组成 concurrent adj. 同时发生的,并存 condescend v. 俯就, 屈尊 condone v. 宽恕 conducive adj. 有助的,有益的 confiscate v. 没收 congenial adj. 协调的,一致的 consensus n. 一致(或多数人)意见 constitute v. 组成,构成,形成 constrict v. 束紧, 使收缩 contemplate v. 思量, 考虑 contemporary adj. 当代的 contend v. 声称, 主张 contra- 表示"反对,针对" contrive v. 想出 conventional adj. 习惯的,常例的 conversely adv. 相反地 cor. cour 表示"心" covert adj. 隐蔽(藏的) credible adj. 可信的,可靠的 cryptic adj. 神秘的 cursory adj. 草草的,粗略的 curt adj. 唐突的,草率的 curtail v. 减少, 截短 cycl, cyclo- 表示"圆的,轮的" cynic n. 愤世嫉俗者 decipher v. 辨认 default v. 未履行, 疏忽 deficient adj. 有缺陷的 deficit n. 不足, 缺乏 degenerate v. 变坏, 衰退 demise n. 死亡 demoralize v. 使泄气 depict v. 描述(绘) deplete v. 耗尽,使枯竭 designate v. 指派,委任 deterrent n. 威慑力量/物 detract v. 转移 detrimental adj. 有害的,不利的 devastate v. 打击,令人懊恼 deviate v. 背离,偏离 devoid adj. 毫无,没有 di-, du- 表示"两""二" digress v. 离题

dilemma n. 困境, 窘境 diligent adj. 勤勉的, 勤奋的 discern v. 看出, 觉察出 disdain n. 鄙视, 蔑视 dispatch v. 发送,派遣 dispel v. 消除(疑惑) dissent n. 意见分歧 diversion n. 消遣,娱乐 divulge v. 透露 -dom 表示"职位、地位、领域" dwindle v. 减少 eccentric adj. 古怪的, 异乎寻常的 elation n. 得意扬扬 elicit v. 引出,推导出 empathy n. 同情, 同感 encounter n. 意外遇见, 偶然碰到 endow v. 给予, 赋予 engross v. 非常引人注意, 使人全神 贯注 enhance v. 提高, 增加(/强) enigma n. 费解的事物,谜 epitome n. 典型,象征,缩影 -er, -or 表示"做…之人" escalate v. 使增强,扩大,使上升 esteem n. 尊重, 敬重 euphemism n. 委婉语 evoke v. 使人产生(回忆、联想) exemplify v. 例示, 举例说明 exhaustive adj. 详尽无遗的, 穷尽性 explicit adj. 详述,明晰的 exploit v. 利用 expulsion n. 驱逐,逐出 extrovert n. 好社交者,性格外向者 facade n. (建筑)正面 fallible adj. 容易弄错的 falter v. 动摇, 犹豫 feasible adj. 可行的, 行得通的 feign v. 假装,冒充 fin 表示"结尾、完结" fiscal adj. (政府)财政的 flagrant adj. 明显的, 明目张胆的 flaunt v. 夸耀, 夸示 flex, flect 表示"曲, 折" flippant adj. 轻率的, 轻浮的 fluctuate v. 波动,起伏变动

forc, fort 表示"强力" formulate v. 规划,构想(计划) frenzy n. 激动 furtive adj. 秘密的 -fy 表示"使成为""使…化" -gamy 表示"婚姻""结婚" gape v. 月瞪口呆地凝视 garble v. 歪曲, 篡改 gaunt adj. 瘦削的 genial adj. 和蔼可亲的,亲切的 geo- 表示"地球""土地" gist n. 主旨, 要点, 本质 glib adj. 能说会道的,口齿伶俐的 gloat v. 心满意足, 扬扬得意 habitat n. 栖息地, 生境 hamper v. 阻碍,妨碍 haughty adj. 傲慢的 -hood 表示"状态, 状况" hum 表示 "人" hyper- 表示"超出,高于,过度" hypothetical adj. 假设的, 假定的 il-, im- 表示"没有,不" immaculate adj. 无瑕的 impasse n. 绝境,僵局 implausible adj. 难以置信的 implication n. 暗示, 暗指 implicit adj. 不言明的,含蓄的 implore v. 恳求,乞求 improvise v. 即兴创作(乐曲、诗歌 incentive n. 刺激,鼓励,奖励 inclination n. 倾向, 意向, 爱好 incoherent adj. 不连贯的, 无条理的 incorporate v. 把…合并, 使并入 indispensable adj. 必需的,必不可少 inequity n. 不公正,不公平 infamous adj. 臭名昭著的 infirmity n. 疾病,病症 infringe v. 侵犯,侵害 infuriate v. 激怒 inhibition n. 抑制 innovation n. 新奇事物 intercede v. 说情, 代为请求 interim n. 间歇 intermittent adj. 间歇性的, 周期性 的 intimidate v. 恐吓,恫吓 intricate adj. 复杂精细的, 错综复杂 intrinsic adj. 内在的,本质的 introvert n. 内向的人,不爱交际者 irate, adj. 发怒的, 愤怒的 ironic, adj. 出乎意料的 -ish 表示"有点儿…的""有…特征 的" jeopardize v. 危及, 使处于危险境 latent adj. 潜在的

legacy n. 遗产 libel n. 诽谤性文字的 longevity n. 寿命 lucrative adj. 赚钱的, 生利的 -ly 表示 "以…方式 magni-, magn- 表示"大" magnitude n. 量,程度 malign v. 恶毒,攻击 mandatory adj. 必须履行的 mediate v. 调解 menial adj. 不体面的, 干粗活的 mercenary adj. 唯利是图的, 贪财的 methodical adj. 有条理的, 井然的 mis- 表示"坏,不当" mobile adj. 动的,移动的 mortify v. 使羞愧, 使失面子 mundane adj. 平凡的, 例行的 muted adj. 温和的, 已趋缓和的 niche n. 合适的位置 nocturnal adj. 夜间的, 夜的 nominal adj. (金额)微不足道的 non- 表示"非,不是" nullify v. 使无效,废除 nurture v. 养育, 教养 obscure adj. 不清楚的, 模糊的 obsolete adj. 废弃,淘汰 ominous adj. 不吉祥的 omni- 表示"全部、一切、总、全" orient v. 给…定向/位 pacify v. 安抚, 使平静 paradox n. 似非而是 pater, patri- 表示 "父亲" path, -pathy 表示"感情、感觉" pathetic adj. 可悲的,可怜的 pend 表示"悬挂" perception n. 认识,看法 persevere v. 持续, 坚持不懈 phob 表示"恐惧…的" plagiarism n. 剽窃 poignant adj. 深刻的,激动的 ponder v. 思考, 考虑 pop 表示 "人们" pragmatic adj. 实干的, 重实效的 precedent n. 先例,前例 predominant adj. 占主导地位的 prerequisite n. 前提, 必备条件 pretentious adj. 自命不凡, 自负的 prevalent adj. 流行,盛行,普通的 pro- 表示 "向前的" prompt v. 促使, 推动, 怂恿 prone adj. 有…倾向的,易于…的 proponent n. 支持者 pseudonym n. 假名 psych-, psycho- 表示"心理,精神" punitive adj. 惩罚的 **qualm** *n*. 内疚,(良心上)不安 quart, quadr- 表示"四" quest n. 寻求,探求 rapport n. 关系, 联系

rationale n. 理由说明,解释 recession n. (经济)衰退 reconcile v. 使接受, 使服从, 安心… + rect 表示"直、正" redundant adj. 过多的, 过剩的 rehabilitate v. 使恢复, 改造 relentless adj. 不间断的, 持续的 render v. 使成为, 使得 repertoire n. 全部剧目(节日) reprisal n. 报复 retaliate v. 报复,回报 retort v. 反驳, 答复 revitalize v. 使新生, 使得到复兴 revulsion n. 厌恶,强烈反感 rigor n. 艰苦 rupture v. 裂开, 破裂 sabotage v. 破坏 sanctuary n. 避难所 saturate v. 使充满 scrutiny n. 监督, 细看 secular adj. 非宗教(教会)的 semi- 表示"半" shun v. 避开 sibling n. 兄弟(姐妹), 同胞 simulate v. 模仿、扮演 sinister adj. 恶意的, 邪恶的 smug adj. 自鸣得意的 sneer v. 嗤笑, 嘲笑 sparse adj. 稀少的, 稀疏的 speculate v. 推测, 猜测 squander v. 浪费 subjective *adj* 主观的 subsequent adj. 随后的,后来的 succinct adj. 简洁的 succumb v. 屈服,服从 suffice v. 足够,满足要求 syndrome n. 综合征, 征群 taint v. 玷污,败坏 tangible adj. 有形的,有实体的 terminate v. 停止, 结束 the, theo- 表示"神" transcend v. 超越 transient adj. 短暂的 traumatic adj. (使人不快,令人痛苦 而)难忘的 turmoil n. 混乱, 骚动 venture v. 敢于…, 敢说, 敢做 viable adj. 切实可行的 vile adj. 卑鄙可耻的 vindictive adj. 怀恨的,恶意的 virile adj. 有男子气概的 vivacious *adj*. 活泼的 vulnerable adj. 易受影响的 waive v. 放弃 -ward 表示 "向…的" wary adj. 谨慎的, 小心翼翼的 zeal n. 热忱,热情,热心

## Chapters

	Sentence Check 2		Sentence Check 2		Sentence Check 2	
1		 11		 21		
2		 12		 22		
3		 13		 23		
4		 14		 24		
5		 15		 25		
6		 16		 26		
7		 17		 27		
8		 18		 28		
9		 19		 29		
10		20		 30		

#### **Unit Tests**

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Unit One				
Unit Two				
Unit Three				
Unit Four				
Unit Five				

# 英语词汇扩展

"英语词汇学习丛书"由美国知名的教材教辅图书出版社 Townsend Press 出版,是美国大学生使用最为广泛的扩大词汇的教学辅导图书之一。正如本丛书的编者所指出的那样,在美国一个学生的前途在某种程度上取决于他/她的词汇量的大小。对于我国广大的英语学习者来说,词汇学习当然是英语学习的一个重要方面。

本丛书共有 6 册。每册介绍 240-300 个在 TOEFL、GRE、SAT 等测试中经常出现的单词。本丛书的特点是引导学生根据上下文的语境,包括例证、同义、异义、类比等关系来理解单词,通过反复练习、多次使用来熟悉和记忆单词,从而摒弃死记硬背的学习方法。书中对每个关键单词提供的各类练习能让学生反复使用该单词达 10 次左右。此外,书中部分练习题的题型与 TOEFL、GRE、SAT 等美国常用入学考试的形式相似,对于我国有志于出国留学的学生熟悉题型也有一定的帮助。

《英语词汇扩展》(*Improving Vocabulary Skills*) 为本丛书的第四册,书中提供的英语词汇练习适用于我国高校英语专业二年级 (TEM4) 学生的水平,也可以用作 TOEFL 培训高级阶段和 GRE 培训初级阶段的辅助教材。

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Improving Vocabulary Skills	《英语词汇扩展》		
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