Townsend Press 英语词汇学习丛书

Groundwork

# FOR A BETTER VOCABULARY 英语词汇基础

美国大学生中 使用最多的 词汇丛书!



R. Kent Smith • Beth Johnson • Carole Mohr

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本版图书如有印装质量问题,可向本社调换

学习任何一门语言,词汇学习是其中的基础工程和关键部分。掌握尽可能多的单词词组,是每个语言学习者孜孜以求的目标。然而我们经常听到的声音是:单词太难记了!

该丛书由美国Townsend Press出版,我社原版引进,并根据中国学习者特点做了些改编。与时下图书介绍的单词记忆方法不同,该丛书的作者们倡导的是根据认知原理,通过积极学习(active learning)来熟悉掌握单词的方法。具体步骤是:首先,作者把要介绍的8个或者10个生词置于两道练习题中,让学习者通过语境,利用单词所在上下文中的例证、同义词、反义词等线索,推测(infer)或是猜测(guess)生词的意义。其次,就是通过大量的、反复的、多类型的练习,帮助学习者由推测或猜测词义,通过搭配练习(matching words with definitions)来识别词义(identify each word's meaning),通过完成句子、同义、反义或是类比(analogy)关系选择以及完形填空等练习,让学习者不断接触该生词并在各种场合中不断运用它,从而达到理解、巩固、掌握并最终自然而然地记忆单词的目的。在整个过程中,学习者是一个积极主动的参与者,而不是一个被动的记忆者。

除了上述主张的记忆方法不同,本套书还有以下特色:

- (1) Words-in-Context Approach: 本套书中的每个章节首先把要介绍的8个或10个生词通过练习题的形式介绍给读者,让读者通过上下文,猜测词义、熟悉词义并作出选择。
- (2) Abundant Exercises: 词义熟悉之后,编写者设置了大量的、各种类型的练习,包括词义搭配、选择题、完型填空等,加深巩固该章节中所介绍的8个或10个单词。每五六个章节组成一个单元,除了章节中的练习外,每一单元中还设有阶段复习性练习题,以巩固该单元中所介绍的所有词汇。
- (3) Focus on Essential Words: 读者看到书后,很自然地就会问为什么每本书中只讲述了 250 或 300 个单词呢?每本书前言部分对这一问题作了回答:编写者做了大量的调查,参考词频信息,运用电脑对所选词汇进行复核,最后确定了每一阶段的基本词汇。书中列出的也是这些

基本词汇的最常用意义。参照我国英语教学要求,六本书中 Vocabulary Basics 所涉及词汇与我国高中及非英语专业一年级相当、Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary 所涉及词汇与我国非英语专业四级水平相当(4200词汇水平)、Building Vocabulary Skills 所涉及词汇与我国非英语专业六级、英语专业低年级相当(6500词汇水平)、Improving Vocabulary Skills 所涉及词汇与我国英语专业一二年级相当(8000词汇水平)、Advancing Vocabulary Skills 所涉及词汇与我国英语专业高年级相当(12000词汇水平)、Advanced Word Power 所涉及词汇与我国英语专业高年级及以上水平相当。

- (4) Appealing Content: 单纯的死记硬背单词十分枯燥,而且效果也不一定好。本丛书除了上述 三个特色外,在练习内容的选择上也颇费心思。练习题内容饶有趣味,能吸引读者,让读者 在记忆单词的同时,还能巩固语言知识。
- (5) A Comprehensive Vocabulary Program: 本系列6本图书, 相互联系, 按照由易到难排列, 读者学完一本以后, 可以继续学习更高层次的几本, 不断挑战自己。
- (6) User-friendly Format: 为便于读者的学习,图书在版式设计上也颇贵心思,让读者使用方便。最后,我们衷心希望广大读者通过这套书的系统学习,不再觉得英语单词很难记忆。其实只要方法对了,记单词是一个很有趣、很有成就感的过程。

上海外语教育出版社

# **Contents**

**Preface** 

Note: For ease of reference, the titles of the reading selections in each chapter are included.

Introduction vii Pretest of the Whole Book 1
UNIT ONE
Unit One Pretest Chapter 1 Johnny Appleseed / The Lovable Leech? 8 Chapter 2 Finding Fault / What Do Your Hobbies Reveal About You? 14 Chapter 3 Fixing Up Furniture / Barbara's Date with Her Cousin 20 Chapter 4 The Vacuum-Cleaner Salesman / Peace at Last 26 Chapter 5 Study Skills to the Rescue! / How to Control Children 32
Unit One Review (Crossword Puzzle) 38 Unit One Tests 39
UNIT TWO
Unit Two Pretest Chapter 6 Toasters / A Mean Man 48 Chapter 7 A Special Memory / Watch Your Manners! 54 Chapter 8 Big Brothers and Sisters / Kevin's First Date 60 Chapter 9 Differences in a Gym Program / Teaching A Lesson 66 Chapter 10 Knowing How to Argue / A Change of School, A Change of Heart 72
Unit Two Review (Crossword Puzzle) 78 Unit Two Tests 79
UNIT THREE
Unit Three Pretest Chapter 11 Coming Out of a Coma / The Office Doughnut Contest Chapter 12 The People's Choice / The Christmas Wars Chapter 13 What's Your Type? / What a Circus! Chapter 14 Practicing Kindness / The Stinking Rose Chapter 15 A Modern Fairy Tale / Wolf Children 112
Unit Three Review (Crossword Puzzle) Unit Three Tests 119

### **UNIT FOUR**

T	Ten	:+	Four	Pretest
ι	лп	IL	roui	rielesi

Chapter 16 A Mismatched Couple / A Campaign to Become Class President 128

Chapter 17 The Famous Detective / Why So Quiet? 134

Chapter 18 Fear of Speaking / Do You Believe in Magic? 140

Chapter 19 The Miracle Runner / One of Those Days 146

Chapter 20 Pregnancy and Alcohol / A Criminal with a Tail 152

Unit Four Review (Crossword Puzzle) 158

Unit Four Tests 159

### **UNIT FIVE**

### **Unit Five Pretest**

Chapter 21 Traveling with Children / Saving Earth's Natural Supplies 168

Chapter 22 More Fat, Anyone? / Is Prison Effective? 174

Chapter 23 She Changed My Mind / So Sue Me 180

Chapter 24 Fear of Public Speaking / Mrs. Thornton's Condition 186

Chapter 25 Wacky Weddings / The Cost of Hatred 192

Unit Five Review (Crossword Puzzle) 198

Unit Five Tests 199

Posttest of the Whole Book 205

### **APPENDIXES**

A Answer Key 210

- 1. Answers to the Pretest of the Whole Book
- 2. Answers to the Unit Pretests
- 3. Answers to the Chapter Activities
- 4. Answers to the Posttest of the Whole Book

B Word List 217

# **Preface**

The problem is all too familiar: students just don't know enough words. Reading, writing, and content teachers agree that many students' vocabularies are inadequate for the demands of courses. Weak vocabularies limit students' understanding of what they read and the clarity and depth of what they write.

The purpose of *Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary* and the other books in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is to provide a solid, workable answer to the vocabulary problem. In the course of 25 chapters, *Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary* teaches 250 important basic words. Here are the book's distinctive features:

- I An intensive words-in-context approach. Studies show that students learn words best by reading and using them repeatedly in different contexts, not through rote memorization. The book gives students an intensive in-context experience by presenting each word in nine different settings. Each chapter takes students through a productive sequence of steps:
  - Students infer the meaning of each word by considering two sentences in which it appears and then choosing from multiple-choice options.
  - On the basis of their inferences, students identify each word's meaning in a matching test. They are then in a solid position to deepen their knowledge of a word.
  - Finally, they strengthen their understanding of a word by applying it in five different wordsin-context passages, including sentence-completion activities and high-interest fill-in-theblank passages.

Each encounter with a word brings it closer to becoming part of the student's permanent word bank. No comparable vocabulary book gives such sustained attention to the words-in-context approach.

- 2 Abundant practice. Along with extensive practice in each chapter, there are a crossword puzzle and a set of unit tests at the end of every five-chapter unit. The puzzle and tests reinforce students' knowledge of the words in each chapter. In addition, most chapters reuse several words from earlier chapters (such repeated words are marked with small circles, like this°), allowing for more reinforcement. All this practice means that students learn in the surest possible way: by working closely and repeatedly with each word.
- 3 Controlled feedback. The opening activity in each chapter gives students three multiple-choice options to help them decide on the meaning of a given word. The multiple-choice options also help students to complete the matching test that is the second activity of each chapter. These features enable students to take an active role in their own learning.
- 4 Focus on essential words. A good deal of time and research went into selecting the 250 words featured in the book. Word frequency lists were consulted, along with lists in a wide range of vocabulary books. In addition, the authors and editors each prepared their own lists. A computer was used to help in the consolidation of the many word lists. A long process of group discussion

then led to final decisions about the words that would be most helpful for students on a basic reading level.

- 5 Appealing content. Dull practice materials work against learning. On the other hand, meaningful, lively, and at times even funny sentences and selections can spark students' attention and thus enhance their grasp of the material. For this reason, a great deal of effort was put into creating sentences and selections with both widespread appeal and solid context support. We have tried throughout to make the practice materials truly enjoyable for teachers and students alike. Look, for example, at the selections on page 13 that serve as the Final Check in Chapter 1.
- 6 Clear format. The book has been designed so that its very format contributes to the learning process. Each chapter consists of four two-page spreads. In the first two-page spread (the first such spread is on pages 8–9), students can easily refer to all ten words in context while working on the matching test, which provides a clear meaning for each word. The other two-page spreads allow students to see the words in a variety of contexts as they work through the fill-in activities.
- 7 One in a sequence of books. Vocabulary Basics is the most fundamental book in the Townsend Press vocabulary series. It is followed by Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary (a slightly more advanced basic text), Building Vocabulary Skills (an even more advanced basic text), Improving Vocabulary Skills (an intermediate text), and Advancing Vocabulary Skills (a more advanced text). The most advanced book in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is Advanced Word Power. Together, the books create a strong vocabulary foundation that will make any student a better reader, writer, and thinker.

### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

We are grateful for the enthusiastic comments provided by users of the Townsend Press vocabulary books over the life of the first edition. Particular thanks go to the following reviewers for their many helpful suggestions: Barbara Brennan Culhane, Nassau Community College; Carol Dietrick, Miami-Dade Community College; Larry Falxa, Ventura College; Jacquelin Hanselman, Hillsborough Community College; Shiela P. Kerr, Florida Community College at Jacksonville; John M. Kopec, Boston University; Belinda E. Smith, Wake Technical Community College; Daniel Snook, Montcalm Community College; and William Walcott, Montgomery College. We appreciate as well the editing help of John Langan and Paul Langan; the proofreading of Susan Gamer; and the remarkable design, editing, and proofreading skills of the indefatigable Janet M. Goldstein.

R. Kent Smith Beth Johnson Carole Mohr

# Introduction

### WHY VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT COUNTS

You have probably often heard it said, "Building vocabulary is important." Maybe you've politely nodded in agreement and then forgotten the matter. But it would be fair for you to ask, "Why is a good vocabulary so important? Can you prove it?" Here are four convincing reasons.

- I Common sense tells you what many research studies have also shown: vocabulary is a basic part of understanding what you read. A word here and there may not stop you, but if there are too many words you don't know, comprehension will suffer. The content of textbooks is often difficult enough; you don't want to work as well on understanding the words which express that content.
- 2 Vocabulary is a major part of almost every standardized test, including reading achievement tests, college entrance exams and vocational placement tests. Test developers know that vocabulary is a key measure of both one's learning and one's ability to learn. It is for this reason that they include a separate vocabulary section as well as a reading comprehension section. The more words you know, then, the better you are likely to do on such important tests.
- 3 Studies have shown that students with strong vocabularies are more successful in school. And one widely known study found that a good vocabulary, more than anything else, was common to people enjoying successful careers. Words are, in fact, the tools not just of better reading, but of better writing, speaking, listening, and thinking as well. The more words you have at your command, the more effect you can have on the people around you.
- 4 In today's world, a good vocabulary counts more than ever. Far fewer people work on farms or in factories. Far more are in jobs that provide services or process information. More than ever, words are the tools of our trade: words we use in reading, writing, listening, and speaking. In addition, experts say that workers of tomorrow will be called on to change jobs and learn new skills at an ever-increasing pace. The keys to survival and success will be the abilities to read, write, speak, and learn in a quick and skillful way. A solid vocabulary is essential for all of these skills.

Clearly, there is powerful proof that building vocabulary is a key to success. The question then becomes "What is the best way of going about it?"

### WORDS IN CONTEXT: THE KEY TO VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT

Memorizing lists of words is a traditional method of vocabulary development. However, a person is likely to forget such memorized lists quickly. Studies show that to master a word, you must see and use it in various contexts — that is, different real-life sentences and paragraphs. By working actively and repeatedly with a word, you greatly increase the chance of really learning it.

The following activity will make clear how this book is organized and how it uses a words-incontext approach. Answer the questions or fill in the missing words in the spaces provided.

### Vocabu

ry Ch	apters
to Ch	apter 1 on pages 8-13. This chapter, like all the others, consists of eight parts:
The fi	rst part of the chapter, on pages 8-9, is titled
,	The left-hand column lists the ten words in the chapter. Under each boldfaced word is it
	(in parentheses). For example, the pronunciation of challenge
is	Below the pronunciation guide for each word is its part of speech. The part of speech
nouns thing descr. All o some each can u synor	for challenge is The vocabulary words in this book are mostle, adjectives, and verbs. Nouns are words used to name something — a person, place or idea. Familiar nouns include boyfriend, city, hat, and truth. Adjectives are words that the nouns, as in the following word pairs: former boyfriend, large city, red hat, whole truth the verbs in this book express an action of some sort. They tell what someone of thing is doing. Common verbs include read, drive, discover, and imagine.  To the right of each word are two sentences that will help you understand its meaning. It is sentence, the context — the words surrounding the boldfaced word — provides clues you see to figure out the definition. There are four common types of context clues — examples typms, antonyms, and the general sense of the sentence. Each is briefly described on the that follow.
[	Examples
	A sentence may include examples that show what an unfamiliar word means. For instance, take a look at the following item from Chapter 2 for the word <i>category</i> :
	When I was in high school, I didn't seem to fit into any category. I wasn't an athlete, a scholar, or a rebel.
	The second sentence gives three examples of <i>category</i> — being "an athlete, a scholar, or a rebel." To figure out what <i>category</i> means, think about those examples. What is the speaker saying he or she doesn't fit into? Look at the answer choices below, and in the space provided, write the letter of the answer you feel is correct.
	Category means a. goal. b. feeling.c. group.
	Since the speaker is talking about the types of groups in high school, you may have correctly guessed that answer $c$ is the right choice.
2	Synonyms
	<b>Synonyms</b> are words that mean the same or almost the same as another word. The words <i>joyful</i> , <i>happy</i> , and <i>pleased</i> are synonyms — they all mean about the same thing. A synonym serves as a context clue by telling the meaning of an unknown word that is nearby. For instance, the sentence below from Chapter 1 includes a synonym clue for

the vocabulary word peculiar.

My brother thinks my chip-and-dip sandwiches are **peculiar**, but I don't think they're as strange as the peanut-butter-and-tuna sandwiches he eats.

Rather than repeat *peculiar* in the second part of the sentence, the author used a synonym. Find that synonym, and then from the choices below, write in the letter of the meaning of *peculiar*.

Peculiar means

a. attractive.

b. unusual.

c. innocent.

In the sentence from Chapter 1, *strange* is used as a synonym for *peculiar*. Since another word for *strange* is *unusual*, the answer is b.

### 3 Antonyms

**Antonyms** are words with opposite meanings. For example, *help* and *harm* are antonyms, as are *work* and *rest*. An antonym serves as a context clue by telling the opposite meaning of a nearby unknown word. The sentence below from Chapter 2 provides an antonym clue for the word *deliberate*.

Manny's pushing me was quite deliberate; it wasn't accidental at all.

To underline the point, the author used an antonym of *deliberate*. Find the antonym, and use it to help you figure out what *deliberate* means. Then write in the letter of the meaning you choose.

\_\_\_\_ Deliberate means

a. easy.

b. fair.

c. planned.

The sentence suggests that *deliberate* pushing and *accidental* pushing are very different things. So we can guess that *deliberate* means the opposite of *accidental*. Another word that is the opposite of *accidental* is *planned*, so c is the correct answer — *deliberate* means "planned."

### 4 General Sense of the Sentence

Even when there is no example, synonym, or antonym clue in a sentence, you can still figure out the meaning of an unfamiliar word. For example, look at the sentence below from Chapter 1 for the word *surplus*.

More and more restaurants are donating their surplus food to homeless people.

After thinking carefully about the context, you should be able to figure out what kind of food restaurants would be given to homeless people. Write the letter of your choice.

\_\_\_\_ Surplus means

a. strange.

b. extra.

c. main.

From the general sense of the sentence from Chapter 1 plus your own common sense, you probably guessed that the restaurants are donating "extra" food. Answer b is correct.

By looking closely at the pair of sentences provided for each word, as well as the answer choices, you should be able to decide on the meaning of a word. As you figure out each meaning, you are working actively with the word. You are creating the groundwork you need to understand and to remember the word. Getting involved with the word and developing a feel for it, based upon its use in context, is the key to word mastery.

According to research, it is not enough to see a word in context. At a certain important to see the meaning of a word. The matching test provides that meaning, makes you look for and think about that meaning. In other words, it continues learning that is your surest route to learning and remembering a word.  Note the caution that follows the test. Do not proceed any further until you a you know the correct meaning of each word as used in context.  Keep in mind that a word may have more than one meaning. In fact, some words a few meanings. (If you doubt it, try looking up in a dictionary, for example, the word and the words have additional meanings. For example, in Chapter 1, you will challenge means "a test of one's abilities," as in the sentence "My new job is a real chyou then look up challenge in the dictionary, you will discover that it has other mear example, "a call to take part in a contest or fight," as in "Ted never turns down a challe any kind of game." After you learn one common meaning of a word, you will figradually learning its other meanings in the course of your school and personal reading.  The third and fourth parts of the chapter, on page 10, are titled and  The first check consists of ten sentences that give you an opportunity to understanding of the ten words. After filling in the words, check your answers in the back of the book. (Be sure to use the answer key as a learning tool only. Doing so w to master the words and to prepare for the remaining activities and the unit tests answers are not provided.) The second check on page 10 then gives you anothed deepen your understanding of the words.		It is with good reason, then, that the directions at the top of page 8 tell you to use the	e
<ul> <li>The second part of the chapter, on page 9, is titled</li></ul>		ontext to figure out each word's Doing so deepens your sense of	f
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understanding of the ten words. After filling in the words, check your answers in the back of the book. (Be sure to use the answer key as a learning tool only. Doing so w to master the words and to prepare for the remaining activities and the unit tests answers are not provided.) The second check on page 10 then gives you another deepen your understanding of the words.  The fifth part of the chapter, on page 11, is titled will have a chance to learn words that are related to many of the ten main words in Look on page 11, for example, and write down the three words that are related to	•		_
will have a chance to learn words that are related to many of the ten main words in Look on page 11, for example, and write down the three words that are related to		The first check consists of ten sentences that give you an opportunity to test you anderstanding of the ten words. After filling in the words, check your answers in the key at the ack of the book. (Be sure to use the answer key as a learning tool only. Doing so will help you master the words and to prepare for the remaining activities and the unit tests, for which is the provided.) The second check on page 10 then gives you another chance the second check on page 10 then gives you another chance the provided.	e u :h
	•	the <b>fifth part</b> of the chapter, on page <b>11</b> , is titled Here you like the part of the chapter, on page <b>11</b> , is titled Here you will have a chance to learn words that are related to many of the ten main words in the chapter one of the words in the chapter):	r.

<sup>•</sup> The sixth part of the chapter, on page 12, offers practice in one of three areas: Word Parts, Synonyms and Antonyms, or Analogies. Each is explained below.

### **Word Parts**

The first and third chapters in each unit contain word-part practices.

Word parts are building blocks used in many English words. Learning word parts can help you to spell and pronounce words, unlock the meanings of unfamiliar words, and remember new words.

This book covers twenty word parts. You will learn two types: prefixes and suffixes. A **prefix** is a word part that is found at the beginning of words. When written separately, a prefix is followed by a hyphen to show that something follows it. For example, the prefix *sur* is written like this: *sur*-. *Sur*- can mean "beyond" or "additional," as in *surpass* (to go beyond) and *surcharge* (an additional charge).

A **suffix** is a word part that is found at the end of words. To show that something always comes before a suffix, a hyphen is placed at the beginning. For instance, the suffix *ly* is written like this: -*ly*. One common meaning of -*ly* is "in a certain way," as in the words *gratefully* (in a grateful way) and *angrily* (in an angry way).

Each word-part practice begins with the meaning of a word part and examples. Fill-in items then help you remember and recognize the word parts. To see what these items are like, try the one below from Chapter 1 for the word part *sur*. On the answer line, write the word that best completes the sentence.

surcharge	surface	surpass	surplus	surtax
				, people who earn
The sentence sugge			mount will have a certain amou	
an additional tax.	•			
probably wrote the	correct word o	on the line: <i>surta</i>	ix (an additional	tax).

(There is a third type of word part — a root. You will not be working with roots in this book. Roots are word parts that carry the basic meanings of words. For example, one common root is *vis*, which means "to see," as in the words *visit* and *vision*.)

### Synonyms and Antonyms

The second and fourth chapters in each unit contain synonym-antonym practices. You have already learned in this introduction that a **synonym** is a word that means the same or almost the same as another word and that an **antonym** is a word that means the opposite of another word. These practices will deepen your understanding of words by getting you to think about other words with the same or opposite meanings.

To see what the synonym questions are like, do the example below. Write the letter of the word that most nearly means the same as the first word, *hard*.

### \_\_\_ hard

a. new

b. difficult

c. far

d. bad

Since difficult is another way of saying hard, the correct answer is b. Now, to see

what the antonym questions are like, do the example item below. Write in the letter of the word that most nearly means the opposite of *kind*.

kind

a. silly

c. young

b. busy

d. cruel

The opposite of kind is cruel, so d is the correct answer.

### Analogies

The last chapter in each unit contains an analogy practice, yet another way to deepen your understanding of words. An **analogy** is a similarity between two things that are otherwise different. Doing an analogy question is a two-step process. First you have to figure out the relationship in a pair of words. Those words are written like this:

**LEAF: TREE** 

What is the relationship between the two words above? The answer can be stated like this: A leaf is a part of a tree.

Next, you must look for a similar relationship in a second pair of words. Here is how a complete analogy question looks:

LEAF: TREE::

a. pond : riverc. page : book

b. foot : shoe

d. beach: sky

And here is how the question can be read:

LEAF is to TREE as

a. pond is to river.c. page is to book.

b. foot is to shoe.

d. beach is to sky.

To answer the question, you have to decide which of the four choices has a relationship similar to the first one. Check your answer by seeing if it fits in the same wording as you used to show the relationship between *leaf* and *tree*: A \_\_\_\_ is part of a \_\_\_\_. Which answer do you choose?

The correct answer is c. Just as a *leaf* is part of a *tree*, a *page* is part of a *book*. On the other hand, a *pond* is not part of a *river*, nor is a *foot* part of a *shoe*, nor is a *beach* part of the *sky*.

We can state the complete analogy this way: Leaf is to tree as page is to book.

Here's another analogy question to try. Begin by figuring out the relationship between the first two words.

COWARD : HERO ::

a. soldier : militaryc. actor : famous

b. infant : baby

d. boss: worker

Coward and hero are opposite types of people. So you need to look at the other four pairs to see which has a similar relationship. When you think you have found the answer, check to see that the two words you chose can be compared in the same

way as <i>coward</i> and <i>hero</i> : and are opposite types of people.
In this case, the correct answer is d; boss and worker are opposite kinds of
people. (In other words, coward is to hero as boss is to worker.)
By now you can see that there are basically two steps to doing analogy items:
1) Find out the relationship of the first two words.
2) Find the answer that expresses the same type of relationship as the first two

2) Find the answer that expresses the same type of relationship as the firs

words have.

Now try one more analogy question on your own. Write the letter of the answer you choose in the space provided.

\_\_\_ SWING : BAT ::

a. drive : car
b. run : broom
c. catch : bat
d. fly : butterfly

If you chose answer a, you were right. Swing is what we do with a bat, and drive is what we do with a car.

•	The seventh part of the chapter, on page 13, is titled	
	Here you have the context of two interesting passages in which to practice applying the wo	rds.
	The first two such passages, on page 13, are titled	and

### FINAL NOTES

1 You now know, in a nutshell, how to proceed with the words in each chapter. Make sure that you do each page very carefully. Remember that as you work through the activities, you are learning the words.

How many times in all will you use each word? If you look, you'll see that each chapter gives you the opportunity to work with each word at least nine times. Each time that you work with a word adds to the likelihood that the word will become part of your active vocabulary. You will have further opportunities to use the word in the crossword puzzle and tests that end each unit.

In àddition, many of the words are repeated in context in later chapters of the book. Such repeated words are marked with small circles, like this°. For example, what word from Chapter 1 is repeated in the second Final Check passage on page 19 of Chapter 2?

2 The facts are in. A strong vocabulary is a source of power. Words can make you a better reader, writer, speaker, thinker, and learner. They can dramatically increase your chances of success in school and in your job.

But words will not come without effort. They must be learned in a program of regular study. If you commit yourself to learning words, and you work actively and honestly with the chapters in this book, you will not only enrich your vocabulary — you will enrich your life as well.



## PRETEST OF THE WHOLE BOOK

This test contains 100 items. In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

Important: Keep in mind that this test is for diagnostic purposes only. If you do not know a word, leave the space blank rather than guess at it.

1. To <b>communicate</b> is to:	a) anger b) inform c) hurry d) mistake
2. If you <b>deceive</b> , you:	a) mislead b) encourage c) prevent d) forbid
3. An earnest person is:	a) dishonest b) wealthy c) unpleasant d) sincere
4. A story that is fiction is:	a) made up b) exciting c) violent d) romantic
5. A <b>theory</b> is a(n):	a) opportunity b) unproven explanation c) certainty d) excuse
6. To <b>determine</b> is to:	a) suspect b) find out c) persuade d) compliment
7. To <b>dispose of</b> is to:	a) throw away b) ignore c) keep d) repeat
8. Something that is evident is:	a) hidden b) frightening c) obvious d) musical
9. To <b>preserve</b> is to:	a) pretend b) protect c) absorb d) expect
10. To <b>restore</b> is to:	a) repair b) destroy c) bury d) lift up
11. To appeal to is to:	a) make a request b) say no c) take away the outside part d) repeat
12. To <b>establish</b> is to:	a) start b) knock down c) flatten d) repeat
13. One's <b>potential</b> is one's:	a) ancestors b) age c) possibility d) preference
14. A variety is a(n):	a) opinion b) mixture c) reason d) delay
15. Something wholesome is:	a) healthful b) disgusting c) foreign d) childlike
16. To <b>possess</b> is to:	a) plan b) adjust c) leave unchanged d) own
17. A <b>procedure</b> is a(n):	a) method b) opinion c) public d) piece of property
18. To <b>renew</b> is to:	a) find b) make active again c) force one's will upon d) attempt
19. Resources are:	a) supplies b) costs c) responses d) agreements
20. To be <b>sufficient</b> is to be:	a) less than is needed b) humorous c) empty d) enough
21. To assume is to:	a) suppose to be true b) prove to be false c) not care d) argue for
22. To <b>exhaust</b> is to:	a) refill b) remove from sight c) use up d) fall
23. The maximum amount is:	a) the worst b) the most c) the lightest d) the least
24. An <b>objective</b> is a(n):	a) bad influence b) reason to believe c) insult d) goal
25. To <b>protest</b> is to:	a) speak out against b) encourage c) prove d) test

(Continues on next page)

26. If you are anxious, you are:	a) sleepy b) young c) busy d) worried
27. To <b>convince</b> is to:	a) cause to believe b) refuse to accept c) disregard d) clean up
28. An <b>inferior</b> product is:	<ul> <li>a) highly valued</li> <li>b) poor in quality</li> <li>c) heavy</li> <li>d) unbreakable</li> </ul>
29. To overwhelm is to:	a) dissolve b) understand c) make helpless d) make whole
30. A thorough job is:	a) carefully done b) wasted c) forgotten d) well-paying
31. To be current is to be:	a) modern b) few in number c) good tasting d) likable
32. To <b>maintain</b> is to:	<ul> <li>a) release from captivity</li> <li>b) keep in existence</li> <li>c) prove to be correct</li> <li>d) admire</li> </ul>
33. A <b>minimum</b> number is:	<ul> <li>a) the largest possible</li> <li>b) desirable</li> <li>c) the smallest possible</li> <li>d) more than expected</li> </ul>
34. To originate is to:	a) imitate b) begin c) impress d) pretend
35. To be reliable is to be:	a) untrustworthy b) easily tricked c) dependable d) healthy
36. To be <b>conscious</b> is to be:	a) drowsy b) awake c) depressed d) purposeful
37. Something external is:	a) buried deeply b) on the outside c) unimportant d) helpful
38. To be incredible is to be:	a) unbelievable b) showy c) humble d) wasteful
39. Internal means:	a) inner b) uncommon c) easy d) understood by few
40. A <b>remedy</b> is a(n):	<ul> <li>a) source of amusement</li> <li>b) usual manner of doing something</li> <li>c) collection of writings</li> <li>d) cure</li> </ul>
41. <b>Appropriate</b> actions are:	a) rude b) impulsive c) unwise d) proper
42. To <b>bewilder</b> is to:	a) calm b) confuse c) accept d) explain
43. <b>Emotion</b> is:	a) feeling b) eyesight c) movement d) payment
44. To investigate is to:	a) abandon b) make secure c) examine d) insist
45. To be <b>legible</b> is to be:	a) heavy b) clear c) empty d) noisy
46. To <b>analyze</b> is to:	a) disturb b) get rid of (something) c) dislike d) examine
47. A category is a(n):	<ul> <li>a) group of similar things</li> <li>b) means of expression</li> <li>c) lack of understanding</li> <li>d) denial</li> </ul>
48. One who is <b>critical</b> is:	<ul> <li>a) well-liked</li> <li>b) disapproving</li> <li>c) lacking intelligence</li> <li>d) not taking sides in a quarrel</li> </ul>
49. A deliberate act is:	a) done on purpose b) unwise c) amazing d) criminal
50 Frustration is:	a) great delight b) discouragement c) cruelty d) luck

(Continues on next page)

51. To be accustomed to is to be:	a) unused to b) in the habit of c) unable to d) angry at
52. To <b>misinterpret</b> is to:	a) have respect b) prefer c) understand incorrectly d) get rid of
53. To <b>occur</b> is to:	a) disappear b) repeat c) respond d) happen
54. When you <b>revise</b> , you:	<ul> <li>a) correct and improve</li> <li>b) discard</li> <li>c) copy without giving credit</li> <li>d) fail to complete</li> </ul>
55. A <b>version</b> is a:	<ul> <li>a) report based on one point of view</li> <li>b) poem</li> <li>c) hatred</li> <li>d) deliberately mean remark</li> </ul>
56. A <b>conflict</b> is a(n):	a) period of time b) point of view c) lesson d) disagreement
57. <b>Stress</b> is:	a) tension b) relaxation c) enjoyment d) excitement
58. A unanimous decision is:	<ul> <li>a) poorly thought out</li> <li>b) mixed</li> <li>c) based on complete agreement</li> <li>d) mistaken</li> </ul>
59. To <b>vary</b> is to:	a) change b) insist c) remain the same d) recognize
60. A vicinity is a(n):	<ul> <li>a) heated argument</li> <li>b) area around a place</li> <li>c) written pamphlet</li> <li>d) type of lamp</li> </ul>
61. A burden is a(n):	a) hardship b) joy c) reply d) payment
62. To be <b>economical</b> is to be:	a) wasteful b) rich c) thrifty d) forgiving
63. An extravagant person is:	a) critical b) wasteful c) wise d) messy
64. <b>Security</b> is:	a) protection b) loneliness c) immaturity d) ridicule
65. To sympathize is to:	a) share feeling b) object c) refuse d) avoid
66. To <b>coincide</b> is to:	<ul> <li>a) remove from consideration</li> <li>b) happen at the same time</li> <li>c) make clear</li> <li>d) read carefully</li> </ul>
67. A considerable size is:	a) rather small b) too small c) too large d) rather large
68. An intentional act is:	a) on purpose b) accidental c) misguided d) against the law
69. To be <b>unstable</b> is to be:	a) usual b) strong c) unsteady d) complete
70. To <b>utilize</b> is to:	a) suggest b) make use of c) control by force d) accept as fact
71. Something artificial is:	a) natural b) impressive c) not natural d) worn out
72. Frequency means:	<ul> <li>a) how often something happens</li> <li>b) how fast something is</li> <li>c) how loud something is</li> <li>d) where something comes from</li> </ul>
73. To <b>represent</b> is to:	<ul> <li>a) avoid talking about</li> <li>b) prefer</li> <li>c) be a symbol of</li> <li>d) allow to happen</li> </ul>
74. Something <b>temporary</b> is:	<ul> <li>a) expected to last forever</li> <li>b) impossible to achieve</li> <li>c) serving for a limited time</li> <li>d) clearly seen</li> </ul>
75. A <b>triumph</b> is a:	a) victory b) defeat c) compromise d) battle

76. An attitude is a:	a) decrease b) success c) frame of mind d) height
77. A contrast is a:	a) striking difference b) similarity c) suggestion d) bright color
78. To be excessive is to be:	a) kindly b) slow to anger c) not enough d) too much
79. A <b>fragile</b> object is:	a) expensive b) easily broken c) richly decorated d) tasteless
80. To <b>indicate</b> is to:	a) pay attention to b) fail to see c) go in d) point out
81. An <b>emphasis</b> is a(n):	<ul> <li>a) refusal to speak</li> <li>b) betrayal</li> <li>c) importance given to something</li> <li>d) stubborn act</li> </ul>
82. To interpret is to:	a) confuse b) make an effort c) light from within d) explain
83. To <b>propose</b> is to:	a) persuade b) suggest c) exaggerate d) leave out
84. An ultimate experience is:	a) common b) inefficient c) dangerous d) the greatest
85. To be vague is to be:	a) unclear b) shining c) in fashion d) embarrassing
86. Something apparent is:	<ul> <li>a) impossible to see with the naked eye</li> <li>b) made up of many small parts c) obvious d) hard to understand</li> </ul>
87. If something is automatic, it	(a) is easily moved (b) operates by itself (c) cannot change (d) improves over time
88. To <b>fulfill</b> is to:	<ul> <li>a) carry out</li> <li>b) fail at a task</li> <li>c) understand another's feelings</li> <li>d) give advice</li> </ul>
89. To influence is to:	a) misunderstand b) excuse c) be offended d) persuade
90. To <b>transfer</b> is to:	<ul> <li>a) find fault</li> <li>b) discontinue</li> <li>c) send from one place to another</li> <li>d) inspect</li> </ul>
91. To <b>complicate</b> is to:	a) smooth over b) adjust c) make difficult d) recognize
92. A conscience is a(n):	<ul> <li>a) sense of being awake</li> <li>b) inability to decide</li> <li>c) sense of right and wrong</li> <li>d) skill with numbers</li> </ul>
93. To <b>counsel</b> is to:	a) improve b) approve c) give advice d) meet
94. To <b>detect</b> is to:	a) get b) complain c) remark d) notice
95. To be transparent is to be:	a) sent away b) dark in color c) seen through easily d) unusual
96. To <b>comprehend</b> is to:	a) dislike b) repeat c) protect d) understand
97. Something dramatic is:	a) impressive b) hard to notice c) odd d) boring
98. To be <b>frank</b> is to be:	a) untruthful b) youthful c) honest d) painful
99. To <b>illustrate</b> is to:	a) give an example b) destroy c) repair d) send off
100. An <b>impression</b> is $a(n)$ :	a) lie b) iron c) opinion d) center (of something)

Pretest

STOP. This is the end of the test. If there is time remaining, you may go back and recheck your answers. When the time is up, hand in both your answer sheet and this test booklet to your instructor.

# Unit One

### Chapter 1

challenge dependent fertile peculiar preference

principal solitary suitable surplus transform

### Chapter 2

analyze attitude category contrast critical

deliberate excessive fragile frustration indicate

### Chapter 3

accompany desperate determine dispose of evident preserve pursue rejection restore scarce

### Chapter 4

abundant betray comparison demonstrate dispute

distinct exaggerate inhabit neutrat reduction

### Chapter 5

aggravate cease coincide considerable humane Intentional Interference obnoxious unstable utilize

# Unit One: Pretest

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

—	1. challenge	<ul> <li>a) a piece of sporting equipment</li> <li>b) something requiring extra effort</li> <li>c) an untrue and malicious story</li> <li>d) a source of pain</li> </ul>
	2. dependent	a) refusing aid b) relying on others c) easily angered d) unable to read
	3. fertile	a) alone b) definite c) productive d) shy
	4. peculiar	<ul><li>a) friendly</li><li>b) highly skilled</li><li>c) violent</li><li>d) odd</li></ul>
	5. preference	<ul> <li>a) expression of dislike</li> <li>b) form of punishment</li> <li>c) suggestion</li> <li>d) first choice</li> </ul>
	6. principal	<ul> <li>a) most important</li> <li>b) small in number</li> <li>c) physically large</li> <li>d) purposeful</li> </ul>
	7. solitary	a) full of life b) alone c) clever d) whole
	8. suitable	a) proper b) well-dressed c) filled with regret d) absent
	9. surplus	a) insufficient b) ruined c) extra d) planned
	10. transform	a) change b) remain the same c) frighten d) create
	11. analyze	a) disturb b) get rid of (something) c) dislike d) examine
	12. attitude	a) decrease b) success c) frame of mind d) dislike
	13. category	<ul> <li>a) group with characteristics in common</li> <li>b) means of expression</li> <li>c) lack of understanding</li> <li>d) denial</li> </ul>
	14. contrast	a) striking difference b) similarity c) suggestion d) bright color
	15. critical	a) well-liked b) disapproving c) lacking intelligence d) not taking
	16. deliberate	a) done on purpose b) unwise c) amazing d) criminal
	17. excessive	a) kindly b) slow to anger c) not enough d) too much
	18. fragile	a) poorly made b) easily broken c) richly decorated d) tasteless
	19. frustration	a) great delight b) discouragement c) cruelty d) luck
	20. indicate	a) pay attention (to) b) fail to see c) object (to) d) point out
	21. accompany	a) abandon b) meet unexpectedly c) receive d) go along with
	22. desperate	a) in great need b) content c) furious d) sorrowful
	23. determine	a) suspect b) find out c) persuade d) compliment
	24. dispose of	a) throw away b) ignore c) silence d) repeat
	25. evident	a) hidden b) brightly colored c) obvious d) musical

(Continues on next page)

26. preserve	a) pretend b) protect c) absorb d) expect
27. pursue	a) capture b) chase c) control d) rest
28. rejection	a) invitation b) action c) possibility d) refusal
29. restore	a) repair b) destroy c) bury d) lift up
30. scarce	a) in great amount b) not needed c) hard to find d) empty
31. abundant	a) quickly used up b) unwanted c) overpriced d) more than enough
32. betray	a) cooperate with b) allow to happen c) be disloyal to d) weigh down
33. comparison	<ul> <li>a) act of considering how two things are similar or different</li> <li>b) sense of freedom from danger c) type of literature made of imaginary events d) belief based upon little information</li> </ul>
34. demonstrate	<ul> <li>a) explain by showing</li> <li>b) break into pieces</li> <li>c) bury</li> <li>d) have complete knowledge of</li> </ul>
35. dispute	a) formal agreement b) sense of hopelessness c) quarrel d) opinion
36. distinct	a) shady b) without value c) able to produce offspring d) obvious
37. exaggerate	a) overstate b) lessen in size c) state the truth d) avoid
38. inhabit	a) put to good use b) serve as a substitute for c) make up d) live in
39. <b>neutral</b>	<ul> <li>a) changing one's opinion readily</li> <li>b) refusing to take sides in a quarrel</li> <li>c) discovering the truth</li> <li>d) acting against one's stated beliefs</li> </ul>
40. reduction	a) shipment b) explanation c) decrease d) correction
41. aggravate	a) improve b) correct c) ignore d) make worse
42. cease	a) continue b) prepare c) stop d) allow
43. <b>coincide</b>	<ul> <li>a) remove from consideration</li> <li>b) happen at the same time</li> <li>c) make clear</li> <li>d) read carefully</li> </ul>
44. considerable	a) less than expected b) heartless c) impossible d) large
45. humane	a) kind b) absent-minded c) cruel d) talented
46. intentional	a) on purpose b) accidental c) misguided d) against the law
47. interference	a) sudden quiet b) loss of heat c) getting in the way d) acceptance
48. <b>obnoxious</b>	a) well-meaning b) unpleasant c) comical d) unclear
49. unstable	a) usual b) strong c) unsteady d) complete
50. <b>utilize</b> .	a) suggest b) make use of c) control by force d) accept as fact



challenge dependent fertile peculiar preference principal solitary suitable surplus transform

# Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 challenge /ˈtʃælɪndʒ/ – noun	<ul><li>proud after making</li><li>When the baby s</li></ul>	ng a climb.	tult <b>challenge</b> , but she feels very the four active little boys he was <b>hallenge</b> ," he sighed.
Challenge means	a. reason.	b. something boring.	c. something requiring effort.
2 dependent /di'pendent/ - adjective	human babies are Tyrone's father s	e dependent upon their p	l much too dependent on me. It's
Dependent means	a. relying.	b. leading.	c. puzzling.
3 fertile /ˈfɜːṭaɪl/ – adjective	• Our daughter's p	s so fertile, Iowa has ma tet hamsters were so fert ack to the pet store.	ny farms. <b>ile</b> that we ended up selling many
Fertile means	a. common.	b. large.	c. able to produce.
4 peculiar /pɪˈkjuːlıə(r)/ – adjective	realized there wa • My brother thin	s a large hole in his pants ks my chip-and-dip sand	ring him <b>peculiar</b> looks until he s.  It dwiches are <b>peculiar</b> , but I don't er-and-tuna sandwiches he eats.
Peculiar means	a. attractive.	b. unusual.	c. innocent.
5 preference /prefərəns/ - noun	<ul><li>preference for d</li><li>What is your col</li></ul>	inner tonight?	restaurants nearby. What's your ing room? Do you like cool blues
Preference means	a. choice.	b. skill.	c. effect.
6 principal /prinsəpəl/ - adjective	The queen of Enis the prime min	gland has no real power ster.	ard work, not luck or talent.  The principal leader of England
<i>Principal</i> means	<ol> <li>a. most recent.</li> </ol>	b. false.	c. chief.

7 solitary /ˈsɒlɪtərɪ/		olitary vacation in my cabin for npany of other humans.	two weeks, I was ready to
– adjective		be by herself, Melba looked forwa activities as reading and taking a	
Solitary means	a. friendly.	b. proper.	c. done alone.
8 suitable /¹s/ju:təbl/	<ul> <li>Sharon asked he she had to wear</li> </ul>	er mother if her blue dress was s black.	suitable for a funeral, or if
– adjective	-	ces and food are so good, we decole for our bowling banquet.	cided that the Red Lion Inn
Suitable means	a. right.	b. too expensive.	c. important.
9 surplus /ˈsɜːpləs/ – adjective	people. • The Barkleys h	e restaurants are donating their ad more kitchen supplies than ots and pans to their son, who	they needed, so they gave
Surplus means	a. strange.	b. extra.	c. main.
10 transform /trænsˈfɔ:m/ – verb	-	orm this messy attic into an attracement to transform a chicken's	egg into an egg the size of
Transform means	a. to accept.	b. to repeat.	c. to change.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1.	Producing or able to produce much fruit, large crops, or many children
2	Most important; main; leading
3	Relying on others for aid or support
4	Extra; more than what is used or needed
5	Odd; strange
6	A test of one's abilities; anything that calls for a special effort
7	Happening or done alone
8	To change in form or appearance
9	Right for a certain purpose; proper; fitting
10	Choice; first choice; something preferred

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. challenge f. principal	b. dependent g. solitary	c. fertile h. suitable	d. peculiar i. surplus	e. preference j. transform
<u> </u>	1. Just one can	of spinachs l	Popeye from a wea	akling into a hero.
			h the same crop, r to the next keeps	it will become less _ the soil rich.
	3. Although m	y is for a day	time job, I will wo	rk at night if necessa
		elen had more clothes to a thrift sto	•	needed, so they dona
		gine what that s and freshly cut g		– it's like a mixture
	6. A man lived	by himself in a ca	ve most of his life-	— yes, his was a l
	7. I know you l	have reasons for q	uitting school. Wha	at's the reason?
	8. Baby-sitting	g with a lot of chil	dren isn't easy —	it's a
		_		eight puppies their co will be well cared for.
		-		new she couldn't becaner who were on
entence Check	2			
sing the answer lines, o	complete each item	below with two w	ords from the box	
			l, my is to hathe prefers to be	ive lots of company,  —·
	somethin	g beautiful. The	change they n	eir unattractive yard nade was to put in so ges were small ones.
		110		and use his mother's be so on his pare
	all the to	ato plants are alm matoes before the		to use or give a
	recipes t			up inventing some e strangest was "Pea

11

# > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

The state of relying on others for help or support

	vin minn at the wife and amount and an arbban.
b. Independent, adject	tive Not needing help from others
c. preferable, adjective	Deserving to be chosen over another; more desirable
d. sult, verb	To be right for; fit
e. transformation, nou	
1	. A part-time job in the evenings would my school schedule
	perfectly.
2	<ol> <li>A baby's on its parents is complete; it needs them to do everything for it.</li> </ol>
3	3. By the age of 2, most children have moments of wanting to be, and they will push their parents away, saying, "Me do it!"
4	I. There are two hotels in town — the Burke and the Oakwood Towers — but in my opinion, the Burke is because it is quieter and has a swimming pool.
5	5. At my ten-year high-school reunion, I saw several people who had gone through an amazing — one quiet, shy girl had become an outgoing beauty, and one of the wildest boys in the class had become a priest.
i. challenging, adjecti	
g. dependable, adjecti	
h. fertilize, verb	To make soil richer by adding material to it
i. Infertile, adjective	Unable to produce children
j. peculiarity, noun	Something odd or strange
	<ol> <li>Many gardeners save old food scraps and grass clippings and use them to the garden.</li> </ol>
	7. Myrna is a nice person, but she does have one: she won't eat anything that she hasn't prepared herself.
8	<ol> <li>My beginning math course was easy enough, but I found algebra much more</li> </ol>
9	9. Jaime is the most friend I have — he's always there when I need him.
10	<ol> <li>When my sister and her husband realized they were, they decided to adopt three children who were brothers and sisters.</li> </ol>

# ➤ Word Parts

A.	The	prefix	trans-	can	mean	"across"	or	"change to	"
----	-----	--------	--------	-----	------	----------	----	------------	---

Examples: transport — to take from one place across to another

translate — to change from one language to another

airline a \_\_\_\_.

a. transatlantic d. transplant	b. transform g., translate e. transportation
On each answer line	, write the word from the box that best completes the item.  1. Trina's job is to business letters from Spanish into English.
	2. You can a room simply by painting it a different color.
	3. The doctored one of Mark's kidneys into his sister.
	4. Since my grandmother doesn't drive and there is no public in her area, she depends on me to take her shopping.
	5. The ship will cross the Atlantic Ocean next week. The ship's trip begins in New York City and ends in England.
B. The prefix sur- mea	ns "over," "upon," beyond," or "additional."
	— to go beyond — an additional tax  e, write the word from the box that best completes the item.
	g. surface grant h. surpass j. surfax
	6. I like to protect and shine thes of my wooden tables with wax.
	7. My garden produced so much zucchini that I gave big bagfuls of squash to all of my neighbors.
	8. In addition to the usual taxes, people who earn over a certain amount will have to pay a
	9. The drive to raise money for the children's hospital was so successful that the money raiseded the goal that was set.
	10. Because we brought so much luggage on our trip, we had to pay the

### > Final Check

B.

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

### A. Johnny Appleseed

a. <b>fertile</b>	b. pecullar	c. solitary
d. <b>surplus</b>	e. transform	
John Chapman, who is	known to the world as Johnny A	nnleseed must have been a
<u>-</u>	clothing include	• •
tin pot for a hat.		
•	a, where Johnny lived, many peo	ople grew apples. But there
·	ds further west, which were just th	
	his neighbors, asking them for their	
	me, Johnny walked thousands of m	
	of Ohio and Indiana. Everywhere	
•	3) ground	
	through areas where Native Amer	
•	loner, his travels were always (4)	
	yet he was never harmed. The Inc	
	e like Johnny, who was not like ot	
	ed the American wilderness	
flowering, fruit-filled trees.		, ming it with moderates of
no weiling, man investigation		
The Lovable Leech?		
f. challenge	g. dependent	h. preference
i. principal	j. suitable	
	we human beings like to think we a	re, the fact is that we are stil

As highly developed as we human beings like to think we are, the fact is that we are still (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ upon many lower forms of life. The (7) \_\_\_\_\_ way that this is true, of course, is our use of meat to eat and skins to wear. But there are other ways, sometimes strange ways, that we rely on other creatures. Take, for example, the leech. It would be a (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to really like a leech. It is a disgusting-looking worm that lives in freshwater ponds and streams. As many people have discovered when they've gone swimming, a leech's (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_ for dinner is human blood. It loves to attach itself to a swimmer's foot and sink in its teeth — as many as three hundred of them. The bite does not cause any pain. But the leech can suck out eight times its own weight in blood. "How disgusting," you are probably thinking. But listen to this. In recent years, doctors have found that leeches are the most (10) \_\_\_\_\_ way to remove extra blood from a person after an injury, especially around the eyes. Yes, leeches are honored guests in many modern hospitals.





analyze attitude category contrast critical deliberate excessive fragile frustration indicate

# Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 analyze /ˈænəlaɪz/	<ul> <li>Someone in the labor patient has an illness.</li> </ul>	oratory will analyze the	blood sample to see if the
– verb	<ul> <li>Before we can sugg money problems.</li> </ul>	est solutions, we must	carefully analyze the city's
Analyze means	a. to plan.	b. to study.	c. to create.
2 attitude /ˈætɪtjuːd/		ve a positive attitude. need to come into the nex	Even if they have lost the tone ready to win.
– noun	<ul> <li>Rudy came to the pa bored and wouldn't h</li> </ul>	-	e; he was sure that he'd be
Attitude means	a. set of rules.	b. background.	c. way of thinking.
3 category /ˈkætɪgərɪ/	<ul> <li>When I was in high s an athlete, a scholar, o</li> </ul>		it into any category. I wasn't
– noun ·	<ul> <li>The small store had category of country r</li> </ul>	•	ordings, but not much in the
Category means	a. goal.	b. feeling.	c. group.
4 contrast /ˈkɒntrɑ:st/	• Everyone is surprised one eye is brown, and		rast between Peggy's eyes —
– noun	-	contrast between the far	ncy cars and houses west of east.
Contrast means	a. disappointment.	b. place.	c. difference.
5 critical /ˈkrɪtɪkəl/		y critical of me when I aise me when I do well.	don't do my best work, but
– adjective	•	of, her neighbors. She cand their yard is overgrow	alls them lazy because their wn with weeds.
Critical means	a. fault-finding.	b. jealous.	c. proud.
6 <b>deliberate</b> /dɪˈlɪbərət/ – adjective	· I'm sure our neighbo	was quite <b>deliberate</b> ; it was that the tall tree vers. It was a <b>deliberate</b> of	he was planting would keep
Deliberate means	a. easv.	b. fair.	c. planned.

7 excessive /ɪkˈsesɪv/	Excessive speed ca eighty miles an hour	used the accident; the truck	driver was going nearly
– adjective		about her little boy's healthery time he gets the sniffles of	
Excessive means	a. overly great.	b. off and on.	c. normal.
8 fragile /ˈfrædʒaɪl/	• The lamp is <b>fragile</b> , plenty of newspaper	so when you pack it, please around it.	e put it in a deep box with
– adjective		was little, we kept our <b>fragil</b> she would break them.	e dishes and glasses out of
Fragile means	a. broken.	b. strong.	c. breakable.
9 frustration /frn'streifən/		oller-blade, I fell down twen	-
– noun	• Elaine felt great fru time.	stration when she failed he	er driving test for the third
Frustration means	a. relief.	b. discouragement.	c. pleasure.
10 indicate	• Jeff's frown seemed	to indicate that he was unha	ppy with our plan.
/ˈɪndɪkeɪt/ – <i>verb</i>	• The parking-lot attenthe way up to the fer	ndant pointed to <b>indicate</b> thance.	at I should drive the car all
Indicate means	a. to hide.	b. to show.	c. to plan.

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1	A feeling of anger and helplessness that comes from bad luck, defeat, or failure; disappointment
2	A point of view; state of mind; way of thinking or feeling
3	A group of people or things having something in common; type
4	Too much; more than is reasonable
5	Done on purpose; carefully planned
6	An obvious difference
7	Disapproving; tending to find fault
8	Easily broken or damaged
9	To examine carefully; study closely
0.	To show: serve as a sign or signal

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

	a. analyze b. attitude f. deliberate g. excessiv	c. category d. contrast e. critical e h. fragile i. frustration j. indicate
		id the of failing the driving test again, Elaine has decided to iving lessons.
	2. A plan	ned action is
	3ea	ting over the holidays led to my gaining three pounds.
		sign with a picture of a leaping deers that deer often cross d at that spot.
	this ye	osing every game last season, the soccer players began training ar with a poor If they don't transform° their outlook, they ve another losing season.
_	6. Someth	ning that is can be easily damaged.
	7. Which	of movie do you prefer, comedy or action-adventure?
		Maggied her reasons for wanting to marry Joe, she realized by were not good ones.
	9. Many and frie	teenagers feel their parents are too of their clothing, music ends.
		surprised by the between kind, gentle Bill and his impatient mpered brother.
	Sentence Check 2	iana kalamaish ama mada Gara da kar
US	•	item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.
		re is a large between things that fit in the of junk food those foods needed for basic nutrition.
	have	en a child is learning to play a musical instrument, parents should an encouraging Rather than being of the child, parents ald find things to praise.
		en we broke three glasses while washing the dishes, it wasn't  y were just too
		st people can deal with some, but if discouragement becomes, it can actually cause illness.
		en we the citywide election returns, they will how each thousand voted.

# > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

<ul> <li>a. analysis, noun</li> <li>b. contrasting, adjectiv</li> <li>c. deliberately, adverb</li> <li>d. excess, noun</li> <li>e. Indication, noun</li> </ul>	A careful study of something, especially by looking at its parts  e Showing a noticeable difference  Purposely  An amount that is greater than needed  A sign of something
1.	A fever is one of illness. Headache and an upset stomach are other signs of being sick.
2.	No matter how many times Mike says it was an accident, I believe he tried to knock me down.
3.	Our garden is growing more vegetables than our family can eat, so we're giving the to neighbors.
4.	The laboratory's of the blood sample showed that the patient was quite healthy.
5.	We painted our living room in colors — one wall is pale yellow and the others are dark green.
f. categorize, verb g. criticism, noun h. excessively, adverb i. frustrated, adjective j. uncritical, adjective	To put into groups Comments about faults To a point that goes beyond what is reasonable or wise Feeling discouragement Accepting of faults
6.	When the candy machine didn't return my change, I was so that kicked it.
7.	My parents their books by subject — mysteries, health, humor, and so on.
8.	My instructor's of my paper was tough, but helpful. In addition to pointing out the paper's faults, he suggested ways to correct them.
9.	I'm completely when it comes to pizza. Frozen or fresh-baked crisp or soggy, thick crust or thin — I love it all.
10.	Even though her son is now in college, Mrs. Hill is still concerned about him. She calls him every day to be sure he's eating right and getting enough sleep.

# > Synonyms and Antonyms

-	faced word.	phrase that most hearty means the same as each
1.	analyze	
	a. remember	b. examine .
	c. find fault with	d. use
2.	attitude	
	a. height	b. outlook
	c. knowledge	d. skill
3.	category	•
	a. group	b. purpose
	c. reaction	d. problem
4.	critical	
	a. absent	b. frightened
	c. nervous	d. disapproving
5.	indicate	
	a. plan	b. conceal
	c. show	d. disappoint
bold	faced word.	phrase that most nearly means the <b>opposite</b> of each
bold	faced word.  contrast	
bold	faced word.  contrast  a. difference	b. environment
bold 6.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment	
bold 6.	contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate	b. environment d. sameness
bold 6.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate a. accidental	<ul><li>b. environment</li><li>d. sameness</li><li>b. harmful</li></ul>
bold 6 7.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate a. accidental c. helpful	b. environment d. sameness
bold 6 7.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate a. accidental c. helpful  excessive	<ul><li>b. environment</li><li>d. sameness</li><li>b. harmful</li><li>d. fortunate</li></ul>
bold 6 7.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate a. accidental c. helpful  excessive a. not real	<ul><li>b. environment</li><li>d. sameness</li><li>b. harmful</li><li>d. fortunate</li><li>b. not enough</li></ul>
bold 6 7.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate a. accidental c. helpful  excessive	<ul><li>b. environment</li><li>d. sameness</li><li>b. harmful</li><li>d. fortunate</li></ul>
bold 6 7 8.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate a. accidental c. helpful  excessive a. not real	<ul><li>b. environment</li><li>d. sameness</li><li>b. harmful</li><li>d. fortunate</li><li>b. not enough</li></ul>
bold 6 7 8.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate a. accidental c. helpful  excessive a. not real c. unexpected	<ul> <li>b. environment</li> <li>d. sameness</li> <li>b. harmful</li> <li>d. fortunate</li> <li>b. not enough</li> <li>d. required</li> <li>b. unbreakable</li> </ul>
bold 6 7 8.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate a. accidental c. helpful  excessive a. not real c. unexpected  fragile	<ul><li>b. environment</li><li>d. sameness</li><li>b. harmful</li><li>d. fortunate</li><li>b. not enough</li><li>d. required</li></ul>
bold 7 8 9.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate a. accidental c. helpful  excessive a. not real c. unexpected  fragile a. damaged	<ul> <li>b. environment</li> <li>d. sameness</li> <li>b. harmful</li> <li>d. fortunate</li> <li>b. not enough</li> <li>d. required</li> <li>b. unbreakable</li> </ul>
bold 7 8 9.	faced word.  contrast  a. difference c. enjoyment  deliberate a. accidental c. helpful  excessive a. not real c. unexpected  fragile a. damaged c. unnecessary	<ul> <li>b. environment</li> <li>d. sameness</li> <li>b. harmful</li> <li>d. fortunate</li> <li>b. not enough</li> <li>d. required</li> <li>b. unbreakable</li> </ul>

# > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

# A. Finding Fault - And What to Do About It

a. attitude	b. category	c. critical
d. excessive	e. frustration	
Entropy (manager, Alex Sections of the control of t	en de servicion de la material de la companya del la companya de l	and an experimental and an

Are you one of those people who are constantly finding fault? Are you very
(1) of everyone else's mistakes? If the washing machine or the stereo
breaks down, is your reaction (2) anger and (3)?
If so, beware! Too much bad temper and discouragement could be harming your health.
Scientists say that faultfinders and those who are often angry actually seem to have more
heart attacks. So if you fall into this (4) of people, it's a smart idea
to try to change your outlook. Learn to take things more calmly; learn to be more patient
when someone or something disappoints you. If your (5) improves,
your health may improve too.

### B. What Do Your Hobbies Reveal About You?

f	analyze	g. contrast	h.	deliberate
i.	fragile	j. indicate		
	7			

Mira, Pat, and Celia are sisters, close in age and similar in looks — but what a
(6) there is in their leisure activities! Mira loves an exciting
challenge° and often takes (7) risks. She has mastered the
skateboard, she drives in stock-car races, and she's even tried boxing. In fact, she says she'd
go skydiving if only she could afford it. Pat is a collector. She spends her spare time
searching for old crystal and china — and taking care of it. She never minds the hours it takes
her to wash and dust her precious, (8) treasures. Then there's
Celia, who wants to spend every possible minute reading — and that's all! You've never met
Mira, Pat, and Celia, but doesn't this tell you a lot about them? If we
(9) how people spend leisure time, their interests and hobbies
can reveal a great deal about their personalities. What do you think your hobbies and other
activities would (10) about you?



accompany desperate determine dispose of evident preserve pursue rejection restore scarce

# Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1	accompany /əˈkʌmpənɪ/ – verb	• The Myers asked my s take care of their young	sister to <b>accompany</b> them children.	to the seashore to help
		• In popular music, word music, there are no word	Is usually <b>accompany</b> the ds to go with the notes.	tune. In much classical
_	_Accompany means	a. to go before.	b. to go after.	c. to go with.
2	desperate /desperat/ - adjective	• Extremely ill people manything.	nay be so desperate for a	a cure that they will try
		• The earthquake victims	are desperate for food and	d clothing.
_	_Desperate for means	a. harmed by.	b. in great need of.	c. surprised by.
3	determine /dɪˈtɜːmɪn/ – verb	• The doctor in the emerg	gency room <b>determined</b> fr broken.	om an x-ray that Chen's
			<b>letermined</b> that the "superant the "family economy" becomes	
_	_Determine means	a. to regret.	b. to remember.	c. to discover.
4	dispose of /dis'pauz av/ - verb	• The sign said, "Lungs a pipes before entering."	t work. Please dispose of	all cigarettes, cigars, and
			ds, Herb decided to <b>dispo</b> size. He never wanted to s	
	_Dispose of means	a. to get rid of.	b. to pay for.	c. to use up.
5	<b>evident</b> /ˈevɪdənt/ – adjective	• The fact that my aunt dy	yes her hair is <b>evident</b> — h	er gray roots show.
		• To make it <b>evident</b> that sent him back all his let	she didn't want to go out waters and gifts.	with James again, Crystal
	_Evident means	a. useful.	b. easy to see.	c. unlikely.
6	6 <b>preserve</b> /prt <sup>1</sup> z3:v/ – <i>verb</i>	Steps are being taken to California and Oregon from the california and Oregon from the C	to <b>preserve</b> the remaining for future generations.	g giant redwood trees of
		<ul> <li>To preserve its valuable bright lights and extrem</li> </ul>	le old fabrics, the museum te temperatures.	n keeps them away from
	Preserve means	a. to keep safe.	b. to sell off.	c. to seek.

7 pursue /pəˈsju:/	<ul> <li>At the age of 49, the woman decided to pursue a degree in social work and become a social worker.</li> </ul>				
– verb		ursue an acting career in New ctor, not a great star.	York City. His goal is to		
Pursue means	a. to avoid.	b. to work toward.	c. to replace.		
8 rejection /rɪˈdʒek∫ən/	<ul> <li>My brother was upset when he received a letter of rejection from a college he wanted to attend.</li> </ul>				
– noun		sturbed when she didn't get the jo lle <b>rejection</b> , you have some grow			
Rejection means	a. respect.	b. not being accepted.	c. bad taste.		
9 restore /rɪ'stɔ:(r)/	<ul> <li>During the 1980s, the Statue of Liberty was restored. The damaged torch and the 1,600 iron bands that hold the copper skin to the frame were replaced.</li> </ul>				
– verb	<ul> <li>Surprisingly, ther the sight of a blin</li> </ul>	e have been cases where a bump d person.	on the head has restored		
Restore means	a. to fix.	b. to harm.	c. to give away.		
10 scarce	• Since 1909 pennies are scarce, the one I own may be worth a lot of money.				
/skeəs/ <i>– adjective</i>	• In the book <i>The Long Winter</i> , the author tells about a time when food was so scarce that she and her family lived on little more than bread for weeks.				
Scarce means	a. common.	b. clear.	c. hard to find.		

# **Matching Words with Definitions**

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1	Obvious; clear
2	To find out exactly; figure out
3	To throw or give away; get rid of
4	Having a great need or desire
5	Rare; hard to get; not enough to meet demand
6	To bring back to a normal or former condition; repair
7	To protect; keep in good condition
8	A saying "no" (to a request or desire); refusal
9	To try to get or succeed in; seek
10	To go along with; be together with

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. accompany b. desperate c. determine d. dispose of e. evident
f. preserve g. pursue h. rejection i. restore j. scarce
1. If you are for food, that means you are in great need of it.
2. When we say that something is, we mean that it can be clearly seen or clearly understood.
3. Do you like ketchup to your french fries, or do you prefer them plain
4. The opposite of "plentiful" is ""
5. There are several ways to things you no longer want: put them in the garbage, recycle them, or give or sell them to someone who can use them
6. The opposite of "acceptance" is ""
7. To a piece of furniture, protect it from too much heat, sun, and moisture.
8. A good way to which twin is which is to look for the mole of Beth's forehead.
9. Many athletes an Olympic medal by practicing hours a day for years, but only a few athletes can actually win one.
10. To an old table, you must begin by removing all of the olvarnish and paint.
Sentence Sheck 2
Using the answer lines, complete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.
1-2. It is that this old movie theater has been very well taken car of — the original seats and wallpaper have beend since 1924.
3-4. Jill wants to be a zookeeper, but since such jobs are, she ma need to another kind of work.
5-6. The woman was for money, so she decided to sell he grandmother's diamond ring. She was disappointed when the jeweled that the diamond was a cheap imitation.
7–8. The owners of the old car are trying to decide if they will it wit new parts and a lot of body work, or it by giving it away.
9–10. I offered to my friend to the tryout for the play, thinking that she did not get the part, she might need help in dealing with the

23

## > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. desperately, adver	b In a way that shows a great need or desire				
b. disposal, noun	The act of getting rid of something				
c. evidence, noun	Something that helps prove a fact or belief; proof				
d. pursult, noun	The act of seeking or chasing				
e. reject, verb	Refuse				
	<ol> <li>The found by firefighters — matches and a gasoline can — prove that someone set the fire on purpose.</li> </ol>				
	2. The runner tried to be the first to cross the finish line, but he failed by inches.				
	3. Our silly dog spends hours in of her own tail — which, of course she never catches.				
	4. Why did Amy the job that was offered to her? Did she take another one instead?				
	_ of nuclear waste is very difficult — people don't want such ngerous garbage near them.				
f. accompaniment, n	noun A musical part that provides the background for a soloist				
g. determination, not	in The act of finding out something				
h. evidently, adverb	Obviously; clearly				
i. preservation, noun	50년 1일 : 그리고 1일				
j. scarcity, noun	A shortage				
	<ol><li>After a of just exactly why the car is squealing, the mechanics car figure out how to repair it.</li></ol>				
	7. Because of freezes in Florida and California, there is a of oranges this year.				
	8. The only to the jazz singer was played on the flute.				
	<ol> <li>If the town doesn't start working on the of some open space, soon there won't be a spot that isn't covered with a house or shopping center.</li> </ol>				
1	<ol> <li>Jerome and his cousin Theo go everywhere together;, they are very good friends.</li> </ol>				

## > Word Parts

A. (	One	meaning	of the	suffix	-ly is	"in a	certain	way."	
------	-----	---------	--------	--------	--------	-------	---------	-------	--

Examples: desperate — in great need

desperately - in a way that shows great need

grateful — thankful gratefully — in a thankful way

On each answer line, write the word from the box that means the same as the italicized words.

a. engrily d. excessively°	b. deliberately° c. desperately e. skilifully
	1. Eva in a deliberate° way stuck her foot out as her little brother came by. As he fell, he yelled, "Hey, you did that on purpose!"
	2. The doctor sewed up the wound so in a skillful way that it did not even leave a scar.
	3. I guess I have been spending in an excessive way on clothes and eating out; I haven't saved a cent for the last year.
	4. Many neighbors stayed up all night, searching in a desperate way for the missing child.
	_ 5. The principal said to the class <i>in an angry way</i> , "There's no good reason for such rude behavior toward a substitute teacher."

### B. One meaning of the prefix re- is "back."

Examples: reflect — to bend light back

recall — to call back to mind; remember

On each answer line, write the word from the box that best completes the item.

f. recali i. repay	g. reflect h. remove j. restore
	6. To this old lamp, you'll need to put in new electrical wiring.
	7. When I get my next paycheck, I will the ten dollars you lent me.
	8. I remember the man's face, but I cannot his name.
	9. The truck's headlights hit my rearview mirror, whiched the light right into my eyes.
	10. "Please your hand from my car." said the young man.

h. pursue

## > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

the wood's natural lines and colors. Finally, I apply new varnish to (5)\_\_\_

inexpensive way for me to get some beautiful furniture.

#### A. Fixing Up Furniture

d. preserve	6. restore	c. evident
I feel proud when I	can fix up furniture that other people have (1)	d
_	a lot on new furniture, I like the challenge° of t	
thrown out by a relative	e or an ugly bureau I've found in a neighbor's tras	h pile and trying to
(2)	it to its original condition. I often find a	beautiful piece of
furniture hidden und	er many coats of paint or varnish. At fir	st it is hard to
(3)	how good or bad the piece underneath	really is. I must
carefully remove the ol	ld paint or varnish. If it becomes (4)	that the
quality of the piece of fi	urniture is good, I sand it until it is smooth. Then I	stain it to bring out

the wood from damage by water or heat. Fixing other people's "junk" has been an

k rejection

g. desperate

#### B. Barbara's Date with Her Cousin

	43							e sea e Grande de Constant				
Barbara										o when		
(6)			_ for a	date th	at she	e paid	her co	usin tw	enty-	five dolla	ırs to	go with
her to the sen	nior p	rom. Sh	e admit	s that c	lates	were	pretty	(7)				_ for her
in high school	ol. Ho	wever,	when th	e prom	tick	ets fir	st wen	t on sal	e, Ba	ırbara hop	ed tl	nat some
handsome fel	low v	would fa	ll for h	er char	ms ar	ıd ask	her to	the pro	m, aı	nd maybe	evei	n ask her
to go steady.	It did	n't happ	en.									
Back th	ien,	people	didn't	think	it	was	very	"ladylik	ce"	behavior	to	actively
(8)			a date	with a	boy,	but I	Barbara	a really	wan	ted to go	to th	ne prom.
Despite her fe	ear of	f (9)				_, she	got uj	her ne	rve to	o ask Gar	y. He	e already
had a date. So	she	asked E	milio ar	d then	Chu	k. Th	ey also	said no	).			

One week before the prom, she called her cousin. He said, "Okay, but it will cost you."

He said ten dollars was for being willing to (10) her to the dance and

fifteen dollars was for not telling anyone at the prom that they were related.



abundant betray comparison demonstrate dispute distinct exaggerate inhabit neutral reduction

c. hard to notice.

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1	abundant /əˈbʌndənt/ – adjective	<ul> <li>Our apple tree bore such an abundant crop this year that we'll have plenty of applesauce all winter.</li> <li>Mom's energy is so abundant that the rest of us can't keep up with her.</li> </ul>				
		_,	e'll bike ten miles and ther			
	_Abundant means	a. different.	b. great.	c. reasonable.		
2	betray /bi <sup>l</sup> trei/ - verb	-	betray their country by telling on the betray their country by telling of the betray the	•		
	_Betray means	a. to turn against.	b. to give aid to.	c. to argue with.		
3	comparison /kəmˈpærɪsən/ – noun	price range.	ouy after making a compar	·		
		•	's two wives makes his seco			
	_Comparison means	a. check of what is alik	e and different. b. argun	nent. c. explanation.		
4	demonstrate /'demanstreit/	• I asked the salesman to clear he didn't know ho	o <b>demonstrate</b> how to use w.	e the camera, but it was		
	– verb	1,00	machine arrives in our offi			
	_Demonstrate means	a. to remember.	b. to imagine.	c. to show.		
5	dispute /dis <sup>l</sup> pju:t/	• My dispute with my br settled when our father	other about who would get ate it.	the last piece of pie was		
	– noun	• Business at the store w who would get the next	as so slow that the salespe customer.	eople had a dispute over		
	_Dispute means	a. answer.	b. disagreement.	c. explanation.		
6	distinct /dis <sup>t</sup> tiŋkt/	• The faces of the people couldn't identify anyone	e in the faded old photo e.	were not <b>distinct</b> — we		
- adj	– adjective		s of onion dip looked the s	ame, there was a distinct		

b. healthy.

Distinct means

a. definite.

7 exaggerate //gˈzædʒəreit/	<ul> <li>Dad, reminding us not to stretch the truth, always jokes, "I've told you a million times never to exaggerate!"</li> </ul>					
– verb	<ul> <li>I didn't exaggerate w play the guitar amazin</li> </ul>	hen I called Randall a musi gly well.	ical genius. He really does			
Exaggerate means	a. to ask questions.	b. to overstate.	c. to explain.			
8 inhabit	• Six billion people inh	abit the Earth.				
/ɪnˈhæbɪt/ – <i>verb</i>	• Bats often inhabit the	attics of houses, barns, and	other buildings.			
Inhabit means	a. to show.	b. to live in.	c. to check.			
9 neutral /ˈn/juːtrəl/	<ul> <li>If you ever go to a marriage counselor, don't expect him or her to take sides in your problems with your spouse. A counselor must remain neutral.</li> </ul>					
– adjective	<ul> <li>Switzerland has been support either side in</li> </ul>	a <b>neutral</b> country since 164 wars.	8. It doesn't participate or			
Neutral means	a. clear.	b. not taking sides.	c. not loyal.			
10 reduction /rɪ¹dʌk∫ən/						
– noun	· It seems everyone who	runs for public office pron	nises a <b>reduction</b> in taxes.			
Reduction means	a. order.	b. quarrel.	c. cut.			

# Matching Words with Definitions

1

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1	To live in
2	Very plentiful; more than enough
3	The act of checking or judging how two or more things are alike or different
4	To say that something is larger or greater than it really is; overstate
5	Clear; obvious; easy to see or notice
6	Not taking sides in a quarrel
7	An argument; a quarrel
8	To be disloyal to; turn against
9	A decrease; cutback
0	To explain or teach by showing

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. abundant b. betr f. distinct g. exa	ay c. comparison d. demonstrate e. dispute ggerate h. inhabit i. neutral j. reduction
1.	If someone's new job pays less than the old job, he or she has taken a in pay.
2.	Benedict Arnold was an American officer who secretly helped the British during the American Revolution; he is remembered as a mar whoed his country.
3.	You a point when you overstate it, as in saying, "I'm dying of hunger."
4.	We had such an crop of tomatoes this year that we had enough to give to our neighbors.
5.	If you want to remain friends with two people who are quarreling, it is best to stay and keep out of the fight.
6.	A of our backgrounds and interests revealed we had a lot in common
7.	The uncooperative salesman refused to how to use the VCR saying, "Just read the manual and figure it out yourself."
8.	Even though I was only 3 at the time, I have a memory of the first time I saw the ocean.
9.	The people who Canada are called Canadians.
10.	When we say that two people had a, we mean that their fight consisted of words, not punches.
Sentence Check 2	
Using the answer lines, comple	ete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.
1-	-2. My roommates are having a over whether to paint the kitcher yellow or tan. I'm remaining; I don't care what color it is.
3-	-4. There has been a in crime in our city this year. In with last year, far fewer crimes were committed.
5-	-6. I'll admit that ants were at our picnic, but let's not There really were not a trillion of them.
7-	-8. Although I'd never sent E-mail on a computer before, Coreyd how it works so clearly that I now have a idea of how to do it myself.
9	<ol> <li>Homeless people secretlyed the abandoned building, but when someoneed them and told the police, they were thrown out.</li> </ol>

## > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. compare, verb	To check on what is the same and different
b. demonstration, n	oun An act of showing; presentation
c. distinctly, adverb	Clearly
d. inhabitant, noun.	Someone who lives in a particular place; resident
e. reduce, verb	To make smaller or fewer
	1. The juggling class began with a by the instructor, who juggled six cups and saucers, a teapot, and three muffins.
	2. Tokyo, Japan, has the largest population of any city in the world — over 26 millions.
	3. I remember asking you to buy bread and milk on your way home.
	4. If you what it costs to serve homemade foods and prepared foods, you will see that you can save money by doing your own cooking.
	5. Scientists are telling Americans to the amount of fat in our diets. They say we eat much more fat than is healthy.
f. abundance, noun	A great or plentiful supply  Lack of loyalty
g. betrayal, noun h. disputed, adjectiv	BE BERNELLE SELLE SELL
i. exaggeration, not	An overstatement; act of stating that something is larger or greater than it actually is
j. habitat, noun	The place where an animal or plant lives or grows
	6. After the holidays, Elena complained, "I've gained a ton!" This was a slight, since she had actually gained three pounds.
	7. "I have never experienced such," said Tom, after finding out that his best friend was having an affair with his wife. "It may be impossible to restore" my faith in either of them."
	8. The tropical areas of Africa and Asia are the elephant's natural We need to preserve° those areas so that elephants will have places to live.
	<ol><li>The death penalty and abortion are two hotly topics in the United States today.</li></ol>
	10. There was an of food at the party: platters were heaped high with

# > Synonyms and Antonyms

boldfaced word.	word or purase that most hearry means the same as each
1. betray	
a. encourage	b. annoy
c. escape	d. be disloyal
2. comparison	
a. thoughts and feelings	b. check of how things are alike or different
c. questions and answers	d. time and effort
3. demonstrate	•
a. show	b. confuse
c. entertain	d. judge
4. dispute	
a. argument	b. agreement
c. fact	d. condition
5. inhabit	
a. go away from	b. approach
c. live in	d. explore
B. Antonyms. Write the letter of the wboldfaced word.	word or phrase that most nearly means the opposite of each
6. abundant	
a. not enough	b. effective
c. lucky	d. great
7. distinct	
a. quiet	b. not constant
c. large	d. not clear
8. exaggerate	
a. admire	b. destroy
c. understate	d. defend
9. neutral	
a. unusual	b. taking sides
c. frightened	d. possible
10. reduction	
a. comment	b. increase
c. agreement	d. answer

# > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

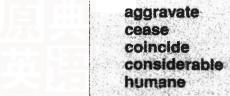
# A. The Vacuum-Cleaner Salesman

a. abundant	b. demonstrate	c. distinct
d, exaggerate	e. reduction	te to the state of
	y a salesman (1)	
my living room rug. I know	w some salespeople (2)	their product's
	elieve everything he said. But I le	
could do.		
The first thing he did w	vas deliberately° wipe his muddy i	feet on my rug. Next, he dumped
an (3)	amount of ashes onto it. Then	he vacuumed the mess up. In no
time, there was a difference	e between the rest of the rug and	the part he had dirtied and then
cleaned. A clear light stripe	now ran down the middle of my	rug. The machine was great. He
told me how lucky I w	as to have the chance to buy	y it then, because of a great
(4)	in the price. Sadly, I had to t	ell him that even the lower price
	en quickly thanked me and left.	-
Then I realized that he	hadn't finished cleaning up all of	the mess he had made. So I used
my own vacuum cleaner, w	hich did not do a very good job.	As a result, I'm reminded of the
	every time I walk through m	
	light stripe right down the mid	
The second of Table 1		
Peace at Last		

### В.

i. Inhabit	j. neutral	n, dispuis
My new a	apartment is so nice and quiet in (6)	with my last one.
In my old bui	lding, the people who (7)	ed the apartments on both
sides of me w	ere always having (8)	s. For example, the woman in
401 and the m	nan in 403 would argue all the time about p	politics. Once she yelled that she had
trusted him to	keep her secrets, but that he had (9)	ed her by telling
everyone in th	ne building. He then loudly insisted that she	e was the one with the big mouth. In
addition, his v	wife sometimes screamed at the woman for	flirting with her husband. Although
they tried to g	et me to take sides, I remained completely (	(10)
I don't know	who was right or wrong. I just know the	nat the excessive° number of noisy
arguments wa	s too much for me to bear, and I'm glad to b	be out of there.





intentional interference obnoxious unstable utilize

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1	aggravate /ˈægrəveɪt/	• If you walk on your s pain and swelling will	prained ankle, you'll only a get worse.	ggravate the injury: the
	– verb		hbors hate your dog, it's a oblem by walking the dog of	
	_Aggravate means	a. to make use of.	b. to make worse.	c. to create.
2	cease /si:s/	After the police warne backyard, an illegal ac	d him twice, our landlord <b>ce</b> tivity in our town.	ased burning trash in the
	– verb	• When the snowfall fina	ally ceased, we went out to s	shovel the driveway.
	_Cease means	a. to repeat.	b. to start.	c. to quit.
3	coincide /ˌkəʊɪnˈsaɪd/	•	gh school and I have moved ir hometown <b>coincide</b> so that	•
	– verb	•	ng married on the same day ng to <b>coincide</b> because I'd re	-
	_Coincide means	a. to happen at the san	ne time. b. to be stopped.	c. to be interesting.
4	considerable /kənˈsɪdərəbl/ – adjective	<ul> <li>After two hours and considerable effort, I finally found Vernon's apartment.</li> <li>Elena loves gardening, so she spends a considerable amount of time caring for flowers, vegetables, and herbs.</li> </ul>		
	_Considerable means	a. too little.	b. gentle.	c. quite a bit.
5	humane /hju:ˈmeɪn/	_	ed a fatal blood disease, we mane to have her painlessly	
	– adjective	• For years, mentally retarded people were often poorly cared for in large institutions. Happily, many now receive more <b>humane</b> treatment in small group homes.		
	_Humane means	a. wasteful.	b. fast.	c. caring.
6	intentional /ɪnˈten∫ənl/	-	fire was <b>intentional</b> , althousely burn down the library.	gh they don't know why
	– adjective	• I know I'm an hour la held me up.	te, but it wasn't intentional	. A huge traffic accident
	Intentional means	a. important.	b. planned	c. late

7 interference /,intə <sup>l</sup> fiərəns/		orkers outside our classrooms was moved to the library.	n window were such ar	
– noun	<ul> <li>I'm very fond of my arguments between m</li> </ul>	mother-in-law, but I do not and my wife.	like her interference in	
Interference means	a. help.	b. getting in the way.	c. silence.	
8 obnoxious /pb'npkʃəs/	• The children visiting obnoxious smell.	g the chicken farm held the	eir noses because of the	
– adjective		party if Lester is there. He are and making fun of people.		
Obnoxious means	a. not interesting.	b. popular.	c. not pleasant.	
9 unstable /ˌʌn¹steɪbl/	• The ladder felt so ur third step.	stable that I was afraid to c	limb any higher than the	
– adjective		rsonality was unstable. One next minute he was angry ab	-	
Unstable means	a. not steady.	b. useful.	c. easy to break.	
10 utilize /ˈjuːtɪlaɪz/	Don't throw bread ave to make bread crumb	way just because it's stale. St s and croutons.	ale bread can be utilized	
– verb	<ul> <li>Last summer, Cindy utilized her swimming skills as a camp lifeguard.</li> </ul>			
Utilize means	a. to sell.	b. to replace.	. c. to use.	

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1.	Very unpleasant; distasteful; disgusting
2	To stop; discontinue
3	Unsteady; wobbly; not reliable
4	Done on purpose; planned
5	To make worse
6	Kind; sympathetic; merciful; gentle
7	To happen at the same time
8	Rather great; rather large
9	The act of getting in the way of something; meddling in someone else's business; something that gets in the way
10.	To make use of; put to use, especially to good use

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. aggravate f. intentional	b. cease c. coincide d. considerable e. humane g. interference h. obnoxious i. unstable j. utilize
·	1. It's no wonder the vase fell over; the flowers were so top-heavy that the whole arrangement was
	2. My brother is glad he'll be able to his skills as a mechanic in hi new job at a garage.
	3. Surprisingly, going to bed and taking it easy can actually back pain Gentle movement is often more helpful.
	4. A amount of time is the opposite of a rather small amount of time.
	5. You may feel that slurping with straws is, but my kids don't find i disgusting at all.
	6. The young man was charged with arson — the setting of a harmful fire.
	7. The two funerals will; that is, they will take place on the same day.
	8. My nosy neighbor calls what she does just "taking a healthy interest in people's lives," but I call what she does ""
	9. It really isn't to give small children chicks and baby ducks a presents — the poor little birds are almost sure to die soon.
	10. The opposite of "begin" is
Sentence Chec	k~2
Using the answer lines	, complete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.
	1-2. "No pain, no gain" is bad advice when it comes to sports injuries You can easily an injury by playing before the pain hasd.
	3–4. If a couple's marriage seems, family members may try to ge involved. But from relatives sometimes does more harm than good
	5-6. It may take effort to get along with an coworker, but learning how to deal with difficult people is a valuable skill.
	7-8. Animal-rights activists say it is not right to cats, dogs, and monkeys in medical experiments. However, many researchers argue that their treatment of the animals is
	9–10. The vocabulary skills class and the study skills class thi semester. Scheduling them for the same day and time probably wasn't but students who wanted to take them both are approved.

## > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	AND THE RESIDENCE OF A PARTY OF THE PARTY OF
a. aggravation, noun	A worsening
b. <b>coincidence</b> , noun	A striking chance happening of events at the same time, as if they had been planned
c. considerably, adv	하고 아내는 아내는 이 사람들은 아무슨 사람들은 아내는 아내는 아내는 아내는 아내는 아내를 하는데 하는데 얼마나 그렇게 되었다.
d. humanitarian, nou	시민 요. 사람이 되는 아니는 이 가는 그리지를 하면 주시가 있다. 그리를 보는 것이 되었다. 그리지 않는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이다.
e. ceaseless, adjecti	AND NOTE :
	<ol> <li>When Tania picked up her old friend at the airport, they were both excited about seeing one another that they couldn't stop talking — to car was filled with their chatter until they reached home.</li> </ol>
	2. If you won the lottery, would you be a and give some of the mone to charity? Or — be honest — would you keep it all for yourself?
	3. The patient's refusal to take his medicine led to an of his illness in fact, he nearly died.
	4. My husband is one of those people who get the blues over the Christmas holidays, but his spirits brighten after New Year's Day
	5. My roommate and I discovered a funny: our mothers had be roommates at the hospital where we were both born.
f. intention, noun g. interfere, verb h. noxious, adjective	A plan to do something To become involved in other people's business Very harmful to health
i. stable, adjective	Steady; reliable
j. utility, noun	Usefulness; the quality of serving a use or purpose
and the second s	
•	6. To make the ladder more while Luis climbed up to the roof, And and I held onto the sides.
	7. The children had to be taken from the school building quickly when _ furnes began escaping from the furnace. Luckily, none of them got sick
<del>-</del>	8. The old saying "The road to hell is paved with goods" means the just planning to do good things is not enough; we must also do them.
	9. We purchase most of our household items for their — to sit on, cook with, and so on. However, we buy works of art for their beau not their usefulness.
	10. If children are quarreling, should parents? Or is it better to stay of the quarrel and let kids work things out for themselves?

# > Analogies

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line. (All the repeated words in these items are from this unit.)

1.	AGGRAVATE : WORSEN ::	
	<ul><li>a. improve : make better</li><li>c. heal : injure</li></ul>	b. improve : make worse d. raise : lower
2.	CEASE : BEGIN ::	
	<ul><li>a. continue : go on</li><li>c. stop : start</li></ul>	b. stop : quit d. hurry : rush
3.	PRESERVE°: FURNITURE::	
	<ul><li>a. restore°: repair</li><li>c. find: lose</li></ul>	b. chair : furniture d. analyze° : problem
<u> </u>	OBNOXIOUS : PLEASANT ::	
	<ul><li>a. harmful : unpleasant</li><li>c. annoying : nice</li></ul>	b. annoying : irritating d. pleasure : enjoyment
5.	UTILIZE : TOOL ::	
	<ul><li>a. catch: run</li><li>c. ship: car</li></ul>	b. shaky: wobbly d. swing: bat
6.	UNSTABLE : STEADY ::	
	<ul><li>a. large : big</li><li>c. abundant<sup>o</sup> : plentiful</li></ul>	b. evident°: unclear d. busy: happy
7.	INTENTIONAL : ON PURPOSE ::	
	<ul><li>a. untrue : false</li><li>c. planned : prevented</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. accidental : on purpose</li><li>d. hoped for : feared</li></ul>
8.	REJECTION°: ACCEPTANCE::	
	<ul><li>a. hour : time</li><li>c. school : college</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. child : children</li><li>d. contrast<sup>o</sup> : similarity</li></ul>
9.	INTERFERENCE : ASSISTANCE ::	
	<ul><li>a. reduction°: decrease</li><li>c. teacher : subject</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. garbage : bag</li><li>d. dispute° : agreement</li></ul>
10.	SCARCE°: GOLD::	
	<ul><li>a. fragile : glass</li><li>c. diamond : ruby</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. new : old</li><li>d. excessive° : deliberate°</li></ul>

#### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. Study Skills to the Rescue!

a. aggravate d. Interference	b. coincid e. utilize		c. considerable
---------------------------------	--------------------------	--	-----------------

College students say that one of their biggest headaches is what to do when several
exams and assignments (1); for example, when they have an exam
and a quiz the same week that a paper and a report are due. To deal with this situation, don't
panic — that will only (2) your problem. Instead, (3)
some study skills that will make you a better manager of your time. First, you can get
(4) help simply by planning well. Figure out what will take the most
time; probably the exam will need more study time than the quiz, and a long report might
take more time than a short paper. Setting aside the right amounts of time will give you a
sense of control. Second, be sure you get the most out of the time you've planned. Find a
quiet place to work, and don't allow any (5) from your friends or
roommates, TV, radio, or the CD player. And third? Well, try adding your own ideas to the
list. The more you add, the more self-confident you'll feel.

#### B. How to Control Children

	f, cease		a.	humane	•		h. Intentional
١							
	i, obnoxio	<b>43</b>	<b>k</b>	unstabl			Control of the contro

For many years, there was little question about how to treat children who misbehaved — they were hit, sometimes beaten. That seemed natural and suitable° to parents, to teachers, and maybe even to the children. In our own time, though, many people have tried to find more (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ methods, gentle ways to help children learn self-control. Of course, they recognize that children's behavior is often (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Kids can be noisy, rude, and destructive. Although that behavior isn't always done on purpose, sometimes it is (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_. But many adults believe that spanking and other physical violence won't make a child's bad behavior (9) \_\_\_\_\_. Indeed, hitting children may make them act even worse, as they learn to meet violence with more violence. Their willpower becomes weak and (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_; in other words, their ability to control themselves is shaky, rather than strong and firm. Some adults still believe that spanking is the best way to teach children, but this other approach certainly deserves consideration.

## UNIT ONE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit One. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.

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							2113	23									77		

accompany attitude betray cease challenge coincide critical deliberate dispute evident fertile fragile humane indicate inhabit neutral preference preserve reduction rejection scarce solitary surplus unstable utilize

#### ACROSS

- 1. To live in
- 4. Rare; hard to get; not enough to meet demand
- 6. A decrease; cutback
- 12. To protect; keep in good condition
- 13. To show; serve as a sign or signal
- 15. Done on purpose
- 17. Extra; more than what is used or needed
- 18. Not taking sides in a quarrel
- 19. A test of one's abilities
- 20. Happening or done alone

- 21. To happen at the same time
- 22. Unsteady; wobbly; not reliable
- 23. Producing or able to produce much fruit, large crops, or many children

#### DOWN

- A point of view; state of mind; way of thinking or feeling
- 3. To be disloyal to; turn against
- 5. A saying "no" (to a request or desire); refusal

- 7. To make use of; put to use, especially to good use
- 8. Disapproving; tending to find fault
- 9. Easily broken or damaged
- 10. Obvious; clear
- Kind; sympathetic; merciful; gentle
- Choice; first choice; something preferred
- 15. An argument; a quarrel
- 16. To go along with; be together with
- 21. To stop; discontinue

## UNIT ONE: Test 1

#### PART A Choose the word that best completes each item and write it in the space provided. \_\_\_\_\_ 1. A bucket of paint can \_\_\_\_ a room's looks. a. transform b. accompany c. challenge d. utilize 2. Jenna was afraid to climb up the \_\_\_ ladder — it was too wobbly. b. distinct a. scarce c. neutral d. unstable 3. Kwan thought my not inviting her to my party was a \_\_\_\_ insult. In reality, her invitation slipped under a book, so it never was mailed. a. deliberate b. suitable c. humane d. scarce 4. Don't scratch a mosquito bite! You'll only \_\_\_ the itching and end up feeling even worse. a. analyze b. aggravate c. indicate d. utilize 5. My \_\_\_ aim in going to college is to get a good job when I graduate, but I hope to have a good time while I'm there as well. a. abundant d. desperate b. obnoxious c. principal 6. It took a long time for doctors to \_\_\_\_ what Felicia was allergic to, but they finally figured out that it was her lipstick. a. utilize b. preserve c. determine c. restore 7. After hours of \_\_\_ work at my desk, I am ready to spend some time with other people. a. abundant b. solitary c. humane d. dependent 8. My grandmother's old china doll is much too \_\_\_ for my daughter to play with; it would soon be broken. a. fragile c. distinct b. suitable c. scarce 9. "Your secret is safe with me," said the handsome prince to the fair maiden. "I swear I will never \_\_\_\_ you!" a. restore b. demonstrate d. betray c. preserve 10. The students in history class noticed a \_\_\_ odor coming from the chemistry lab across the hall. The odor smelled like a mixture of rotten eggs and gasoline.

b. scarce

c. fertile

a. suitable

d. peculiar

Uı	nit One: Test 1				
	11	. It is that her.	Wayne is interested	ed in Shawna; he ca	n't stop looking
		a. humane	b. evident	c. dependent	d. critical
	12		a desert regior without water.	are able to live ther	e because they
		a. analyze	b. indicate	c. dispose of	d. inhabit
	13			ce to how the n y how to use the mac	
		a. preserve	b. restore	c. demonstrate	d. utilize
15.		4-	pecause it is too ea	asy. It's meant for ve	ery young child
				ord is used incorrec	ery.
	Suddenly, the music				
13.	and has only six pie	4-	because it is too ea	asy. It's meant for ve	ery young child
16.	Because of <i>interfere</i> stopped by a referee	•	ho ran onto the p	laying field, the gam	ne was temporar
17.	Punishments for cr alive, beaten to dear		-	humane. They incl	uded being burr
18.	Maya's elderly paradvice.	rents are too de	ependent on her.	They constantly call	her for help a
19.	The bare, dry, stony	fields look very	y fertile.		
20.	Raspberries are so as five or six dollars		city that when you	can find them at all	, they cost as mu
21.	My preference is to	go to an Italian	restaurant tonight	because I dislike spa	ghetti and pizza
22.	The notice in the a words, you can use	•		be utilized for flotation of the crashes in water.	on" — or, in ot
23.	The teenagers on th	ne subway were	especially obnoxio	ous — they gave up	their seats so so
	elderly people and a	-			

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 4 = \_\_\_\_%

rejection.

\_25. Teenage boys are sometimes nervous about asking a girl for a date because they fear

# UNIT ONE: Test 2

# PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. accompany f. desperate k. restore	b. analyze c. category d. coincide e. comparison g. dispose of h. intentional i. neutral j. reduction l. suitable m. surplus
	1. The man who stepped on my foot on the bus said, "Sorry! It wasn' I didn't mean to do it!"
	2. Darin's vegetable garden grew so well and produced so much that he didn't know what to do with the tomatoes and zucchinis.
	3. A between the two jobs didn't make it much easier for Marnie to decide; one paid better, but the other was more interesting.
	4. Why do Mid-Autumn Festival and National Day in some years while in other years they are weeks apart rather than at the same time?
	5. My middle child hates to fight. When his brother and sister get into quarrel, he always stays
	6. Americans think too much about weight There is more to life that just losing weight!
	7. The town will traffic patterns to find out if more traffic lights ar needed.
	8. Some psychologists think there are two types of people: type A's, who are hard-working and uptight, and type B's, who are relaxed an easygoing. Which do you belong in?
	9. If a poor man is for money to buy medicine for his sick wife, do you think he should steal?
	10. Don't the comic section of the Sunday paper. Save it and use it a wrapping paper — it's colorful and fun!
-	11. When Josie had a tooth pulled, she asked Mark to her to the dentisand see that she got home all right afterward.
	12. Cut-off jeans might be to wear to a ball game, but they would b out of place at a funeral.
	13. The town wants to the old firehouse instead of tearing it down and building a new one.  (Continues on next page)

í	3 1	RI	1	3
A	1.3	EX 1		E >

Write C if the italicized word is used correctly. Write I if the word is used incorrectly. 14. Ronda has an unusual attitude towards weekends, vacations, and holidays; she doesn't like them much and would just as soon go to work every day of the year. \_\_\_\_15. Corey's fame as a football player is *considerable* — nobody has ever heard of him. 16. Imagine my *frustration* when I learned I had earned straight A's for the semester! \_\_\_17. Helen is far too critical of her husband. She adores him and never finds fault with him no matter how badly he treats her. \_\_\_\_18. To preserve the seat covers in his car, Denny had slipcovers put on. Then he put plastic over the slipcovers. Then he spread old sheets over the plastic. \_\_\_19. Denny's concern for his car's seat covers seems to be excessive. Who ever heard of using so many layers of covers at once? \_\_\_20. The old photograph was so *distinct* that the faces of the people in it were just a blur. \_\_21. "If you get robbed on the street," said the police officer, "never try to pursue the thief yourself. Call us and let us do the chasing!" 22. There is a real contrast between the twins. They look so much alike that sometimes even their mother can't tell them apart. \_23. Don't exaggerate when you fill out a job application. If you were a store clerk, for instance, don't say you were the manager. 24. When President Calvin Coolidge wanted to *indicate* that he was not a candidate for reelection, he said, "I do not choose to run." 25. Lupe and Jorge are such lovebirds that they agree about everything, so they have one dispute after another.

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 4 = \_\_\_\_%

# UNIT ONE: Test 3

#### PART A: Synonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly the same in meaning as the **boldfaced** word.

1. accompany	a) go	<b>b</b> ) seek	c) figu	ire out	d) go v	with	
2. analyze	a) worry ab	out b	) argue a	bout	c) study		d) change
3. attitude	a) height	<b>b</b> ) disa	ppointme	ent	c) point	of view	d) skill
4. category	<ul><li>a) type</li><li>d) check fo</li></ul>					•	
5. challenge	a) quarrel	b) soi	nething n	eeding eff	ort	c) change	<b>d</b> ) use
6. coincide	a) change	b) liv	e in	c) happen	at the sa	me time	<b>d</b> ) show
7. <b>comparison</b>	<ul><li>a) check fo</li><li>c) feeling of</li></ul>				<b>b</b> ) in	crease	
8. considerable	a) unpleasa	nt <b>b</b> )	typical	c) qui	te large	<b>d</b> ) pro	ducing much
9. critical	a) kind	<b>b</b> ) hard t	to get	c) disap	proving	<b>d</b> ) har	mful
10. demonstrate	a) show	<b>b</b> ) get r	id of	c) turn ag	gainst	d) overs	tate
11. desperate	a) relying o	on others	<b>b</b> ) in	great need	<b>c</b> )	clear	d) alone
12. determine	a) prevent	<b>b</b> ) ex	plain	c) figure	out	d) protect	t
13. evident	a) hard to g	get <b>b</b> )	fitting	c) clea	ır <b>d</b>	) too much	
14. fertile	a) careful	<b>b</b> ) hel	pful	c) fearful	d)	fruitful	
15. indicate	a) disappro	ve of	<b>b</b> ) show	c) tu	rn again	st <b>d</b> ) p	protect
16. inhabit	a) make a l	nabit of	b) seel	<b>c</b> ) 1	ive in	<b>d</b> ) leave	;
17. interference	a) getting i	n the way	<b>b</b> ) d	ifference	<b>c</b> ) d	ecrease	d) refusing
18. preference	a) first cho	ice b	) disappo	intment	c) ext	tra <b>d</b> )	test
19. preserve	a) teach	<b>b</b> ) turn	against	c) desi	troy	d) protect	
20. principal	a) main	<b>b</b> ) on p	urpose	c) plent	tiful	<b>d</b> ) unusua	ıl
21. pursue	a) examine	<b>b</b> ) c	hase	c) get rid	of	<b>d</b> ) stop	
22. restore	a) remove	b) se	ek	c) give aw	ay	d) repair	
23. solitary	a) rare	<b>b</b> ) alike	<b>c</b> ) d	one alone	<b>d</b> ) t	not reliable	
24. transform	a) bring ba	ck b	send	c) chang	ge (	d) end	
25. utilize	a) protect	<b>h</b> ) 1154	e e)	show .	d) stop		

(Continues on next page)

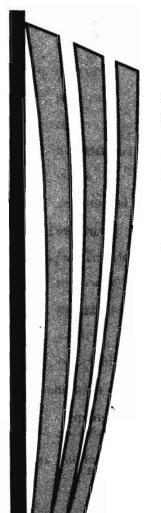
#### PART B: Antonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly opposite in meaning to the boldfaced word.

26. abundant	a) healthy	b) unplanne	ed c) rar	e <b>d</b> ) unkind	
27. aggravate	a) attack	<b>b</b> ) learn	c) move	d) make better	
28. betray	a) grow	<b>b</b> ) be happy	c) keep	d) be loyal to	
29. cease	a) give	b) learn	e) ruin d	l) start	
30. contrast	a) similarity	<b>b</b> ) help	c) agreen	nent <b>d</b> ) succe	ess
31. deliberate	a) unusual	<b>b</b> ) unclear	c) unpla	nned <b>d</b> ) unne	ecessary
32. dependent	<ul><li>a) relying on</li><li>d) not obvious</li></ul>		) working alo	one c) knowi	ng oneself
33. dispose of	a) like	b) keep c	) leave	d) remember	
34. dispute	a) test	<b>b</b> ) agreement	c) group	d) choice	
35. distinct	a) helpful	<b>b</b> ) broken	c) unclea	ar <b>d</b> ) well-kno	own
36. exaggerate	a) understate	<b>b</b> ) go aw	ay from	c) think about	<b>d</b> ) support
37. excessive	a) not clear	<b>b</b> ) not eno	ough c) s	strong d) not	able
38. fragile	a) not proper	r <b>b</b> ) unhap	ору с) и	inpleasant <b>d</b> )	unbreakable
39. frustration	a) failure	<b>b</b> ) kindness	c) too m	nuch <b>d</b> ) satisf	faction
40. humane	a) cruel	b) forgotten	c) import	tant <b>d</b> ) too lit	ttle
41. intentional	a) proper	<b>b</b> ) done poo	rly c) pl	entiful <b>d</b> ) ac	cidental
42. neutral	a) paying att	ention <b>b</b> )	taking sides	c) proper	d) pleasant
43. obnoxious	a) approving	<b>b</b> ) comm	non c) p	leasant <b>d</b> ) int	telligent
44. peculiar	a) difficult	<b>b</b> ) ordinary	c) wea	d) exceller	nt
45. reduction	a) last choice	e <b>b</b> ) incre	ase c) st	tart <b>d</b> ) answe	r
46. rejection	a) approval	<b>b</b> ) additio	n c) lack	k <b>d</b> ) loss	
47. scarce	a) helpful	<b>b</b> ) recent	c) too littl	le <b>d</b> ) plentifu	1
48. suitable	a) improved	<b>b</b> ) unkin	d c) im	proper <b>d</b> ) in	nmediate
49. surplus	a) success	b) lack	c) luck	d) trouble	
50. unstable	a) steady	<b>b</b> ) easy	c) usual	d) quite small	

Score (Number correct)  $\times 2 =$  %

# Unit Two



#### Chapter 6

advise current deprive hesitate maintain minimum objection originate penalize reliable

#### Chapter 7

abrupt astonish classify complex consent

eager endure exclaim horizontal recollect

#### Chapter 8

adequate appeal awkward customary establish potential respond vanish variety wholesome

#### Chapter 9

brutal
discipline
eliminate
emphasis
furthermore

interpret propose resort ultimate vague

#### Chapter 10

accustomed anticipate linger miserable misinterpret

occur reluctant revise specific version

## Unit Two: Pretest

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

 1. advise	a) suggest b) insist c) plead d) punish
 2. current	a) modern b) few in number c) good tasting d) likable
 3. deprive	a) provide b) take away c) obey d) copy
 4. hesitate	a) hurry b) forbid c) consider d) pause
 5. maintain	<ul> <li>a) release from captivity</li> <li>b) keep in existence</li> <li>c) prove to be correct</li> <li>d) admire</li> </ul>
 6. minimum	<ul> <li>a) largest possible</li> <li>b) desirable</li> <li>c) smallest possible</li> <li>d) more than expected</li> </ul>
 7. objection	a) recommendation b) dislike c) reason d) prize
 8. originate	a) imitate b) begin c) impress d) pretend
 9. <b>penalize</b>	a) punish b) reward c) publish d) give up
 10. reliable	a) untrustworthy b) easily tricked c) dependable d) unstable
 11. abrupt	a) sudden b) expected c) delayed d) loud
 12. astonish	a) continue b) surprise c) give away d) stop
 13. classify	a) make clear b) put up with c) set aside for later d) arrange by type
 14. complex	a) helpful b) hard to understand c) comfortable d) smallest possible
 15. consent	a) agree to b) sit down c) listen d) reward
 16. eager	a) unforgiving b) best c) happily excited d) good-looking
 17. endure	a) punish b) demand c) put up with d) confuse
 18. exclaim	a) tell b) call out c) show d) make clear
 19. horizontal	a) careless b) up and down c) unexpected d) extending from side to side
 20. recollect	a) remember b) put away c) agree with d) put into groups
 21. adequate	a) good enough b) lacking c) important d) not needed
 22. appeal	a) request b) give up c) take away the outer part d) repeat
 23. awkward	a) charming b) hostile c) clumsy d) easily fooled
 24. customary	a) commonly done b) foreign c) available for sale d) without value
 25. establish	a) start b) knock down c) flatten d) say again

(Continues on next page)

26. potential	a) ancestors b) income c) possibility d) preference
27. respond	<ul> <li>a) treat with respect</li> <li>b) mock; treat with scorn</li> <li>c) answer</li> <li>d) withhold information</li> </ul>
28. vanish	a) make shiny b) disappear c) make new or youthful d) request
29. variety	a) opinion b) assortment c) reason d) delay
30. wholesome	a) healthful b) disgusting c) hard to get d) childlike
31. brutal	a) generous b) brave c) sympathetic d) cruel
32. discipline	a) train b) learn c) avoid d) misunderstand
33. eliminate	a) add to b) get rid of c) make more difficult d) inform
34. emphasis	a) refusal to speak b) betrayal c) importance d) stubborn act
35. furthermore	a) without b) at a later point in time c) in addition d) in spite of
36. interpret	a) confuse b) make an effort c) light from within d) explain
37. <b>propose</b>	a) persuade b) suggest c) exaggerate d) point out
38. resort	a) turn (to) for help b) say no to c) hold a grudge d) enable
39. ultimate	a) least important b) inefficient c) dangerous d) greatest
40. <b>vague</b>	a) unclear b) shining c) in fashion d) embarrassing
41. accustomed	a) unused to b) in the habit of c) unable to d) angry at
42. anticipate	a) expect b) fear c) dislike d) happen later
43. linger	a) hurry away b) get rid of (something) c) change d) remain
44. miserable	a) dampened b) youthful c) unhappy d) excited
45. misinterpret	a) have respect b) prefer c) understand incorrectly d) get rid of
46. occur	a) disappear b) repeat c) respond d) happen
47. reluctant	a) unwilling b) eager c) quick-moving d) amused
48. revise	<ul> <li>a) correct and improve</li> <li>b) discard</li> <li>c) copy without giving credit</li> <li>d) fail to complete</li> </ul>
49. specific	a) ready b) unpleasantly loud c) exact d) willing
50. version	<ul> <li>a) report based on one point of view</li> <li>b) story reflecting many opinions</li> <li>c) inaccurate account</li> <li>d) deliberately malicious story</li> </ul>





advise current deprive hesitate maintain

minimum objection originate penalize reliable

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 advise /əd'vaɪz/	<ul> <li>I'd like to advise Alan to break up with Elaine, but I know he'll get angry if I offer my opinion.</li> </ul>						
– verb	<ul> <li>The park ranger said, don't want the bears to</li> </ul>	"I advise you to hang you get it."	r food from a tree if you				
Advise means	a. to punish.	b. to suggest to.	c. to follow.				
2 current /ˈkʌrənt/,	• Rita keeps up with fashion and buys the <b>current</b> styles, but her sister wears the same basic style, year after year.						
– adjective	• Doctors once suggested total bed rest after surgery. However, current practice is to have patients walk as soon as possible after an operation.						
Current means	a. up-to-date.	b. little known.	c. older.				
3 deprive /dr'prarv/	<ul> <li>Isaac's mother deprivation household jobs.</li> </ul>	ves him of his allowance	when he doesn't do his				
– verb	<ul> <li>Dad complains that everything he enjoys e</li> </ul>	his low-fat, low-calorie ating.	diet deprives him of				
Deprive of means	a. to keep from.	b. to offer to.	c. to protect from.				
4 hesitate /heziteit/ - verb	/'heziteit/ • Rodrigo hesitated to ask Julie to marry him. He						
Hesitate means	a. to act quickly.	b. to be undecided.	c. to be pleased.				
5 maintain /mein <sup>t</sup> tein/	<ul> <li>When driving, it's impand the car ahead of year</li> </ul>	portant to <b>maintain</b> a safe o	distance between your car				
– verb		excellent study skills. He llege while holding a full-ti					
Maintain means	a. to keep up.	b. to give up.	c. to pass up.				
6 minimum /ˈmɪnɪməm/		er of people allowed for of the trip will be canceled.	each bus tour is eight. If				
– adjective	<ul> <li>What's the minimum much.</li> </ul>	price you'll take for your	car? I can't afford to pay				
Minimum means	a. oldest.	b. biggest.	c. lowest.				

7 <b>objection</b> /ɒbˈdʒek∫ən/ – noun	<ul> <li>Luz had a strong objection to the wallpaper her husband picked out for their living room. "It looks like a doctor's waiting room," she complained.</li> </ul>							
– noun		g <b>objection</b> to boys wearing haircut, Granddad cut his h						
Objection means	a. interest in.	b. memory of.	c. dislike of.					
8 originate /əˈrɪdʒəneɪt/ – verb	ice-cream seller ran	• The ice-cream cone <b>originated</b> at the 1904 World's Fair in St. Louis. An ice-cream seller ran out of cups, so he wrapped a waffle around the ice cream and sold it that way.						
	<ul> <li>Many people believe that baseball originated in Cooperstown, New York, in 1839. However, it must have started earlier, since the sport was mentioned in English publications as early as 1744.</li> </ul>							
Originate means	a. to continue.	b. to begin.	c. to delay.					
9 <b>penalize</b> /'pi:nəlaɪz/	• Whenever my paren penalize me again at	ts heard I had been kept home.	after school, they would					
– verb	<ul> <li>The judge decided to volunteer work.</li> </ul>	penalize the young thief v	with one hundred hours of					
Penalize means	a. to depend upon.	b. to answer.	c. to punish.					
10 reliable /rɪˈlaɪəbl/		• Joe Sherman is a <b>reliable</b> mechanic. You can count on him to tell you the truth and to fix whatever is wrong with your car.						
– adjective	-	<ul> <li>It's important to me to have a reliable baby sitter. I would be very worried if I left my baby with someone I couldn't depend on to do a careful job.</li> </ul>						
Reliable means	a. modern.	b. able to be trusted.	c. not expensive.					

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1	A dislike; feeling of being against something; disapproval
2	To stop because of not being able to decide; put off acting
	because of feeling unsure
3	To take away from; keep from having or enjoying
4	Smallest in size or amount that is allowed or possible; least
5	To continue; carry on; keep in existence
6	Modern; existing now; in general use or practice today
7·	To come into being; start
8	To punish; cause to suffer for doing something wrong
9	To give advice to; recommend
10	Able to be depended upon; trustworthy

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

		current c. deprive d. hesitate e. maintain e. objection h. originate i. penalize j. reliable
		A worker who is honest and does his job carefully would be called a worker.
	•	2. My aunt is not a good patient. She rarely does what her doctors her to do.
		3. The opposite of the highest salary the company allows would be its salary.
		4. It used to be more common for teachers to students by hitting them.
		5. We can say that the place where a river starts is where its.
		6. We might refer to styles that are widely worn today as fashions.
		7. Prisons people of much of their freedom.
		8. I to work more than ten hours a week this semester. I have such difficult classes that I may need more time than usual for studying.
		9. I have an to that comedian because his jokes often hurt other people.
		10. You must keep up a B average to keep your football uniform. In other words, if you don't good grades, you're off the team.
Se	entence Check 2	
Usi	ing the answer lines, con	nplete each item below with two words from the box.
		1-2. The best way to Eric when he does something bad is to him of his bicycle for a day.
		3-4. The girls accepted jobs that paid the wage, hoping that they would get raises once they proved they were workers.
		5-6. My doctor has an to "crash diets." Although they cause a quick reduction in weight, they do not help the dieter that new, lower weight.
		7–8. Keisha likes her hair cut in the most style. Her hairdressers her about the newest fashionable looks.
		9-10. The fox terrier is a dog thatd in England, where fox hunting was popular. It was valued there by hunters because it would not to run into a fox's tunnel and drive the animal out.

## > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. maintenance, nou b. minimize, verb c. originally, adverb	To reduce as much as possible In the beginning
d. <b>recur</b> , <i>verb</i> e. <b>rely</b> , <i>verb</i>	To happen or appear again To depend
and a second conduction of the second conducti	<ol> <li>While most dreams appear only once, some do For example, on young girl dreamed over and over that she was trying to run from danger, but her shoes were slippery.</li> </ol>
	2. Proper of a car involves regularly changing the oil and the sparkplugs.
•	3. To the damage from a burn, put the burned area in cold water a soon as possible.
	4. It's hard to believe these shoes were white — now they are grawith dirt.
	5. Richard shouldn't on his mother so much — he even takes h laundry home for her to wash.
f. adviser, noun g. currently, adverb h. hesitant, adjective i. object, verb j. penalty, noun	Someone who gives advice or suggestions Now; at the present time Slow to act; not coming to a decision To speak out against A punishment
	6. Since the child was faced with thirty flavors of ice cream, it was no surprising that he was about which one to choose.
	7. I am enrolled as a full-time student, so I can work only at a partime job.
	8. So many peopleed to the idea of a giant weekend rock concert town that the idea was given up.
	9. The soccer player touched the ball with her hands; as a, the other team got a free goal kick.
:	10. As I looked for an to help me make a difficult decision, I though about several people whom I like and respect.

### - Word Parts

YY	a Parts
A.	ne suffixes -ance and -ence often mean "the act, state, or quality of."
	maintain — to keep in existence maintenance — the act of keeping in existence  patient — willing to put up with something patience — the quality of being patient
	n each answer line, write the word from the box that means the same as the <i>italicized</i> words.
	a. avoidance b. excellence c. dependence d. interference e. maintenance
	1. "I know you mean well," the woman said to her mother. "But I'm 25 now, and your act of interfering in how I do my job is not helpful."
_	2. My father's state of depending on caffeine is not healthy for him.
_	3. Takeo aims for the quality of being excellent in everything he does.
	4. The act of maintaining of good grades requires a lot of willpower.
	5. Anna's act of avoiding milk is easily explained — she is allergic to it.
В.	he prefix in - often means "not," which can change words to their opposites.  **xamples: direct — in a straight line
	n each answer line, write the word from the box that best completes the item.
	f. Incapable g. Inconvenient h. Indistinct° i. Inexpensive j. Inhumane
_	6. The fog was so thick that the road signs were, and I could barely see them.
_	7. I wish there were a grocery store nearby — it is to have to drive all the way across town.
_	8. Treatment of elderly patients is sometimes Some have been tied down to their chairs and ignored.
_	9. The firefighters rescued all the people, but they were of saving the building.

often of better quality.

10. Since we are on a budget, we buy \_\_\_ furniture at flea markets. In comparison° with our friends' new furniture, the old pieces we buy are

## Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. Toasters

13.

a. current d. originate	b. maintain e. reliable	c. minimum
Although the pract	ice of eating toasted bread (1)	d about 4600
years ago, the pop-up el	ectric toaster was not invented until 1919.	These early pop-up toasters
were not very (2)	— they broke down of	ten. Also, they weren't able
to (3)	an even temperature but grew h	otter and hotter with each
piece of bread toasted.	Some poor-quality machines even popped	the toast all the way across
the room. Over the year	s, toasters have certainly improved. (4)	ones
give us a (5)	of problems with repairs a	and temperature control.
A Mean Man		
	rentes estim <b>g. deprive</b>	h. <b>hesitate</b>

Mr. Barker says that he has no (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_ to kids — as long as they don't come into his yard, as long as they don't (7)\_\_\_\_\_ him of peace and quiet, and as long as they don't grow up to be teenagers.

Neighborhood kids say he's the meanest man they ever met. Who can blame them? If he sees them choosing up sides for a ball game in the street, for example, he doesn't (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_ a minute. He runs right to his window and yells, "You can't do that in front of MY house!" The kids are afraid of him, but they yell back that the street belongs to everybody. "Well, I (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_ you to watch your step!" he replies. "If any of you kids break my window or step on my flowers, you will be (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_ d." Then he slams his window shut. Maybe a hard life has made Mr. Barker the way he is, but it's hard to have warm feelings for someone so obnoxious."





abrupt astonish classify complex consent

eager endure exclaim horizontal recollect

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

		8		
1 abrupt /əˈbrʌpt/ – adjective	•		ries caused by <b>abrupt</b> stops. service surprised everyone.	
Abrupt means	a. silent.	b. simple.	c. not expected.	
2 astonish /əˈstɒnɪʃ/	<ul> <li>A magician aston things happen.</li> </ul>	ished the audience by n	naking seemingly impossible	
– verb		t that the factory was cle d not known their jobs wer	osing forever <b>astonished</b> the re in danger.	
Astonish means	a. to delay.	b. to encourage.	c. to surprise.	
3 classify /ˈklæsɪfaɪ/	-	• The stamp collector <b>classified</b> her stamps by countries — she put all the stamps from France together, all the stamps from Spain together, and so on.		
– verb	<ul> <li>I was surprised to l</li> </ul>	earn that the sea horse is cl	assified by scientists as a fish.	
Classify means	a. to lose.	b. to group.	c. to remember.	
4 complex /'kompleks/	Because income ta to prepare their tax	_	nany people hire professionals	
– adjective	<ul> <li>Our family is rather complex — it includes many second marriages and stepfamilies. At family reunions we spend a lot of time trying to figure our how we are all related.</li> </ul>			
Complex means	a. hard to understa	nd. b. helpful.	c. small.	
5 consent	<ul> <li>Only applicants wh</li> </ul>	o consented to a drug test	were considered for the job.	
/kənˈsent/ – <i>verb</i>		o Anna by putting up a bill d with her own sign that sai	board saying, "Will you marry d, "Of course I will."	
Consent means	a. to say yes.	b. to listen.	c. to disagree.	
6 eager /ˈi:gə(r)/	<ul> <li>I am always eager writer.</li> </ul>	to read the latest murder	story by my favorite mystery	
– adjective		o greet us when we come lands before the door is ever	nome. She jumps up on us and n shut.	
Eager means	a. bored.	b. patient.	c. happily excited.	

/e	7 endure /en'd <i>j</i> uə(r)/ – <i>verb</i>	<ul> <li>We'll have to endu arrives.</li> </ul>	re a few more weeks of	cold, gray winter before spring
_			s a cure for the commonly noses and sneezes.	n cold, there's not much to do
E	ndure means	a. to enjoy.	b. to organize.	c. to live with unwillingly.
/1 <b>k</b>	8 <b>exclaim</b> /ik <sup>l</sup> skleim/ – <i>verb</i>	• "Wow!" "Ooooh!" burst in the sky.	"Aaah!" the crowd excla	imed as the colorful fireworks
		<ul> <li>When a cardinal lar A red blue jay!"</li> </ul>	ided on the bird feeder, the	he little girl exclaimed, "Look!
E	xclaim means	a. to remember.	b. to complain.	c. to call out.
/h	horizontal /hori'zontəl/ – adjective	• The surgery left a h the other.	orizontal scar that runs f	From one side of my stomach to
		<ul> <li>Horizontal stripes on clothing generally make the wearer look wider.</li> </ul>		
H	orizontal means	a. dirty.	b. little.	c. running from side to side.
	recollect /ˌri:kəˈlekt/ – verb	• Can you recollect n	nuch about being in first	grade?
•		• I couldn't recollect company's information	•	ber, so I had to call the phone
R	ecollect means	a. to agree with.	b. to remember.	c. to arrange.
latch	ing Words u	ith Definitions		
	•	s of the ten words. <b>Pri</b> ou will be able to figure		definition. If you look closely at

# M

1	Lying flat; lying or extending from side to side (as opposed to going up and down)
2	To put up with; bear patiently
3	Looking forward to with great interest or desire
4	Not simple; not easy to understand or figure out
5	To agree to something
6	To speak or cry out suddenly, as from strong feelings or surprise
7	To arrange or organize into groups or types; place in a category°
8	To remember; bring an image or idea back to mind
9	To surprise greatly; amaze
0.	Sudden and unexpected

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. abrupt b. astonish c. classify d. complex e. consent f. eager g. endure h. exclaim i. horizontal j. recollect
1. Sometimes I think I can't one more day of winter, but I know have to put up with it until spring.
2. Did you know that scientists the whale as a mammal? Most people think of it as a fish.
3. Although I remember little about first grade, I my year in third grade very clearly.
4. The great magician Houdini would audiences by escaping from chains, locked trunks, and even sealed coffins.
5. The day after Jackie had her waist-length hair cut short, nearly everyone she meted, "Oh! Your hair!"
6. A car would probably come to an stop if a dog ran out in front of it
7. Knowing that she had done well on every test, Phyllis was to see her final grade for the course.
8. Why must our tax forms be so? Why can't the government make them easier to understand?
9. It's true that stripes on clothing make you look wider, and stripes that go up and down make you look taller.
10. If you won the lottery, would you to having your name and picture printed in the newspaper?
Sentence Check 2
Using the answer lines, complete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.
1-2. In early spring, changes in the weather can everyone. It may be mild and sunny in the morning, then snowing by bedtime.
3-4. I didn't want to have dental surgery, but I decided to to it rather than my toothache any longer. I just want the pain to cease°.
5-6. I am thinking of buying Felix a striped T-shirt for his birthday, but can't if he likes to wear stripes or stripes that go up and down
7-8. Scientists animals in a system of groupings, using features such as being warm- or cold-blooded and having feathers or scales.
9-10. My kids are not exactly to go to school; when I wake them every morning, they, "Oh, no! Isn't it Saturday yet?"

#### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. eagerly, adverb b. eagerness, noun c. exclamation, noun d. horizon, noun	With excitement and impatience An impatient desire for something A cry or shout of excitement or strong feeling The level line where earth (or water) and sky seem to meet
e. recollection, noun	A memory  . Ramon fell off his bicycle and was knocked out; later he had no of
	the accident — he couldn't remember it at all.
2	2. Sitting on the front steps, I waited for the mail to arrive; I was expecting a letter from my boyfriend.
3	3. My little daughter was too excited on Christmas morning — in her to see her presents, she tumbled down the stairs.
	4. In the movie, the shipwrecked sailors constantly watched for a rescue ship on the
5	5. When their rescuers finally appeared, the sailors shouted out a one-word: "Saved!"
f. abruptly, adverb g. astonishment, now h. classification, now	그는 그는 사람들이 있는데, 사람들은 얼굴에 살아가면 가져왔다. 생각하는 사람들은 사람들이 아니는 사람들이 되었다.
i. complexity, noun j. endurance, noun	The quality of being detailed and hard to understand The ability to bear a hardship
	5. Distance runners need to have not only strength and speed, but also, to keep on going with pain and thirst for so many miles.
	7. Tomatoes belong to the of fruits, not the category° of vegetables.
8	3. The of the subject makes my chemistry course difficult, but it is also very interesting. Since I want to maintain° a good grade-point average, I'll have to study hard.
	<ol> <li>Heidi's boyfriend took her by surprise when he asked her to marry him.</li> </ol>
10	O. When Heidi told us about the engagement, she said, "Imagine my!  He always said he wasn't the marrying kind."

# > Synonyms and Antonyms

	onyms. Write the letter of the variation faced word.	word or phrase that most nearly means the same as each
1.	. abrupt	
	a. expected	b. delayed
	c. sudden	d. polite
2.	. astonish	
	a. borrow	b. request
	c. allow	d. surprise
· 3.	. classify	•
	a. set aside for later	b. have no use for
	c. decide the value	d. organize into groups
4	. endure	
	a. bear up under	b. remember
	c. agree	d. deny
5	. exclaim	
	a. tell	b. call out
	c. notice	d. bear
bold	onyms. Write the letter of the wilfaced word.  . complex	ord or phrase that most nearly means the opposite of each
	a. simple	b. true
	c. interesting	d. wise
7	. consent	
	a. try	b. disagree
	c. begin	d. practice
8	. eager	
	a. unsteady	b. perfect
	c. expected	d. not interested
9	. horizontal	
	a. in a circle	b. lying at a slant
	c. straight up and down	. d. outside
10	. recollect	
	a. forget	b. forgive
	c. plan	d. wonder

#### > Final Check

B.

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. A Special Memory

a. <b>astonish</b>	b. consent	c. <b>eager</b>
d. horizontal	e. recollect	
Tony and I ofte	n did things without asking our mom to (1)	
	because she probably wouldn't. Besides, we lov	
	reehouse hidden among some tall trees on Mr. L	
was crooked, and the	e floor wasn't exactly (2)	, although the till
	ook Mom's ladder to use as our stairs and decorate	
rug and some pillow		-
One day we hea	ard Mom yelling up to us, "So that's where my l	adder went!" Then she
told us that Mr. Lear	y had called to say that the treehouse had to come	e down. "You could fall
and get hurt," she	explained, "and he doesn't want to get sued -	– and he's right. That
treehouse is dangero	us. I advise° you to come down from there right n	ow."
But that night,	(3) to spend one last	hour there, Tony and l
sneaked out and	headed for the treehouse. As we got	near it, we were
(4)	ed to see a candle glowing in the crooked	window, so we climbed
up very quietly and p	beeked in. I can still (5)	the scene clearly. There
was Mom, sitting on	one of our pillows, smiling. Next to her were a p	oitcher of lemonade and
three glasses. "It's at	pout time you got here," she said. "What took you	so long?"
Watch Your Man	ners!	
f. abrupt	g. classify	h. complex
i. endure	j. exclaim	
Most of us th	ink we know how to be polite. But some	things that Americans
(6)	as good manners may seem rude in other p	parts of the world. Every
culture has its own (7	7) set of rules about what	is and isn't acceptable.
For example, an	n American who went to a birthday party in Japa	n brought the fun to ar
(8)	end by giving a clock as a present. In Japar	n, giving anyone a clock
is a way of saying "I	hope your time is running out" - in other words	, "I hope you die soon."
Also, Americans in	China are seen as bad-tempered when they (9)	_
something loudly, o	ut of excitement or to make a point. In China, a	loud voice is a sign of
strong anger.		

Of course, foreign visitors to the United States can also misunderstand our ways. For instance, one Arab who was a guest at a banquet in Washington later complained, "I didn't get a thing to eat." It turned out he had said, "No, thank you," each time he was offered food. In his country, it was good manners to refuse food several times before accepting it. His American hosts didn't know that, so they just let the poor fellow (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_ his hunger.





adequate appeal awkward customary establish potential respond vanish variety wholesome

#### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 adequate /'ædrkwət/		time to wash the windows	s, I hired a neighbor's child to out good enough.	
– adjective	<ul> <li>Open sandals are no heavy shoes to prote</li> </ul>	-	actory work. You should wear	
Adequate means	a. OK.	b. poor.	c. popular.	
2 appeal /əˈpiːl/		ewis goes on TV to appeal ess muscular dystrophy.	to viewers for money to help	
– verb	<ul> <li>When police can't help.</li> </ul>	solve a crime, they someti	imes appeal to the public for	
Appeal means	a. to answer.	b. to run.	c. to make a request.	
3 awkward /ˈɔ:kwəd/	<ul> <li>When I was 13, I was always tripping over</li> </ul>		et seemed too big, and I was	
– adjective	• Rico is such an awkward dancer that he constantly steps on his partner's feet.			
Awkward means	a. not strong.	b. not graceful.	c. kind.	
4 customary /ˈkʌstəmərɪ/		t's customary for the them about the town.	"Welcome Wagon" to visit	
– adjective	-	_	vening. In Ireland, however, it on and a light meal at night.	
Customary means	a. not polite.	b. normal.	c. rare.	
5 establish	• The first lending lib	orary was <b>established</b> in Sc	cotland in 1725.	
/ı'stæblı∫/ – verb	<ul> <li>The first movie the Orleans in 1896.</li> </ul>	neater in the United Stat	es was established in New	
Establish means	a. to leave.	b. to stop.	c. to start.	
6 <b>potential</b> /pəʊ <sup>l</sup> ten∫əl/	My grandmother has afford to go to colle	_	reat teacher, but she couldn't	
– noun	•	nat Carlos has the potent become that good, he must	tial of being a major league continue to work hard.	
Potential means	a. request.	b. memory.	c. ability.	

7 respond /rɪˈspɒnd/	<ul> <li>You asked me a q that I can respond</li> </ul>		stop talking for a minute so	
– verb		whistled and called out to kall. She simply kept walking	Kim as she walked by, but she	
Respond means	a. to reply.	b. to repeat.	c. to leave.	
8 vanish	• The magician made the rabbit vanish by slipping it under a secret door.			
/¹vænı∫/ – verb	• You gave a stranger \$500 in cash to paint your house? How do you know he won't vanish with the money?			
Vanish means	a. to answer.	b. to begin.	c. to go out of sight.	
9 variety /vəˈraɪətɪ/	<ul> <li>In the spring, the bluebells, daffodils</li> </ul>		y of wildflowers, including	
– noun	<ul> <li>Instead of being a purple.</li> </ul>	variety of colors, all of Ga	ale's clothes were lavender or	
Variety means	a. mixture.	b. absence.	c. shade.	
10 wholesome /ˈhəʊlsəm/ adjective	<ul> <li>Ken used to spend hours in a smoky video arcade where drug dealers hung out, but now he prefers more wholesome activities, like sports and music.</li> <li>We now know smoking is not wholesome, but early cigarette ads claimed</li> </ul>			
		al benefits for smokers.		
Wholesome means	a. obvious.	b. expensive.	c. healthy.	

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

	10 of mg into being, set up
2	To make an important request (to someone for something)
3	A number of different kinds; assortment
4	Tending to improve the character, the mind, or the body
5	To answer, either by word or by action
6	Good enough (to meet the need)
7	Usual; commonly done
8	To disappear from sight
9	Clumsy; not graceful
0	A natural ability that may or may not develop; possibility

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

5 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	c. appeal c. awkward d. customary e, establish g. respond h, vanish i. variety j. wholesome
	1. An acorn has the to be an oak tree.
	2. I looked everywhere for my car keys, but they seem to haveed in thin air.
	3. Rodney has worked in a of positions, including trucker, carpented and rancher.
	4. The signs the children put up on telephone polesed to people help find their lost cat.
	5. Starting a day with exercise is more than starting the day with cigarette.
	6. I'd love a huge apartment, but this small one is; it serves my needs
	7. The American Girl Scouts wereed in 1912.
	8. People's habits can be referred to as their behavior.
	9. When asked a question, we usually, even if it's only to say, "I dor know."
	10. On land, crocodiles seem slow and, but once in the water they a fast and graceful swimmers.
Sentence Check	2
Jsing the answer lines, co	omplete each item below with two words from the box.
	1-2. Parents were happy when the Youth Club wased in tow because it gave their kids a place to go, have fun, and meet the friends.
	3-4. The of fruits and vegetables at Fresh Foods is, but not good as the selection at Grocery Giant.
	5-6. A talent agented to Christi's parents to let her appear commercials. He thought Christi had the of being a very goo model and making a lot of money. However, her parents had a objection to letting a ten-year-old work.
	7-8. In my dream, an old woman says, "Hurry! Come with me!" But never go with her — shees before I have a chance to
	_ 9-10. It is for people to bow to one another in Japan. When Fre visited that country he bowed too, even though he felt doing it.

#### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. customarily, adverb	Usually		
b. establishment, noun	A business		
c. response, noun	An answer		
d. unwholesome, adjective	Having a bad effect on health or character		
e. various, adjective	Several; of different kinds		
1. One in 18	of the oldests in the city is the Red Lion Inn, which was buil 335.		
-	y's parents are afraid that her older boyfriend, who has been in ole with the law, is an influence on her.		
	n we asked the crying child what was the matter, her only was y louder.		
4. Qual	ker religious services take place in silence.		
	ried ways to get rid of the mice in our house, including traps on, and a cat.		
g. custom, noun h. inadequate, adjective i. potentially, adverb j. re-establish, verb	Reacting in a positive way A habit Not good enough Possibly; able to happen To set up again		
	natural to feel on the first days of a new job — there is so		
	h to learn!		
7. The			
7. The canc	teacher was not to the students' suggestion that the test be seled.		
7. The cances 8. A loadead	teacher was not to the students' suggestion that the test be seled.  added gun in the same house with curious children creates a lly situation — an accident could easily happen.  my grandfather's to walk three miles each morning before		

# > Word Parts

A. The prefix re- often mean "again."

Examples: utilize°—to make use of

reutilize — to make use of again

On each answer line, write the word from the box that best completes the item.

a. reanalyze° d. relearn	b. re-establish c. reheat e. reutilize°
	1. When I get home late from work, I usually find some leftovers that I can for dinner.
	2. It is easier to something you once knew and forgot than to learn something for the first time.
	3. Mr. Amin did not give up when a highway was built where his store had once been. He decided to his business in another part of town.
	4. After finishing a difficult math problem, I often it, just to be sure I have the correct answer.
	5. After I empty plastic bags from the supermarket, I them. I may use them as storage bags or even bring them back to the supermarket to use there again.
unintentio	al° — done on purpose stable — steady onal — not done on purpose; done by accident unstable° — not steady write the word from the box that best completes the item.
f. unintentional° i. unstable°	g. uninterested h. uniucky j. unwholesome
	6. Most dogs are in vegetables.
	7. Many people eat an diet, filled with fried foods, fatty meats, and sugar, and lacking in vegetables and grains.
	8. "Oh, I'm sorry," said the man who bumped into me. "That was"
	9. So many people believe that the number thirteen is that some hotels won't give a room that number.
	_ 10. Our strangely shaped dining-room chairs are so that several people have fallen out of them.

#### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. Big Brothers and Sisters

a. appeal		c. potential
4. (4.1)		
This week, the local Big	Brother/Big Sister Agency (1	ed to
the community for volunteer	rs. The organization is lookir	ng for men and women who are
willing to (2)	a new friendship	with a young boy or girl from a
single-parent home. The only	thing required for becoming a	volunteer is the desire to become
friends with the children	, to help them to stay	in school, and to choose
(3)	_ activities that will keep them	out of trouble. Volunteers can do
a (4)	_ of things with their little "bro	others" or "sisters," such as taking
them to the park or going out	to eat. Whatever activities the	ey choose, volunteers will play an
important part in the children	's lives, helping them to build	their (5)
to live full lives and become g	good citizens.	

#### B. Kevin's First Date

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The state of the s			보다면서 하게 되었다. [전환하다면서 문화되는데다]	
f. adequate	자시 항상이 없었다면서 모든 남아를 모아 된다.	awkward		h. customary
i. avadage		CATALOGICA		TIL DESCRIPTION A
	원인지 않는데 아이지 않는데 얼마를 가고 하는데 살			
	생활 사용하게 하면 하면 보면 가게 되었다.			
NAME OF THE OWNER OW		Wonloh	Control of the second s	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
. I. respond	製造 (2.55 変化) (2.15 変化) (2.15 mm) (	vanish to the		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
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If you ask Kevin what the most embarrasing time of his life was, he will surely tell you about his first date, for a ninth-grade dance. He was so afraid of rejection° when he asked the girl to go with him that he almost didn't notice when she consented° to be his date.

The day of the dance was no better. Between the time he rang her doorbell and the time her father answered, he forgot his date's name — completely. He mumbled something about school (he did remember the school's name), and the girl's father let him in. The man then shot some questions at Kevin, to make sure he was an (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ date for his darling daughter. Kevin could barely (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the questions because his nervous thirteen-year-old voice squeaked and cracked so much.

Since it was (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_ for boys to bring flowers on this special occasion, Kevin had done so. But when his date came down the stairs in a thin-strapped pink dress and he opened the florist's box, he became even more nervous. Inside was an excessively° large flower in a bright orange color that didn't go at all with the pink dress. As he pinned the giant blossom onto the gown, he made an (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_ movement, stuck his finger, and bled — on the dress. The girl was so astonished° that her mouth fell open. He wanted to (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_ from the face of the earth and never be seen again. He even considered transferring to another school. As it was, he developed such a poor attitude° about dating that he didn't ask another girl out for the next two years.





brutal discipline eliminate emphasis furthermore interpret propose resort ultimate vague

#### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 brutal /ˈbruːtəl/		<ul> <li>Brenda's first husband finally left him.</li> </ul>	was brutal. When he beat he	er for the third time, she
	– adjective	-	it him, but she was <b>brutal</b> . beating could have been.	Her cruel words were
	Brutal means	a. youthful.	b. hardly ever seen.	c. mean.
2	discipline /'dɪsɪplɪn/	• The ballplayer was put disciplined with a \$2,0	out of the game for hitting a 00 fine.	an umpire. He was also
	– verb		s children to be nonviolent, so ading them to their rooms for	•
_	_Discipline means	a. to punish.	b. to leave.	c. to turn to for help.
3	eliminate /ɪˈlɪmɪneɪt/	• If you hang up clothes need to iron many items	right after the dryer stops, s.	you can eliminate the
	– verb	• Because my father has from his diet.	high blood pressure, he's sup	pposed to <b>eliminate</b> salt
	_Eliminate means	a. to add to.	b. to remove.	c. to repeat.
4	emphasis /'emfəsis/	• Brad's father placed a little attention to doing	lot of <b>emphasis</b> on doing well in school.	well in sports but gave
	– noun	<ul> <li>In my Spanish class, t enough to speaking.</li> </ul>	oo much <b>emphasis</b> was giv	ven to reading and not
	_Emphasis means	a. delay.	b. addition.	c. importance.
5	furthermore /ˈfɜːðəmɔ:(r)/ – adverb	furthermore, I haven't	story about a flat tire," s believed any of your other e cause they are a talented tea	xcuses for being late."
		are coached well.	duse they are a talemed tee	in I di thermore, mey
_	Furthermore means	a. instead.	b. later.	c. also.
• After Ray had a dental x-ray, the dentist sat down with him to How should I interpret the fact that, although we were friend Jean refused to speak to me today?			•	
	Interpret means	a. to explain.		c. to discover.

7 propose /prəʊˈpəʊz/ – verb	<ul> <li>Our little brother proposed buying our parents a puppy for Christmas, but instead we gave them a coffee grinder.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Rafael was obviou take a nap and get</li> </ul>	sly too tired to study, so his back to work later.	mother proposed that he	
Propose means	a. to predict.	b. to remember.	c. to suggest.	
8 resort /rɪˈzɔ:t/	• Once my friend was so low on money that he <b>resorted</b> to selling his blood to a blood bank.			
– verb	<ul> <li>Although school w</li> </ul>	as hard for me, I never resorte	d to cheating.	
Resort to means	a. to explain.	b. to forget about.	c. to turn to.	
9 ultimate /ˈʌltɪmət/	<ul> <li>Although they have reached some understandings, the ultimate goal of the conference is to sign an international arms-control agreement.</li> </ul>			
– adjective	<ul> <li>Saying they learne pay a teacher.</li> </ul>	d a lot in class is the ultimate	e compliment students can	
Ultimate means	a. greatest.	b. most interesting.	c. unknown.	
10 vague	• On the essay test, g	give detailed answers, not <b>vagu</b>	e ones.	
/veig/ - adjective  • Ben had only a vague idea of what yeast was. He knew it was use beer and bread, but he wasn't sure what it did.			knew it was used to make	
Vague means	a. general.	b. curious.	c. wrong.	

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1.	Not clear; not exact; not definite
2	To put forward for thinking over or accepting; suggest (an idea)
3	To punish; cause to suffer for doing something wrong
4	To turn or go (to) for help; make use of aid
5	Cruel; heartless
6	Special attention; importance given to something
7	In addition; besides
8	To get rid of; do away with
9	To explain the meaning of; make sense of
10	Greatest; highest possible

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

	discipline c. eliminate d. emphasis e. furthermore propose h. resort i. ultimate j. vague
	1. Ms. Ramirez took her son's bike away for a week to him after he lied to her.
	2. Your goal is the highest one you hope to reach.
	3. If you were low on cash, would you to selling your blood?
	4. When I ask my children where they're going, I don't accept answers. I want to know exactly where they'll be.
	5. Since I didn't understand the results of my blood test, the doctored it for me.
	6. We encourage our children to weekend activities in which the whole family can participate.
	7. People take aspirin to headaches.
	8. One way to introduce an additional point is with the word ""
	9. Your boss will put the greatest on the project he or she considers most important.
	10. Someone without mercy can be
Sentence Check 2 Using the answer lines, co	mplete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.
	1-2. "Your answers were too," said the teacher. "You should have made them more clear by adding details, you skipped several questions."
	3-4. Even though there are plenty of gentle ways to a child, many parents are quick to to spanking when a child behaves badly. Many parents need to learn how to penalize their children in positive ways.
	5-6. Liz has cut down her smoking to only three cigarettes a day, but her goal is to smoking from her life.
	7-8. Chu's parents had never seen an American-style report card before, so when Chu's teacher met with them, her was on helping them what it said.
	9-10. Gaild that we go to the movies instead of attending a boxing match because she feels that boxing is a sport.

#### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. brutality, noun b. emphasize, verb c. interpreter, noun d. uitimately, adverb e. vagueness, noun	Cruelty To give special force to; stress Someone who translates one language into another In the end; finally The condition of not being clear
	<ol> <li>The instructions in this beginners' cookbook measuring ingredients carefully.</li> <li>The Humane° Society came to check on Mr. Speck when neighbors</li> </ol>
	reported his to his dogs.
·	3. Marcos worked hard as a roofer for ten years, saved his money, and started his own roofing business.
	4. Because Julie speaks English and Vietnamese equally well, she often serves as an for her parents and customers in their restaurant.
	5. The memory of an event when I was three years old has the of a hardly remembered dream.
a. brute, noun	A cruel person
b. disciplinary, adject	tive Having to do with teaching a lesson or punishing
	가는 사람들은 사람들이 있는데 보고 있다. 그는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은
c. elimination, noun	The getting rid of something
d. proposal, noun	An idea; suggestion
	An idea: suggestion
d. proposal, noun e. vaguely, adverb	An idea; suggestion
d. proposal, noun	An idea; suggestion Not clearly  6. No one liked Dad's that we spend our vacation at home painting
d. proposal, noun e. vaguely, adverb	An idea; suggestion Not clearly  6. No one liked Dad's that we spend our vacation at home painting the house.  7. The vice-principal at our school is in charge of matters, such as
d. proposal, noun e. vaguely, adverb	An idea; suggestion Not clearly  6. No one liked Dad's that we spend our vacation at home painting the house.  7. The vice-principal at our school is in charge of matters, such as deciding if a student should be suspended.  8. The police chief said, "We will find thes who beat this poor

# Synonyms and Antonyms

A. Synonyms. Write the letter of the boldfaced word.	ne word or phrase that most nearly means the same as each
1. emphasis	
a. flavor	b. memory .
c. laughter	d. importance
2. furthermore	
a. on the other hand	b. for instance
c. also	d. instead
3. interpret	•
a. punish	b. memorize
c. resist	d. explain
4. propose	
a. suggest	b. deny
c. lie	d. pretend
5. resort to	
a. turn to	b. avoid
c. suggest	d. talk about
B. Antonyms. Write the letter of the boldfaced word.	e word or phrase that most nearly means the opposite of each
6. <b>brutal</b>	•
a. firm	b. kindly
c. quiet	d. small
7. discipline	
a. greet	b. interrupt
c. reward	d. drop
8. eliminate	
a. ignore	b. hang around
c. refuse	d. add
9. ultimate	
a. least possible	b. most difficult
c. clear	d. medium
10. vague	
a. needed	b. exact
c. trusted	d. loud

#### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. Differences in a Gym Program

a. <b>emphasis</b>	b. Interpret	c. <b>propose</b>
d. ultimate	e. <b>vague</b>	

Last spring, some parents spoke to the school board about the gym program at Walnut Street School. The parents protested the difference in programs offered to boys and girls. The boys were taught a variety° of active sports and given good equipment. They had the chance to join several teams. For girls, however, the (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in gym was on dancing and exercise. They had no teams and little equipment.

Why were there such big differences between the two programs? The school district's rules about physical education were (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Since they didn't say exactly what should be taught, each school (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ed the rules in its own way.

The parents (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_ d allowing both boys and girls to use all the gym equipment at the school. And they appealed° to the school board for some sports teams to be organized for the girls. They pointed out that girls have as much potential° in sports and as

much need for physical fitness as boys do. Their (5) \_\_\_\_\_ goal was to

B. Teaching a Lesson

give all the children an equal gym experience.

f. brutal g. discipline	h. eliminate
i. furthermore j. resort	

One reason that p	arents may have to (6)	children is to
(7)	behaviors that are rude or hurtful. Unfort	unately, some parents
use (8)	punishments to teach their children t	to be good. But cruel
treatment only serves	to demonstrate° to children that it is according	eptable for them to
(9)	to hitting and punching when they need	d to solve a problem.
(10)	, children who are hit too often and too h	ard are deprived° of a
feeling of safety. They	grow up expecting that the whole world will	be cruel to them, and
thus, they often become	cruel to others.	





accustomed anticipate linger miserable misinterpret occur reluctant revise specific version

#### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1	accustomed /əˈkʌstəmd/ – adjective	he drank tea, the sugar n	ever seemed to harm I	o sucking a sugar cube while his teeth.  Alma had trouble becoming
		accustomed to the snowy Minnesota weather.		
	Accustomed means	a. uncomfortable with.	b. shocked by.	c. used to.
2	anticipate /æn'tisipeit/	• Lee anticipated heavy hour early.	traffic this morning,	so he left for the airport an
	– verb	• Because I anticipated couldn't get to the store	-	ght extra groceries in case 1
	_Anticipate means	a. to doubt.	. to enjoy.	c. to think likely to happen.
3	linger /ˈlɪŋgə(r)/ – verb	the door, chatting on and	on with our hosts.	event. He likes to linger by
	7670	<ul> <li>After the bowling match our friends on the other</li> </ul>		y linger for a while to talk to
	_Linger means	a. to stare.	b. to stay.	c. to expect.
4	miserable /ˈmɪzərəbl/	• The Farrells were <b>miser</b> wouldn't stop biting the	_	g trip because the green flies
	– adjective	• Gino is sure to be misera	able during the allergy	season if he doesn't get shots.
	_ <i>Miserable</i> means	a. uncomfortable.	b. not proper.	c. rested.
5	misinterpret /misin'ts:prit/	When I invited my no neighborliness as roman	•	ner, she <b>misinterpreted</b> my
	– verb	• It's clear that Jay <b>misinterpreted</b> his wife's request. He brought her flowers for a vase instead of flour for a cake.		
_	_Misinterpret means	a. to want.	b. to cause.	c. to understand wrongly.
6	occur /əˈkɜ:(r)/ – verb	<ul> <li>A robbery occurred at the restaurant just minutes after we left.</li> <li>The first moonwalk occurred on July 20th, 1969, after Neil Armstrong stepped on the moon and said, "That's one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind."</li> </ul>		
	Occur means	a. to find.	b. to disappear.	c. to happen.

7 reluctant /rɪˈlʌktənt/	<ul> <li>Since I'm reluctant unlisted.</li> </ul>	to have people know r	ny phone number, I keep it	
– adjective	<ul> <li>Although the lawyer news, he had no choice</li> </ul>		nis client such disappointing	
Reluctant means	a. known.	b. unwilling.	c. excited.	
8 revise /rɪ¹vaɪz/	• Don't just write a paper out once and hand it in. It's important to revise what you write until your paper is in good shape.			
– verb	<ul> <li>Recent price increase revise their construction</li> </ul>		it necessary for carpenters to	
Revise means	a. to remember.	b. to make changes	in. c. to read again.	
9 specific /spəˈsɪfik/	Gina said that she and me any specific information		of quarrel, but she didn't give	
– adjective		-	sitters so they'll understand ow to diaper and feed my son.	
Specific means	a. hard to believe.	b. hurried.	c. detailed.	
10 version /ˈvɜ:ʃən/	• The play West Side S Romeo and Juliet.	Story is a modern music	cal version of Shakespeare's	
– noun		east six movies about Fra ersion, with Boris Karlo	ankenstein's monster, but the ff.	
Version means	a. retelling.	b. suggestion.	c. correction.	

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1	In the habit of; used to
2	Unwilling; wanting not to do something
3	Definite; exact
4	To delay leaving; remain, especially as if unwilling to leave
5	Very unhappy or uncomfortable
6	To expect; foresee
7	To understand incorrectly
8	A story told in a different form or with a different point of view
9	To happen; take place
0	To change in order to improve or to include new information

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

1	accustomed occur	_	- ·	d. <b>miserable</b> i. <b>specific</b>	e. misinterpret j. version
ļ <u></u>			for a fev		- 1
		_ 2. I about		our New Year's Ev	e party, but I'm prepar
			me the city pu every month or		that corner — an accid
		4. Although th lease.	e apartment m	et our needs, we we	ere to sign a long-te
		_ 5. Dina wrote	a of Rome	o and Juliet that has	s a happy ending.
		_ 6. Because Cladifficulty.	ark's directions	s were so, I for	and his new home with
		_ 7. After our ca	ıt was run over	by a car, my son fe	lt for weeks.
		_ 8. For someon to cold		n a warm climate, i	t may take time to beco
		_ 9. Another wo	ord for "misund	erstand" is ""	
		_		y to the third-graden to understand.	class, we will it so
	ence Check :				
Jsing th	ne answer lines, co	-		o words from the bo	
				o, I became to anish so poorly.	having people what
		restaurar	_	ch last as long as	work, so Ied in possible. I was not at
		-		•	nis birthday, but he was the musical film
	,		-		- he becomes whene disputes° are abundant <sup>c</sup>
			eds considerab		had a chance to it it will be good enough

#### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. accustom, verb	To get used to
b. anticipation, noun	The act of looking forward to something
c. Interpret°, verb	To explain the meaning (of something)
d. misery, noun	Great unhappiness
e. revision, noun	An improved form of an earlier work
1.	. It is sad to think of how much wars have caused.
2.	. The dog's of going for a walk was clear — he sat by the door with a leash in his mouth.
	. I didn't understand what my blood-pressure numbers meant, so I asked the nurse to them for me.
4.	. In his job as a security guard, James had to himself to staying awake all night.
5.	. My writing teacher kept asking me to improve my paper. She finally accepted the third
f. Interpretation, noun	[2] (1) [4] [2] (2] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4
h. occurrence, noun	An event; something that happened
i. refluctance, noun	용하다. 그리는 전환 전 경험을 보고 있는 것이다. 남편 전한 보면 보고 있는 것이다. 전환 프라이지 않는 것이다. 전환 보고 있는 것이다. 전환 경험 등 전환 경험 등 전환 경험 등 전환 경험 등
j. <b>specify</b> , verb	To state exactly or in detail
6	. In the personal ads, people looking for dates their work, hobbies, and favorite activities.
7	. There was a strange at school today involving two students, a banana peel, and a can of red paint.
8	. I understand Dad's to ride roller coasters — I don't like to ride on them, either.
. 9	. When Jack didn't show up at Emma's party, Emma's was that he didn't want to run into his former girlfriend there.
10	The room was empty when I arrived, but the smell of perfume told me that a woman had just left.

# > Analogies

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line. (All the repeated words in these items are from this unit.)

1.	RELUCTANT : WILLING ::	
	<ul><li>a. brutal : kind</li><li>c. anger : argument</li></ul>	b. rapid : fast d. shy : quiet
2.	MISERABLE : HAPPY ::	
	<ul><li>a. awkward°: clumsy</li><li>c. current°: old-fashioned</li></ul>	b. bright : shining d. famous : brave
3.	LINGER : REMAIN ::	
	<ul><li>a. purposely : accidentally</li><li>c. fix : repair</li></ul>	b. complex°: simple d. wait: depart
4.	ANTICIPATE : EXPECT ::	
	<ul><li>a. recollect°: forget</li><li>c. explain: understand</li></ul>	b. cause : effect d. smash : break
5.	SPECIFIC : GENERAL ::	
	<ul><li>a. unfamiliar : nervous</li><li>c. shy : quiet</li></ul>	b. eager°: unwilling d. bees: honey
6.	OCCUR: HAPPEN::	
	<ul><li>a. run : walk</li><li>c. shout : whisper</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. vanish°: disappear</li><li>d. vague°: specific°</li></ul>
7.	REVISE : SENTENCE ::	
	<ul><li>a. discipline<sup>o</sup>: punishment</li><li>c. sing: book</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. write : print</li><li>d. propose° : suggestion</li></ul>
8.	OBJECTION°: APPROVAL::	
	<ul><li>a. doctor : illness</li><li>c. emphasis : importance</li></ul>	b. night : moon d. argument : agreement
9.	MISINTERPRET : MISUNDERSTAND	::
	<ul><li>a. penalize°: punish</li><li>c. agree: disagree</li></ul>	b. expect : surprise d. discipline° : reward
10.	RECOLLECT°: EVENT::	
	a. question : answer c. walk : exercise	b. interpret°: message d. establish°: destroy

#### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. Knowing How to Argue

a. linger	b. misinterpret c. occur
d. reluctant	e. specific

R	and Marlene have a great marriage, and I think one reason is that they know how to
argue.	any couples think arguing is bad, but I think they (1)
what	uing really is. It can be a good way to settle problems. When couples are
(2)	to argue, they may not solve their problems, and their angry
feeling	an (3) for a long time. Ron and Marlene don't hesitate° to
argue	get it over with. What's good about the way they argue is that they talk only about
the (4)	thing that made them angry. For example, if Marlene is
angry	Ron isn't doing his share of the housework, that is all she talks about. She doesn't
throw	"And furthermore" — that new friend of yours from work is a jerk!" Knowing Ror
and M	ene has taught me that arguments (5) in even the best
marria	, and that they can make a good relationship stronger.

#### B. A Change of School, A Change of Heart

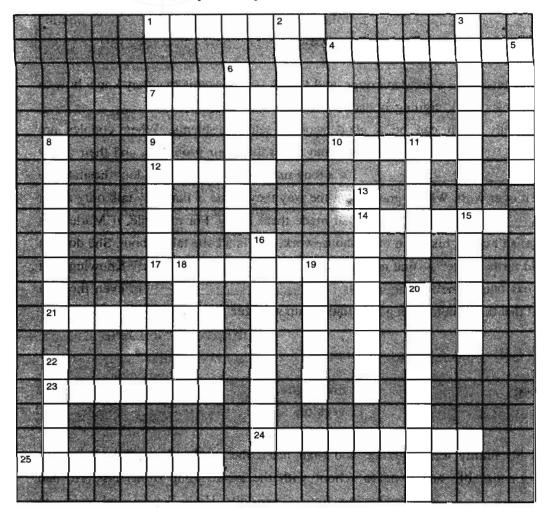
f.	accustor	ned	g. anl	icipate	t	miserable	
i.	revise		j. ver	sion			22 6 7 6 6

Matt and his fam	ily were moving, and Matt hated the whole idea. He had lived in
Centerville his entire	life and gone to school with the same group of friends. He had
(6)	d graduating from Centerville High School and going to
Centerville Community	College. Now he was going to have to (7)
his whole plan for th	ne future, and he didn't like it a bit. "How can I ever become
(8)	to a new school?" he asked his parents. "Everyone will already
know each other. I'll ha	ive no friends."

At first, it seemed that Matt was right. At his new high school, he walked around alone, not smiling or talking to anyone. Finally a friendly teacher advised° him to improve his attitude°. "I know you're feeling lonely and (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_," he said. "But you look as though you hate this school and everyone in it. If you'll look a little friendlier, you will find new friends here." Matt decided to try. He began to talk to his classmates and take part in class. He even helped write a funny (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of "Cinderella" that his Spanish class performed for the rest of the school. By New Year, Matt was able to tell his parents that he was starting to feel at home in his new school.

# UNIT TWO: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Two. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



abrupt advise astonish awkward brutal consent current deprive eager eliminate endure establish linger miserable objection occur potential reliable resort revise specific ultimate vague vanish variety

#### ACROSS

- 1. To take away from; keep from having or enjoying
- 4. Greatest; highest possible
- 7. To surprise greatly; amaze
- 10. To turn or go (to) for help; make use of ... for aid
- 12. Looking forward to ... with great interest or desire
- 14. Cruel; heartless
- 17. To get rid of; do away with
- Modern; existing now; in general use or practice today
- 23. Clumsy; not graceful

- 24. To bring into being; set up
- 25. Able to be depended upon

#### DOWN

- 2. To disappear from sight
- 3. A number of different kinds; assortment
- 5. To put up with; bear impatiently
- 6. To agree to something
- 8. Definite; exact
- To change in order to improve or to include new information

- 11. To happen; take place
- 13. A dislike; feeling of being against something
- 15. To give advice to; recommend
- 16. Very unhappy or uncomfortable
- 18. To delay leaving; remain
- 19. Sudden and unexpected
- A natural ability that may or may not develop; possibility
- 22. Not clear; not exact; not definite

# UNIT TWO: Test 1

PART A Choose the word that best co	mpletes each item	and write it in the	e space provided.	
1			-	the supper table by conversation but not
	a. interpret	b. penalize	c. revise	d. originate
2		-		in China thousands into a pot of boiling
	a. originated	b. misinterprete	ed c. vanished	d. recollected
3		doesn't accept re le in your party m	eservations for sma	all groups. The
	a. vague	b. complex	c. current	d. minimum
4	<ol> <li>A beginning type rapidly.</li> </ol>	oist often, wh	ile an experienced	typist hits the keys
	a. advises	b. hesitates	c. occurs	d. endures
5	i. My sister-in-law I decide which o		ut cars, so I've ask	ed her to me as
	a. cry out	b. deprive	c. recollect	d. advise
e	-	•	h Sarah, but it's parated by so man	difficult to keep a y miles.
	a. maintain	b. revise	c. respond	d. deprive
7	tree with an ax	and then confesse		on cut down a cherry ather. However, ton died.
	a. horizontal	b. reluctant	c. current	d. vague
8	3. Garlic is delicionone's breath smo	· -	ople have an	to the way it makes
	a. objection	b. potential	c. version	d. variety
			•	spank them; instead, ir bicycles or roller
	a. resorts	b. endures	c. proposes	d. deprives
10	). Although my ca	r is old, it is still	; it gets me to v	vork every day.
	a. abrupt	b. reliable	c. miserable	d. ultimate

(Continues on next page)

U	nit Two: Test 1				
	1		the long brownis was a log or an all		oating in the riv
		a. horizontal	b. accustomed	c. adequate	d. wholesome
	12		eeting, several peo ermarket building.	_	
		a. vanished	b. resorted	c. endured	d. proposed
	13	3. Playing outdoo	ors for hours is mor	e than watchi	ing TV for hours.
		a. reluctant	b. awkward	c. eager	d. wholesome
14	"To misinterpret m	y instructions," s	aid the teacher, "lis	ten carefully."	
PART' I Write C	if the italicized word	d is used <b>correctl</b>	y. Write I if the wo	ord is used <b>incorr</b>	ectly.
14	"To misinterpret m	y instructions," s	aid the teacher, "lis	ten carefully."	
15	The famous ballet ground.	dancer is awkwa	rd; he moves so lig	ghtly his feet seen	m to never touch
16	It was customary for lives in a large city				n. Although she r
17	I think it is brutal keep them from pe	_		itions and then c	cut off their beaks
18	If you want to gair olive oil to your me		a <i>eliminate</i> more ca	lories in your die	et by adding nuts
19	I'm so accustomed notice.	to living near the	e fire department th	nat whenever a sin	ren goes off, I har
20	The angry diner can adequate, and too of		nt manager and cor	nplained that her	meal had been co
21	Many people in too to make room for a			d courthouse was	s <i>established</i> in or
22	The directions Kimmy way there.	n gave me to the i	new apartment were	e so vague that I	got very mixed up
23	Because her husba extra time to pay th		l couldn't work, C	orinne appealed	to their landlady
24	The ultimate job in	a successful busi	ness career might b	e running errands	in a large office.

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_ × 4 = \_\_\_\_%

on making as many sales as possible in a day.

\_\_25. Our store is well thought of because we put an *emphasis* on pleasing customers rather than

# UNIT TWO: Test 2

#### PART A

Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. abrupt f. exclaim k. specific	b. <b>anticipate</b> g. <b>potential</b> l. <b>vanish</b>	_	d. <b>consent</b> i. <b>resort</b>	e. discipline j. revise
	1. Every time to be a	•	l out, he thinks abo	out whether she has the
		be wonderful if des in the soap ads?	irted as easily	and completely in rea
		Corners of the World notation of the World n		rs dishes from a o
		for writing on the		bathroom, the principa
	5. Although I violence.	Ed has a hot temp	oer, I don't think	he would ever to
	6. Because we twelve show		eople for dinner, w	ve were surprised when
		ays shows his sho		ife and thens then
	8. When you I have to tu		ions for me, please	include the street
	9. The picnic come out o		d when a sudden t	hunderstorm seemed to
•	_	nool, students ofter nout-group.	one another	as belonging to an in
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		se that you will tak		ers told her children, "a feeding, brushing, and
	unwrapped		•	s feelings when shight her, so sheed
		red last night that what either of us sa	_	king with John, I can

w		
1) 4	RT	33
F / 5	1/2	13

Write C if	the italicized word is used correctly. Write I if the word is used incorrectly.
	When the man shook hands with the child and said, "How do you do?" the child responded. How do I do what?"
15. E	Bart was sad when his best friend moved furthermore from his house.
	t was fun to go to my first soccer game with Franco. He knows the sport so well that he could <i>interpret</i> everything that was going on for me.
	Rico didn't seem to enjoy the party — he <i>lingered</i> before most of the other guests had ever hown up.
	The students were <i>miserable</i> when their teacher said, "It's such a beautiful day — let's forget about the math test and go outside to play softball."
19. C	Christmas and New Year's Eve are two holidays that occur in December.
20. N	Naturally, most people are reluctant to win an all-expenses-paid vacation.
	Which version of The Wizard of Oz did you like better, the movie with Judy Garland or the one with Diana Ross?
	The speaker astonished the audience by opening his speech with, "Good evening, and thank you all for coming."
	Because the novel is so <i>complex</i> , it begins with a chart that lists all the characters and shows now they are related to one another.
24. 7	To get through exam week, I had to endure several nights without much sleep.
25. A	After hiking for miles with nothing to eat, the friends were eager for dinner.

# UNIT TWO: Test 3

#### PART A: Synonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly the same in meaning as the **boldfaced** word.

1. advise	a) give advi	ce to <b>b</b> ) ex	pect c	e) praise	<b>d</b> ) forget	
2. anticipate	a) put up wi	th <b>b</b> ) reme	mber	<b>c</b> ) dislike	d) expec	t
3. appeal	a) ask	<b>b</b> ) add to	c) disappea	r <b>d</b> )	explain	
4. astonish	a) continue	<b>b</b> ) surprise	c) ref	fuse	d) begin	
5. classify	a) make clea	ar <b>b</b> ) arrang	ge by type	c) be	egin <b>d</b> ) pu	ıt up with
6. <b>deprive</b>	a) suggest	<b>b</b> ) turn to	c) take	from	d) forget	
7. discipline	a) punish	<b>b</b> ) raise up	c) cont	inue	d) happen	
8. eliminate	<ul><li>a) add to</li><li>d) make mo</li></ul>	<b>b</b> ) get rid of re difficult	c) disa	appear		
9. emphasis	a) least	<b>b</b> ) importance	c) rete	elling	d) possibility	/
10. endure	a) punish	<b>b</b> ) demand	c) put	up with	d) explain	
11. establish	a) remain	<b>b</b> ) start	c) turn to	<b>d</b> ) sı	iggest	
12. furthermore	a) instead	<b>b</b> ) later	c) in addit	ion	d) by the way	
13. interpret	a) explain	<b>b</b> ) depend o	n <b>c</b> ) s	uggest	d) change	
14. maintain	a) begin	b) continue	c) give	up on	d) cry out	
15. misinterpret	a) understan	nd wrongly	<b>b</b> ) argue	c) dep	end on <b>d</b>	) surprise
16. occur	a) begin	b) put off	c) take pl	ace	d) remember	
17. potential	a) memory	<b>b</b> ) feeling	c) pos	sibility	<b>d</b> ) number	
18. <b>propose</b>	a) wait	b) make worse	c) ag	ree (	l) suggest	
19. resort to	a) turn to	<b>b</b> ) give away	c) ac	cept as tru	ue <b>d</b> ) refu	ise
20. respond	a) disappear	<b>b</b> ) answer	c) su	rprise	<b>d</b> ) remember	г
21. revise	a) throw out	<b>b</b> ) remain	c) ag	ree	d) change	
22. specific	a) common	b) least	c) exact	<b>d</b> ) i	mportant	
23, ultimate	a) least	<b>b</b> ) most strange	e c) gi	reatest	d) newest	
24. variety	a) value	b) reason	c) few	d) seve	eral different k	inds
25. version	a) retelling	<b>b</b> ) dislike	c) asso	ortment	d) penalty	

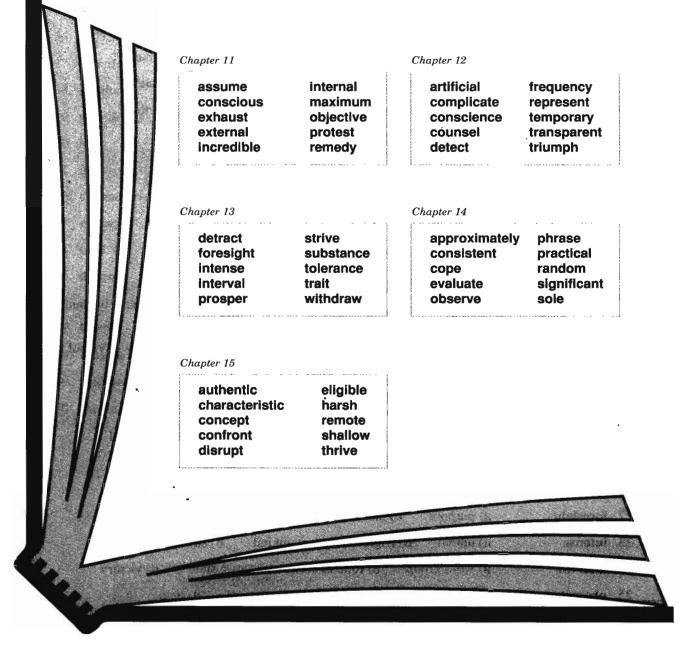
	PA	RT	B:	Anto	nyms
--	----	----	----	------	------

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly opposite in meaning to the boldfaced word.

26. abrupt	a) slow b	) willing	c) secret	d) scary	
27. accustomed	a) not exact	<b>b</b> ) not sim	nilar to c	e) not used to	d) not needed
28. adequate	a) willing	<b>b</b> ) not enou	gh c) no	t dependable	<b>d</b> ) unhappy
29. <b>awkward</b>	a) up and dow	n <b>b</b> ) pol	lite c) co	omplicated	d) graceful
30. brutal	a) well-known	<b>b</b> ) shal	ky <b>c</b> ) ge	entle <b>d</b> ) da	rk
31. complex	a) cheerful	<b>b</b> ) simple	c) lucky	<b>d</b> ) natura	1
32. consent	a) surprise	<b>b</b> ) reward	c) appea	ar <b>d</b> ) refuse	e
33. current	a) wise	o) old-fashion	ned c) ur	nusual <b>d</b> ) o	common
34. customary	a) willing	<b>b</b> ) most	c) clear	d) unusual	
35. eager	a) not intereste	ed <b>b</b> ) no	ot believing	c) ready	d) clear
36. exclaim	a) refuse	<b>b</b> ) forget	c) allow	d) whisper	
37. hesitate	a) ignore	<b>b</b> ) suggest	c) rush a	head <b>d</b> ) re	ward
38. horizontal	a) careless	b) up and	down c)	dark <b>d</b> ) so	quare
39. linger	a) appear	<b>b</b> ) insult	c) forget	<b>d</b> ) hurry aw	yay .
40. minimum	a) unhealthy	<b>b</b> ) loud	c) painfu	ıl <b>d</b> ) most	•
41. miserable	a) hard to unde	erstand	<b>b</b> ) happy	c) willing	d) clear
42. <b>objection</b>	a) approval	<b>b</b> ) joke	c) win	d) loss	
43. <b>originate</b>	a) end b)	) explain	c) leave	d) expect	
44. penalize	a) hurry	b) reward	c) give	d) appear	
45. recollect	a) answer	<b>b</b> ) ask	c) know	d) forget	
46. reliable	a) not known	<b>b</b> ) not e	nough c	) not usual	d) not dependable
47. reluctant	a) surprised	b) least	c) willing	d) carele	ess
48. <b>vague</b>	a) lowest	b) not clum	sy <b>c</b> ) cle	ear <b>d</b> ) not e	exact
49. <b>vanish</b>	a) expect	b) keep	c) appear	d) wait	
50. wholesome	a) unhealthy	<b>b</b> ) simple	e c) use	ful <b>d</b> ) old-	fashioned

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 2 = \_\_\_\_%

# Unit Three



# Unit Three: Pretest

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

 1.	assume	<ul> <li>a) suppose to be true</li> <li>b) prove to be false</li> <li>c) hold no opinion about (something)</li> <li>d) argue hotly</li> </ul>
 2.	conscious	a) drowsy b) awake c) depressed d) purposeful
 3.	exhaust	a) refill b) remove from sight c) use up d) fall
 4.	external	a) buried deeply b) outer c) unimportant d) common.
 5.	incredible	a) unbelievable b) showy c) humble d) wasteful .
 6.	internal	a) inner b) uncommon c) easy d) understood by few
 7.	maximum	a) not popular b) greatest in amount c) worst d) comfortable
 8.	objective	a) bad influence b) reason to believe c) insult d) goal
 9.	protest	a) speak out against b) encourage c) prove d) debate
 10.	remedy	<ul> <li>a) source of amusement</li> <li>b) usual manner of doing something</li> <li>c) collection of writings</li> <li>d) cure</li> </ul>
 11.	artificial	a) natural b) impressive c) not natural d) worn out
 12.	complicate	a) smooth over b) adjust c) make difficult d) divide
 13.	conscience	<ul> <li>a) sense of being awake</li> <li>b) inability to decide</li> <li>c) sense of right and wrong</li> <li>d) skill with numbers</li> </ul>
 14.	counsel	a) improve b) approve c) give advice d) revise
 15.	detect	a) obtain b) complain c) remark d) notice
 16.	frequency	<ul> <li>a) how often something happens</li> <li>b) rate of speed</li> <li>c) volume of sound</li> <li>d) source of sound</li> </ul>
 17.	represent	<ul> <li>a) avoid talking about</li> <li>b) prefer over another choice</li> <li>c) be a symbol for</li> <li>d) allow to happen</li> </ul>
 18.	temporary	<ul> <li>a) expected to last forever . b) impossible to achieve</li> <li>c) serving for a limited time d) clearly seen</li> </ul>
 19.	transparent	a) solid b) dark in color c) seen through easily d) unusual
 20.	triumph	a) victory b) defeat c) compromise d) battle
 21.	detract	a) take away b) grow c) speed up d) pass by
 22.	foresight	a) purpose b) understanding c) cure d) careful planning
 23.	intense	a) unreal b) frightened c) unkind d) strong
 24.	interval	a) word group b) time in between c) system d) victory
 25.	prosper	a) do poorly b) become old c) succeed d) help

87

26. strive	a) do well b) take away c) feel good d) try hard
27. substance	a) care b) knowledge c) material d) hard work
28. tolerance	a) acceptance b) avoidance c) experience d) confusion
29. trait	a) story b) feature c) unexpected gift d) journey
30. withdraw	a) write down b) take back c) make shorter d) make happy
31. approximately	a) never b) under c) almost d) more than
32. <b>consistent</b>	a) made up of b) regular c) useful d) important
33. cope	a) measure b) look at c) deal with d) give up
34. evaluate	a) ignore b) use up c) judge d) take away
35. observe	a) watch closely b) disturb c) bring together d) control
36. <b>phrase</b>	<ul> <li>a) period of time</li> <li>b) group of words</li> <li>c) highest point</li> <li>d) outer layer</li> </ul>
37. practical	a) useful b) expensive c) silly d) unplanned
38. random	a) rare b) common c) expensive d) unplanned
39. significant	a) lucky b) available c) important d) busy
40. <b>sole</b>	a) delayed b) deep c) early d) only
41. authentic	a) real b) old c) expensive d) useful
42. characteristic	a) unexpected b) usual c) modern d) weird
43. <b>concept</b>	a) period of time b) goal c) memory d) idea
44. confront	a) succeed b) interrupt c) face d) ignore
45. disrupt	a) watch closely b) describe c) upset d) complain
46. eligible	a) qualified b) far away c) able to be read d) worthless
47. harsh	a) new b) loud c) fair d) cruel
48. remote	a) low b) far away c) unusual d) able to be moved
49. <b>shallow</b> .	a) friendly b) solid c) not deep d) not strong

50. thrive

a) raise up b) do well c) grow weak d) need extra care





internal maximum objective protest remedy

#### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

context of the sentence	s to help you ligate ou	cach word 5 meaning.		
1 assume /əˈsjuːm/ – verb	• We assumed the	•	n't.  outdoor wedding — what a not take anything for granted.	
Assume means	a. to fear.	b. to forget.	c. to believe.	
2 conscious /ˈkɒnʃəs/ - adjective	Otherwise, he wou  As Arlene gave he	lldn't be so ill-mannered. r speech to the class, she wa	ometimes seems very rude.	
Conscious means	whispering in the later a. pleased.	b. aware.	c. relieved.	
3 exhaust /ɪgˈzɔːst/ – verb	dinner before I we	nt to bed.  od all afternoon <b>exhausted</b>	uch that I couldn't even eat  Ken. In fact, afterward, he	
Exhaust means	a. to delay.	b. to teach.	c. to tire.	
4 external /ıkˈstɜːnəl/ – adjective	the homes differed.  When my grandm	quite a bit. other first came to America,	vere similar, but on the inside, , she was given her very first s <b>external</b> layer, she began to	
External means	a. final.	b. new.	c. outer.	
5 incredible /mˈkredəbl/ adjective	It's incredible that without food and v	water, and yet it has happene	three days locked in a crated.	
Incredible means	a. expected.	b. hard to believe.	c. correct.	
6 internal /ɪnˈtɜ:nəl/ – adjective	<ul> <li>The sofa's covering is torn, but its internal condition is fine.</li> <li>The car looks terrific, so you'd never guess that some of its internal parts — the motor, brakes, and heater — need major repair.</li> </ul>			
Internal means	a. inside.	b. hard.	c. light in weight.	

7 maximum /ˈmæksɪməm/ – adjective		naximum weight the elevate les per hour is the maxim	tor could safely carry.  um speed for this airplane; it		
Maximum means	a. greatest.	b. worst.	c. longest.		
8 objective /əb <sup>i</sup> dʒektɪv/	• The <b>objective</b> of the workshop on time management is to teach people to get the most done in the least amount of time.				
– noun	<ul> <li>Chris and Tomas realized they could not be business partners. Chris's objective was to make a lot of money, while Tomas's was to help people in the community.</li> </ul>				
Objective means	a. cost.	b. goal.	c. excuse.		
9 protest /prəultest/	• When a man wa protested.	s discovered beating his o	dogs, an animal-rights group		
– verb	<ul> <li>"Stop it," Billy's n the mashed potato</li> </ul>	-	't pour blue food coloring into		
Protest means	a. to ask.	b. to suggest.	c. to complain.		
10 remedy /'remidi/	<ul> <li>Grandma's remedy for a cold was to wear garlic around her neck. It neve cured her cold, but at least no one came close enough to her to catch it.</li> </ul>				
– noun	• There's no quick r	emedy for a broken heart;	only time will heal it.		
Remedy means	a. memory.	b. treatment.	b. main cause.		

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1.		A cure; something that heals
2.		Unbelievable; amazing; extraordinary
3.		Aware (of something); noticing (that something is or was happening or existing)
4.		Outer; located outside
5.		To complain; express dissatisfaction
6.		A purpose; goal
7.		To suppose to be true; take for granted
8.	•	To tire greatly
9.		Inner; located inside
10.		Most; highest; largest possible

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

	b. <b>conscious</b> g. <b>maximum</b>			1
	1. The pa	rt of a banana is its	sweet, creamy fles	sh.
	2. The pa	rt of a banana is its	peel.	
	3. The sp	eed allowed here is	sixty-five miles ar	n hour.
	4. Do you thin	nk there will ever be	e a for the con	imon cold?
		•	•	r seen. It's so huge the there looking at it
<u> </u>	6. As Shelly t kitchen fau	•	ecame of a loa	ıd "drip, drip" from
	7. My sister's	is to be a fashi	on designer.	
		't like a company's a strong letter of co		? For example, y
		n it would not rijust in case.	ain on our outdoo	r wedding, we rente
	10. Mental wo	rk can someone	as much as physic	cal work.
entence Chec	k 2			
	s, complete each iten	n below with <b>two</b> wo	ords from the box.	
	1–2. "You w		ed to her long	-legged brother. "You
		the accident vict	•	w bruises, he had
		that penicillin, a _ lent after some mole		ections, was discovery dish.
	they sai	id they were not e	ven of it. Ho	nusic in our office, owever, once when ry aware of the silence
	possible brother!	, so she has two jo	bs. What a contras he minimum° nui	amount of moresto between her and mber of hours allowed as possible.

#### ~ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. consciousness, n	oun The state of being awake	
b. internally, adverb	Beneath the surface; on the inside	
c. protester, noun	Someone who speaks out against something	
d. remedial, adjective	Meant to improve one's skills or knowledge	
e. self-conscious, ad	djective Uncomfortably aware of one's behavior or appearance	
	<ol> <li>Carlo's grades have gone up in every subject since he took a reading course.</li> </ol>	
	2. I fell down the front steps, knocked my head, and lost; when woke up, I was back in my house.	J
	3. Although Marie managed to act pleasant during the party, she was extremely angry. Her boyfriend had gotten drunk and was quit obnoxious°.	
	4. A meeting about abortion, sex education in schools, or another top that lots of people disagree about is sure to attract somes. More people are not neutral° about such widely discussed topics — the have strong feelings one way or the other.	st
	5. When Rodney first moved from Georgia to New York City, he feltabout his Southern accent. At times he was even reluctant to speak.	_
f. assumption, noun		
h. creed, noun	A formal statement of religious beliefs	
i. exhaustion, noun	A state of being extremely tired	
j. maximize, verb	To make as great as possible	
	6. For many centuries, it was a common that the Earth was flat.	
	7. Ginas the buying power of her dollars by shopping for goo bargains.	d
	8. I'm not accustomed° to giving money to people on the street, be sometimes it's hard to turn down a person whose hard-luck story seem	
	<ul><li>9. When I first went to my friend's church, she explained to me he religion's</li></ul>	er
	0. After he'd battled a blaze for nearly twenty-four hours, the firefighter was so great that he fell asleep without even taking off his boots.	's

# > Word Parts

A. The prefix self- often	means "oneself."					
<b>Examples:</b> defense — self-defen	- protection conscious — aware se — protection of oneself self-conscious — uncomfortably awar oneself					
On each answer line,	write the word from the box	that means the sam	e as the <i>italicized</i> words.			
a. self-centered d. self-critical°	b. self-conscious c. self-control e. self-educated					
magent dates	_ 1. Corey is so <i>critical of a</i>	oneself. He must ha	ve a low opinion of himself			
	2. It takes <i>control of one</i> chip cookies.	self not to eat too	many fresh, warm chocolat	e-		
		•	er talking about himself for a What do you think of n			
		•	rself because of her new hable didn't even notice it.	ıiı		
	_ 5. My grandfather was an <i>educated-by-oneself</i> man; although he didn't even attend high school, he learned a great deal on his own.					
B. The suffix -ness mear	as "the quality or state of."					
-	$ne^{\circ}$ — tending to improve the $meness$ — the quality of tend		-			
Examples: conscious conscious	s — aware sness — the state of being av	ware				
On each answer line,	write the word from the box	that best completes	s the item.			
f. awkwardness° i. usefulness	g. <b>conscl</b> j. <b>vag</b> uen		h. eagerness°			
	_ 6. With great, the far	nily stood in line to	enter Disneyland.			
	_ 7. The accident victim lo	est and did not	wake up for several days.			
<u> </u>			teenagers go through a perionic ping over their own feet.	od		
		-	or its It provides gnifying glass, and tweezers			
			this storage box together nat I don't even know whi			

### > Final Check

В.

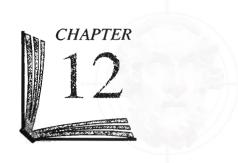
Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. Coming Out of a Coma

	D. GAREITIAI	The Park of the County of the
d. Internal	e. remedy	
"Hi, Mom," Francis	said. The effort of speaking (1)	ed him,
and he closed his eyes agai	n.	
To his mother, these v	vere the best words she had ever heard. The	he idea that her son was
speaking again, after ten v	veeks in a coma, was (2)	He had been
•	o long that it seemed he'd never return. Th	
	never Ms. King had visited Francis at the	
completely still. There we	re no (3) signs	that he was thinking or
feeling anything. He was,	as the doctors put it, "a vegetable." But M	Is. King maintained° the
	e (4) life. Cou	
	hand squeezing his? She tried to reach his	
during her daily visits.		• •
•	ng knew there was no quick (5)	for her
	simple words "Hi, Mom" gave her hope	
live a full life again.		
The Office Doughnut	Cantact	
ine office boughinut	Contest	
f. assume	g. conscious	h. maximum
i. objective	j. protest	
"Are you telling me	there are no doughnuts left? I don't belie	ve it!" Joan said. "How
could a huge supply of dou	· ·	
*		
		"
"When I brought three	ran responded°. "I just know none are left.	
	ran responded°. "I just know none are left. e dozen doughnuts in this morning, I (6)	d
I'd get to eat at least one,'	Fran responded°. "I just know none are left. e dozen doughnuts in this morning, I (6) ' Joan said. "After all, the (7)	d number of
I'd get to eat at least one,' people who ever work in t	Fran responded°. "I just know none are left." dozen doughnuts in this morning, I (6) Joan said. "After all, the (7) his place is ten. Today, Sue isn't even here	dnumber of the live that
I'd get to eat at least one,' people who ever work in t the other eight of you coul	Fran responded°. "I just know none are left. e dozen doughnuts in this morning, I (6) ' Joan said. "After all, the (7) his place is ten. Today, Sue isn't even here d eat thirty-six doughnuts in less than three	dnumber of the live that
I'd get to eat at least one,' people who ever work in t the other eight of you coul to have surplus° doughnuts	Fran responded°. "I just know none are left." dozen doughnuts in this morning, I (6) ' Joan said. "After all, the (7) his place is ten. Today, Sue isn't even here d eat thirty-six doughnuts in less than three is for tomorrow."	number of number that the hours. I even expected
I'd get to eat at least one,' people who ever work in the other eight of you could to have surplus' doughnuts.  Then Fran and Joan b	Fran responded°. "I just know none are left. e dozen doughnuts in this morning, I (6) ' Joan said. "After all, the (7) his place is ten. Today, Sue isn't even here d eat thirty-six doughnuts in less than three for tomorrow."  gecame (8) of la	number of . It's hard to believe that the hours. I even expected ughing in the office next
I'd get to eat at least one,' people who ever work in t the other eight of you coul to have surplus' doughnuts Then Fran and Joan b door. When they looked in	Fran responded°. "I just know none are left." dozen doughnuts in this morning, I (6) ' Joan said. "After all, the (7) his place is ten. Today, Sue isn't even here deat thirty-six doughnuts in less than three for tomorrow."  ecame (8) of land, the fate of the missing doughnuts became	number of number of the hours. I even expected the evident. Three grown
I'd get to eat at least one,' people who ever work in the other eight of you could to have surpluso doughnuts.  Then Fran and Joan be door. When they looked in men were tossing doughnuts.	Fran responded°. "I just know none are left. e dozen doughnuts in this morning, I (6) ' Joan said. "After all, the (7) his place is ten. Today, Sue isn't even here d eat thirty-six doughnuts in less than three for tomorrow."  gecame (8) of la	number of number of It's hard to believe that the hours. I even expected ughing in the office next the evident°. Three grown was to

time it's my turn to bring in the doughnuts, I'll bring in cream- and jelly-filled doughnuts, and

we'll see how you play your little game then."





artificial complicate conscience counsel detect frequency represent temporary transparent triumph

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	artificial /ɑ:tɪˈfɪʃəl/ – adjective	<ul> <li>My uncle, who lost his left arm in an accident, was recently fitted for an artificial arm.</li> <li>Artificial flowers made of paper or silk last for years.</li> </ul>		
	Artificial means	a. short-term.	b. made by humans.	c. heavy.
	complicate /komplikeit/ - verb	fancy dishes. I keep the .  • Don't complicate the ga	me with too many rules.	complicate the job with
	Complicate means	a. to make difficult.	b. to find.	c. to remember.
	conscience /ˈkɒnʃəns/ - noun	that she couldn't enjoy l	mpact disk, her conscience istening to the music.  at some criminals don't have	
			it is wrong to cheat, steal, or	
	Conscience means	a. budget.	b. plan of action.	c. moral sense.
	counsel /ˈkaʊnsəl/	• My basketball coach co each week to gain more	unseled me to work at the time to study.	shoe store fewer hours
	– verb	• I counseled Angela to be	reak up with her violent boy	friend.
	Counsel means	a. to allow.	b. to join.	c. to suggest to.
_	detect	• If you detect a gas leak,	leave immediately and call	for help.
	/dɪˈtekt/ – <i>verb</i>	<ul> <li>Rachel never actually s dislike in her voice.</li> </ul>	ays that she dislikes Ron,	but I detect a tone of
'	Detect means	a. to control.	b. to notice.	c. to want.
	frequency /ˈfriːkwənsɪ/ – <i>noun</i>	Adam got married, the fi	visit each other once or two requency of their visits has a ovies on TV because the f	gone down.
			vies and see them without al	
	Frequency means	a. rate.	b. cost.	c. action.

7	represent	<ul> <li>Will you speak for yourself in court, or will a lawyer represent you?</li> </ul>				
	/ <sub>i</sub> repri'zent/ – <i>verb</i>	• Loretta will rep	resent her class	at the Student C	ouncil meetings.	
	Represent means	a. to leave.	b. to h	nire.	c. to speak for.	
8	8 temporary /ˈtemp <i>ə</i> rərɪ/	• Mimi used a ten			•	
	- adjective	from her injury.	vorker will be n	area to mii in to	or Kwan until she reco	vers
	Temporary means	a. large.	b. sho	rt-term.	c. false.	
9	transparent /træns'pær <i>e</i> nt/ – adjective		on the other sie	de. But when I	ransparent and that I got closer, I realized the	
		• Transparent w	cap allows you to	see what's insi	de a container.	
	_Transparent means	a. able to be see	n through.	b. old.	c. thick.	
10	triumph /'traiamf/	• Our football te reason for a hug	-	over the state's	s first-place team was	the
	– noun	<ul> <li>My brother's go work all led to h</li> </ul>		_	parents, and his own hoility.	ıarc
	_Triumph means	a. loss.	b. mee	eting.	c. win.	
Fol eac	ch word in context, yo	s of the ten words. u will be able to fig	Print each word ure out its meani	ng.	nition. If you look closel	•
1.		Allowir be seen	ig light to pass th	nrough so that o	bjects on the other side of	can
2.		To give	advice or guida	nce to; advise°		
3.		How of	How often something happens			
4.	4		To notice; discover that something exists or is present			
5.	5		An outstanding or very satisfying success; victory			
6.		A sense	of what is right	or wrong in one	s's behavior	
7.		To act o	or speak for			
8.			e difficult by ado omplex°	ding or involving	g many parts or details;	
9.		Lasting or serving for a limited time only; not permanent			y; not permanent	
10.	10		Made to imitate something natural			

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

	complicate c. conscience d. counsel e. detect j. represent h. temporary i. transparent j. triumph
	_ 1. Beating the first-place team was a greater for the players than winning over the last-place team.
	2. That horror movie must have used gallons of blood.
	_ 3. How many hours a week would you a student to work?
	4. The of our company newsletter is about once a month.
	_ 5. If you a job, you make it harder to do.
	6. A person who is cruel must not have much of a
	7. Substitute teachers get assignments, often for only a day or two at a time.
	8. Elected officials are supposed to the voters.
	9. In the winter, we put sheets of plastic over our windows to help keep out the cold.
	10. Although Norah has lived in New York for years, I can still a slight Southern accent in her voice.
Sentence Check 2	?
Using the answer lines, co	emplete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.
	1-2. To reduce the of infections, people should beed to wash their hands often and well. They should also be advised to keep counters and cutting boards free of bacteria.
	3-4. If your won't allow you to wear real fur, choose fur instead Fake fur looks great and feels good, too!
	5-6. I lost ten pounds last year. That was a great victory, but my was only I've gained every ounce of it back.
	7-8. The eyes are sometimes called "the windows of the soul," as if they were and one could a person's soul by looking into them.
	_ 9-10. The Block Association worked well when ited only the residents of our street, but it hasd matters by trying to speak for other parts of the neighborhood as well.

### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. artificially, adverb b. complication, noun c. conscientious, adjec d. transparency, noun e. triumphant, adjective	A picture viewed by shining light through it
	If you ask me, planning a birthday party is difficult enough; trying to make it a surprise party is an unnecessary
	My nephew's favorite watermelon bubble gum is colored and flavored — it looks like a neon sign and tastes like nothing on Earth, least of all watermelon.
	When their team scored the winning touchdown, the players hugged each other and jumped up and down. The other team, feeling miserable°, walked away with their heads down.
	Professor Ives illustrated her lecture by using an overhead of some important charts.
	Raul is a parent — he works hard at being a good father and takes his responsibilities very seriously. He is a good example to his children and never disciplines° them with violence.
f. counselor, noun g. detective, noun h. frequent, adjective i. representative, noun j. temporarily, adverb	A person in the profession of giving advice or guidance Someone whose job is to find the information needed to solve crimes Appearing often; regular A person who speaks for someone else For a short time; not permanently
	When their homes were damaged by a flood, many families were housed at a local army base.
	My wife and I are considering divorce, but we've decided to see a marriage and try to find a way to stay together.
	The most famous in the world is Sherlock Holmes. He solves murder cases by noticing small but important details. He is also able to analyze° events and come to brilliant conclusions.
9.	If you feel strongly about a public issue, don't hesitate° to write to your in Congress; remember that he or she was elected to speak for you.
10	Airlines offer special discounts to " fliers" people who travel often

### > Synonyms and Antonyms

A. Synonyms. Write the letter of the word boldfaced word.	or phrase that most nearly means the same as each
1. conscience	
a. rate	b. talent
c. moral sense	d. victory
2. counsel	
a. win	b. make difficult
c. give advice to	d. imitate
3. detect	`
a. act for	b. ignore
c. disapprove	d. notice
4. frequency	
a. how often something happens	b. allowing light to pass through
c. difficulty	d. short time
5. represent	
a. imitate	b. discover
c. speak for	d. succeed
B. Antonyms. Write the letter of the word of boldfaced word.	or phrase that most nearly means the opposite of each
6. artificial	
a. new	b. easy
c. natural	d. old
7. complicate	
a. lose	b. make easier
c. ignore	d. pay attention to
8. temporary	
a. easy	b. light-blocking
c. important	d. lasting forever
9. transparent	
<ol> <li>a. blocking out light</li> </ol>	b. natural
c. easy	d. long-lasting
10. triumph	
10. <b>triumph</b> a. darkness	b. loss d. game

#### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. The People's Choice

1	e. triumph	[100,000 HEQ 4 (107) MACCO (001) MACCO (201) HE FOR LEVEL HE WORLD
Suppose you	are a candidate running for public	office — and you win. What a
(1)	! But now consider the	nis: What is the best way to
(2)	those who voted for yo	u? How do you know what "the
people" want? Some	etimes the great (3)	of letters and phone calls
makes you think yo	u know what all the people want. Thin	k again! For most people, interest
in what their elected	d officials are doing is only (4)	; you will never
hear from many of	them again. Also, of course, the voters	s who don't write or call may feel
differently from the	se who do. All right, then, you say,	I'll just act according to my own
(5)	and do what I think is right. N	Not so fast! Remember that you're
supposed to be "the	people's choice." So what should you	do? If you know the answer to that

#### B. The Christmas Wars

looking for the answer for over two hundred years.

f. artificial	g. complic	ate	h. counsel
i. detect	j. transpa	rent	The last seasons

question, I propose° that you call the politicians in Washington immediately. They've been

Christmas time is supposed to be peaceful, but in some families it renews old battles. One is the dispute° between those who like a sweet-smelling, natural Christmas tree and those who prefer a shiny (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tree, with no pine needles to mess up the floor. Another common battle goes on between parents, who seek the best places to hide the gifts until the big day, and children, who search tirelessly to (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_ clues about where those hiding places are. No matter what efforts a parent may make to (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_ the search by shoving the gifts inside luggage or under three layers of linens, kids soon find them.

Then, of course, because the boxes and packages are not (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_, the kids have to resort° to opening a corner of the wrapping. Or they try to determine° what's inside by shaking, bouncing, and rattling the box. Sooner or later, they make enough noise to catch an adult's attention. At this point the kids come out from behind the furnace or under the bed, trying very hard to look innocent. The parents get mad, the kids are in tears — Merry Christmas, everyone! It's hard to know how to (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_ parents in this situation. Would the best advice be to ask Grandpa or Grandma to take the kids for a month or so?





detract foresight intense interval prosper strive substance tolerance trait withdraw

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 detract	· A headache can detrac	t from even the most enjoyab	ole experience.
/dı <sup>i</sup> trækt/ – <i>verb</i>	<ul> <li>Eating with someone verified meal.</li> </ul>	vho slurps can detract from	the pleasure of a good
Detract means	a. to grow.	b. to pass.	c. to take away.
2 foresight /ˈfɔ:saɪt/	• Jen had the <b>foresight</b> to not get into the one she	o apply to several colleges, wanted most.	knowing that she might
– noun	<ul> <li>People who are always</li> </ul>	late show a lack of foresight	•
Foresight means	a. wise planning.	b. courage.	c. strength.
3 intense	· After hours in the blazi	ng sun, the hikers felt intens	e thirst.
/in <sup>i</sup> tens/ – <i>adjective</i>	<ul> <li>Dad went to the emer back.</li> </ul>	gency room because of int	ense pain in his lower
Intense means	a. very great.	b. unimportant.	c. imaginary.
4 interval /'ıntəvəl/ – noun		Christmas and New Year's Da of several hours between th on separate days.	•
Interval means	a. happiness.	b. difference in important	c. space.
5 <b>prosper</b> /'prospə(r)/ - verb	companies are going or	ing that it is expected to <b>pros</b> it of business.	
Prosper means	a. to believe.	b. to do well.	c. to take back.
6 strive /straiv/	• • •	become movie stars, but few	
- verb	<ul> <li>Every year, many mo Qomolangma.</li> </ul>	untain climbers strive to re	each the top of Mount
Strive means	a. to make a mistake.	b. to make a discovery.	c. to make an effort.

7	substance	<ul> <li>Snails leave a trail of a shiny substance everywhere they crawl.</li> </ul>			
	/ˈsʌbstəns/ – noun	· Gold is such a soft sul	ostance that it can be pou	nded into a very thin sheet.	
_	Substance means	a. material.	b. light.	c. force.	
8	8 tolerance /'tolerans/		r neighbors is obvious together at their house.	when you see children of	
– noun	<ul> <li>Because of the Johnson not a problem for the factorial</li> </ul>		in-law's different religion is		
	Tolerance means	a. planning.	b. respect for others.	c. financial success.	
9	trait	• My friend's nicest tra	it is her ability to laugh a	t herself.	
	/trei/ – noun	• My worst <b>trait</b> is alwa	ys worrying about what p	people think of me.	
	Trait means	a. personal quality.	b. goal.	c. preparation.	
10	withdraw /wið'drɔ:/	<ul> <li>When I realized I was baby-sit for my sister?</li> </ul>	-	ad to withdraw my offer to	
	– verh	•	ur fingers from my shoul your hands to yourself."	der," the woman said to her	
	_Withdraw means	a. give.	b. find.	c. take back.	
Fol	lowing are definition	with Definitions  as of the ten words. Print on will be able to figure out		nition. If you look closely at	
1.		A quality or fo	eature, as of personality, f	for which a person is known	
2.		Respect for the differing views, practices, and characteristics of others; freedom from prejudice			
3.		To take away value of	something desirable (from	m); reduce the quality or	
4.		To take back (	something or a statement	t); remove	
5.		Extreme in str	ength or degree; very stre	ong	
6.		Care in planni	ing or preparing for the fu	iture	
			time between two events		
8.		To try hard			

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

To succeed, especially financially

Physical material; matter of a particular type

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. di		foresight substance	c. intense h. tolerance	d. interval i. trait	e. prosper j. withdraw
Burmaturan paquations	Managaring and developing statistics are a new social and in the control confirming and	_ 1. I wished I	could my angry	words, but it was	too late.
		_ 2. That ugly v	acant lots from	the beauty of the	neighborhood.
		_ 3. Shelby	s to do well in all h	er classes.	
		_ 4. Patience is	an important fo	or a preschool teach	her.
		_ 5. Budgeting	requires the to	think of future exp	enses.
			her King taught that what their race or rel		d be viewed with _
		_	actices swimming to compete in the O	•	ach day, driven by h
		_ 8. There's an	of an hour betw	veen two of my cla	sses today.
		9: The man w a plastic ba	_	lice saw him sell s	omeone a white
			e Savings Mart didi sed its advertising, the		ter it lowered its prid
enten	ce Check 2	?			
sing the	answer lines, co	mplete each iten	n below with <b>two</b> wo	ords from the box.	
			Paul's unpleasant agrees with his opin		ery little for anyo
		•	who tend to be ess than they earn, a		to do their jobs we are.
			watch a movie wit _s from my enjoyr	_	Even the short o
		_ midday,			to the sunshine the to bring alo
		addicted		or one it was alcoh	nool last term for beingle and for the other

### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. detractor, noun b. intensity, verb	A critic; one who points out the bad points of something To make something stronger or more powerful
d. prosperity, noun	Having the mind firmly set on a purpose Financial success
e. tolerant, adjective	Willing to bear patiently (something not especially liked)
	1. Jane was of her daughter's having many pets until the girl brought home a giant spider. Then Jane finally said no.
	2. If you give the dog food at the table, he won't stop begging — in fact, he will linger° at the table and his begging.
	3. Most people in the audience liked the school board's plan, but one kept pointing out things that he thought were wrong with the plan.
	4. People who are born into a life of may find it hard to understand the problems of the poor.
	5. Since she was in second grade, Lisa had been upon becoming an airline pilot.
f. insight, noun	Understanding
g. Intensity, noun	Great power
h. prosperous, adjec	ctive Successful; well-off
i. substantial, adjec	tive Solidly built; not fragile°
j. tolerate, verb	To put up with; bear
	6. Levi Strauss was a poor tailor until he became by making and selling "Levi's" jeans.
	7. Peter is a good counselor because he has so much into why people do the things they do.
	8. I'd like to hear my favorite band in concert, but 1 don't think 1 could the crowds of people there.
<u>.</u>	9. The of his hunger made it impossible for Bart to think of anything but food. He was conscious° of only his growling stomach.
	10. In the children's story "The Three Little Pigs," the lazy pigs build houses of sticks and straw that are easy to destroy. But the hardworking pig wants to inhabit° a strong house, so he builds a house of bricks.

A. The suffix -ous means "full of" or "having much."

### > Word Parts

a. envious	b. famous	c. furious
d. <b>joyous</b>	e. prosperous	
	1. Elvis Presley is still very well known; in fatoday than he was when he was alive.	act, he may be more
	2. During her latest fight with her boyfriend, threw a book at him.	Jill was so that
	3. Not many people "get rich quick" by winning have to work long and hard to become	ng the lottery; most o
	4. The wedding of my eighty-year-old grandment for the family.	other was a occa
	5. It is hard not to feel of Paul, who seems t life: a great marriage, a wonderful job, terrific	
The suffix -al ofte	en means "the act of."	
	— to say that something is not true	
denia	al — the act of saying that something is not true	ing
denia refuse		ing
denia refuse refuse	al — the act of saying that something is not true $e$ — to say "no" to doing or giving or accepting someth	
denia refuse refuse	al — the act of saying that something is not true  e — to say "no" to doing or giving or accepting someth  al — the act of saying "no" to something	
denia refuse refuse On each answer li	al — the act of saying that something is not true  e — to say "no" to doing or giving or accepting someth  al — the act of saying "no" to something  ine, write the word from the box that best completes the  g. betrayal°	h, denial man's bank account
denia refuso refuso On each answer li	al — the act of saying that something is not true  e — to say "no" to doing or giving or accepting someth  al — the act of saying "no" to something  ine, write the word from the box that best completes the  g. betrayal°  j. withdrawal  6. The of one thousand dollars from the	h. denial man's bank account s or so.
denia refuse refuse On each answer li	the act of saying that something is not true  the — to say "no" to doing or giving or accepting somether  the act of saying "no" to something  ine, write the word from the box that best completes the  g. betrayal°  j. withdrawal  6. The of one thousand dollars from the unusual. He usually took out only fifty dollars	h. denial man's bank account s or so. of one's country.
denia refuso refuso On each answer li	the act of saying that something is not true  e—to say "no" to doing or giving or accepting somethal—the act of saying "no" to something  ine, write the word from the box that best completes the  g. betrayal° j. withdrawal  6. The of one thousand dollars from the unusual. He usually took out only fifty dollars  7. Giving secret information to an enemy is a  8. My mother strongly believes in the soul's	h. denial  man's bank account s or so.  of one's country.  after death, but

#### Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. What's Your Type?

a. <b>intense</b>	b. <b>prosper</b>	c. <b>strive</b>
d. tolerance	e. trait	

If being stuck behind a slow-moving	car drives you nuts or if you are often impatient			
with a friend's progress in completing a task	x, you may be what researchers classify as a Type			
A personality. A (1)	shared by Type A people is the desire to make			
effective use of time. They (2)	to accomplish more in an hour than			
other people do in a day. A typical example of Type A behavior is the man who built a desk				
onto the front of his exercise bike. Sitting in front of the TV set, he could exercise, watch				
football, and pay bills all at the same time.	Type A's often have little (3)			
for the calmer Type B people, who Type A's	feel waste a lot of time. Naturally, Type A people			
often (4) financial	ly, driven as they are to achieve the maximumo			
success at whatever they do. However, they	also suffer from heart disease more often than the			
more relaxed Type B's. It seems that the	Type A's (5) need for			
success creates a lot of tension, which causes damage to the body.				

#### B. What a Circus!

			 	**	 	
f.	detract		Ç	g. <b>foresight</b>		h. <b>interval</b>
i.	substar	ice	j	withdraw		
	All and the second second		 		 	

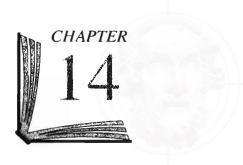
I didn't actually volunteer to go to the circus. I was sort of volunteered. My son Tommy was going with his first-grade class, and he told his teacher to sign me up. When I saw how eager° he was for me to accompany° his class, I couldn't (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the offer. So there I was, along with a handful of other parents and ninety excited six- and seven-year-olds. I don't really recollect° a great deal of the circus. What I do remember is the purple (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ that someone spilled on my sneaker, because it never washed off. I remember a lot about the inside of the bathroom, because I took so many children there. I remember washing cotton candy off a lot of faces, since I had the (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to bring a box of baby wipes along. And I remember the boy who exclaimed°, "Oh, no!" and hid his face in my lap when an acrobat took a scary walk across a high horizontal° wire.

But nothing could (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_ from the fun those kids had. To them, every act was a wonder. Even when the juggler dropped three of his four bowling pins, the kids thought he was great. Just watching all the activity exhausted° the children. In the brief

asleep, he told me, "That was the bestest circus ever. You were really lucky to get to come

along." Looking back at it all, I think I was, too.

\_\_\_\_\_ between our boarding the bus to go home and Tommy's falling





approximately consistent cope evaluate observe

phrase practical random significant sole

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 approximately	· A month is approx	ximately thirty days long.	•
/ə <sup>l</sup> proksımətli/ – adverb	The suspect in the approximately for	ne murder case is a dark-harty years old.	aired white woman who is
Approximately mean	ns a. certainly.	b. never.	c. about.
2 consistent /kənˈsistənt/	<ul> <li>To be rated number a winner now and</li> </ul>	er one in tennis, a player mus then.	t be a consistent winner, not
– adjective		rk for someone with a <b>consi</b> lay and screaming insults the	
Consistent means	a. steady.	b. early.	c. surprising.
3 cope /kəup/ - verb		oved pet is hard to <b>cope</b> with g article on how to <b>cope</b> with	
Cope with means	a. to value.	b. to predict.	c. to handle.
4 evaluate /ɪ¹væljueɪt/ – verb		both job offers before I decidence phone companies make which is best.	•
Evaluate means	a. to ignore.	b. to judge.	c. to remember.
5 observe /əb'zɜ:v/ - verb		are allowed to <b>observe</b> surged in the ground to <b>observe</b> some	
Observe means	a. to see.	b. to think about.	c. to control.
6 phrase /freiz/ – noun	<ul> <li>The phrase "Ton public."</li> </ul>	s point in time" can be reduc n, Dick or Harry" means "a	•
Phrase means	a. puzzle.	b. word group.	c. answer.

7 practical	<ul> <li>Mom puts old socks to practical use as dust rags.</li> </ul>			
/ˈpræktɪkəl/ – adjective	<ul> <li>The two single friend and split the rent.</li> </ul>	s realized it would be prac	tical to move in together	
Practical means	a. done for practice.	b. expensive.	c. sensible.	
8 random /'rændəm/ – adjective	arrangement of black	ntings in art class. One wand white dots; the other distreaks of brilliant color.		
	<ul> <li>The movement of clot there is a pattern to ho</li> </ul>	uds may seem to be <b>random</b> w they move.	, but scientists know that	
Random means	a. without order.	b. rare.	c. useful.	
9 significant /sig <sup>l</sup> nifikənt/	<ul> <li>My factory job was had of my college expense</li> </ul>	ard but worthwhile because I	earned a significant part	
– adjective	<ul> <li>Doctors have found helping people recove</li> </ul>	that a good attitude can pl r from diseases.	lay a <b>significant</b> role in	
Significant means	a. busy.	b. large.	c. easy.	
10 sole	· After her husband died	d, the woman was the <b>sole</b> su	apport of a large family.	
/səul/ – adjective	• The sole reason my co	busin ever calls me is to ask f	for money.	
Sole means	a. only.	b. friendly.	c. early.	

### Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1.	Quite large in amount or quantity; important in amount
2	Almost, but not exactly; more or less
3	Not having a plan, purpose, or pattern; chance
4	To decide on the value of (something)
5	To deal with difficulties; handle
6	Only; being the only one
7	Useful and sensible
8	To watch with attention
9	Steady; regular
10.	A group of words with a meaning; an expression

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

	a. approximately f. phrase	b. consistent c. cope d. evaluate e. observe g. practical h. random i. significant j. sole				
		1. Rhonda is a student, bringing home B's regularly.				
		2. The Murphys have so many pets that they spend a amount of the grocery money to feed them.				
		3. The course on "Smart Shopping" teaches people how to the wood of products and services.				
		4. To learn to make lasagna, Id my mother making it.				
		5. I like to take walks, without any plan in mind.				
		6. My friends helped me with my father's death.				
		7. People just learning English are often puzzled bys such as "on up-and-up" and "You don't say!"				
		8. I barely know my neighbor — the conversation we ever hav saying "Good morning" to each other.				
		9. White furniture is not for a family with little kids who wear of shoes and spill Kool-Aid.				
		10. "I'd like you to cut off this much," Eileen told her hairdres indicating two inches.				
še	ntence Check 2					
si	ng the answer lines, co	mplete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.				
		1-2. Dave found an inexpensive, way to with his problem of n in his house — he got a cat.				
		3-4. Pizza is Little Italy's best seller, bringing in 30 percent of profits, a very part of the restaurant's income.				
		5-6. The best way to a college and decide if it is right for you visit it and classes and other activities there.				
		7-8. The "a chance meeting" refers to a meeting — in o words, one that happens accidentally.				
		9-10. The exercise I get is walking — nothing else. But I am a it — I do it every day. I prefer solitary° walks so that I don't hav talk to anyone.				

### ~ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

<ul> <li>b. Impractical, adjective</li> <li>c. Inconsistent, adjective</li> <li>d. observant, adjective</li> <li>e. at random, adverb</li> </ul>	ive Not steady; changing; not dependable
1.	. Waiting to see the dentist, Loni picked up a magazine, not even noticing its title.
2	. We have an supply of hot water — sometimes there is plenty; a other times, there's not enough for even one shower.
3	The restaurant closed down abruptly after a bad by the health department.
4	. If you were more, you would have noticed that we have beer driving in a circle for a considerable° amount of time.
5.	I rarely buy clothing in fabrics that I can't stick in the washing machine or that require ironing. I don't want to complicate my housework any more than necessary.
f. Insignificant, adjects g. observation, noun h. observatory, noun	The careful watching of someone or something A building that houses telescopes for the study of the stars
i. rephrase, verb j. significance, noun	To say again, but in a different way in the laboration of the laboratory and the laborato
6	The detectives' of the house led them to believe that there was an illegal gambling operation going on inside.
	. Last Saturday, science students went on a field trip to an, where they were able to look at the planets and even watch a meteor shower.
8	. Santiago asked Abby, "Will you marry me?" Then, before she could answer, he said, "Let me that — will you marry me in two year when I get my degree?"
9	. The invention of the printing press was of great because it made books available to people who could not afford hand-copied ones.
10	. I was astonished to see a woman at the supermarket drop a quarter and not pick it up. She must have thought it was an amount of money.

# > Synonyms and Antonyms A Synonyme Write the letter of the

	onyms. Write the letter of the word or faced word.	phrase that most hearly means the same as each
1.	. cope	
	a. compete with	b. manage
	c. quarrel	d. agree
2	. evaluate	
	a. judge	b. pay for
	c. see	G. borrow
3	. observe	`
	a. set a goal	b. perform
	c. watch	d. handle
4	. phrase	
	a. a practice	b. something useful
	c. a plan	d. a group of words
5	. sole	
	a. important	b. only
	c. sensible	d. unplanned
	onyms. Write the letter of the word or placed word.	phrase that most nearly means the opposite of each
6	. approximately	
	a. well-known	b. exactly
	c. not clear	d. often
7	. consistent	•
	a. having a plan	b. not close
	c. valuable	d. not regular
8	. practical	
	a. useless	b. valuable
	c. attractive	d. common
9	. random	
	a. not steady	b. interesting
	c. unknown	d. planned
10	. significant	
	a. wrong	b. unclear
	c. dull	d. small in amount

### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

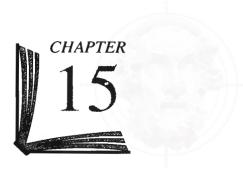
### A. Practicing Kindness

a. consistent	b. evaluate	c. observe
d. <b>phrase</b>	e. random	
Maybe you've heard the	(1) or seen it	t printed on a bumper sticker.
It encourages people to do kir	d things for no particular reason, w	ith no particular plan. It goes
like this: "Practice (2)	acts of kindness a	nd senseless beauty." I don't
know where it originated° or	who said it first. But I have seen	people putting the idea into
practice. I've (3)	d people putting quarters	into parking meters so that a
stranger's car wouldn't be tick	eted. I've heard of someone paying	a family's bill in a restaurant,
then leaving before the family	found out. I know a man who is (4	4) in not
letting a day go by without giv	ing someone a sincere compliment.	•
Why do these people bo	ther? They probably don't stop to	(5)
their actions or objectives°. I	But if they did, I assume <sup>o</sup> they wo	ould say something like this:
Kindness can be catching, jus	t as cruelty can be. When we do so	mething unexpected and nice
for another person, who know	s where that act of kindness might of	end?

### B. The Stinking Rose

-	f. approximately	g. <b>cope</b>	h. practical
-	i. significant	j. sole	

Centuries ago in Rome, it was called "stinking rose." It was then used to flavor food and
for such (6) purposes as fighting colds. Today we call it garlic, and
we too find this wonderful substance° delicious and useful. In fact, in one recent year,
Americans bought enough garlic to provide every man, woman, and child with
(7) one and a half pounds of the stuff. It is added to a wide variety°
of foods, from appetizers to zucchini — even to chocolate peanut butter cups. The unfortunate
thing about garlic is that it produces bad breath. One way to (8)
with garlic breath is to chew parsley, an excellent natural breath cleaner. Or eat garlic only
with others who are also eating it. Being tasty is not the (9) good
thing about garlic — it turns out that the ancient Romans were absolutely right about its
having health benefits. A (10) number of studies (about 3,000)
have been done of the onionlike plant. They suggest that garlic may strengthen the immune
system, fight colds, cause a reduction <sup>o</sup> in blood pressure, and even help prevent cancer





authentic characteristic concept confront disrupt eligible harsh remote shallow thrive

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

		7 8	σ.			
1	authentic		eone tries to sell you an autlat ring is sure to be fake.	hentic diamond ring for		
	– adjective	<ul> <li>Several people claim to so no one knows who i</li> </ul>	have saved the little girl from the street street the authentic hero.	m the burning building		
	_Authentic means	a. old.	b. qualified.	c. real.		
2	characteristic		characteristic warm smile.	-41		
	– adjective	diet.	and cheese are characteris	stic parts of the Italian		
_	_Characteristic means	s a. usual.	b. convenient.	c. strange.		
3	concept /konsept/	When asked for her con and chocolate."	ncept of heaven, the child sa	id, "A room full of toys		
	– noun	My sister doesn't under	rstand the <b>concept</b> of living v	vithin a budget.		
	_Concept means	a. idea.	b. worst fear.	c. memory.		
4	confront /kənˈfrʌnt/	The restaurant manage about his rude behavior	er really should <b>confront</b> th	at waiter and complain		
	– verb	<ul> <li>The opposing lawyer plans to confront the accused man with a surprise piece of evidence.</li> </ul>				
	_Confront means	a. to avoid.	b. to face.	c. to prepare.		
5	disrupt /dis'rxpt/		a biology class," my roomm n hop all over the floor."	ate said, "is to turn the		
	– verb	• Parents who are angry board meeting with a n	about budget cuts plan to do oisy demonstration.	lisrupt tonight's school		
_	_Disrupt means	a. to manage.	b. to go to.	c. to upset.		
6	eligible /elidʒəbl/	• Because of his high geligible for some good	grades and his parents' low college scholarships.	income, my cousin is		
	– adjective	-	merican can become preside e to be at least thirty-five yea			
	_Eligible means	a. qualified.	b. known.	c. pleased.		

7 harsh	• The harsh ruler of	The harsh ruler decided to punish the entire village for one man's crime.				
/ha:∫/ – <i>adjective</i>	<ul> <li>The scolding the anything all that I</li> </ul>		o harsh — they hadn't done			
Harsh means	a. fair.	b. rough.	c. wasteful.			
8 remote /rɪˈməut/ – adjective		<ul> <li>Humans have explored even the most remote parts of the planet, areas deep in forests and beneath the seas.</li> </ul>				
- aujective	<ul> <li>Some parts of the</li> </ul>	park are so remote that vis	sitors seldom reach them.			
Remote means	a. large.	b. typical.	c. distant.			
9 shallow /ˈʃæləʊ/	• The lifeguard at end.	the pool insists that young	g children stay at the shallow			
– adjective	<ul> <li>The cake won't r higher sides.</li> </ul>	rise very high in that <b>shall</b> o	w pan; you'll need a pan with			
Shallow means	a. real.	b. not deep.	c. very wide.			
10 thrive	• The African violets should thrive in that sunny window.					
/θraιv/ verb	-	y premature babies died, live and live normal lives.	out with modern medical care			
<i>Thrive</i> means	a. to do very wel	l. b. to grow weaker.	c. to need too much care.			
Following are defini	s with Definition tions of the ten words. P	rint each word next to its d	efinition. If you look closely at			
1	Not deep					
2	To face or oppose boldly					
3	To grow very well; improve physically					
4	To cause	disorder or confusion; upse	et			
5.	Qualified	to be chosen: desirable as	a candidate			

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

A general thought; an idea

Real; true; actual

Unkind or cruel; strict; severe

Typical of someone or something

Far away; out-of-the-way; hidden away

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. authen		characteristic harsh	c. concept h. remote	d. confront i. shallow	e. <b>disrupt</b> j. <b>thrive</b>
		1. The creek wa	s so that the	water came up only	to my ankles.
		2. Some imitation tell the pearls	-	es are so beautiful th	nat only a jeweler car
		3. Cindy receive	ed treatment	from her cruel stepn	nother.
		4. The preschoo of sharing.	l teacher tries to	help her little studen	nts understand the
		5. The student a	ssembly was	ed by a fire drill.	
		6. The weak, si problem.	ckly child begar	to after doctor	rs corrected her hear
		7. Professor Lo forests.	pez studies little	e-known plants in _	parts of our state
	:		• • •	trash on the ground I think this is yours.	l, another man picked Find a trash can."
		9. Students mus sports teams.	t have at least a	B average to be	for any of the school
	1	0. Fat, fleshy lea	aves are of c	actus plants.	
Sentence (		alata asah itana h	olove wish too we	anda fuamatha han	
Jsing the answ	er imes, comp			ords from the box.	
			•	to me, but the jewe t is of an dia	eler said that only one amond.
				eighbors and protest e children's backyard	t° about the way tha d games.
				n school with a, ho is gentle and carir	bad-tempered teacheng.
			he is a biologist, udy turtles on a _		art of a research tean
	9		_ pool is false -	•	the that they are ust be watching then

### ~ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

<ul> <li>a. character, noun</li> <li>b. confrontation, no</li> <li>c. disruptive, adject</li> <li>d. inauthentic, adject</li> <li>e. ineligible, adject</li> </ul>	tive Causing confusion or disturbance ctive Not real; fake
	The museum directors were shocked to learn that their most famous painting was; it was only a very well-done copy.
	2. Jerry wouldn't cheat on a test — his is very good.
<u> </u>	3. It can be dangerous to try to break up a between a couple of angry dogs.
	4. One child can take up more of a teacher's attention than a whole class of well-behaved children.
	5. People who are related to any of the judges are to enter the talent contest.
f. conceive, verb g. disruption, noun h. eligibility, noun i. harshiy, adverb j. harshness, noun	To have an idea or opinion  A disturbance or interruption  Qualifications; fitness  In a cruel or strict manner  Strictness; cruelty
	6. There was an interesting in English class today — someone opened a window, and a sparrow flew in.
•	7. Sports are supposed to be wholesome° activities, so it was especially sad when two athletes lost their to compete in the Olympics because they failed drug tests.
	8. "Everyone down on the floor. You too, lady," the bank robber said to the elderly woman.
•	9. Children of their parents as very wise and powerful. However, when they become teenagers, they revise° that view quite a bit.
	10. Benita loves playing the piano, but she quit taking piano lessons because of the of her teacher's methods. He once made her play the same few notes approximately twenty-five times in a row.

### > Analogies

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line. (All the repeated words in these items are from this unit.)

1. AUTHENTIC : REAL ::	
a. lost : found	b. expensive : high-priced
c. expected : surprising	d. inner: external
2. EXTERNAL°: INTERNAL°::	
a. outside: weather	b. sole°: only
c. intense°: weak	d. red : bright
3. HARSH : KIND ::	
a. late: tardy	b. helpful: useful
c. permanent : temporary°	d. incredible°: amazing
4. ORANGE : FRUIT ::	
a. cat: dog	b. triumph°: loss
c. penicillin : remedy°	d. strawberry : cherry
5. CONFRONT : AVOID ::	
a. strive°: try	b. eligible : qualified
c. tear : rip	d. prosper°: fail
6. SHALLOW : DEEP ::	
a. brief: short	b. disrupt : upset
c. laughing: frowning	d. random°: unplanned
7. WINDOW: TRANSPARENT°::	
a. door : doorknob	b. window : curtain
c. car: highway	d. grass : green
8. THRIVE : WEAKEN ::	
a. protest°: approve	b. smile : grin
c. protect : guard	d. observe°: watch
9. TRAIT°: PATIENCE::	
a. promise: withdraw°	b. substance°: clay
c. banker: money	d. kindness : intelligence
10. GIVE : GIFT ::	
a. run : walk	b. detect°: clue
c. concept : idea	d. exhaust°: tire

#### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. A Modern Fairy Tale

a. concept	b. <b>confront</b>	c. <b>disrupt</b>
d. eligible	e. harsh	
Many fairy tales are ve	ersions° of the same story: A princ	ce has his pick of all the
(1) wo	omen in the kingdom. But the girl he	likes best is in big trouble,
so the prince bravely rescues	her. The girl doesn't do much of any	thing. She just looks pretty.
The stories all end with more	or less the same phrase°: "They lived	l happily ever after."
But one fairy tale, "The F	Paper Bag Princess," gets rid of the (2	2)

of the brave prince and the helpless girl. In it, Princess Elizabeth is engaged to Prince Ronald. But a dragon (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_s their plans by burning the castle and capturing Ronald. Elizabeth decides to rescue him. Since all her pretty clothes have been burned up, she puts on a paper bag. She bravely (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_s the dragon and tricks him into using up all his strength on silly tasks. Then she goes into the dragon's cave and finds Ronald.

Instead of being grateful, however, Ronald gives Elizabeth a (5) scolding for being covered with dirt and smoke and for wearing a bag. He tells her to come back when she looks like "a real princess." Elizabeth tells Ronald that though he looks like a real prince, with his fancy clothes and neat hair, he is, in fact, "a bum." The last picture in the book shows Elizabeth dancing happily off into the sunset, with the final line "They didn't get married after all."

#### B. Wolf Children

f.	authentic	g. characteristic	h. remote
i.	shallow	j. thrive	
	en de sera annocement montre montre d'arter en e	and the same of	ATRICA ATRICA ANALOGO ANGUAN A

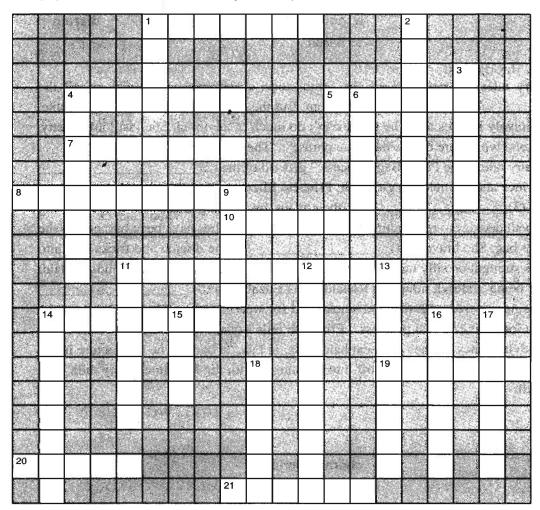
A tale of children being raised by wolves sounds incredible°. However, though hard to believe, one story about wolf children appears to be (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In Singapore during the early 1920s, Reverend J. A. L. Singh heard stories of "man-beasts" that were frightening the people of a (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ jungle village. Along with a group of other men, Singh went in search of that hidden village and the strange creatures.

When Singh uncovered a (8) hole, he discovered a family of wolves. From within the wolves' den, two pale creatures peeked out. Singh's party killed the adult wolves and dug into the den. There they found two human children curled up with the cubs. The children were captured and brought to the village in bamboo cages.

The children never spoke to other humans; instead, they howled and growled like animals. Their diet was equally wolf-like: they preferred raw meat, mice, and cockroaches. And they had the wolf's (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ desire to be active at night, as well as a dislike of the indoors. Sadly, the children did not (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_. Both grew weak and died.

### UNIT THREE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Three. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



artificial complicate concept cope counsel detect exhaust external foresight harsh intense internal phrase protest random remedy remote shallow significant sole strive thrive tolerance trait triumph

#### ACROSS

- 1. To give advice or guidance to
- 4. Extreme in strength or degree; very strong
- 5. To try hard
- 7. An outstanding or very satisfying success; victory
- 8. Care in planning or preparing for the future
- 10. Far away; out-of-the-way
- 11. Quite large in amount or quantity
- 14. To tire greatly
- 19. Not having a plan, purpose, or pattern; chance

- Unkind or cruel; strict; severe
- 21. A cure; something that heals

#### DOWN

- 1. To deal with difficulties
- 2. Made to imitate something natural
- To notice; discover that something exists or is present
- 4. Inner; located inside
- 6. To grow very well; improve physically

- 9. A quality or feature, as of personality, for which a person is known
- 11. Not deep
- 12. To make difficult by adding or involving many parts or details; make complex
- 13. Respect for the differing views, practices, and characteristics of others
- 14. Outer; located outside
- 15. Only; being the only one
- 16. A general thought; an idea
- 17. To complain
- 18. A group of words with a meaning; an expression

### **UNIT THREE:** Test 1

#### PART A

Choose the word that best cor	npletes each item a	and write it in the	space provided.	
1	Since my math of for the course to		ficult for me, I con	nsider the B I got
	a. foresight	b. triumph	c. tolerance	d. trait
2	-	xercising I was in I run three miles e	such bad shape the	at walking a mile
	a. observed	b. prospered	c. exhausted	d. protested
3.	It's hard to beliewho smokes him		o his patients	not to smoke, but
	a. counsels	b. copes with	c. withdraws	d. exhausts
4	The of Luis's he hasn't had one		nen he was a little	boy was great, but
	a. phrase	b. objective	c. frequency	d. conscience
5		you all of the just the rich ones	people of our city	," one man yelled
	a. represent	b. detect	c. protest	d. thrive
6		t my son's interest t after a couple of	in collecting stan months.	nps was only
	a. temporary	b. intense	c. external	d. transparent
7	. If I a hair in even after I remo	-	can't eat another	bite of that food,
	a. strive	b. evaluate	c. assume	d. detect
8	. As much as I we game, my we		in sick to work an	d go the baseball
	a. substance	b. conscience	c. phrase	d. interval
9	. Just because Don	nald is quiet in clas	s, don't that h	e is stupid.
	a. assume	b. protest	c. disrupt	d. withdraw
10	As she read in coming from her	-	Anna became	_ of loud voices
	a. appropriate	b. shallow	c. authentic	d. conscious
11	planning by telling		s over for dinner allergic to eggs, an	-
	a. prospered	b. complicated	c. thrived	d. detected
			(Ca	ntinues on nevt nage

12.		They looked throu		d a trip in a glass- n and saw many fish
	a. transparent	b. random	c. remote	d. harsh
13.	and hide a hous	-	you can hide the	ic that you can open key by leaving the
	a. eligible	b. authentic	c. artificial	d. objective
PART B Write C if the italicized word	is used correctly	. Write I if the wo	ord is used <b>incorr</b>	ectly.
14. After using the extern	nal part of onions	s and potatoes in	a meal, I use the p	eels to make broth.
15. As incredible as it se	ems, the Nile Riv	ver in Africa has f	frozen over at leas	st twice.
16. The house's internal	appearance is ne	at, but inside, it's	a real mess.	
17. Drivers in our state r	nust not exceed a	a maximum of six	ty miles an hour.	
18. My only <i>objective</i> to dry.	Mimi is that spe	ending time with	her is more boring	g than watching paint
19. The play was so bac and second acts.	I that we slipped	out of the theate	er during the <i>inter</i>	eval between the first
20. Joan's sickness seen now seriously ill.	ned to be getting	better, but over	the weekend she	had a remedy and is
21. The lovely bushes ar	nd flowering trees	s certainly detrac	t from the beauty	of the neighborhood.
22. Knowing that his chi the <i>foresight</i> to make	•		er a baseball gam	e, Mr. Hendricks had
23. The chickens protest	loudly wheneve	r someone takes t	heir eggs out fron	n under them.
24. Many people don't e	eat much breakfas	st because their hi	anger in the morn	ing is intense.
25. Our boss is so harsh	that he gives eve	ery employee an e	extra day off on hi	s or her birthday.

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 4 = \_\_\_\_%

### UNIT THREE: Test 2

## PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

<ul><li>a. approximately</li><li>f. eligible</li></ul>	b. <b>authentic</b> g. <b>phrase</b>	c. <b>consistent</b> h. <b>prosper</b>	d. <b>cope</b> i. <b>remote</b>	e. <b>disrupt</b> j. <b>shallow</b>	, 100 - 1 10 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
k. substance	l. trait	m. withdraw			and a second
		n of beesed the pidirection.	cnic, sending pe	ople running and ye	llir
	-	to with winter w Beach Boys records,	•		
		sked what is mo ople answer, "A sense	_	boyfriend or girlfr	ieno
	writer m	to have the peace and oved to a cabin value a telephone.	-		
		ade stand would	on this corner —	- hundreds of hot, th	iirst
		arian complained tha _ all over its cover.	at someone had	returned a book w	ith
	*	one tells you he can ollars, don't believe h	•	_ diamond bracele	t fo
	8. Do you h	nave to be a high-scho	ool graduate to be	to join the Arm	ıy?
		sells for fifteen t "extras" you order, su			
		nink I'd like to live in never any change from	-	ne weather is so	_ tha
		ary those carrot seeds cover it with a small a		dig a hole for	eac
		my offer to buy		d car when I realiz	zed
		dfather usually spoke Spanish "Qué pasa	-		?"

#### PARTB

Write C	If the italicized word is used <b>correctly</b> . Write I if the word is used <b>incorrectly</b> .
14.	Manuel is a hard-working person who always strives to do his best.
15.	Amanda was the sole person at the table who ate meat. Everyone else was a vegetarian.
16.	After being put in the sun and watered regularly, the once-sickly plant soon thrived.
17.	When I asked the traffic cop directions to the post office, he <i>evaluated</i> that it was just down the block.
18.	Seeing her best friend get off the train, Irene <i>observed</i> quickly down the sidewalk to give her a hug.
19.	My blood pressure is so high that I have scheduled a random appointment with my doctor.
20.	The little girl taught herself the <i>concept</i> of "right" and "left" by remembering, "I write with my right hand."
21.	The families decided it would be too practical to eat in an expensive restaurant.
22.	I keep a couple of quarters in my pocket for significant purchases, such as a pack of gum.
23.	The letters "ski" are a <i>characteristic</i> part of many Polish names, such as Kwilinski and Paderewski.
24.	Because Linda is so shy, she usually <i>confronts</i> people rather than daring to face them and actually talk to them.
25.	It's plain to see from the way Diane quarrels so often with her friends that she has lots of tolerance for other people's opinions.

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 4 = \_\_\_\_\_%

### UNIT THREE: Test 3

#### PART A: Synonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly the same in meaning as the **boldfaced** word.

1. assume	a) improve	<b>b</b> ) tire	c) mana	ige d) ta	d) take for granted	
2. characteristic	<ul><li>a) typical</li></ul>	<b>b</b> ) strong	c) imp	ortant (	nt <b>d</b> ) amazing	
3. concept	a) idea	<b>b</b> ) goal	c) period	d) know	ledge of rig	ght and wrong
4. confront	a) interrupt	<b>b</b> ) take	away from	c) face	boldly	d) succeed
5. conscience	<ul> <li>a) respect for others</li> <li>b) sense of right and wrong</li> <li>c) feature</li> <li>d) how often something happens</li> </ul>			e) feature		
6. cope with	a) judge	b) remove	c) beli	eve <b>d</b> )	nanage	
7. <b>counsel</b> `	a) give advi	a) give advice to b) bring together c) send away d) sear			d) search for	
8. detect	a) take from	<b>b</b> ) spea	ak for	c) stop briefly	<b>d</b> ) d	liscover
9. disrupt	a) upset	<b>b</b> ) watch	c) tire	d) compl	ain	
10. eligible	a) importan	t <b>b</b> ) chos	sen c)	qualified	d) amazi	ing
11. <b>evaluate</b>	a) judge	<b>b</b> ) try	c) grow	<b>d</b> ) take ba	ck	
12. foresight	a) purpose	b) care in	n planning	c) cure	d) atte	ention
13. frequency	<ul> <li>a) material</li> <li>b) goal</li> <li>c) word group</li> <li>d) how often something happens</li> </ul>					
14. interval	a) time in b	etween I	<b>b</b> ) thought	c) systen	1 <b>d</b> ) v	word group
15. objective	a) goal	<b>b</b> ) respect	c) cure	<b>d</b> ) matte	er	
16. <b>observe</b>	a) decide	b) succeed	d c) gi	give advice <b>d</b> ) watch		1
17. phrase	a) period of	time <b>b</b> )	shape	c) word group d) amount		amount
18. remote	<ul> <li>a) not usual</li> <li>b) out-of-the-way</li> <li>c) believable</li> <li>d) able to be seen through</li> </ul>					
19. represent	a) speak for	<b>b</b> ) feel ar	nger against	c) make s	maller	d) send again
20. sole	a) outer	<b>b</b> ) best	c) large	<b>d</b> ) only		
21. substance	a) care	<b>b</b> ) general th	ought	c) material	<b>d</b> ) kno	wledge
22. tolerance	a) win	<b>b</b> ) possibility	<b>c</b> ) co	nfusion	fusion <b>d</b> ) lack of prejudice	
23. trait	a) meeting	<b>b</b> ) story	c) plai	c) plan d) feature		
24. transparent	a) fake	<b>b</b> ) amazing	c) pro	oud <b>d</b> ) able to be seen through		
25. withdraw	a) write dov	vn <b>b</b> ) tal	ke back	c) shorten	<b>d</b> ) wa	tch ses on next page)

#### PART B: Antonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly **opposite** in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

26. approximately	a) always	<b>b</b> ) useful	c) exactly	d) properly	
27. artificial	a) perfect	<b>b</b> ) likeable	c) suitable	<b>d</b> ) natural	
28. authentic	a) demanding	<b>b</b> ) believa	ible c) sha	urp <b>d</b> ) fake	
29. complicate	a) make easy	<b>b</b> ) speed u	p c) pass	over <b>d</b> ) take	e advice
30. conscious	a) unqualified	<b>b</b> ) unusua	c) unex	pected <b>d</b> ) u	naware
31. consistent	a) gentle	<b>b</b> ) changing	c) rude	d) weak	
32. detract	a) stay the sam	<b>b</b> ) add t	to c) fail	d) rest	
33. exhaust	a) give energy	to <b>b</b> ) exp	lain c) ex	pect <b>d</b> ) get	worse
34. external	a) useless	<b>b</b> ) harmful	c) inner	d) close	
35. harsh	a) planned	<b>b</b> ) nearby	c) useful	<b>d</b> ) kindly	
36. incredible	<ul><li>a) regular</li><li>d) disagreeable</li></ul>		e c) easy	to believe	
37. intense	a) accidental	<b>b</b> ) weak	c) long-las	ting <b>d</b> ) help	less
38. internal	a) real b)	deep c) h	nonest <b>d</b> )	outer	
39. maximum	a) least possible	e <b>b</b> ) legal	c) exact	d) able	
40. practical	a) not sensible	<b>b</b> ) not in:	side c) no	t easy <b>d</b> ) no	t possible
41. prosper	a) make easy	<b>b</b> ) face	c) fail	<b>d</b> ) help	
42. protest	a) put an end to	<b>b</b> ) appro	ove c) giv	e <b>d</b> ) grow s	stronger
43. random	a) believable	<b>b</b> ) not wan	ted c) pla	nned <b>d</b> ) ple	asant
44. remedy	a) thought	<b>b</b> ) distance	c) purpose	d) disease	
45. shallow	a) deep b	) crowded	c) weak	d) least	
46. significant	<ul><li>a) not real</li><li>d) not steady</li></ul>	b) done on pu	irpose c)	not important	
47. strive	a) give advice	<b>b</b> ) put in	c) ask for	d) give up	
48. temporary	a) long-lasting	<b>b</b> ) not qu	alified c)	weak d) no	t typical
49. thrive	a) know	b) argue	e) change	d) grow weak	
50. triumph	a) suggestion	<b>b</b> ) patienc	e c) distar	nce <b>d</b> ) loss	

Seore (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 2 = \_\_\_\_%

# **Unit Four**

#### Chapter 16

apparent automatic burden economical extravagant

fulfill Influence security sympathize transfer

#### Chapter 17

appropriate bewilder communicate deceive earnest emotion fiction investigate legible theory

#### Chapter 18

assure crucial distract extraordinary hostile humiliate impulse perceive revive timid

#### Chapter 19

abandon
alert
circumstances
devote
dominate

function idle overcome primary theme

#### Chapter 20

disregard excerpt exclude hinder misleading monotonous obtain prey seize severe

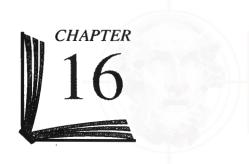
### Unit Four: Pretest

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

 1. apparent	<ul> <li>a) impossible to see with the naked eye</li> <li>b) made up of many small parts</li> <li>c) obvious</li> <li>d) hard to understand</li> </ul>
 2. automatic	<ul> <li>a) easily moved</li> <li>b) operating by itself</li> <li>c) unable to change</li> <li>d) improving over time</li> </ul>
 3. burden	a) hardship b) joy c) reply d) payment
 4. economical	a) wasteful b) intelligent c) thrifty d) forgiving
5. extravagant	a) critical b) wasteful c) wise d) messy
 6. <b>fulfill</b>	a) carry out b) fail at a task c) understand another's feelings d) give advice
 7. influence	a) misunderstand b) excuse c) be offended d) persuade
 8. security	a) protection b) loneliness c) immaturity d) ridicule
 9. sympathize	a) share feeling b) object c) refuse d) cooperate
 10. transfer	a) find fault b) discontinue c) send from a place d) inspect
 11. appropriate	a) rude b) impulsive c) unwise d) proper
 12. bewilder	a) calm b) confuse c) accept d) explain
 13. communicate	a) anger b) inform c) hurry d) mistake
 14. deceive	a) mislead b) encourage c) prevent d) forbid
15. earnest	a) dishonest b) wealthy c) pleasant d) sincere
 16. emotion	a) feeling b) eyesight c) movement d) payment
 17. fiction	a) made up b) exciting c) violent d) romantic
 18. investigate	a) abandon b) make secure c) examine d) insist
 19. legible	a) heavy b) clear c) empty d) noisy
 20. theory	a) opportunity b) guess c) certainty d) excuse
 21. assure	a) argue with b) remind c) agree with d) promise
 22. crucial	a) useless b) ugly c) important d) famous
 23. distract	a) make sad b) support c) cause to disappear d) cause to turn away
 24. extraordinary	a) left over b) unusual c) normal d) very simple
 25. hostile	a) unfriendly b) frightened c) important d) growing

(Continues on next page)

26. humili	ate a) misunderstand b) embarrass c) defeat d) excite
27. impuls	a) sudden desire b) lack of movement c) difficulty d) heartbeat
28. percei	ve a) strain b) notice c) lie to d) prepare
29. revive	a) leave alone b) say again c) bring back to life d) embarrass
30. timid	a) athletic b) full of energy c) careless d) shy
31. aband	on a) stop doing b) hold onto c) bring together d) begin
32. alert	a) bad-smelling b) lazy c) strong d) fully awake
33. circum	stances a) feelings b) facts c) circles d) desires
34. devote	a) take away b) look over c) give oneself d) show a preference
35. domin	ate a) be a part of b) be a leader in c) drop out of d) lose interest in
36. function	on a) purpose b) topic c) fact d) part
37. idle	a) frightened b) full of energy c) lonely d) not active
38. overco	me a) be a winner over b) leave behind c) see clearly d) lose to
39. <b>prima</b>	ry a) easy b) unimportant c) entertaining d) main
40. theme	a) main idea b) difficulty c) direction d) river
41. disrega	ard a) look at b) get in the way of c) admire d) ignore
42. excerp	a) part b) prize c) sudden decision d) trip
43. exclud	e a) invite b) bring into c) keep out d) tire out
44. hinder	a) find out b) interfere with c) bring into d) put behind
45. mislea	ding a) serious b) straight c) giving the wrong idea d) staying close to
46. monot	onous a) loud b) dull c) pleasant d) messy
47. obtain	a) get b) protect c) spoil d) move
48. prey	a) victim b) leader c) struggle d) prayer
49. seize	a) tell b) stare c) strain d) grab
50. severe	





apparent
automatic
burden
economical
extravagant

fulfill influence security sympathize transfer

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1	apparent	• Marcie's smile made it apparent that she had done well on the test.				
	/əˈpær <i>ə</i> nt/ – <i>adjective</i>	<ul> <li>It's apparent that Leon and Bess have settled their quarrel, since they a dating steadily again.</li> </ul>				
	_Apparent means	a. helpful.	b. clear.	c. secret.		
2	automatic /ˌɔ:təˈmætɪk/ – adjective  Automatic means	<ul> <li>Our new coffeemaker is itself in the morning.</li> <li>Before the automatic was a self-operating.</li> </ul>				
	_Automatic means	a. sen-operating.	o. unusuai.	c. low in cost.		
3	burden /ˈbɜːd <i>ə</i> n/	• Although others think raising a handicapped child must be a <b>burden</b> , my neighbor says she has found joy, not hardship, in caring for her son.				
	– noun	<ul> <li>At first Louie was proud that he had stolen the money, but in time, his crime became a great burden to him.</li> </ul>				
	_Burden means	a. freedom.	b. protection.	c. heavy load.		
4	economical /ˌiːkəˈnɒmɪkəl/ – adjective	<ul> <li>It's usually more economical to buy food and soap in large packages. Smaller packages will cost more per ounce.</li> <li>To decide which car is most economical, compare prices, gas mileage, and</li> </ul>				
		repair costs.	nost <b>economica</b> i, compare	prices, gas fifficage, and		
_	_Economical means	a. difficult.	b. money-saving.	c. easy to see.		
5	extravagant /ik'strævəgənt/ – adjective	• I think it's extravagant I borrowed one from a fr		rill be worn only once, so		
		• Rhoda's budget is so tight that she felt it would be extravagant to buy herself a ten-dollar pair of earrings.				
	_Extravagant means	a. not effective.	b. obvious.	c. spending too much.		
6	fulfill /ful'fil/ – verb	• One day, Chen hopes to <b>fulfill</b> his dream of visiting China again and renewing ties with his family there.				
		• Jill doesn't like her job, but she promised to stay with it at least one year, and she plans to <b>fulfill</b> that promise.				
	Fulfill means	a. repeat.	b. carry out.	c. have an effect on.		

7 influence /'influens/ - verb	<ul> <li>My father thinks my friends influence me too much. He says they are the reason that I study so little and party so often.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Do advertisements influence what you buy?</li> </ul>				
Influence means	a. delay.	b. protect.	c. affect.		
8 security /sɪˈkjuərətɪ/	• For nighttime secur alarm.	rity, the owner of the je	ewelry shop turns on a burglar		
– noun	• People with homes	near the river like the <b>sec</b>	urity of flood insurance.		
Security means	a. hardship.	b. expense.	c. safety.		
9 sympathize /'simpəθaiz/ - verb	<ul> <li>The whole town sympathized with the family whose house burned down.</li> <li>To show he sympathized with Mrs. Jackson when her husband died, Scott sent her flowers and a card.</li> </ul>				
Sympathized with means	a. felt sorry for.	b. sent for.	c. talked to.		
10 transfer /træns¹fɜ:(r)/ - verb	•		ansfer all the books into boxes.  m a base in South Carolina to		
Transfer means	a. reach.	b. move.	c. see.		

# Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1	Costing or spending little; thrifty
2	To move or send from one place to another
3	Moving or operating by itself
4	To have an effect on
5	To feel or express sorrow or pity for
6	To carry out; achieve; do
7	A hardship; something difficult to bear
8	Obvious; easy to see
9	Protection; freedom from danger, fear, or worry
10	Spending much more than is necessary or wise; wasteful

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

[7] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4	utomatic c. burden d. economical e. extravagant fluence h. security i. sympathize j. transfer
	<ol> <li>My boss intends to assign me to another office. In other words, he wants to me there.</li> </ol>
	2. A may be a physical or a mental hardship, or both.
	3. Political candidates try to elections with numerous ads.
	4. An person enjoys spending a lot of money.
	5. When we've had the same difficult experience as someone else, it's easier for us to with him or her.
	6. Because Kira was smiling, it was that she was happy about something.
	7. When you make an agreement with people, they expect you to your part of the deal.
	8. After people are robbed, they often feel a greater need for
	9. An person doesn't like to waste money.
	10. Do you think there will ever be a fully car, one that needs no driver?
Sentence Check 2	
Using the answer lines, com	aplete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.
	1-2. Because we are moving, our children will have to to different schools. I can with them because I went through the same experience as a child.
	3-4 yard lights, which go on by themselves at dark, can add to the of a home.
	5-6. Clark had to think of an way to his promise to give each of his twelve nieces and nephews a gift, so he baked them each a pie.
	7-8. From the young hiker's slowed walk, it was that his large backpack had become a
	9-10. Having a credit card hasd Barry in a sad way. He has become so that he now has a closet full of more clothes than he can wear — and a huge credit-card bill.

## > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. automation, noun b. economize, verb c. influential, adjective d. insecure, adjective e. sympathy, noun	The use of machines instead of people or animals To cut down on spending Having the power to affect someone or something Not safe; not protected enough Pity; sorrow for another
	Walking through a dangerous neighborhood alone at night makes mos people feel
2.	The newlyweds by using coupons and buying secondhand clothes.
	Having great for the flood victims, people throughout the country sent money to help them.
	has greatly affected farming; for instance, the workhorse has been replaced by the tractor.
	The <i>Daily Mirror</i> is such an newspaper that the political candidate it supports almost always win.
f. economy, noun g. fulfillment, noun h. secure, adjective i. sympathetically, adve j. unfulfilled, adjective	The business affairs of a region, town, or country Achievement; completion Safe; protected In a kindly way Not done; not achieved; not carried out
	For the young gymnast, competing at the Olympics was the of a lifelong dream.
	When a factory closes down, it affects the whole town's, as the laid-off workers have little money to spend in local stores.
	Dad always buys more groceries than we need; it makes him feel to know the cupboards are full of food.
9.	The minister spoke to the crying child very
	The carpenters promised to fix the garage door four weeks ago, but so far, their promise is

# > Word Parts

Examples: fulfillmen	an means "the result, state, act, or process of"  at — the result of fulfilling  at — the state of enjoying
On each answer line,  a. astonishment <sup>a</sup> d. replacement	write the word from the box that means the same as the <i>italicized</i> words.  b. fulfillment c. management e. statement
	_ 1. The magician's surprising act filled us with a state of being astonished.
	2. The act of replacing of our old kitchen floor was not easy. First we had to tear the old floor out before the new one could be put in.
	_ 3. It is obvious that the <i>process of managing</i> of this company is excellent. The company is very successful, and the workers are very happy.
	4. For me, a small home in the country would be the result of fulfilling of a dream.
	5. Kareem likes to study for tests with another person. He says that the act of stating of an idea out loud to someone else helps him remember it better.
B. The suffixes -ly and	-ally mean "in a certain way."
Examples: economi economi	cal — thrifty secure — safe cally — in a thrifty way securely — in a safe way
	write the word from the box that best completes the item.
f. consistently°	g. economically° h. exactly j. securely
	6. Ralph may not be the perfect worker, but at least he is steady about one thing — he is late for work each day.
	7. Before leaving on vacation, make sure the doors and windows are closed
	8. Wanting to impress his date, Dan spent money on lobster, champagne, and a hired limousine.
	9. If a math answer is not right, you may not get full credit for it.
	10. The three families got a new lawn mower by buying it together then sharing it.

### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

### A. A Mismatched Couple

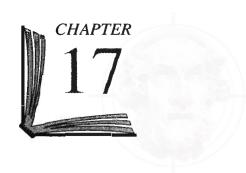
a. <b>burden</b>		b.	. economical c. extravagant
d. security	550.40	 θ.	. sympathize

Stacy and Ken have completely different attitudes° toward money. She is
(1) to an extreme, always trying to get the best price on even the
smallest purchase. Ken, on the other hand, is very (2) He loves to
spend money on anything that catches his eye. If there's a dime in his pocket, he feels that it's
a (3), as hard to carry around as a heavy load. He'll find something
to spend it on just to be rid of it. Knowing she has money in case of accident or illness gives
Stacy a feeling of (4), but Ken doesn't worry about the future.
Each is puzzled by the other's "strange" behavior. Stacy sees Ken as wasteful and
irresponsible, and Ken calls Stacy cheap. He can't (5) with her
when she's worried about an empty bank account. Since they have very little tolerance° for
each other's views on money, no one was surprised when these two got divorced.

### B. A Campaign to Become Class President

	f. apparent	g. automatic	in sayyayansis h. fulfill
44	i. Influence	j. transfer	and the specific specification with the same

In her senior year, Holly wanted very much to be elected class president. But she knew that the other girl who was competing for the office was much better known and had more experience in student government. As a result, Holly began to do all she could to (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her classmates so that they would vote for her. She found herself promising them anything they asked for. "If I'm elected," she told one student, "I will see that the school puts in (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ doors to make it easy to enter when our arms are full of books." To another, she said that a hot tub would be installed in the school gym. She promised a third student that he could (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the school across town that his girlfriend attended. As the election drew near, it became (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_ that Holly had a good chance of winning. This scared her because she realized that she could not (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_ all her promises. Finally, she quit the race, saying she couldn't maintain her grades and serve as class president too. She felt foolish for having let her desire to win run away with her good sense.





appropriate bewilder communicate deceive earnest

emotion fiction investigate legible theory

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

•	near of the sentences	to help you rigure out each	word 3 meaning.	
1	appropriate /əˈprəupriət/ - adjective	considered proper at the		
	•	- Hiking boots aren t appr	opriate for jogging — they a	are too still and heavy.
	_Appropriate means	a. legal.	b. unusual.	c. correct.
2	bewilder /bɪˈwɪldə(r)/	getting around was no lo		•
	– verb	<ul> <li>My grandmother's poor she wasn't taking her me</li> </ul>	health <b>bewildered</b> her doc dicines.	tor until he found out
	_Bewilder means	a. to calm.	b. to puzzle.	c. to attract.
3	communicate /kəˈmju:nɪkeɪt/ – verb	• Alice and I rarely see ealetters and making phone	ach other, but we <b>commun</b> ic calls.	icate often by sending
		• Today, many people <b>con</b> mail service on their con	nmunicate with each other inputers.	by using the electronic
	_Communicate means	a. to call.	b. to exchange information	c. to visit.
4	deceive /dɪˈsiːv/ – verb	<ul> <li>Linda deceived Jason to married.</li> </ul>	by dating him without telli	ing him that she was
		<ul> <li>A business owner who to police.</li> </ul>	ries to deceive customers sh	ould be reported to the
	_Deceive means	a. to help.	b. to find.	c. to fool.
5	earnest /ˈɜːnɪst/ – adjective	• I like our new baby sitter job very seriously.	r because she is very earnes	t; she clearly takes her
		• Jimmy seemed <b>earnest</b> v so I was surprised to see	when he promised to clean the hadn't done them.	he windows by Friday,
	_Earnest means	a. confused.	b. quiet.	c. serious.
6	emotion	• Stan rarely shows his em	notions. We have to guess wh	hat he is really feeling.
	/ı¹məu∫ən/ – noun	• Many people have troub and fear.	ole talking about their emot	tions, especially anger
	Emotion means	a. feeling.	b. explanation.	c. movement.

7 fiction /ˈfik∫ən/ – noun	Connecticut man who  Some newspapers pr	s most amusing pieces of for travels back to the time of int obvious fiction, such a 0 pounds more than she does	King Arthur. s, "Nine-year-old girl has	
Fiction means	a. news.	b. made-up writing.	c. facts.	
8 investigate /ɪn¹vestigeɪt/	The FBI has been ca from the hospital.	alled in to investigate the o	disappearance of the baby	
– verb	<ul> <li>When I heard a noise to get up and investig</li> </ul>	downstairs at 3 a.m., I lay ate the situation.	still in bed, too frightened	
Investigate means	a. look into.	b. delay.	c. exchange.	
9 legible /'ledʒəbl/	•	ake me rewrite my sloppy ay. "Make it legible."	homework. "I can barely	
– adjective	• The fancy script on that new restaurant sign isn't very <b>legible</b> . Does it say "Peretti's," "Perelli's," or "Pepetti's"?			
Legible means	a. easy to believe.	b. easy to read.	c. easy to prove.	
10 theory /ˈθɪərɪ/	•	ory of evolution, plants and lo well in their environment	<del>-</del>	
– noun		was that the killer was a shout to be a blond woman we		
Theory means	a. action.	b. explanation.	c. question.	

## **Matching Words with Definitions**

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1	To exchange or give information
2	To confuse; puzzle
3	Serious and sincere
4	A strong feeling
5	A statement that explains events or facts; an explanation, often unproven
6	Clear enough to be read
7	Literature consisting of imaginary stories; anything made up
8	Proper; suited to a certain use or purpose
9	To make (someone) believe something that is not true
10	To explore or examine carefully in order to learn the facts

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

		p. bewilder c. communicate d. deceive e. earnest g. fiction h. investigate i. legible j. theory
		At the fancy dinner, Sheila watched her hostess to see which fork wa     for each course.
		2. Charlotte's sweet smiles don't me. I know that she really dislikes me
		3. Dolphins with one another through a language of squeaks and grunts
		4. At first, the many noises, flashing lights, and whirling rides at the faied the children.
		5. Murphy has a about life. He believes that everything that car possibly go wrong, will.
		6. When we go on our walks, my dogs every bush and tree we come across.
		7. Ten years ago, I carved my initials in a tree. Recently I was surprised to see that they were still
		8. When Gordon begged his boss for another chance, he seemed so that his employer decided to give him his job back.
		9. When I want to relax, I read love stories, mysteries, and other kinds o
		10. Which do you think is the more powerful, love or hate?
Se	ntence Check 2	
Usi	ng the answer lines, cor	mplete each item below with two words from the box.
		1-2. Agatha Christie wrote wonderful works of about Miss Marple, a woman who loved to crimes the police could not solve.
		3-4. Some people believe the that you can teach yourself to write wel with either hand, but when I use my left hand, what I write is not
	-	5-6. The lost little girl spoke no English, so the police officer's attempts to with her onlyed her more.
		7-8. The man claiming to have lost his wallet seemed so that believed him and gave him money, but when I saw him doing the same thing a week later, I knew he hadd me.
		9-10. Many people feel a powerful mixture ofs at special events; fo example, it is considered to cry at weddings, even though it is happy time.

## > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. bewilderment, noun	Confusion
b. communication, noun	Making information known
c. deception, noun	An act of making someone believe something that is not true; a lie or trick
d. investigator, noun	A person who studies facts or a situation in order to learn the truth
e. nonfiction, noun	Writing that is about real life, not made-up ideas
	television, newspapers, letters, and, of course, conversation, arms of
	nuseum officials who paid millions of dollars for the fake Picassing were angry and embarrassed when they discovered the
learne	Mr. Burns's wife became suspicious, she hired an, wh d that Mr. Burns had three wives in three different cities. Whe nfronted him with this fact, she had some harsh things to say.
Murde	an Capote's book <i>In Cold Blood: The True Story of a Multipler</i> is a piece of that tells the story of the 1959 killing of family in Kansas.
	ne my when I came home to what I thought was an empt and heard voices call out, "Surprise! Happy Birthday!"
f. emotional, adjective g. fictional, adjective h. Illegible, adjective	Having to do with feelings  Made-up; not true  Not able to be read
i. investigation, noun j. theorize, verb	The act of examining or exploring something To think up a possible explanation for something
	sor Chaplin talks too quickly. When I try to take notes on hees, I have to hurry so much that my writing is
	n musical notes and chords make many people feel like crying s it that music can have such a strong effect?
	eporters spent a year on an to prepare for their series of about why the city's crime rate is so high.
	the years, many people have claimed to see a huge animal in Scotland; some people that it is some sort of dinosaur.
10. In the	novel Lost Horizon, the author wrote of the land of Shangr

La, where people stay young for hundreds of years.

# > Synonyms and Antonyms

	onyms. Write the letter of faced word.	the word or phrase that most nearly means the same as each
1.	bewilder	
	a. make certain	b. release
	c. insist	d. confuse
2.	communicate	
	a. hide	b. make known
	c. remove	d. forget
3.	. emotion	•
	a. feeling	b. energy
	c. excuse	d. movement
4.	investigate	
	a. puzzle	b. write
	c. inspect	d. fool
5	. theory	
	a. agreement	b. problem
	c. explanation	d. question
bold	faced word.	the word or phrase that most nearly means the opposite of each
	. appropriate	
	a. not healthy	b. not proper
	c. not believable	d. not ready
7	. deceive	
	a. stay away from	b. argue
	c. tell the truth to	d. find
8	. earnest	
	a. not sincere	b. unusual
	c. not accurate	d. not perfect
9	. fiction	
	a. justice	b. ability
	c. reason	d. fact
10	. legible	
	a. not for sale	b. not lasting
	c. not on purpose	d. not readable

## > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

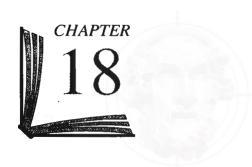
#### A. The Famous Detective

a. deceive	b. emotion	c. fiction
d. Investigate	e. theory	
One of the most famous cha	aracters from the world of	(1) is
Sherlock Holmes, created by the	writer Arthur Conan Doyle	. Holmes first appeared in a story
Doyle wrote in 1887. It was ca	alled "A Study in Scarlet	t." Holmes was a detective. No
criminal, no matter how clever,	could (2)	him for long. Rather
than being affected by (3)	s such	as fear or hate, he used his great
powers of thinking to solve crim	es. As he (4)	d crimes, he noticed
important small details that were	not apparent° to others. Th	en it would not be long before he
developed a perfect (5)	to explain	the crime.
Why So Quiet?		

#### В.

f.	appropriate	g.	bewilder	h. <b>communicate</b>	
i.	earnest	j.	legible		

I still remember my first day in first grade. My first-grade teacher probably does, too. I had grown up in a very large, very noisy family. Everybody yelled, all the time. It wasn't because we were angry. There were just so many of us that we thought it was the only way to \_\_\_\_\_. I didn't realize that our characteristic° loudness wasn't typical of all families. So I went into school believing that when you wanted to be heard, the (7)\_\_\_\_\_ thing to do was yell your head off. My teacher was a very gentle person. She talked slowly and never, ever raised her voice. I remember her writing her name on the board in large, (8) letters and saying, "My name is Mrs. Henderson. Can you say 'Mrs. Henderson,' boys and girls?" My shy classmates whispered, "Mrs. Henderson." I shouted, "MRS. HENDERSON!!" at the top of my lungs (I don't exaggerate° — I was really loud). Throughout the day, my classmates continued to whisper, and I continued to shout. By the end of the first day, school had totally \_\_\_\_ed me. I was so confused that I thought I had been assigned to the wrong class. I went home and told my parents I wanted to be in class with people who "talked right." I wasn't kidding — I was completely (10)\_\_\_\_\_. It took a couple of weeks for me to figure out how to fit in with my quieter classmates.





assure crucial distract extraordinary hostile humiliate impulse perceive revive timid

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 assure /əˈʃuə(r)/	<ul> <li>If you leave jewelry is will be safe.</li> </ul>	n your hotel room, the hotel	cannot assure you that it
– verb	<ul> <li>I asked the salescler waterproof?"</li> </ul>	k, "Can you assure me	that this watch is really
Assure means	a. to remind.	b. to agree with.	c. to promise.
2 crucial /ˈkru:∫əl/ – adjective	<ul><li>The trial had to stop w</li><li>Protein is a crucial pa</li></ul>	when a <b>crucial</b> witness suddent of a healthy diet.	enly disappeared.
Crucial means	a. rare.	b. necessary.	c. useless.
3 distract /dɪs'trækt/ – verb		g when noises from outside nny faces at the actress, try	
Distract means	a. to frighten greatly.	b. to draw away the attention of.	c. to give support to
4 extraordinary /ikˈstrɔːdənərı/		extraordinary attempts to meals on certain days.	o attract new customers,
– adjective	<ul> <li>The cancer patient is showed in dealing with</li> </ul>	nspired others with the <b>ex</b> ther illness.	traordinary courage she
Extraordinary mea	ns a. unfriendly.	b. normal.	c. very unusual.
5 hostile /hostail/ - adjective	,	ew tomatoes and eggs at the owards the new kitten, snar	•
Hostile means	a. fearful.	b. unfriendly.	c. embarrassed.
6 humiliate /hju:milieit/		humiliate students for mag	•
– verb	<ul> <li>In dreams, people oft outdoors without their</li> </ul>	en humiliate themselves by clothing on.	y doing things like going
Humiliate means	a. to shame.	b. to show off.	c. to misunderstand.

7 impulse /'impals/		od shopping when they are hey don't really need.	hungry often get an impulse
– noun		ne her new neighbors and i	out at the last minute she had nvite them to come over that
Impulse means	a. unplanned desire	e. b. view.	c. fear.
8 perceive	• I perceive from the	wonderful smell that some	one is barbecuing ribs.
/pəˈsiːv/ <i>– verb</i>	<ul> <li>Hawks have such a hundreds of feet in</li> </ul>		perceive a tiny mouse from
Perceive means	a. to remember.	b. to include.	c. to notice.
9 revive /ri'vaiv/		desire to learn biology, will <b>revive</b> your interest in	Professor Berg, who is a that subject.
– verb	<ul> <li>No matter how tire revive him.</li> </ul>	d our dog is, the question "	Want to go for a walk?" will
Revive means	a. to show.	b. to bring back to life.	c. to embarrass.
10 timid /'timid/	<ul> <li>When her parents t the table.</li> </ul>	ried to introduce her to gue	sts, the <b>timid</b> child hid under
– adjective	<ul> <li>Ever since he almo about going in the</li> </ul>	•	cident, Jared has been timid
Timid means	a. frightened.	b. careless.	c. full of energy.

## Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1	To make (someone) sure about something; tell with certainty
2	Fearful or shy; lacking in self-confidence
3	To make ashamed; embarrass
4	Extremely important
5	Unfriendly; having or showing ill will
6	To give new energy, spirit, or strength
7	A sudden urge to do something
8	Beyond the ordinary; special
9	To cause to turn away from what one was paying attention to
10.	To be or to become aware of through one's senses; see, hear, feel, taste, or smell

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

## > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

	c. crucial c. distract d. extraordinary e, hostile g. impulse h. perceive i. revive j. timid
	1. Bullies other people in order to make themselves feel powerful.
	2. The football game on TVed Tyrell from his homework.
	3. My bosss me that I will get a raise soon.
	4. The flowers in the garden were beginning to droop in the dry weather but a heavy rain shower soond them.
	5. Grocery store managers often place candy bars, combs, and other small inexpensive items near the checkout, hoping that shoppers will have ar to buy them.
	6. To succeed at a job interview, it is that you arrive on time.
	7. Because parents know their children so well, they can often that the children are not feeling well just by looking at them.
	8. Two of my coworkers are very toward each other; their unfriendly relationship makes work difficult for others as well.
	9. Thea felt too to raise her hand when the magician asked for volunteers.
	10. The newspaper carried a story about an woman who uses a wheelchair and is still a terrific tennis player.
Sentence Check	2
Using the answer lines,	complete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.
	1-2. When Len's bossd him in front of his coworkers, he felt a sudder to grab the man's necktie and snip it off with scissors.
	3-4. Once I began to the aroma of fried chicken, I stopped doing my homework because I was soed by the wonderful smell.
	5-6. The builders know it is that the bathroom be finished before our visitors arrive next week, and they haved us the work will be done
	7-8. When Sandra got the chance to work with an coach — one who had coached many champions — itd her dream of someday competing in the Olympics.
	9-10. The more the angry, impatient bus driver became, the more he frightened the little girl who had lost her bus ticket.

## ~ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

	a. assurance, noun	A promise
	b. distraction, noun	Something that draws one's attention in another direction
	c. humiliation, noun	Shame; embarrassment
	d. reassure, verb	To make less fearful or worried
	e. <b>revival</b> , noun	A new presentation of an old play, opera, etc.
		<ol> <li>Although the company was sold, the new ownerd the workers that they would not lose their jobs.</li> </ol>
		2. The wall between the two theaters is thin, so moviegoers have to put up with the of hearing the other movie going on next door.
		3. Can you give me your that my car will be fixed today?
		4. I'd like to see a of the musical <i>Peter Pan</i> with Whitney Houston playing the part of Tinkerbell.
		5. During his cooking demonstration, Chris experienced the of dropping a dozen eggs on the floor in front of his entire class.
	f. hostility, noun g. impulsive, adjecti h. perception, noun i. perceptive, verb j. timidity, noun	Unfriendliness; anger  Likely to take action quickly, without much thought  Becoming aware through use of the senses; awareness  Quick to notice things and understand situations  Shyness; fear; lack of confidence
	handburgeren erweiger ist Verseen - we is a seen a process and	6. Jessie is often She does things without thinking — such as suddenly painting her kitchen purple — and then is sorry.
		7. Animals' of colors differs from people's ability to see colors. For example, bees cannot see red, but they can see ultraviolet light.
_		8. Although Rita said, "I forgive you," her voice was so full of that it was clear she wasn't earnest°. She wasn't ready to forgive.
_	·	9. A good detective is very, not missing a detail as he investigates° a crime.
_		10. As a teenager, I often had to deal with I would frequently stay in my room rather than speak to someone I didn't know well.

# - Word Parts

Examples: timid -	s "the quality or state of being" shy — the quality or state of being shy	
On each answer line	, write the word from the box that best completes	the item.
a. brutality° d. security°	b. <b>generosity</b> e. tlmidity	c. <b>hostility</b>
	I. Mrs. Lee likes the of living in an a floor, where no thieves can enter through t	
	2. Everyone was amazed by the of the prize and then gave it all away to charity.	man who won a huge lott
	3. There are laws to protect animals from or otherwise harm them.	_; it is against the law to b
	4. Ever since Margo asked Rose's boyfriend between the two women.	out on a date, there has b
	5. If you suffer from, you can learn to Every day, try to do one brave thing, suc starting a conversation.	
	nd -ible can mean "able to be"	
	<ul> <li>to notice through one's senses</li> <li>able to be noticed through use of the sense</li> </ul>	s .
On each answer line	e, write the word from the box that best completes	the item.
f. manageable i. transferable	g. perceptible j. usable	h. <b>readable</b>
,	6. Nadia's handwriting is so bad that it is usu	ally not even
	7. If you decide to leave this college and a some credits — some of your credits may	
	8. I have tons of homework to do this weeks time well, I can handle it.	end, but it is If I use
	9. The odor of fried fish is in the house dinner.	e even hours after we've

### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. Fear of Speaking

a. distract	b. <b>hostile</b>	c. humillate
d. <b>impulse</b>	e. timid	

Some people are afraid of spiders. Others fear heights. But for many people, the scariest thing of all is having to speak in front of a group of strangers. Even people who are not usually (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ often have an intense° fear of speaking in public. They often imagine that the audience will be (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, even when it is actually friendly. Because they are so sure that they will (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ themselves, they usually manage to do just that. They are so awkward° when they walk to the front of the room that they almost trip over their own feet. When they begin to speak, their hands flutter, causing the papers they are holding to shake loudly. This annoying noise (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ s the audience from what the speakers are trying to say. Embarrassed by their poor performance, the unfortunate speakers have to fight the (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_ to crawl under a chair and hide. One of the best things people like this can do for themselves is to take a course in public speaking. Even if they never learn to love public speaking, they can learn to face an audience without feeling frightened.

### B. Do You Believe in Magic?

4 40011110	No. No. of the last of the las	A LANGUE STATE OF THE STATE OF	5 Austriania
f. Hashie	endari dibili ini praduk	crucial	h. extraordinary
i. perceive	Corres was travel do	revive	gail.
20 1 2 2 A 7 2 4 7 3 4 7 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 7 5 4			

How did Goldin do it? The secret was the volunteer, a close friend of Goldin's. The volunteer had a twin brother who had no legs. What the audience (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_d as the volunteer's upper half was really the legless twin. The separate walking legs were just a short person wearing normal-sized pants. In 1921, however, the legless twin brother demanded a higher salary. When Goldin refused to pay, the twin quit the act. With a (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_ part of the act gone, Goldin had to stop performing the trick.





abandon alert circumstances devote dominate function idle overcome primary theme

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

•	itorit of the sometimes	to help you ligate out each	Word of mountains.	
1	abandon /əˈbændən/ – verb	• When it got dark out, the of the woman who had d	ne divers had to <b>abandon</b> the drowned.	eir search for the body
		• Because they ran out of project.	money, the scientists had to a	abandon their research
	Abandon means	a. to begin.	b. to sell.	c. to quit.
2	alert /əˈlɜːt/	If you are riding a bicyc times.	ele on a busy city street, you	need to be alert at all
	– adjective	<ul> <li>Many people need a cup alert.</li> </ul>	o of coffee in the morning to	make them feel really
	_Alert means	a. bad-tempered.	b. well dressed.	c. fully awake.
3	circumstances /ˈsɜːkəmstənsɪz/ – noun	yesterday, but I do not k	r-in-law had a big argum now the exact circumstance imstances of the robbery: A noney from a toy store.	s.
	_Circumstances means	a. facts.	b. answers.	c. people.
4	devote /dɪ'vəut/ - verb		tire evening to playing video	
_	_Devote means	a. to look over.	b. to give over.	c. to win over.
5	dominate /'domineit/ - verb	market.	er King seem to dominate	
		<ul> <li>My brother likes to dreagood that it will domina</li> </ul>	am about a time when his fa ate football.	avorite team will be so
_	_Dominate means	a. to take pity on.	b. to be a leader in.	c. to lose interest in.
6	function /ˈfʌŋ <i>kʃə</i> n/	• A waiter's function is their food.	to take the diners' orders a	nd then to bring them
	– noun	$\bullet$ What is the ${\bf function}$ of	that red button on the front o	of the VCR?
	Function means	a. purpose.	b. subject.	c. length of time.

7 idle /ˈaɪdl/ – adjective	<ul> <li>After being at ho happy to get back</li> </ul>		, I was sick of being idle and	
	– adjective	<ul> <li>When the boss is much of the time.</li> </ul>	out of town, many of the	workers in this store are idle
	Idle means	a. not busy.	b. outside.	c. in a group.
	overcome /ˌəuvəˈkʌm/	<ul> <li>My brother had to student.</li> </ul>	o overcome a learning disa	bility to become a successful
	– verb	• With the help of s	wimming lessons, I overcar	ne my fear of water.
	Overcome means	a. to know.	b. to write about.	c. to beat.
	primary /ˈpraɪmərɪ/	<ul> <li>My brother's print practices day and</li> </ul>	-	to be playing basketball — he
	– adjective	<ul> <li>The primary reaninetieth birthday.</li> </ul>	_	n is to celebrate Grandma's
	Primary means	a. easiest.	b. forgotten.	c. main.
	theme /θi:m/ – noun	<ul> <li>The writing assists surprising event."</li> </ul>		word paper on the theme "a
		<ul> <li>Romeo and Juliet separated by the h</li> </ul>		he same <b>theme</b> : young lovers
	Theme means	a. answer.	b. rule.	c. idea.
Foll acl	lowing are definition has been definition to the word in context, yet	ou will be able to figur	rint each word next to its deee out its meaning.	efinition. If you look closely at
1.		•	oortant; major	
2.		To win in	a struggle over; defeat	
3.		To stop trying to continue; discontinue; quit		ie; quit
4.		To give o someone	ne's time or attention compl	etely to something or
5.		The expe	cted activity of a person or t	hing; purpose; role
6.		Wide-aw	ake and watchful; highly aw	are
7.		Not doing	g anything; inactive	
8.		To have a	a leading place or position in	i; be at the head of

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Condition or facts of a particular situation or happening

The main subject; the topic around which something is organized

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. abandon f. function	b. alert c. circumstances d. devote e. dominate g. idle h. overcome i. primary j. theme
Proceedings of the control of the co	1. An person is wide-awake and very much aware of his or her surroundings.
	2. It is clear that the reason my aunt's boyfriend likes her is her money.
	3. When my boss is just staring out the window, she looks, but she is really trying to figure out a problem.
	4. Dances often have a special, such as "Winter Wonderland."
	5. Before Cara can visit her grandparents in Italy, she needs to her fear of flying in an airplane.
	6. When a friend called to ask if I wanted to go to the movies, I quicklyed my ironing and got ready to go out.
	7. The young skaters five hours each day to practicing.
	8. At first I thought Jorge was unfriendly, but when I learned the of his life — he is a single parent who is also caring for his elderly father — I understood that he doesn't have much time to chat.
	9. A pen and a pencil have the same
	10. Coca Cola and Pepsi the cola market.
Sentence Check	2
Using the answer lines,	complete each item below with two words from the box.
	1-2. During the Depression of the 1930s, were so bad that many young people had to their education and go to work full-time.
	3-4. The boss was angry when he found us taking a long break. "Your is to get work done," he snapped — "not to sit around!"
	5-6. "You'll have to read carefully to find the of this story," our instructor said. Then he assured us, "But if you are and pay attention to every clue, I think you can figure out the author's true topic."
	7-8. Some women's interest is their careers, and some themselves to their families; others manage to do both.
	9-10. There are many true stories of very successful people who have serious physical problems and gone on to a sport.

## > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

	a. devotion, noun b. dominant, adjectiv c. idieness, noun d. primarily, adverb e. theme song, noun	Deep affection and loyalty  Having more influence or power than others  The state of being inactive  Mainly; chiefly  A melody which is regularly used on a TV show or movie or by an individual and which comes to stand for that show or movie or person
		1. In my home, we speak Spanish, unless we have English-speaking visitors. Then, of course, we communicate on English.
		2. When I was a teenager, it was the style to sign a love letter to your girlfriend or boyfriend with this rhyme: "Yours with an ocean of"
		3. When I'm on vacation, I like to spend some time in total I sleep late and rest all day.
_		<ol> <li>Tim is the partner in his marriage. He makes all the decisions, and his wife just says, "Yes, dear."</li> </ol>
		5. If Tim's wife had a, it would have to be "Stand By Your Man."
	f. alertness, noun g. functional, adjecti h. idler, noun i. prime, adjective j. theme park, noun	State or condition of being wide awake; full or intense awareness  Working well A lazy person First in importance or value An amusement park in which all the buildings, exhibits, and rides are built around a central subject
	kan untersa de existencia de existencia de <b>de</b> deservicio que del conferencia con en esta	6. Barry is a terrible: he is at the water fountain, on the phone with friends, and on coffee breaks more often than he actually works.
		7. When my son woke up after his operation, the nurse tested his by asking questions such as "Where are you, Billy?" and "Do you know what day it is?"
_		8. My old car looks terrible, but it's still, taking me wherever I want to go.
		9. I took my little niece to a that is based on Sesame Street. The ideas of the rides and games are all from that show.
	1	<ol> <li>TV broadcasters can charge the most for ads that appear during time, when most people are watching.</li> </ol>

# > Synonyms and Antonyms

Syllon	iyins ana muonyins	
-	onyms. Write the letter of the word or faced word.	phrase that most nearly means the same as each
1.	circumstances	
	a. conditions	b. jobs
	c. activities	d. abilities
2.	dominate	
	a. lead	b. follow
	c. be active	d. leave
3.	devote	•
	a. get rid of	b. win over
	c. hide from	d. give over to
4.	function	
	a. subject	b. fact
	c. purpose	d. rule
5.	theme	
	a. fact	b. safety
	c. use	d. subject
bold	onyms. Write the letter of the word or praced word.  abandon	ohrase that most nearly means the opposite of each
0.	a. leave	b. continue
	c. lose	d. work badly
	c. lose	u. work badiy
7.	alert	
	a. sleepy	b. curious
	c. complete	d. late
8.	idle	
		b. stiff
	a. new	υ. εμπ
	c. active	d. grateful
0	c. active	
9.	c. active  overcome	d. grateful
9.	c. active  overcome  a. win	d. grateful b. follow
9.	c. active  overcome	d. grateful
	c. active  overcome  a. win	d. grateful b. follow
	c. active  overcome  a. win c. continue	d. grateful b. follow
	c. active  overcome  a. win c. continue  primary	<ul><li>d. grateful</li><li>b. follow</li><li>d. give in to</li></ul>

## > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. The Miracle Runner

a. devote	b. dominate c. lo	lle
d. primary	e. overcome	

Glenn Cunningham was one of the most famous and extraordinary° athletes of the 1930s
To succeed, he had to (1) difficulties that might have stopped
anyone. When Glenn was 8, he and his older brother Floyd were trapped in a burning
building. Floyd was killed, and Glenn was badly burned. The fire had eaten deep into his
legs, and the toes of one foot were gone. In fact, doctors advised° his parents to have Glenn's
legs taken off. Glenn lay in bed for months, his legs thin as sticks. He hated being
(2), so he struggled to learn to stand and then to take a few steps
Then he began to run. At first, his (3) goal in running was just to get
rid of his limp. Then he discovered that he was a very good runner.
At age 13, Glenn entered a mile race at a local fair and won easily. From then on, he
(4)d himself to running — and to winning. In high school, then in
college, and later when he was a member of the United States Olympic team, he
(5)d his sport. He set a world-record time for running the mile: 4
minutes 4.4 geometric And this was someone who had been tald be would reconstructly social.
minutes, 4.4 seconds. And this was someone who had been told he would never walk again!

#### B. One of Those Days

f. abandon	g. 8	ilert	h. circumstances
I. function	The second section of the section of	heme	in a common about the
		No.	

Did you ever have a day whose (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ seems to be "things that go wrong"? I had one such day last Friday. This is the only day I have a class at 8 a.m. But my alarm clock did not perform its (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ — it did not make a sound. I had no time to eat, but because I was sleepy, I made a cup of coffee to help me feel more (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. When I poured milk into the coffee, though, I found that the milk was sour. Yuck! So I (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ed my effort to have a cup of coffee, grabbed my car keys, and ran out. Then I remembered my car was in the shop for repairs. So I raced to the bus stop, but got there just as the bus drove off. Desperate° to get to school, I decided to continue on foot, so I began running again. Then along came a car that hit a deep puddle and splashed me from head to foot with mud.

At school, I told the instructor the (10) that had made me late, muddy, and out of breath. Looking annoyed that I had disrupted the class, he told me to hand in my assignment. At that point, I discovered I had brought the wrong textbook and notebook. I decided then and there that the next time I oversleep, I'll just stay in bed!



disregard excerpt exclude hinder misleading monotonous obtain prey seize severe

## Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

		8	
1 disregard /ˌdɪsrɪ'gɑ:d/ – verb	<ul> <li>I suggested that Patty put some of her money in a savings account, but disregarded my idea and spent it all.</li> <li>The drive with Luis was frightening — he disregarded the speed lir even though the road was icy.</li> </ul>		
Disregard means	a. to follow.	b. to ignore.	c. to get in the way of.
2 excerpt /'eks3:pt/ - noun	newspapers printed only	excerpts from it. s by showing several ex	esident's speech, but most
Excerpt means	a. part.	b. price.	c. speech.
3 <b>exclude</b> /ɪksˈkluːd/ - verb	from the jars.		g time, air must be excluded other children excluded him
Exclude means	a. to watch.	b. to invite.	c. to keep out.
4 hinder /'hində(r)/ - verb	<ul><li>Not having computer sk</li><li>Bad weather hindered t</li></ul>		er search for an office job. ke up the mountain.
Hinder means	a. to get in the way of.	b. to cheer up.	c. to find.
5 misleading /ˌmɪsˈli:dɪŋ/	• The fact that the two cl Many people think they		me last name is misleading
– adjective	<ul> <li>My cousin may appear misleading. In reality, h</li> </ul>	-	car and nice clothes are clars on his credit card.
Misleading means	a. hard to find.	b. recent.	c. giving the wrong idea.
6 monotonous /mə¹nɒtənəs/	<ul> <li>The child in the supermarket kept up a monotonous request — "I wan some candy. I want some candy."</li> </ul>		
– adjective	• My days had become a slept, then did it all over	_	went to work, came home,
Monotonous means	a. dull.	b. pleasant.	c. messy.

7 obtain /əbˈteɪn/	<ul> <li>After completing the license.</li> </ul>	he Driver's Education cla	ss, Maria obtained a driver's
– verb	<ul> <li>The soldier obtain wedding.</li> </ul>	ned a three-day pass in	order to attend his sister's
Obtain means	a. to grab.	b. to get.	c. to give away.
8 prey	• Because a cat's pro	ey includes mice, farmers l	ike to keep cats in their barns.
/prei/ noun	<ul> <li>Movie stars are anything to get a p</li> </ul>		photographers who will do
Prey means	a. those that are hu	inted. b. part of a who	ole. c. sickness.
9 seize	• The woman screan	ned when a thief seized her	pocketbook.
/si:z/ – verb	Before anyone cou	ld stop him, the baby seize	d the cat's tail and pulled.
Seize means	a. to laugh at.	b. to grab.	c. to know.
10 severe	• A severe storm hit	our area, causing great dan	nage and several deaths.
/sɪˈvɪə(r)/ – adjective		nost <b>severe</b> illnesses are ly receive special care.	kept in a separate part of the
Severe means	a. fair.	b. dangerous.	c. boring.

## **Matching Words with Definitions**

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1.	A creature or creatures that are hunted by another animal; the victim or victims of an attack
2	Part of a whole work (such as a book, speech, or film)
3	To pay no attention to
4	To refuse to allow in; not include
5	To get something through planning or effort
6	Leading to a mistake in thought or action
7	Boring because of lack of change or differences
8	Causing great physical or mental suffering; very serious
9	To take hold of suddenly or with force
0	To stop or slow down (someone or something); block; interfere with

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

# > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. disregard f. manotonous	b. excerpt c. exclude d. hinder e. misleading g. obtain h. prey i. selze j. severe
	1. Cynthia's bright smile is; actually, she is feeling quite angry.
	2. The robbers' usual were newlyweds whose houses might contain expensive wedding gifts.
	3. My aunt is a vegetarian ands all meat from her house.
	4. A huge snowstormed Thanksgiving travelers.
	5. Although the car wasn't damaged much in the crash, the driver had injuries.
	6. No matter how much you like your favorite food, having it at ever meal would soon become
	7. Members of the Environmental Club went door-to-door to signatures for their request to set up a recycling center in town.
	8. The video called <i>The Best of Johnny Carson</i> contains funnys from ten years of the <i>Tonight</i> show.
	9. When she realized her train would leave in just an hour, Ritad he suitcase from the shelf and began stuffing clothes into it.
	_ 10. Phil lost his money when heed the "Out of Order" sign and put tw quarters in the jukebox.
Sentence Check	$oldsymbol{2}$
Using the answer lines, c	omplete each item below with two words from the box.
	1-2. It is striking to see a hawk drop out of the sky and a field mous then fly away with its in its claws.
	3-4. When my uncle had a illness, the doctored everyone from his hospital room except my aunt.
	5-6. The TV ads for the movie used an from the film that was was funny, but the movie was not a comedy at all.
	7-8. Yolanda wanted to be first in line to tickets for a very speciment concert, but the snowstormed her.
	9-10. Because Wendy is so shy, shes invitations to go out, and as result she stays home night after night and leads a very life.

## > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. exclusive, adjective b. hindrance, noun c. include, verb d. monotony, noun e. severity, noun	Letting only certain people in  Something that gets in the way or holds back  To take in (someone or something) as part of  something larger  Boredom  Seriousness
	The icy sidewalk was such a that I missed my bus.
	2. When we heard our friend had been in an accident, we called the hospital to try to learn the of her injuries.
	3. I don't enjoy going to the zoo because I am bothered by the of the animals' lives — they spend day after day idle° in the same small cages.
	4. The Honor Club at our school is so that only 5 percent of the student body is qualified to join.
	5. The Honor Clubs top students from the tenth, eleventh, and twelfth grades.
f. exclusion, noun g. mislead, verb h. monotone, noun i. predator, noun j. regardless of, pre	The act of leaving something out To lead (someone) to think what is not so A single, unchanging sound An animal that lives by hunting other animals for food without considering anyone or anything else; in spite of
	6. Professor Woodworth speaks in such a dull that students have a hard time staying alert° in his class.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7. It's easy to see that the tiger is a Its sharp teeth are designed for ripping other animals to pieces.
	8. Some advertisements purposely people, making them believe the products are better than they really are. Companies should not be allowed to deceive people that way.
	9. Becoming a vegetarian means more than the of meat from the diet lt also means creating a balanced diet that doesn't involve meat.
	<ol> <li>I don't enjoy working with Vic because he does what he likes</li> <li>anyone else's opinions.</li> </ol>

# > Analogies

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line. (All the repeated words in these items are from this unit.)

1.	MONOTONOUS: EXCITING::	
	<ul><li>a. healthy: strong</li><li>c. five: fifteen</li></ul>	b. film : camera d. hinder : help
2.	PREY: VICTIM:: a. artist: painting	b. baby : infant
2	c. security°: lock SEVERE: MILD::	d. doctor: patient
5.	a. painful : pleasant c. harmful : dangerous	b. angry : frowning d. loud : noisy
4.	COMMUNICATE°: TELEPHONE::	
	a. fiction°: book c. sweep: broom	b. distract°: attention d. screwdriver: nail
5.	EXTRAORDINARY° : COMMON ::	h abassa sassa
	<ul><li>a. assure°: promise</li><li>c. mask: face</li></ul>	b. chew : gum d. hostile° : friendly
6.	DISREGARD : IGNORE ::	
	a. recall : remember c. protect : reveal	b. important : silly d. sing : choir
7.	ECONOMICAL°: EXTRAVAGANT°::	
	<ul><li>a. country : map</li><li>c. pitch : ball</li></ul>	b. earnest°: sincere d. calm: worried
8.	PRETTY: UGLY::	
	<ul><li>a. friendly : nice</li><li>c. important : crucial°</li></ul>	b. timid°: brave d. difficult: burden°
9.	SEIZE: TAKE::	
	a. exclude : include c. pull : push	b. embarrass : humiliate° d. shout : whisper
10.	PERCEIVE°: SENSES::	
	<ul><li>a. lazy : idle°</li><li>c. write : letter</li></ul>	b. song : music d. run : legs

## > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

### A. Pregnancy and Alcohol

a. excerpt b. exclude d. misleading e. severe	c. hinder
---	-----------

If all goes well, an unborn baby thrives°, growing from a few cells into a healthy child. However, not all pregnancies go well. Sometimes, problems arise that (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the baby's development. Most of those problems just happen and are not within anyone's control. But one common cause of a baby's problems can be prevented: the mother's use of alcohol.

Here is an (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_ from a textbook discussion of alcohol and pregnancy: "A woman who drinks heavily during pregnancy can injure the brain of her unborn child." A child born to a heavy drinker is likely to have (3)\_\_\_\_\_ health problems, including a small head, unusual facial features, low intelligence, and a damaged heart.

But it would be (4)\_\_\_\_\_ to say that only heavy drinking is a problem during pregnancy. Even if a mother-to-be has just two drinks a week, she can harm her child's ability to pay attention and learn easily.

Exactly how much alcohol is too much for a pregnant woman? No one knows for sure.

Exactly how much alcohol is too much for a pregnant woman? No one knows for sure Until we know more, a pregnant woman is wise to (5)\_\_\_\_\_ alcohol from her life.

#### B. A Criminal with a Tail

f. disregard g. monotonous	h. obtain
i prey j. seize	

In prison, however, Pep was treated more kindly. His fellow prisoners were very fond of him. Even though he was assigned to a cell and expected to work every day, Pep was allowed to transfer° from one cell to another whenever he wanted. His furry face and wagging tail were a welcome change in the otherwise (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_ world of the prison, where each day seemed like the one before it. When he died six years later, Pep was the most popular inmate in the entire prison.

## UNIT FOUR: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Four. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.

			•			1			2		0000							•	
3								1					4				5		
6			7					+			0.5	8			1				
			9								10		20 (3)		11				
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	22											23		6					
				-			j.						î.				f		
			24																

abandon alert apparent automatic bewilder crucial deceive distract dominate emotion exclude fulfill function hinder hostile humiliate idle impulse influence legible monotonous prey security seize theory

#### **ACROSS**

- 1. Clear enough to be read
- 6. To confuse; puzzle
- 8. Protection; freedom from danger, fear, or worry
- 9. To carry out; achieve; do
- 10. Wide-awake and watchful
- 12. Not doing anything; inactive
- 16. Boring because of lack of change or differences
- 18. A creature or creatures that are hunted by another animal
- 21. Extremely important

- 22. Unfriendly; having or showing ill will
- 23. To take hold of suddenly or with force
- 24. To stop or slow down; block

#### **DOWN**

- 2. A sudden urge to do something
- 3. To discontinue; quit
- 4. To make (someone) believe something that is not true
- 5. To cause to turn away from what one was paying attention to

- 7. To have an effect on
- 10. Obvious; easy to see
- 11. A statement that explains events or facts
- 13. To have a leading place or position in; be at the head of
- 14. Moving or operating by itself
- 15. To make ashamed; embarrass
- 17. To refuse to allow in; not include
- 19. A strong feeling
- 20. The expected activity of a person or thing; purpose

# **UNIT FOUR: Test 1**

#### PART A

Choose the word that best cor	npletes each item	and write it in the	space provided.	
. 1.		en began screaming, "This is not b		hings on the bus,
	a. primary	b. legible	c. alert	d. appropriate
2.	body parts were	are still by the found in two wo	oden trunks. Not	
	a. bewildered	b. obtained c.	communicated	d. revived
3.	Letters are still m	b. seize c.	with faraway for communicate	riends and family.
4.	•	fe from knowing e each morning as	-	_
	a. alerted	b. fulfilled	c. devoted	d. deceived
5	. To show how no pay for a wee	_ he was about wa k.	nting the job, Įra o	ffered to work for
	a. timid	b. primary	c. hostile	d. earnest
6	. A raised voice happiness, or sur	can mean one or prise.	of several: a	nger, excitement
	a. emotions	b. preys	c. burdens	d. fictions
7	. It is hard for a ri her left hand.	ght-handed person	to write a me	ssage using his or
	a. severe	b. timid	c. legible	d. primary
8		the way the loca s family hired a de	•	ndling the murder
	a. revive	b. influence	c. investigate	d. exclude
9		nter said, "There is : there was a lar		•
	a. fiction	b. burden	c. function	d. excerpt
10		_ that all dog loven ne is very nice to d		
	a. prey	b. theme	c. function	d. theory
11	. To increase her at night, Elena le	feeling of whe	en she walks home	from the bus stop
	a. security	b. circumstances	c. burden	d. impulse

	12. It's that your shoes are muddy — you're leaving dirty footprints on the carpet.
	a. extravagant b. hostile c. apparent d. timid
	13. Although many of our neighbors have gardens, Mr. Soo's is really  He grows thirty-pound watermelons, tomatoes as big as softballs, and flowers as beautiful as anything in a flower shop.  a. hostile b. extraordinary c. misleading d. monotonous
PART B Write C is	f the italicized word is used correctly. Write I if the word is used incorrectly.
	Because my sister skipped assignments and classes, it's hard for me to sympathize with her disappointment over failing algebra.
	My boss fulfilled my request for a day off, saying, "No, you've had too much time off already."
	Someday I'd like to replace my old-fashioned camera with a new <i>automatic</i> one that does everything by itself, even advancing the film.
	Fay is so extravagant that she purposely finds fault with waiters so that she can refuse to leave them a tip.
	Some parents worry that "Barbie dolls," with their impossibly long legs and tiny waists, can influence little girls, making them feel bad about their own bodies.
19.	Dan is worried about his math test because he knows it is crucial to his grade for the course.
	It is more <i>economical</i> to buy a six-pack of sodas for \$1.99 than to buy six single sodas at 50 cents each.
	Since he was a little boy, Jon has <i>devoted</i> himself to becoming a pilot. He reads constantly about airplanes and flying and saves all his money for flying lessons.
22.	I feel so tired that instead of getting up this morning, I would love to just transfer in bed.
	Having our grandfather live with us was not a <i>burden</i> . Not only was he easy to live with, but he was very helpful around the house.
•	I was so excited when my parents <i>humiliated</i> me with a plane ticket to visit my sister in England.
	As Dan studied for his test, his family helped <i>distract</i> him by turning off the TV and keeping the house quiet and peaceful.
	Score (Number correct) × 4 =%

# UNIT FOUR: Test 2

### PART A

Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

	a. abandon f. hostile k. revive		cumstances sleading ize	h.	disregard monotonous severe	٠.	function perceive	e. j.	hinder prey	
		1			ertising to persua ou will buy a cert	-	•	will b	e happier a	and
		2	. Very young taking care o		ho have kittens	will (	often the	e bab	ies instead	of
_		3		_	chicken pox, the pox can be a		_	ninoi	problem,	but
		4	_		e in unusual tinue to live in se					ced
		5			have a Morrisvi town of Hendrix		ddress, since	e we	actually 1	ive
		6			takes a lot of efform hour to hou			easy	but, w	/ith
		7			ed the fact the despital		e is allergic	to s	eafood, ato	e a
		8			e a bite of my gri				a hungry o	log
		9	. Luis does no rides his bicy		nis lack of a car	_	him from g	ettinį	g to work;	he
		10	•	ot go	n, the baseball tea od. But then the w.		_	_		
		11			red the house, I cauce. Its wonderf				as making	her
		12	. To catch its _	, th	e anteater sticks	its to	ngue into an	anth	ill.	
		13	. Never run up you are sure	_	t a dog you don' ot	t kno	ow. Move tov	vard	it slowly u	ntil

(Continues on next page)

PART B	PA	R	T	B
--------	----	---	---	---

Write C if the italicized word is used **correctly**. Write I if the word is used **incorrectly**. \_\_\_14. I will let my cousin move into my apartment only if he assures me it will be for no more than a week. \_\_\_\_15. Mr. Henderson does everything according to *impulse*. For example, when he decided to buy a car, he spent months comparing models and prices, reading articles in car magazines, and visiting car dealers. \_16. Anitra is the most idle one in her family — she does all of the cooking and cleaning by herself. \_\_\_\_17. Every group of friends seems to have one especially timid member who bosses the others \_\_\_18. In 1959, one film — Ben Hur — dominated the Academy Awards, winning 11 Oscars. \_\_\_19. The videotapes of the robbery showed that as it was going on, the night watchman was alert and snoring in his office. \_20. Although Marla was abused as a child, she has overcome that terrible experience and is a kind, loving parent herself. \_\_\_21. The sweater has bits of blue and green in it, but its *primary* color is red. \_22. Have you ever really had to write a paper on the theme "How I Spent My Summer Vacation"? \_23. Robert Frost's "Mending Wall" is a well-known poem whose excerpt warns us not to shut ourselves off from other people. \_\_\_24. "No bacon for me, thank you," said Ahmed. "We Muslims exclude pork from our diet."

\_\_\_\_25. Scientists are working on a vaccine that will help people *obtain* the virus that causes AIDS.

# UNIT FOUR: Test 3

## PART A: Synonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly the same in meaning as the **boldfaced** word.

1. assure	a) argue with	<b>b</b> ) promis	e c) run from	d) reach out to
2. automatic	<ul><li>a) operating by</li><li>d) ashamed</li></ul>	y itself <b>b</b>	) money-saving	c) clear
3. bewilder	a) discontinue	b) hide	c) confuse	d) examine
4. circumstances	a) feelings	<b>b</b> ) situation	c) hardships	d) enemies
5. communicate	a) take serious	ly <b>b</b> ) mak	e strong c) pag	y for <b>d</b> ) make known
6. <b>devote</b>	a) slow down	<b>b</b> ) turn av	vay c) get rid	of <b>d</b> ) give oneself
7. distract	<ul><li>a) pull attentio</li><li>d) make better</li></ul>	-	) point toward	c) get
8. <b>emotion</b>	a) movement	b) victim	c) hardship	d) feeling
9. excerpt	a) sudden deci	sion b) et	ffect c) part o	f a work <b>d</b> ) whole
10. <b>fulfill</b>	a) hurry	<b>b</b> ) embarrass	c) search for	d) carry out
11. function	a) knowledge	<b>b</b> ) hardsh	ip <b>c</b> ) topic	d) use
12. humiliate	a) shame	<b>b</b> ) give energy	to c) send	d) calm
13. impulse	a) position	<b>b</b> ) sudden de	esire c) hearth	eat <b>d</b> ) difficulty
14. influence	<b>a</b> ) say <b>b</b> )	activity	c) get <b>d</b> ) have	an effect on
15. investigate	a) examine	<b>b</b> ) ignore	c) punish	d) lose
16. misleading	a) proper	b) aware	c) giving the wron	ng idea <b>d</b> ) unfriendly
17. <b>obtain</b>	a) protect	<b>b</b> ) explore	c) move	l) get
18. <b>perceive</b>	a) notice	<b>b</b> ) grab	c) ignore d) l	ie to
19. <b>prey</b>	a) hardship	<b>b</b> ) subject	c) victim	d) struggle
20. <b>primary</b>	a) small	b) main	e) moving by itself	d) aware
21. seize	a) grab b	) tell c) p	uzzle <b>d</b> ) conv	vince
22. sympathize .	a) ignore	<b>b</b> ) slow down	c) leave out	d) feel pity
23. theme	a) difficulty	b) conditio	n c) main top	ic <b>d</b> ) hardship
24. theory	a) explanation	b) effect	c) activity	d) choice
25. transfer	a) puzzle	<b>b</b> ) study close	ly c) win	d) move

(Continues on next page)

## PART B: Antonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly **opposite** in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

26.	abandon	a) make clear	<b>b</b> ) surprise	e c) lose	d) continue	
27.	alert	a) patient	<b>b</b> ) sleepy	c) serious	d) special	
28.	apparent	a) not proper	<b>b</b> ) hidden	c) difficult	<b>d</b> ) unfriendly	
29.	appropriate	a) least impor	rtant <b>b</b> ) frie	endly c) ex	act <b>d</b> ) not prope	er
30.	burden	<ul><li>a) truth</li><li>d) thought</li></ul>	<b>b</b> ) something ea	sy to handle	c) something usual	l
31.	crucial	a) not real	<b>b</b> ) not import	ant c) not	clear d) not war	nted
32.	deceive	a) tire b	) give away	c) tell the truth	to <b>d</b> ) let go of	
33.	disregard	a) know	b) throw away	c) make fu	n of <b>d</b> ) pay att	ention to
34.	dominate	<ul><li>a) accept as t</li><li>d) have a low</li></ul>	rue <b>b</b> ) lie to position	c) argue	with	
35.	earnest	a) weak	<b>b</b> ) dishonest	c) not fearful	d) not importa	nt
36.	economical	a) exciting	b) expected	c) expert	d) expensive	
37.	exclude	a) set free	<b>b</b> ) support	c) lose to	d) include	
38.	extraordinary	a) friendly	b) careless	c) usual	<b>d</b> ) important	
39.	extravagant	a) troubled	<b>b</b> ) money-sa	ving c) co	nfident <b>d</b> ) not s	erious
40.	fiction	a) action	b) idea c	subject <b>d</b>	) truth	
41.	hinder	a) give away	<b>b</b> ) help	c) change	d) lose	
42.	hostile	a) not sincere	<b>b</b> ) brave	c) not bori	d) friendly	
43.	idle	a) busy	b) valuable	c) not proper	d) brave	
44.	legible	a) not boring	<b>b</b> ) unreada	able c) untr	ruthful <b>d</b> ) not ea	asy
45.	monotonous	a) unusual	<b>b</b> ) interesting	c) true	d) easy to unders	stand
46.	overcome	a) continue	<b>b</b> ) lose to	c) have faith	in <b>d</b> ) find fault	with
47.	revive	<ul><li>a) make clear</li><li>d) make wear</li></ul>	r <b>b</b> ) pay attak	ention c) l	sten carefully	
48.	security	a) relief	b) activity	c) anger	d) danger	
49.	severe	a) sad	o) fast c) ne	w <b>d</b> ) mild		
50.	timid	a) unclear	<b>b</b> ) brave	c) important	d) fast	
		Score (Number	er correct)		%	

# **Unit Five**

#### Chapter 21

conflict stress
possess sufficient
procedure unanimous
renew vary
resources vicinity

#### Chapter 22

abolish nevertheless corrupt precise decay reform expand tendency flexible vast

#### Chapter 23

assert precaution
clarify preconception
evade resemble
extend rigid
negligent vertical

#### Chapter 24

anxious illustrate impression convince inferior overwhelm thorough

#### Chapter 25

acquire precede
commitment resent
formal solemn
fragment spite
fundamental symbolize

### Unit Five: Pretest

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

1. conflict	a) period of time b) point of view c) lesson d) disagreement
2. possess	a) run after b) adjust c) leave unchanged d) own
3. <b>procedure</b>	a) method b) opinion c) public d) piece of property
4. renew	a) create b) make active again c) force one's will upon d) attempt
5. resources	a) supplies b) inventions c) responses d) agreements
6. stress	a) tension b) relaxation c) enjoyment d) excitement
7. sufficient	a) less than is needed b) humorous c) empty d) enough
8. unanimous	<ul> <li>a) poorly thought out</li> <li>b) one-sided</li> <li>c) based on complete agreement</li> <li>d) mistaken</li> </ul>
9. <b>vary</b>	a) change b) insist c) remain the same d) reduce in size
10. vicinity	<ul> <li>a) heated argument</li> <li>b) area around a place</li> <li>c) written pamphlet</li> <li>d) type of lamp</li> </ul>
11. abolish	a) make smooth b) argue c) get rid of d) pay for
12. <b>corrupt</b>	a) sudden b) not honest c) careful d) not friendly
13. <b>decay</b>	a) break down b) make a decision c) rebuild d) make clear
14. <b>expand</b>	a) spend b) shrink c) punish d) grow
15. flexible	a) able to speak b) able to slow down c) able to bend d) able to walk
16. nevertheless	a) because b) afterward c) always d) even so
17. <b>precise</b>	a) exact b) busy c) large d) neglectful
18. reform	a) annoy b) make clear c) make better d) confuse
19. tendency	a) group of ten b) leaning toward c) working hard d) setting a limit
20. vast	a) well known b) silly c) very large d) frightening
21. assert	a) state as true b) tell a lie c) put limits on d) get ready for
22. clarify	a) doubt b) explain c) create d) stop
23. evade	a) make small b) break down c) get away from d) make longer
24. extend	a) make longer b) make up c) make ready d) make small
2.5 negligent	a) watchful h) tired c) not bending d) careless

(Continues on next page)

26. precaution	<ul> <li>a) cure</li> <li>b) problem</li> <li>c) something done to fix a problem</li> <li>d) something done beforehand</li> </ul>
27. preconception	a) judgment made in advance b) decision c) problem d) area nearby
28. resemble	a) see again b) look like c) worry about d) be angry with
29. <b>rigid</b>	a) like new b) not bending c) not friendly d) hard to see
30. vertical	a) side to side b) up and down c) all around d) truthful
31. anxious	a) sleepy b) sick c) busy d) worried
32. comprehend	a) scorn b) repeat c) protect d) understand
33. convince	a) cause to believe b) refuse to accept c) disregard d) clean up
34. dramatic	a) impressive b) hard to notice c) odd d) boring
35. frank	a) untruthful b) youthful c) honest d) painful
36. illustrate	a) give an example b) destroy c) repair d) send off
37. impression	a) lie b) pattern c) opinion d) center (of something)
38. <b>inferior</b>	<ul> <li>a) highly valued</li> <li>b) poor in quality</li> <li>c) less expensive</li> <li>d) unbreakable</li> </ul>
39. overwhelm	a) dissolve b) understand c) make helpless d) make whole
40. thorough	a) carefully done b) wasted c) forgotten d) well-paying
41. acquire	a) appreciate b) go before c) need d) get
42. commitment	a) promise b) symbol c) talk d) group of people
43. formal	a) proper b) previous c) later d) complete
44. fragment	a) injury b) copy c) true statement d) small part
45. fundamental	a) basic b) broken c) enjoyable d) thoughtful
46. <b>precede</b>	a) come after b) interrupt c) be a part of d) go before
47. resent	a) stand for b) feel angry at c) give away d) make up with
48. solemn •	a) lazy b) basic c) serious d) quiet
49. spite	a) desire to hurt b) desire to please c) long speech d) sense of humor
50. symbolize	a) look at b) point to c) talk to d) stand for





conflict possess procedure renew resources stress sufficient unanimous vary vicinity

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

			•
1 conflict /ˈkɒnflɪkt/		between the two diners on to settle their quarrel outs	became noisy, the restaurant side.
– noun	<ul> <li>Marsha's children of trash.</li> </ul>	often have a conflict about	whose turn it is to put out the
Conflict means	a. fight.	b. joke.	c. duty.
2 possess /pəˈzes/		the desire to <b>possess</b> very of I'd spend it on travel.	expensive cars and jewelry. If
– verb	<ul> <li>People who spend patience.</li> </ul>	I time with young childre	n need to possess plenty of
Possess means	a. to have.	b. to know.	c. to see.
3 procedure /prəˈsi:dʒə(r)/ - noun	• Even kindergarten		citizen?  procedure for reporting an ess, and describe the problem.
Procedure means	a. answer.	b. steps.	c. support.
4 <b>renew</b> /n'nju:/ – <i>verb</i>	have time to renew	their savings in time for re	ucation, many parents barely etirement. water throughout this area. In
	•	ple are being asked not to w	_
Renew means	a. to change.	b. to upset.	c. to build up again.
5 resources	<ul> <li>West Virginia's nat</li> </ul>	tural resources include coa	l and timber.
/rī¹sɔ:sɪz/ — noun	A country's resour the economy strong		the people who help to keep
Resources means	a. plans.	b. expenses.	c. wealth.
6 stress /stres/	-	y headaches were caused be duce the tension in my life.	by stress. He suggested that I
– noun	•		s. Angie's mother is very sick, Angie is going to have twins.
Stress means	a. relief.	b. problems.	c. details.

7	sufficient	• The farmers were	thankful tha	t there was sufficie	nt rain to save their crops.
	/sə¹fi∫ənt/ – adjective	<ul> <li>Brian's father toll sufficient gas to</li> </ul>			ar home, make sure it has
	Sufficient means	a. less.	b. d	ifferent.	c. enough.
8	unanimous /ju:ˈnænɪməs/	The vote electing was no other cane			unanimous. In fact, there
	– adjective			imous. Every juro parlor after getting	r believed that the woman her hair cut.
	_Unanimous means	a. showing full a	greement.	b. uncertain.	c. hard to understand
9	vary /'veəri/	•	_	s in weather along uch as forty degree	the coast. In one day, the s.
– verb	– verb	<ul> <li>Joan's lunches no sandwich, pretzel</li> </ul>	•	•	a peanut butter and celery
_	_Vary means	a. to begin.	b. to	change.	c. to disappear.
10	vicinity /vɪˈsɪnətɪ/	• In the vicinity of hour.	the elements	ary school, the spe	ed limit is fifteen miles ar
	– noun			buy the house the plant in the vicini	y liked when they learned ty.
	_Vicinity means	a. yard.	b. b	uilding.	c. neighborhood.
late	ching Words u	oith Definition	<b>S</b>		
		ns of the ten words. Pou will be able to figu			ition. If you look closely a

1		Whatever makes up the present and future wealth of a country, state, etc., including natural supplies and labor force
2		To fill up again; replace
3		The area near or around a place
4		A quarrel or fight; disagreement
5	<del> </del>	Showing full agreement
6		Mental or emotional tension; strain
7		To become different or to be different; change
8		As much as is needed
9.		To own; have
10.		Method; the way in which something is done

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

	possess c. procedure d. renew e. resources sufficient h. unanimous i. vary j. vicinity
	1. A country's include all of its minerals, such as coal, gold, and silver
	2. If there is no disagreement among jurors, we say that their decision i
	_ 3. Whether two people or groups are fighting with words or weapons, w can say they are having a
	4. If someone lives in the of your home, you would call that person neighbor.
	_ 5. If you are always patient, we can say that you lots of patience.
	_ 6. Roses greatly in color, size, and shape.
	7. A is a process that often involves a series of steps.
	_ 8. If you say you have time for an assignment, that means you hav enough time to do it in.
	_ 9. To my supply of clean towels, I'll have to do my laundry tonight.
	_ 10. Anything that puts pressure on our emotions, bodies, or minds can b called
Sentence Check 2	?
Jsing the answer lines, co	omplete each item below with <b>two</b> words from the box.
	1-2. The ongoing between the Millers and Smiths — an argument over the Smiths' noisy parties— has caused the Millers so much that they are thinking of moving.
	3-4. My father feels lucky that there is a surgeon in our who ha developed a special for doing the type of operation that he needs
	5-6. For certain trials, a majority vote among the jurors is not Instead, the vote must be
	7-8. According to one fairy tale, a kinges a magic box full of golcoins; whenever the box becomes empty, its its supply of coins.
	9-10. The natural of the United States depending upon the part of the country. For example, the Midwest is rich in farmland, and the Northeast has more coal.

#### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. distress, noun	Mental or physical suffering
b. Insufficient, adjective	이 나는 아이들은 얼마가 살려지는 얼마를 잃다면 되어 가는 맛이지. 아이들 바로 하다 가게 되면 하면 우리가 되었다. 얼마가 얼마를 하는 것이 가지 않다면 다른 사람이 되었다.
c. possession, noun	Something that is owned
d. stressful, adjective	Producing tension
e. variation, noun	A change from what is usual
1.	Even though a wedding is a happy event, it is also a one for the people getting married and their families. For instance, it is common for families to argue about who gets invited and who does not.
2.	One of the museum's most valuables is a five-thousand-year-old Chinese vase. Such vases are quite scarce°; there may be fewer than a dozen in the entire world.
3.	The trip to the shore was canceled when an number of people signed up to go.
4.	For dinner, we had a on the usual pork chops — it was Spicy Hawaiian Pork with Pineapple.
5.	When the movers dropped a box marked "Fragile," a look of crossed Mrs. Henderson's face. She knew the accident had not been intentional, but inside the box was a valuable statue which she had obtained on a trip to Mexico.
f. proceed, verb g. renewable, adjective h. suffice, verb i. unvarying, adjective	To be enough Unchanging
j. variety, noun	A number of different things; mixture
6.	Will five dollars to pay for the taxi?
7.	Turn left at Maple Avenue and three blocks south.
	Solar energy is; that is, we can always get more of it.
9.	The local college offers a of adult classes, including yoga, oil painting, self-defense, and Chinese cooking.
10.	On the long car trip, the family drove past many miles of corn fields, and the children grew tired of the view. That's when I pulled out the games I had brought along to help the children overcome° boredom.

### > Word Parts

stressfi	<ul> <li>tension</li> <li>producing tension</li> </ul>	joy — great ha joyful — full o	ppiness f great happiness
On each answer lin	e, write the word from t	he box that means the sa	ame as the italicized words.
a. beautiful d. thankful		b. <b>playful</b> e. <b>wasteful</b>	c. stressful
			people to be <i>producing was</i> they really want or need.
		itside of an oyster shell its pale milky rainbow o	is rather ugly, the inside is j colors.
			far from my home, I was ful d and offered me a ride to to
	4. Most people fin group.	d it <i>producing stress</i> to	nave to speak in front of a la
		eem overly serious, but yo, laughing and telling jo	when she's not busy, she can kes.
Examples: conflic	<ul><li>con- means "with" or "</li><li>t — a quarrel with some</li></ul>	eone	
Examples: conflict commu	t — a quarrel with some unicate — to exchange	eone	tes the item.
Examples: conflict commu	t — a quarrel with some inicate° — to exchange e, write the word from the control of the control	eone information together	tes the item. h. conflict
Examples: conflict communicate  f. communicate	t — a quarrel with some inicate° — to exchange e, write the word from the control of the control	eone information together the box that best comple g. complicate contrast	h. conflict
Examples: conflict communicate  f. communicate	t — a quarrel with some inicate° — to exchange e, write the word from the control of the control	cone information together the box that best comple complicate contrast with her neighbors of	h. conflict over their dogs' getting into
Examples: conflict communicate  f. communicate	t — a quarrel with some inicate° — to exchange e, write the word from the control of the control of the party.  The more people for the party.  8. There's a big.	cone information together the box that best comple complicate contrast with her neighbors of e you invite, the more you	h. <b>conflict</b> over their dogs' getting into  ou will our job of prepar  Villiams brothers. One is v
Examples: conflict communicate  f. communicate	t — a quarrel with some inicate° — to exchange e, write the word from the control of the party.  The more people for the party.  8. There's a big outgoing and from the carve.	cone information together the box that best comple  complicate  contrast  with her neighbors of e you invite, the more you between the two V iendly, and the other is q	h. conflict  over their dogs' getting into  ou will our job of preparation  Villiams brothers. One is value shy.  for the third month in a row,

c. unanimous

### > Final Check

a. conflict

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

b. stress

#### A. Traveling with Children

d. vary	e. vicinity	
	ng in the (1) of home o	
seems to last longer if n	my kids are in the car. The minute we're on the	road, the baby begins
to cry and the older	children start a major (2)	These fights
(3)	from time to time, but they often have son	nething to do with one
of four primary° compla	nints:	
1. One kid is in the	e front seat when it's another kid's turn.	
2. Someone who h	ad a window seat last time got one again.	
3. One of the gang	g hates the music that another has turned on. (I	No single radio station
nas won the (4)	approval of the children.)	,
4. One child feels	another "is looking at me funny."	
Now that I think	about it, maybe I can preserve° the peace a	nd lower the level of
(5)	in my life by making the kids take a bus!	
f. possess	g. procedure j. sufficient	h. renew
	j. Sumoien	the state of the s
Once some of Ear	th's valuable (6) a	
		are used up, it will be
impossible to (7)	th's valuable (6) a	are used up, it will be
impossible to (7)up and gone forever.	th's valuable (6) a	are used up, it will be will someday be used
impossible to (7)up and gone forever.  We do, however, (8	th's valuable (6) a them. For example, coal	will someday be used
impossible to (7)up and gone forever.  We do, however, (8) over and over. Paper, n	th's valuable (6) them. For example, coal other important su	will someday be used  pplies that can be used  we products again and
impossible to (7)up and gone forever.  We do, however, (8) over and over. Paper, nagain by means of recy	th's valuable (6) them. For example, coal other important sumetals, plastics and glass can be turned into no	will someday be used  pplies that can be used  we products again and severe shortages and
impossible to (7)up and gone forever.  We do, however, (8) over and over. Paper, n again by means of recy garbage problems will	th's valuable (6) them. For example, coal other important sunetals, plastics and glass can be turned into negycling. If we don't recycle, who knows what	will someday be used pplies that can be used ew products again and severe shortages and





abolish corrupt decay expand flexible nevertheless precise reform tendency vast

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1	abolish	<ul> <li>With our advanced far</li> </ul>	rming methods, why can't w	e abolish hunger?
	/ə¹bɒlɪ∫/ – verb	One way for a school and hold classes all years.	district to save money is to ear round.	abolish summer vacation
	_Abolish means	a. to make longer.	b. to get rid of.	c. to pay for.
2	2 corrupt /kəˈrʌpt/	raid.	icer went to prison for selli	
	- adjective	<ul> <li>The country was run alike.</li> </ul>	by a corrupt ruler who	robbed the rich and poor
	_Corrupt means	a. not honest.	b. respected.	c. poor.
3	decay /di'kei/ – verb		and flossed regularly are no rees, decay, and become parties.	•
	_Decay means	a. to increase.	b. to bend.	c. to rot.
4	expand /ik'spænd/	• The grocery is buying double its space.	g the shop next door so that	t it can expand enough to
	– verb	• During a heavy rain, t	hat little creek expands into	a fast-moving river.
	_Expand means	a. to bend.	b. to break down.	c. to grow.
5	flexible /fleksəbl/	• The lamp has a <b>flexi</b> light.	ble neck that can be bent a	in any direction you need
	– adjective	•	ld who is upset at any change to enjoy doing something	
	_Flexible means	a. able to bend or cha	nge. b. long or tall.	c. useless.
6	nevertheless /¡nevəðəˈles/	Too much sun can ca deep suntan.	ause skin cancer; neverthe	less, many people want a
	– adverb	• The doll is old and tat	tered, but the little boy love	s it <b>nevertheless</b> .
	Nevertheless means	a. rarely.	b. because of that.	c. even with that.

7 precise	• In baking, it is important	to be precise when measuring	ng ingredients.
/pri <sup>'</sup> sais/ — adjective	We found the house easil	y, thanks to our host's precis	se directions.
Precise means	a. exact.	b. busy.	c. strong.
8 reform /rɪˈfɔːm/	• Does serving time in p streets?	rison reform people or on	ly keep them off the
– verb	<ul> <li>Training classes can ref pull on their leashes.</li> </ul>	form dogs so that they don'	t jump on people and
Reform means	a. to annoy.	b. to make better.	c. to confuse.
9 tendency /'tendensi/	• Fishermen have a <b>tende</b> caught.	ency to tell big stories abou	t the fish they almost
noun	• I have a bad tendency to	put off doing work until the	last minute.
Tendency means	a. hard work.	b. limit.	c. habit.
10 vast	• Lake Superior is so vast	that you could easily mistake	e it for an ocean.
/vɑ:st/ _ adjective	• The library has a vast c children.	ollection of books for adults	s, but not so many for
Vast means	a. well-known.	b. gradual.	c. very big.

### **Matching Words with Definitions**

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1.	To spread out; get larger
2	To gradually break down; rot
3	In spite of that; even so
4	Dishonest; crooked
5	To cause or persuade to behave better
6	To put an end to
7	Exact; correct; accurate
8	A leaning toward thinking or behaving in a certain way
9	Very large in size, amount, or area
10	Able to bend or be bent; able to change or be changed easily

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

	a. abolish f. nevertheless	b. corrupt c. decay d. expand e. flexible g. precise h. reform i. tendency j. vast
		1. I don't know Hank's age, but I guess he's in his mid-fifties.
		2. The sun is shining brightly;, it is quite chilly outside.
		3. The house is beginning to Its windows are broken, and its paint is peeling off.
		4. The high school is going to by adding more classrooms.
		5. My grandfather's hands are stiff when he wakes up, but later in the day they grow more
		6. Scholars, writers, and researchers from all over the world visit the Library of Congress in Washington, D.C., to make use of its collection of books and papers on every topic imaginable.
		7. Former employees told reporters about practices in the supermarket such as soaking spoiling hams in bleach to get rid of the bad smell.
		8. Eli used to answer the phone by yelling, "Who is this?" but a few lessons in phone mannersed him so that he now says "Hello?" politely.
		9. I have a to talk loudly and quickly when I am nervous.
		_ 10. The restaurant's owner decided to the smoking section and make the entire restaurant smoke-free.
Se	entence Check 2	<b>?</b>
Us	ing the answer lines, co	emplete each item below with two words from the box.
_		
_		3-4. Many people feel that to politicians and improve politics, it is necessary to all gifts of money from groups that wish to influence lawmakers.
_		5-6. The housing project is so that you can get lost walking around ir it, and it's so poorly cared for that the buildings are starting to
_		7-8. The crime boss wants his evil business to even more; he plans to add gambling operations to his drug business.
		9-10. During their trip out West, Mom and Dad kept their plans very

### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. abolition, noun b. corruption, noun c. expansion, noun d. incorruptible, adject e. reformatory, noun	Getting rid of something  Making someone bad or dishonest  Making something larger  ive Not able to be made dishonest  A school for young people who have broken the law
1,	The of the car factory will create forty-five new jobs.
2.	The pastor of that church says that rock music is bad because it leads t the of children.
3.	Because he was only 15 when he committed his crime, Brian was ser to a rather than to the state prison.
4.	Everyone respects Judge Mayer because he is fair, honest, and
5.	One of the most important effects of the Civil War was the of slavery in the United States.
f. expandable, adjective g. Imprecise, adjective h. Inflexible, noun i. precision, noun j. vastness, noun	
6	. My boss is; she wants to do things only one way — her way.
7	During her pregnancy, Midori often wore sweatpants because of the stretchy, waistline.
8	. The bench that I built rocked back and forth because I made measurements before I began cutting.
9	During operations, surgeons must make every movement with gream, or they might do more harm than good. Nobody wants a awkward° surgeon.
10	. When I lie outside on a summer night, looking up at the sky filled wir stars, I begin to think about the of the universe and the smallness our Earth. Is it possible that we are the sole planet to have intelligent life?

## > Synonyms and Antonyms

A. Synonyms. Write the letter of the boldfaced word.	ne word or phrase that most nearly means the same as each
1. reform	
a. make better	b. make more difficult
c. make sure	d. get bigger
2. tendency	
a. thought	b. habit of acting in a certain way
c. fear	d. making something larger
3. decay	•
a. build	b. continue
c. disappear	d. spoil
4. precise	
a. helpful	b. unclear
c. dishonest	d. exact
5. nevertheless	
a. because	b. perhaps
c. despite that	d. sometimes
B. Antonyms. Write the letter of the boldfaced word.	e word or phrase that most nearly means the opposite of each
6. corrupt	
a. small	b. helpless
c. honest	d. stiff
7. flexible	
a. stiff	b. small
c. gone	d. not correct
8. vast	
a. many	b. broken
c. incorrect	d. tiny
9. expand	
a. grow stronger	b. get smaller
c. break	d. build
10. abolish	
a. end	b. become used to
c. like	d. create

### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. More Fat, Anyone?

a. decay	b. expand	c. nevertheless
a. decay d. precise	6. Vest	
	and sugary foods are bad for us. (1)	
eat them. Demand for fo	od with (2) amou	unts of fat and sugar is high.
To meet the demand	f for fat, many fast-food giants offer mor	re and bigger high-fat menu
items. Pizza Hut sells its	Triple Decker Pizza, a health nightmare	with as much fat as a stick
and a half of butter! Mc	Donald's offers a super-fat triple cheeseb	urger. And Taco Bell sells a
variety° of fatty bacon	products. To make matters worse, the fa	ast-food chains offer sugar-
filled ice cream, shakes,	, soda, pies, and cookies that make us f	atter and cause our teeth to
(3)	Although fat and sugar are not w	holesome° for the customer,
they are certainly good fe	or the financial health of the fast-food cha	nins.
Why do we disrega	rd° what science teaches us about a goo	od diet? Researchers cannot
explain the (4)	reasons why we ignore v	what we know about healthy
eating, but one thing is c	ertain. As long as our appetite for fat and	sugar continues to increase,
our waistlines will contin	nue to (5)	

#### B. Is Prison Effective?

positive ways.

f. abolish g. corrupt f. reform j. tendency	h. <b>fléxible</b>
There's a lot of disagreement about how to (6)	criminals and
make them good citizens. Today, most of them are sent to pris	son. But many people believe
that serving time in prison does not really make a person less li	
They point out that in prison, a person may spend months or y	-
hardened criminals. Will a prisoner in such company of (7) to be honest? Not likely, they satisfies the company of the c	come out of jail with the
probably learn only how to be more (8)	
In addition, many people want to (9)	
it is just as wrong to kill a killer as it was for him or her to comr	
Even if you agree with these points, the question remains o	_
harm others. Some people want prison changed from a place w	• •
to a place where prisoners can obtain an education, job training	

to see the system become (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_ enough to adjust to a prisoner's needs, rather than treat everyone the same. They want to see prisons influence° prisoners in





assert clarify evade extend negligent precaution preconception resemble rigid vertical

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	7 7
1 assert /əˈsɜːt/	<ul> <li>The mayor asserted in court that he never took bribes, but the jury did not believe him.</li> </ul>
– verb	<ul> <li>Every once in a while, the newspapers sold in supermarkets assert that Elvis Presley is alive and hiding somewhere.</li> </ul>
Assert means	a. to doubt. b. to fear. c. to state strongly.
2 clarify /'klærɪfaɪ/	• Mr. Patel is a great math teacher. He can <b>clarify</b> even the hardest problems so that everyone can understand.
– verb	<ul> <li>I didn't understand my health insurance plan, so I asked someone at the insurance company to clarify it for me.</li> </ul>
Clarify means	a. to explain. b. to create. c. to stop.
3 evade /ɪˈveɪd/	• Our dog will do anything to <b>evade</b> a bath. Once we get him near the tub, we have to shut the bathroom door, or he will escape.
– verb	<ul> <li>In my favorite cops-and-robbers movie, the robbers tried to evade the police by leaving through a hole in the roof. However, their plan failed — the police were waiting on the roof!</li> </ul>
Evade means	a. to break down. b. to get away from. c. to find.
4 extend /ik'stend/ - verb	<ul> <li>We had so much fun camping that we extended our vacation one more day.</li> <li>"Because many students are having trouble finishing this project on time," said the instructor, "I will extend the deadline by one more week."</li> </ul>
Extend means	a. to make longer or later. b. to make clear. c. to escape.
5 negligent /'neglidz <i>ə</i> nt/	<ul> <li>Our neighbor is negligent with her dog — she lets it run loose and dig in other people's yards.</li> </ul>
– adjective	<ul> <li>I was negligent in caring for my new plant, and it died.</li> </ul>
Negligent means	a. friendly. b. paying too little attention. c. surprised.
6 precaution /prɪˈkɔ:∫ən/	<ul> <li>We took the precaution of having the car tuned up before we began our long trip.</li> </ul>
– noun	<ul> <li>As you walk in the woods, wear long pants as a precaution against poison ivy.</li> </ul>
D	

b. something stated.

c. step taken to be safe.

a. cure for a problem.

Precaution means

/ˌpri:kənˈsepʃ <i>ə</i> n/	• From her voice on the phone, I had a <b>preconception</b> of my brother's girlfriend as being rather unfriendly.					
– noun	<ul> <li>Our preconception the Once we got there, we</li> </ul>	at the party would be boring had a great time.	was completely wrong.			
Preconception means	a. wish.	<ul> <li>b. judgment made without experience.</li> </ul>	c. statement of fact.			
/rı¹zembl/	<ul> <li>A certain worthless mi real gold. Both minera</li> </ul>	ineral is known as "fool's gold ls are shiny yellow.	d" because it <b>resembles</b>			
– verb	<ul> <li>Eating wild mushroon sometimes resembles</li> </ul>	ns can be dangerous because one that is safe.	a poisonous mushroom			
Resemble means	a. to be better than.	b. to look the same as.	c. to be easier to find than.			
/ˈrɪdʒɪd/	<ul> <li>Modeling clay is rigid when it is cold, but once it warms in your hands it becomes softer and easier to work with.</li> </ul>					
– adjective	• The guards outside the	e palace stood stiffly — they le	ooked as <b>rigid</b> as poles.			
Rigid means	a. not heavy.	b. hard to beat.	c. not bending.			
/¹vɜːtɪkəl/	<ul> <li>Clothes with vertical thinner.</li> </ul>	stripes generally make the	wearer look taller and			
– adjective	• The dark vertical line background of the sno	es of the telephone poles loo wy field.	ked striking against the			
Vertical means	a. very clear.	b. curving.	c. up-and-down.			

### **Matching Words with Definitions**

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1	An opinion formed before having enough information or experience
2	To look like or be similar to; be like
3	To make clear or easy to understand
4	Something done in advance to avoid a problem
5	Careless
6	To state positively, often without proof
7	To escape or avoid through clever action
8	In a straight up-and-down line; upright
9	Stiff; not bending
0	To make longer in time or later in time

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

		clarify c. evade d. extend è. négligent preconception h. resemble i. rigid j. vertical
	Talking of unital Proposition was developed and the relation control of a proper solution of	A good math teacher can a difficult problem.
		2. The people who want to build the mall that it will mean more business for local stores, but the local stores owners do not believe them.
		3. The children found a board to use as a bridge over the creek.
		4. Eli was a poor worker — hed responsibility whenever possible.
		5. The instructored the test so everyone had time to finish.
		6. Before tasting spinach, many kids have the they will not like it.
		7. Expensive silk roses real roses.
		8. It was of you to play soccer in the house — you must have known you could break something.
		9. Remember to put on sunblock lotion as a against sunburn.
		10. As we got closer to New York City, we saw the shape of the tall Empire State Building against the bright summer sky.
Se	entence Check 2	
Us	ing the answer lines, cor	mplete each item below with two words from the box.
_		1-2. It was of the town to open a swimming pool without taking the of hiring a lifeguard first.
		3-4. Because Kristas her sister physically, I had the that she would have a similar personality, but the two girls are actually very different.
		5-6. A reporter said the mayor's views on taxes were unclear, and he asked the mayor to her ideas. However, the Mayord the question by saying, "Who can think about taxes when our basketball team is about to win the state championship?"
_		7-8. The new advertisements for the motor oil that using the oil is guaranteed to the life of your car.
_		9-10. To make a playhouse, Mac began with four pieces of wood. He stuck one end of each deep in the ground, so that each piece of wood was in a position.

### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. clarification, noun	Explanation
b. conception, noun	An idea or thought
c. extension, noun	An increase in time
d. negligence, noun	Carelessness
e. rigidity, noun	Stiffness; inability or unwillingness to change
	<ol> <li>The children were scolded for their in leaving the cover off the arfarm and letting all the ants escape.</li> </ol>
	2. My boss gave me a two-day to my vacation so that I can go on ten-day trip with my family.
· ·	3. Many students had trouble understanding the science assignment, sthe instructor took some class time for a
	4. A young child's of heaven is a place where angels live on clouds.
	5. I found Emmet hard to live with because of his He found it almost impossible to accept change and other people's ways of doing things.
f. assertion, noun	A statement made positively but without proof
g. <b>assertive</b> , adjectiv	Able to stand up for oneself and say what one thinks or wants
h. clarity, noun	Clearness of thought and choice of words
evasion, noun	트레스트 (2019년 1일 )
j. resemblance, nou	### 1200 HT : 1200 HT
	6. Jay should be more If he is served the wrong meal in a restauran he eats it rather than speaking up to say there has been a mistake.
	7. Few people believed the man's that he had been kidnapped b aliens.
	8. Bok choy is a popular Chinese vegetable that has a to cabbage, t which it is related.
	9. It is very helpful when a textbook is written with great
	10. The businessman avoided paying taxes for years, but he was finall caught and went to jail for tax He had been so dishonest with s many people that nobody sympathized° with him or felt sorry to so him go to prison.

### Word Parts

1	The	prefix	ex-	can	mean	"beyond"	or	"out.	"
---	-----	--------	-----	-----	------	----------	----	-------	---

Examples: extraordinary° — beyond the ordinary excerpt° — a part that is taken out of a whole work

On each answer line, write the word from the box that best completes the item.

d. external°	e. extraordinary
	1. Since so many people had something to say, the meeting wased another thirty minutes.
	2. A TV show titled <i>That's Entertainment</i> includess from many wonderful musical films.
	3. When the children play, they prefer to Hank because he is such a bully.
	4. You are supposed to cut off the layer of the kiwi fruit before eating it.
	5. Mrs. Martin is an woman. She has brought up four wonderful children by herself and also built a fine career at a bank where she is now a vice president.
preserve° -	— something done beforehand to avoid a problem — to protect or keep in good condition, before there's a problem  vrite the word from the box that best completes the item.
nrecerive*	g. preheat h. prepare
from the contract of the contr	j. pretest
	6. To for the trip, I have to wash and pack a lot of clothes.
	Secretary of the secretary and the secretary of the secretary and the secretary of the secr
	<ul> <li>6. To for the trip, I have to wash and pack a lot of clothes.</li> <li>7. Sometimes the math instructors gives students a to help them see if</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>6. To for the trip, I have to wash and pack a lot of clothes.</li> <li>7. Sometimes the math instructors gives students a to help them see if they are ready for the real test.</li> </ul>

#### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. She Changed My Mind

d magazina a dalah	b. extend c. preconception	a, clarify
d. resemble	e. rigid	d. resemble

When I entered a Catholic school as a third-grader, I was very scared. The teachers were nuns, and although I had never known any nuns myself, I had a (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_ of what a nun would be like. I pictured a hostile° woman dressed in a strange robe and sitting stiffly, as (2)\_\_\_\_\_ as the ruler in her hand, and frowning when I forgot the answers to her questions. I imagined her deciding to (3)\_\_\_\_\_ my school day by several hours after everyone else went home.

#### B. So Sue Me

f. assert g. evade	h. negligent
i, precaution j. vertical	

"I'll sue!" This threat is all too often carried out. Americans have a strong tendency° to bring one another to court.

Take the case of the teenager who walked down the street, listening to music through the headphones of his personal stereo. He came to a curb and stepped into the street. A car running through a red light nearly hit him. Because he was listening to music, he had not heard the car coming. Did he sue the (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_ driver? No — he sued the maker of the stereo. He claimed the stereo should have come with a note telling him to take the (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_ of removing the stereo when he was crossing a street.

Another well-known case involved a similar circumstance°. A woman sued a fast-food chain for serving her coffee that was too hot. She spilled the coffee in her own lap, burned herself, and (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_ed that the restaurant was to blame.

What is next? Should ice-cream cones carry warning labels saying, "Keep the cone in a (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ position or else the ice cream might fall off"? It seems that suing someone else has become yet another way for people to (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_ taking responsibility for their own actions.





anxious comprehend convince dramatic frank Illustrate impression inferior overwhelm thorough

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

			C	
/ <sup>l</sup> æ	anxious /ˈæŋkʃəs/	• Dean was <b>anxious</b> about whether he would like h	out his new job. He worrie	d about doing well and
	– adjective	You seemed anxious be	efore the test, but you look n	nore relaxed now.
	_Anxious means	a. sure.	b. troubled.	c. late.
2	comprehend /ˌkɒmprɪˈhend/ – verb	country, she did not con	friend knew English pretty wanprehend such slang terms as now a computer works, but a apers.	s "cool" and "gross."
	_Comprehend means	a. to believe.	b. to remember.	c. to understand.
3	convince /kənˈvɪns/ – verb	•	can <b>convince</b> the jury that he her roommate that she had did not believe her.	
	_Convince means	a. to learn from.	b. to cause to believe.	c. to keep from.
4	dramatic /drəˈmætɪk/ – adjective	<ul> <li>To hold our attention, our gym teacher used dramatic movem waving her arms or jumping.</li> <li>Mr. Johnson prefers not to be noticed when he enters a roo Johnson enjoys making dramatic entrances, such as by swir purple cape around her shoulders.</li> </ul>		enters a room, but Mrs.
	_Dramatic means	a. distant.		c. attracting attention.
5	frank /fræŋk/ – adjective	is wrong with me, pleas	er said to me, "your new ha	•
	Frank means	a. careful.	b. honest.	c. worried.
6	illustrate /'iləstreit/ - verb	in a sentence.	anted to teach us a new wor ted his point about forgiving I to forgive his attacker.	

a. to explain with an example.

b. to change.

c. to make difficult.

Illustrate means

7 impression /ım'pre∫ən/ – noun		•	loud and rude, but spending noise was a warm, friendly
	_	on that Vicky was coming o at she had never really plann	n the ski trip, but at the last ed to come.
Impression means	a. argument.	b. rule.	c. opinion.
8 inferior /ɪnˈfiəriə(r)/ – adjective	Joan's basketball sl	I to be <b>inferior</b> to gold, but I stills are <b>inferior</b> to those of Joan will improve quickly.	still prefer silver jewelry. the other team members, but
Inferior to means	a. just like.	b. worse than.	c. new to.
9 <b>overwhelm</b> /ˌəuvəˈ <i>h</i> welm/ - <i>verb</i>			any instructions at one time. olding him down while they
Overwhelm means	a. to encourage.	b. to overpower.	c. to watch.
10 <b>thorough</b> /ˈθʌrə/ – adjective	my glasses — in m  • Before signing up	y pocket.	y apartment, I finally found center, do a thorough check
Thorough means	a. quick.	b. careful.	c. exciting.
each word in context, y	ns of the ten words. <b>Pri</b> ou will be able to figure	nt each word next to its defi out its meaning.	nition. If you look closely at
1.		d open; sincere	
2		value or quality	
3		very carefully done	
4	To underst	and completely	

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

To persuade by argument or proof

much of something; overpower

To make clear, as with an example, picture, or demonstration°

Having very exciting, interesting qualities; striking; very noticeable A belief, opinion, or thought — often based on little information

To make mentally, emotionally, or physically helpless with too

Worried; troubled; fearful about what might happen

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. anxious b. co f. illustrate g. in	pression	4		
			math problem, it me	ans you understand
	2. A grade of	C is to a B.		
	3. Your first _	of people is th	ne same thing as your	first opinion of them
	4. Too much	confusing work w	ould anyone.	×.
	5. It usually to	akes more time to	o do a job than a s	loppy one.
	6. Something	frightening or tro	oubling makes people	·
	7. A outf	it is unusual and v	will attract attention.	
	_	-	l you just what he or surfalse compliments.	she thinks of your no
	9. It should ta	ke proof to a	jury that someone is	guilty.
	•	y to make an idea ght use an examp	a more clear is to le or a picture.	it in some way. To
tence Check 2				
g the answer lines, com	plete each item	n below with <b>two</b>	words from the box.	
		•	lse eyelashes, and ct attention to herself.	red dress gave me t
	• •	•	l about moving the language.	to a foreign count
		s is so that s s to her instru	she will often tell us actions.	stories about her ov
	certain p	pair of shoes. "Yo character on the	re was trying to he ou like them because them," she explained, "brill fall apart in a mont	hey have your favor out they are so
	9–10. "Don't l	et this big exam	you," said the ins material, and I'm sure	tructor. "We've don

### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. anxiety, noun b. comprehension, c. conviction, noun d. frankness, noun e. impress, verb	
	1. "You're right; I was speeding," the driver told the police officers hoping to please them with his
	2. As I waited to hear how badly my car was damaged, I tried to contro my
	3. My mother always had a that you should help people less fortunate than yourself.
	4. The lecture on the planets and stars was beyond the of many people in the audience.
	5. What adults do may young children. For instance, if an adult they respect smokes, they are likely to think that smoking must be OK.
f. drama, noun g. dramatize, verb h. iliustrator, noun i. interiority, noun j. impressive, adject	A play, or an event having exciting, play-like qualities  To turn into a play  A person who creates pictures for books, magazines, etc.  Poor quality as compared with something else  Having a strong positive effect
*	6. Some wonderful children's books were created by a famous husband and-wife team; she is the writer, and he is the
	7. In many ads, advertisers will talk about the of other brand compared with their own. Of course, they always assert that their own product is the best.
•	8. Other drivers often slow down and stare at an accident, attracted by the of the scene.
	<ol> <li>The TV movied the life of Cesar Chavez, who fought for the right of migrant workers. He tried to reform<sup>o</sup> the way farm employers treat their workers.</li> </ol>
	_10. The high-school basketball player's performance was so that several college teams wanted the player to join them.

## > Synonyms and Antonyms

A. Synonyms. Write the letter of boldfaced word.	the word or phrase that most nearly means the same as each
1. convince	
a. point out	b. study
c. persuade	d. fear
2. dramatic	·
a. helpful,	b. striking
c. confusing	d. not well-known
3. illustrate	•
a. have faith	b. work hard
c. explain	d. argue
4. impression	
a. belief	b. proof
c. news	d. honesty
5. overwhelm	
a. delay	b. make clear
c. overpower	d. overwork
boldfaced word 6. anxious a. calm	b. forgetful
c. busy	d. lonely
7. comprehend	
a. pretend	b. know
c. find	d. misunderstand
8. frank	
a. certain	b. expert
c. humorous	d. dishonest
9. inferior	
a. far away	b. well-known
c. better	d. simple
10. thorough	
a. truthful	b. risky
c. sensible	d. incomplete

#### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. Fear of Public Speaking

a, anxious	b. <b>convince</b>	c. Inferior
d. overwhelm	e. thorough	
I get (1)	even thinking abo	ut getting up in front of the
whole class to give my histo	ory report. I don't know why I'm s	so worried. I guess I'm afraid
that I will humiliate° myself	f. I have done a (2)	job of preparing
my report — I don't think I	've left anything important out. I	guess I compare myself with
others and worry about when	ther my work is (3)	to theirs. I hope
that my fears won't (4)	me and preve	ent me from doing a good job.
I'll have to (5)	myself that as long	g as I have made an effort, my
report will be OK.		,
A.W. (70)		
Mrs Thornton's Conditi	27.95	

#### B. Mrs. Thornton's Condition

f. comprehend	g. dramatic	h. frank
i. Illustrate	j. Impression	net year

Adults should be honest with children. I can (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_ this point by telling how I and my fellow first-graders suffered when our teacher had a baby. It wasn't that we didn't like babies or that we didn't like Mrs. Thornton. Most of us loved them both. The problem was that we did not realize she was pregnant, so her (7) growth frightened us. Could that happen to us some day? Would we balloon up for no reason? Also, we were worried about her. But even when we made our concern evidento by asking what was happening to her, she gave us only silly answers like "I guess I ate too much breakfast!"

Finally, one day she didn't appear at school. Instead, our principal simply announced, "Mrs. Thornton will not be your teacher anymore." We were left with the (8) that something awful had happened to her. We were fearful and sad. Fortunately, the substitute teacher who took Mrs. Thornton's place saw our tearful faces and realized we did not (9) the situation. She explained that Mrs. Thornton had just had a baby and that she was fine and very happy. But we could have been saved a great deal of worry and fear if the adults in our lives had just been more (10) with us and had clarified the situation.





acquire commitment formal fragment fundamental precede resent spiemn spite symbolize

### Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

			_	
1	acquire /əˈkwaɪə(r)/ - verb		d, Brad <b>acquired</b> a little bi	
	_Acquire means	a. to appreciate.	b. to get.	c. to do without.
2	commitment /kəˈmɪtmənt/ – noun	• The Greens made a c charity.	itment to stop smoking the ommitment to give 5 pe	ercent of their income to
	_Commitment means	a. promise.	b. piece.	c. symbol.
3	formal /ˈfɔːməl/ – adjective	name or try to joke with	be very expensive, so Juli	•
	Formal means	a. interesting.	b. traditional and prope	r. c. full of hope.
4 fragment /'frægment/ - noun	/'frægmənt/	<ul><li>fragment on the floor.</li><li>Scientists digging up a</li></ul>	en barefoot. I broke a glas	
		think is a <b>fragment</b> of		
	_Fragment means	a. whole.	b. copy.	c. small part.
5	fundamental /ˌfʌndəˈmentəl/ - adjective		water safety is this: Don't	
	_Fundamental means	a. based on fun.	b. unusual. c. 1	needing to be learned first.
6	precede/ /ˌpri:ˈsi:d/ – verb	come first?	adship <b>precedes</b> love in a second of the se	-
	_Precede means	a. to come before.	b. to be part of.	c. to stand for.

7 resent /rɪˈzent/	<ul> <li>The voters resent the after his election.</li> </ul>	fact that the mayor made	promises he did not keep
– verb	• People often resent bei	ng given advice they did no	ot ask for.
Resent means	a. to feel bitter about.	b. to feel better about.	c. to feel frightened by.
8 solemn /'solem/		e jokes to get the children ot playing with matches, he	
– adjective	<ul> <li>The group of laughing friend had been injured</li> </ul>	children became <b>solemn</b> v	when they heard that their
Solemn means	a. hard to understand.	b. silly.	c. serious.
9 spite /spart/	• Turning against her fo "Everyone thinks you'r	rmer friend, the girl said e a real loser."	with spite in her voice,
– noun	<ul> <li>The disk jockeys' spit said nasty things about</li> </ul>	e toward each other was the other on the air.	obvious — each of them
Spite means	a. puzzlement.	b. hate.	c. sense of humor.
10 symbolize /'simbəlaiz/	• In ancient Egypt, a p. symbolized the sun.	icture of a small circle v	vith a dot in the middle
– verb	<ul> <li>During World War II, during the 1960s, it syn</li> </ul>	holding two fingers up inbolized peace.	n a V stood for victory;
Symbolize means	a. to be like.	b. to stand for.	c. to point toward.

### **Matching Words with Definitions**

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1	Proper; not casual; according to custom or tradition
2	A promise to do something; pledge
3	To get through one's own actions; gain something as one's own
4	Basic; forming a foundation; essential
5	A small piece broken off something whole
6	To feel angered and injured by
7	An unfriendly feeling that causes one to want to hurt or shame another
8	To stand for; be a symbol of
9	Serious and respectful
10.	To come before

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

### > Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

	a acquire b, commitment c. formal d. fragment e. fundamental f. precede g. resent h. solemn i. spite j. symbolize
	1. When I dropped the blue china vase, it broke intos.
	2. The neighbors' to keep their street beautiful shows in their neat lawns and lovely flower gardens.
	3. Instead of having a class, the instructor and students held a picnic.
	4. Every year, the librarys about two hundred new books.
	5. Pamela felt such toward her ex-husband that she went through their family photographs and cut his picture out of every one of them.
	6. l the way my roommate cooks late-night snacks and then leaves dirty dishes for me to clean up.
	7. When I go to a movie theater, I try to get there early enough so that I can see the ads that the film.
	8. Jerome is usually lighthearted, but he becomes when he talks about his brother's struggle with mental illness.
	9. There are lots of rules about good manners, but the idea behind them all is this: Treat people the way you wish they would treat you.
	10. At the Academy Awards, many actors wore little red ribbons to their concern for people living with AIDS.
Se	ntence Check 2
Us	ng the answer lines, complete each item below with two words from the box.
	1-2. To remind themselves of why they are saving money, Sam and Christid a dollhouse to the real house they hope to buy someday.
	3-4. Everyone was very at the much-loved doctor's funeral. Many people expressed their to carrying on his good works and keeping his memory alive.
_	5-6. On graduation day, the principal's speech, whichs the handing out of diplomas, is always very But afterward, one of the teachers gives a casual, funny talk.
_	7-8. When Ray was ordered to share his toy with his sister, he showed his by breaking the toy into pieces and handing thes to the girl.
_	9-10. Mayas the fact that Will told her secret to other people. By doing that, he broke a rule of friendship.

#### > Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. acquisition, noun	Something that has been gotten; something owned
b. formality, noun	An act done only to follow a rule
c. fragmented, adjective	e Broken up
d. solemnity, noun	Seriousness
e. <b>symbol</b> , <i>noun</i>	Something that stands for something else
1.	My sister apologized for asking to see my driver's license when I wrot a check at the store where she worked. "It's just a," she said, "but the boss gets mad if I don't do it for everybody."
2.	My mother's family is so that she doesn't even know where som of her brothers and sisters live.
3.	When I heard the tone of in my mother's voice, I knew somethin important had happened.
4.	A red heart is a of love or friendship; on Valentine's Day, people put hearts on Valentine's cards, hang them in windows, and make heart-shaped cakes.
5.	Myra collects stamps, so every time I visit her I have to look at he newest
f. commit, verb g. predecessor, noun h. resentment, noun i. spitefully, adverb j. symbolic, adjective	To seriously agree (to doing something)  One who held a position or job before another  Bad feelings due to a sense of having been hurt  In a manner filled with meanness  Using symbols
6.	Still angry over her parents' divorce, Alma felt great toward he new stepmother.
7.	The new cook at the restaurant is not as good as his
8.	If you are going to join the basketball team, you must to practicin twice a week.
9.	At some weddings, the newlyweds each take a candle and then use it t light a third candle, a way of showing that their two lives are bein joined.
10.	Angry that he hadn't gotten the raise he asked for, Marv dropped paper clip into the office copying machine and jammed it.

### > Analogies

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line. (All the repeated words in these items are from this unit.)

1.	PRECEDE: FOLLOW::	
	a. hurry : rush c. speak : talk	<ul><li>b. earlier : later</li><li>d. bother : annoy</li></ul>
2.	SPITE : BITTERNESS :: a. insult : compliment	b. abolish°: keep
	c. love : hate	d. friendship : affection
3.	ACQUIRE : OWN ::	
	a. get : possess° c. locate : lose	<ul><li>b. clarify°: confuse</li><li>d. buy: sell</li></ul>
4.	SOLEMN: PLAYFUL::	
	<ul><li>a. funny : laughter</li><li>c. ugly : talented</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. fun : party</li><li>d. exciting : boring</li></ul>
5.	FRAGMENT : WHOLE ::	
	<ul><li>a. law school : lawyer</li><li>c. dog : German shepherd</li></ul>	b. fixed : broken d. page : book
6.	HONEST : CORRUPT° ::	
	<ul><li>a. early : late</li><li>c. start : begin</li></ul>	<ul><li>b. fundamental : basic</li><li>d. symbolize : flag</li></ul>
7.	OIL : RESOURCES° ::	
	<ul><li>a. hate : love</li><li>c. uncle : relatives</li></ul>	b. give : gift d. coal : mine
8.	FLEXIBLE°: RIGID°::	
	<ul><li>a. old : ancient</li><li>c. food : grapes</li></ul>	b. ball : bat d. peace : war
9.	VERTICAL°: TELEPHONE POLE::	
	a. sufficient°: enough	b. flat : table
	c. cold : summer	d. gray : black
10.	EXTEND°: SHORTEN::	
	a. frank°: honest	b. easy : difficult d. wear : necklace

#### > Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

#### A. Wacky Weddings

a. commitment d. precede	b. formal c. fundamental e. symbolize	
		3

#### B. The Cost of Hatred

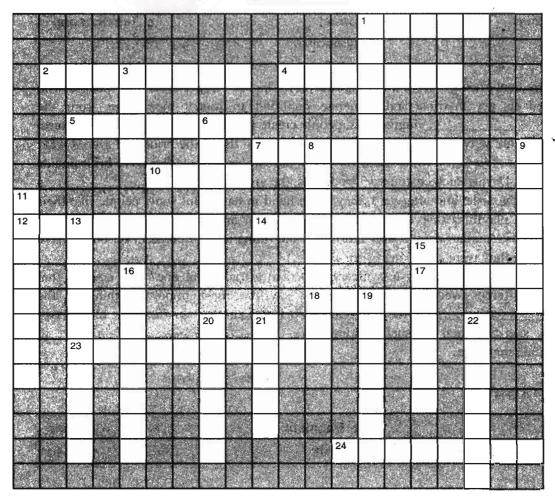
keep fun in their marriage.

f. acquire		gı. <b>fragm</b> eı	nt	h. resent
i. solemn	and the state of the state of	j. spite		

An old story illustrates° the nature of (6) and the terrible effects such meanness can have on people. There were two merchants in a village. They had grown up together, and each always (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_ed what the other did. No one could remember why the two men had first quarreled. But by the time they were middle-aged, their hatred of one another influencedo their lives greatly. Neither could bear to see the other happy or successful. If one of them (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_d a new house, the other had to get a bigger, better one. If one man's shop did well, the other was furious until his did better. One day, one of the men dropped on old jar that had been sitting on a shelf for years. It broke into (9) \_\_\_\_s. Immediately, a mighty genie appeared. "Oh, lucky man!" said the genie. "You have a great opportunity, for I will grant you any wish. But first I must give you one small warning. Whatever you wish for yourself, your enemy will receive in double measure. If you wish for a million dollars, he will receive two million. If you ask for a golden castle, he will have two." The man became (10)\_\_\_\_\_ and thought deeply. There were many wonderful things he could ask for, but he could not bear to think of his lifelong enemy receiving twice as much as he did. Finally he thought of an answer to his problem. A sickly smile spread over his face as he made his wish. "I wish, genie," he said, "that you would beat me half to death."

### UNIT FIVE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Five. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



abolish anxious clarify commitment conflict convince corrupt decay dramatic evade formal fragment frank negligent possess precede precise resemble rigid solemn stress sufficient thorough vary vast

#### ACROSS

- 1. Honest and open; sincere
- 2. To persuade by argument or proof
- 4. To make clear or easy to understand
- 5. Dishonest; crooked
- 7. A quarrel or fight; disagreement
- Very large in size, amount, or area
- 12. To look like or be similar to
- 14. Serious and respectful
- 17. Stiff; not bending

- 18. To escape or avoid through clever action
- 23. A promise to do something
- 24. Complete; very carefully done

#### DOWN

- 1. Proper; not casual; according to custom or tradition
- 3. To become different or to be different; change
- 6. To own; have
- 8. Careless
- 9. To come before

- 11. A small piece broken off something whole
- 13. As much as is needed
- 15. Exact; correct; accurate
- 16. Having very exciting, interesting qualities; striking; very noticeable
- 19. To put an end to
- 20. Mental or emotional tension: strain
- 21. To gradually break down;
- 22. Worried; troubled; fearful about what might happen

### UNIT FIVE: Test 1

#### PART A

Choose the word that best con	npletes each item	and write it in the	e space provided.	
1.	Some of the munpleasant than		ating cancer are	quicker and less
	a. vicinities	b. fragments	c. conflicts	d. procedures
2.		ision of the jury the decision doe	must be If every esn't count.	en one juror has a
	a. negligent	b. vertical	c. solemn	d. unanimous
3.	When we lived i trains that we sto		ilroad, we got so u	sed to the noise of
	a. resources	b. vicinity	c. precaution	d. tendency
4.		with the we	eather. She's cheer ly.	rful when the sun
	a. decay	b. precede	c. abolish	d. vary
5.	researchers have		in people's liv's even more strain	•
	a. fragment	b. stress	c. resource	d. precaution
6.	To how much while smelling a		aste, our teacher ha	ad us eat a banana
	a. evade	b. illustrate	c. resent	d. overwhelm
7.	•	-	to her brother, than she could ever	
	a. inferior	b. negligent	c. thorough	d. formal
. 8.		al wants to r cards, but the tea	eport cards. The kinchers do not.	ds love the idea of
	a. abolish	b. corrupt	c. overwhelm	d. expand
9.			at time did you co by answering, "I	
	a. comprehend	b. resent	c. evade	d. symbolize
10	-		sline, they often fe lryer for a few min	
	a. anxious	b. dramatic	c. fundamental	d. rigid

(Continues on next page)

	11.	Myrna's purple something a little	_	room is certainly	y, but I prefer
		a. corrupt	b. flexible	c. precise	d. dramatic
	12.		ruth is, however,	•	that he has not both quite ill, and
		a. commitment	b. precaution	c. impression	d. fragment
	13.	The Masons wer	e not very happy	when their daught	er a nose-ring.
		a. extended	b. reformed	c. acquired	d. preceded
14.	I used to be anxious			I started going to	Dr. Craine. He's so
	funny and nice that l	just can t leer an	iaid of fiffi.		
	3.5	10 1 1			
15.	Ms. Acosta is respectigain a lot from her c	•	orrupt teacher —	she'll make you w	ork hard, but you'l
	_	ourse.	hese plastic forks	and knives — the	·
16.	gain a lot from her c It is impossible to cu	ourse.  It the steak with the sas soon as you p	hese plastic forks bress hard on then	and knives — they	y are so flexible tha
16. 17.	gain a lot from her control It is impossible to conthey snap into pieces.  Because I missed the	ourse.  It the steak with the steak	hese plastic forks ress hard on then utes of the movie	and knives — they n. , I didn't really <i>con</i>	y are so flexible tha
16. 17. 18.	gain a lot from her control it is impossible to cut they snap into pieces.  Because I missed the the story.  Even though the periods in the period in the periods in the period in the period in the periods in the period in the peri	ourse.  It the steak with the steak	these plastic forks bress hard on then utes of the movie the Frank robbed the there at the formal, with	and knives — they  i.  I didn't really con  the liquor store, the	y are so flexible that inprehend the rest of they don't yet have
16. 17. 18. 19.	gain a lot from her countries at the Schroe	ourse.  It the steak with the steak	these plastic forks bress hard on them utes of the movie the Frank robbed the theory ather formal, with the tor, and generally the looked lovely	and knives — they  i.  I didn't really con  the liquor store, the  in guests taking off  y acting at home.	y are so flexible that imprehend the rest of they don't yet have their shoes, helping
16. 17. 18. 19. 20.	gain a lot from her countries impossible to cut they snap into pieces. Because I missed the the story.  Even though the posufficient evidence to Parties at the Schroet themselves to food of I was frank enough to the story.	ourse.  It the steak with the steak	these plastic forks bress hard on them utes of the movie to Frank robbed to the ather formal, with ator, and generally the looked lovely an eggplant.	and knives — they  i.  I didn't really con  the liquor store, the  guests taking off y acting at home.  in her new purple	y are so flexible that inprehend the rest of they don't yet have their shoes, helping dress, even though
161718192021.	gain a lot from her countries at the Schroet themselves to food of I was frank enough it made and the story.	ourse.  It the steak with the steak steak of a steak of the st	these plastic forks bress hard on then utes of the movie the Frank robbed the ather formal, with ator, and generally the looked lovely an eggplant.  d's letter, Elaine	and knives — they  i.  I didn't really con  the liquor store, the  guests taking off y acting at home.  in her new purple  wanted to read it	y are so flexible that inprehend the rest of they don't yet have their shoes, helping dress, even though again, so she glued
16171819202122.	gain a lot from her countries impossible to cut they snap into pieces. Because I missed the the story.  Even though the posufficient evidence to Parties at the Schroet themselves to food of I was frank enough I really thought it may be a fragments back to Whenever Mr. Fletch	ourse.  It the steak with the steak steak of the	these plastic forks bress hard on them utes of the movie to Frank robbed to the ather formal, with ator, and generally the looked lovely an eggplant.  d's letter, Elaine talk, he precedes	and knives — they  i.  I didn't really con  the liquor store, the  guests taking off y acting at home.  in her new purple  wanted to read it  his dog. The dog	y are so flexible that imprehend the rest of they don't yet have their shoes, helping dress, even though again, so she glued runs ahead, pulling

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 4 = \_\_\_\_%

25. The teacher wanted to overwhelm his new students, so he gave them just a little homework at

first.

## UNIT FIVE: Test 2

## PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. assert f. fundamental k. solemn	b. conflict g. precaution i. symbolize	c. <b>convince</b> h. <b>precise</b> m. <b>tendency</b>	d. decay i. renew	e <b>expand</b> j <b>resemble</b>
	1. Two robins i both wanted		ing a noisy	over a worm that the
	2. In a forest, f forest floor.	fallen trees until	they become pa	art of the earth on th
	3. When makin want the pan		ır measurements	s have to be if yo
	4. Small dogs a slow-moving	•	large dogs have	a to be quiet an
		s that this little an many full-size vac		acuum cleaner does
	6. When Buck waist that	•	inner, he wears	a pair of pants with
		orried about a house  orried about a house  orried about a house	•	time she leaves home toaster, and the TV.
	8. In my opini running shoe		ue cheeses	the smell of an ol
		I had homework to tead, telling me, "The		me I should go skatin ake up your brain."
	rules: w		eds every mornii	but they did have twng, and we were neve
		companies are takin, so that in the future	-	the forests they are I still be there.
	_	he luncheon afterwa		r's funeral, there was began telling loving
	13. In many Chr peace.	ristian religions, the	dove is used in	stories and pictures t

#### PART B

Write C if the italicized word is used correctly. Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

14.	The thing that prisoners possess most is freedom.
15.	In some companies, workers can <i>extend</i> their workday by two hours and then enjoy three-day weekends.
16.	The day was hot and sunny; nevertheless, almost no one showed up to use the city swimming pool.
17.	It is a shame how spending time with the wrong people has <i>reformed</i> Nathan. He used to be a nice guy, but now he's rude and not exactly honest.
18.	Most department stores have a few computer games for sale, but you have to go to a computer store for a really <i>vast</i> selection of games.
19.	When Thomas tried to explain how the accident happened, he was so excited and confused that he only <i>clarified</i> the story.
20.	Bonnie is a <i>negligent</i> baby sitter, always making sure the children are safely in bed and the house is cleaned up before the parents come home.
21.	Although I had the <i>preconception</i> that Mrs. Arnold would be a difficult person to work for, I soon came to like her very much.
22.	I painted a line from the left edge of the wall all the way over to the right edge, and then I covered that <i>vertical</i> line with a colorful border design.
23.	The police arrested a man who wrote a <i>commitment</i> describing how he had robbed the video store.
24.	I resent what my brother did — after I told him what I was going to buy for our mother's birthday, he rushed out and bought it first, so I had to come up with a new idea.
25.	Judging from the way Tina and Frank keep smiling and winking at one another, there seems to be a good deal of <i>spite</i> between them.

*Score* (Number correct) \_\_\_\_\_ × 4 = \_\_\_\_%

## UNIT FIVE: Test 3

#### PART A: Synonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly the same in meaning as the **boldfaced** word.

Joint Level 11 Or G.	
1. assert	<ul> <li>a) state as true</li> <li>b) put limits on</li> <li>c) give one's time</li> <li>d) make more difficult</li> </ul>
2. commitment	a) location b) promise c) opinion d) difficulty
3. convince	a) persuade b) differ c) listen carefully d) own
4. decay	a) own b) look for c) break down d) replace
5. evade	a) stand for b) struggle c) make clear d) avoid
6. fragment	<ul> <li>a) unfriendly feeling</li> <li>b) a snack</li> <li>c) piece of a whole</li> <li>d) true statement</li> </ul>
7. fundamental	a) careless b) bored c) stiff d) basic
8. illustrate	a) replace b) stand for c) show through example d) get
9. impression	a) argument b) piece c) effort d) belief
10. nevertheless	a) even so b) afterward c) because d) even better
11. overwhelm	a) receive b) overpower c) understand d) come before
12. <b>possess</b>	a) lie about b) own c) differ d) show
13. precaution	<ul> <li>a) something done to prevent a problem</li> <li>b) something done to fix a</li> <li>problem</li> <li>c) a problem</li> <li>d) a result</li> </ul>
14. preconception	<ul> <li>a) truth</li> <li>b) decision</li> <li>c) opinion formed before knowing about something</li> <li>d) area nearby</li> </ul>
15. procedure	a) part of a whole b) way of doing something c) reason d) goal
16. reform	a) make better b) replace c) learn about d) prevent
17. renew	a) mention again b) make new again c) ignore d) make clear
18. resemble	<ul><li>a) be ahead</li><li>b) be similar to</li><li>c) worry about</li><li>d) improve</li></ul>
19. resent	a) replace b) rot c) feel angry at d) differ
20. resources	<ul> <li>a) something missing</li> <li>b) period of time</li> <li>c) enough</li> <li>d) wealth of a country</li> </ul>
21. solemn	a) serious b) noticeable c) complete d) careless
22. symbolize	<ul><li>a) show</li><li>b) make use of</li><li>c) get larger</li><li>d) stand for</li></ul>
23. tendency	a) anger b) habit c) tension d) belief
24. unanimous	a) in full agreement b) quarreling c) carefully done d) basic
25. vicinity	a) neighborhood b) wealth c) promise d) opinion

#### PART B: Antonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly opposite in meaning to the boldfaced word.

26. abolish	a) differ	b) create	e) give away	d) ignore	
27. acquire	a) make wors	se <b>b</b> ) escape	c) lose	d) see	
28. anxious	a) dishonest	<b>b</b> ) tired	c) careless	d) relaxed	
29. clarify	a) include	b) correct	c) confuse	d) grow s	trong
30. comprehend	<ul><li>a) enjoy</li><li>d) remain the</li></ul>	<b>b</b> ) give away same	c) misunde	erstand	
31. <b>conflict</b>	a) anger	<b>b</b> ) loss <b>c</b> ) j	profit <b>d</b> )	agreement '	
32. corrupt	a) useful	<b>b</b> ) honest	c) loose	d) careless	
33. dramatic	a) not noticea	able <b>b</b> ) brigh	ntly colored	c) careful	d) careless
34. expand	a) agree	<b>b</b> ) confuse	c) begin	d) become sm	naller
35. extend	a) begin	<b>b</b> ) give away	c) shorten	d) make	worse
36. flexible	a) flat b	) stiff c) inc	complete	d) careless	
37. <b>formal</b>	a) attractive	<b>b</b> ) not since	re c) casi	ual <b>d</b> ) tro	oubled
38. frank	a) careless	<b>b</b> ) dishonest	c) loose	d) not end	ough
39. inferior	a) recent	b) better	e) far away	d) serious	
40. negligent	a) not enough	<b>b</b> ) lacking	respect	c) incorrect	d) careful
41. precede	a) get smaller	<b>b</b> ) grow	c) happen	again d)	come after
42. precise	a) not serious	<b>b</b> ) not com	plete c)	not exact	d) not common
43. <b>rigid</b>	a) dull	c) bo	ending <b>d</b>	) correct	
44. spite	a) reaction	<b>b</b> ) action	c) growth	d) friendly	feeling
45. stress	a) relaxation	b) argumen	t c) ques	tion <b>d</b> ) id	lea
46. sufficient	a) not enough	<b>b</b> ) not easy	y c) not t	rue <b>d</b> ) no	t basic
47. thorough	a) not proper				complete
48. <b>vary</b>	a) confuse	b) stay the sar	me c) dis	appear <b>d</b>	) make worse
49. vast	a) small	b) changing	c) unpleasar	nt <b>d</b> ) bette	er
50. vertical	a) small	b) better c	) not interested	d) horiz	ontal

Score (Number correct) \_\_\_\_ × 2 = \_\_\_\_%

## POSTTEST OF THE WHOLE BOOK

This test contains 100 items. In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the boldfaced word.

 1.	To determine is to:	a) suspect b) persuade c) find out d) compliment
 2.	To dispose of is to:	a) repeat b) ignore c) keep d) throw away
 3.	Something that is evident is:	a) hidden b) obvious c) musical d) frightening
 4.	To <b>preserve</b> is to:	a) pretend b) expect c) absorb d) protect
 5.	To <b>restore</b> is to:	a) destroy b) repair c) bury d) lift up
 6.	To <b>possess</b> is to:	a) plan b) adjust c) own d) leave unchanged
 7.	A procedure is a(n):	a) public b) opinion c) method d) piece of property
 8.	To <b>renew</b> is to:	a) find b) attempt c) force one's will upon d) make active again
 9.	Resources are:	a) agreements b) supplies c) responses d) costs
 10.	To be sufficient is to be:	a) less than is needed b) humorous c) enough d) empty
 11.	To appeal to is to:	a) repeat <b>b</b> ) say no <b>c</b> ) take away the outside part <b>d</b> ) make a request
 12.	To establish is to:	a) flatten b) knock down c) start d) repeat
 13.	One's potential is one's:	a) ancestors <b>b</b> ) possibility <b>c</b> ) age <b>d</b> ) preference
 14.	A variety is a(n):	a) opinion b) delay c) reason d) mixture
 15.	Something wholesome is:	a) foreign b) disgusting c) healthful d) childlike
 16.	To assume is to:	a) prove to be false $b$ ) argue for $c$ ) not care $d$ ) suppose to be true
 17.	To exhaust is to:	a) use up b) remove from sight c) refill d) fall
 18.	The maximum amount is:	a) the worst b) the lightest c) the most d) the least
 19.	An <b>objective</b> is a(n):	a) bad influence b) reason to believe c) goal d) insult
 20.	To <b>protest</b> is to:	a) test b) encourage c) prove d) speak out against
 21.	To communicate is to:	a) anger b) hurry c) inform d) mistake
 22.	If you deceive, you:	a) encourage b) mislead c) prevent d) forbid
 23.	An earnest person is:	a) sincere b) wealthy c) unpleasant d) dishonest
 24.	A story that is fiction is:	a) violent <b>b</b> ) exciting <b>c</b> ) made up <b>d</b> ) romantic
25.	A theory is a(n):	a) excuse b) opportunity c) certainty d) unproven explanation

(Continues on next page)

d) collection of writings

c) cure

206

Posttest

 51. Something artificial is:	a) not natural b) impressive c) natural d) worn out
 52. Frequency means:	<ul> <li>a) where something comes from</li> <li>b) how fast something is</li> <li>c) how loud something is</li> <li>d) how often something happens</li> </ul>
 53. To <b>represent</b> is to:	<ul> <li>a) avoid talking about</li> <li>b) be a symbol of</li> <li>c) prefer</li> <li>d) allow to happen</li> </ul>
 54. Something temporary is:	<ul> <li>a) serving for a limited time</li> <li>b) impossible to achieve</li> <li>c) expected to last forever</li> <li>d) clearly seen</li> </ul>
 55. A triumph is a:	a) compromise b) defeat c) victory d) battle
 56. To <b>coincide</b> is to:	<ul> <li>a) remove from consideration</li> <li>b) read carefully</li> <li>c) make clear</li> <li>d) happen at the same time</li> </ul>
 57. A considerable size is:	a) rather small b) too small c) rather large d) too large
 58. An intentional act is:	a) accidental b) on purpose c) misguided d) against the law
 59. To be unstable is to be:	a) unsteady b) strong c) usual d) complete
 60. To <b>utilize</b> is to:	a) suggest b) control by force c) make use of d) accept as fact
 61. A burden is a(n):	a) joy b) hardship c) reply d) payment
 62. To be <b>economical</b> is to be:	a) wasteful b) rich c) forgiving d) thrifty
 63. An extravagant person is:	a) critical b) messy c) wise d) wasteful
 64. Security is:	a) loneliness b) protection c) immaturity d) ridicule
 65. To sympathize is to:	a) avoid b) object c) refuse d) share feeling
 66. A conflict is a(n):	a) period of time b) disagreement c) lesson d) point of view
 67. Stress is:	a) excitement b) relaxation c) enjoyment d) tension
 68. A unanimous decision is:	<ul> <li>a) based on complete agreement</li> <li>b) mixed</li> <li>c) poorly thought out</li> <li>d) mistaken</li> </ul>
 69. To vary is to:	a) insist b) change c) remain the same d) recognize
 70. A vicinity is a(n):	<ul> <li>a) heated argument</li> <li>b) type of lamp</li> <li>c) written pamphlet</li> <li>d) area around a place</li> </ul>
 71. To be accustomed to is to be	(a) unused to b) unable to c) in the habit of d) angry at
 72. To <b>misinterpret</b> is to:	a) have respect b) prefer c) get rid of d) understand incorrectly
 73. To occur is to:	a) disappear b) happen c) respond d) repeat
 74. When you revise, you:	<ul> <li>a) copy without giving credit</li> <li>b) discard</li> <li>c) correct and improve</li> <li>d) fail to complete</li> </ul>
 75. A version is a:	<ul> <li>a) deliberately mean remark</li> <li>b) poem</li> <li>c) hatred</li> <li>d) report based on one point of view</li> </ul>

76. Something apparent is:	<ul> <li>a) made up of many small parts</li> <li>b) obvious</li> <li>c) impossible to see with the naked eye</li> <li>d) hard to understand</li> </ul>
\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(a) is easily moved (b) improves over time (c) cannot change (d) operates by itself
78. To <b>fulfill</b> is to:	<ul> <li>a) carry out</li> <li>b) fail at a task</li> <li>c) understand another's feelings</li> <li>d) give advice</li> </ul>
79. To <b>influence</b> is to:	a) misunderstand b) be offended c) persuade d) excuse
80. To <b>transfer</b> is to:	<ul> <li>a) inspect</li> <li>b) discontinue</li> <li>c) find fault</li> <li>d) send from one place to another</li> </ul>
81. To <b>complicate</b> is to:	a) smooth over b) adjust c) recognize d) make difficult
82. A <b>conscience</b> is a(n):	<ul> <li>a) sense of being awake</li> <li>b) sense of right and wrong</li> <li>c) inability to decide</li> <li>d) skill with numbers</li> </ul>
83. To <b>counsel</b> is to:	a) improve b) give advice c) approve d) meet
84. To <b>detect</b> is to:	a) get b) complain c) notice d) remark
85. To be transparent is to be:	a) seen through easily b) dark in color c) sent away d) unusual
86. An <b>attitude</b> is a:	a) decrease b) frame of mind c) success d) height
87. A contrast is a:	a) bright color b) similarity c) suggestion d) striking difference
88. To be <b>frank</b> is to be:	a) honest b) youthful c) untruthful d) painful
89. A fragile object is:	a) expensive b) tasteless c) richly decorated d) easily broken
90. An <b>impression</b> is a(n):	a) lie b) opinion c) iron d) center (of something)
91. An <b>emphasis</b> is a(n):	<ul> <li>a) refusal to speak</li> <li>b) betrayal</li> <li>c) stubborn act</li> <li>d) importance given to something</li> </ul>
92. To <b>interpret</b> is to:	a) confuse b) make an effort c) explain d) light from within
93. To <b>propose</b> is to:	a) suggest b) persuade c) exaggerate d) leave out
94. An ultimate experience is:	a) common b) inefficient c) the greatest d) dangerous
95. To be <b>vague</b> is to be:	a) shining b) unclear c) in fashion d) embarrassing
96. To <b>comprehend</b> is to:	a) dislike b) understand c) protect d) repeat
97. Something dramatic is:	a) odd b) hard to notice c) impressive d) boring
98. To be excessive is to be:	a) too much b) slow to anger c) not enough d) kindly
99. To illustrate is to:	a) destroy b) give an example c) repair d) send off
100. To indicate is to:	a) point out b) fail to see c) go in d) pay attention to

208

Posttest

STOP. This is the end of the test. If there is time remaining, you may go back and recheck your answers. When the time is up, hand in both your answer sheet and this test book let to your asstructor.

# Appendixes



#### 1. Answers to the Pretest of the Whole Book

					-		
1.	b	2.	a	3.	d	4.	a
5.	b	6.	b	7.	a	8.	c
9.	b	10.	a	11.	a	12.	a
13.	c	14.	b	15.	a ,	16.	d
17.	a	18.	b	19.	a	20.	d
21.	a	22.	c	23.	b	24.	d
25.	a	26.	d	27.	a	28.	b
29.	c	30.	a	31.	a	32.	b
33.	c	34.	b	35.	<b>c</b> .	36.	b
37.	b .	38.	a	39.	a	40.	d
41.	d	42.	b	43.	a	44.	c
45.	b	46.	d	47.	a	48.	b
49.	a	50.	b	51.	b	52.	c
53.	d	54.	a	55.	a	56.	d
57.	a	58.	c	59.	a	60.	b
61.	a	62.	c	63.	b	64.	a
65.	a	66.	b	67.	d	68.	a
69.	c	70.	b	71.	c	72.	a
73.	c	74.	c	75.	a	76.	c
77.	a	78.	d	79.	b	80.	d
81.	c	82.	d	83.	b	84.	d
85.	a	86.	c	87.	b	88.	a
89.	d	90.	c	91.	c	92.	c
93.	c	94.	d	95.	c	96.	d
97.	a	98.	c	99.	a	100.	c

#### 2. Answers to the Unit Pretests

Unit One	Unit Two	Unit Three	Unit Four	Unit Five
Pretest	Pretest	Pretest	Pretest	Pretest
1. b	1. a	1. a	1. c	1. d
2. b	2. a	2. b	2. b	2. d
3. c	3. b	3. c	3. a	3. a
4. d	4. d	4. b	4. c	4. b
5. d	5. b	5. a	5. b	5. a
6. a	6. c	6. a	6. a	6. a
7. b	7. b	7. b	7. d	7. d
8. a	8. b	8. d	8. a	8. c
9. c	9. a	9. a	9. a	9. a
10. a	10. c	10. d	10. c	10. b
11. d	11. a	11. c	11. d	11. c
12. c	12. b	12. c	12. b	12. b
13. a	13. d	13. c	13. b	13. a
14. a	14. b	14. c	14. a	14. d
15. b	15. a	15. d	15. d	15. c
16. a	16. c	16. a	16. a	16. d
17. d	17. c	17. c	17. a	17. a
18. b	18. b	18. c	18. c	18. c
19. b	19. d	19. c	19. b	19. b
20. d	20. a	20. a	20. b	20. c
21. d	21. a	21. a	21. d	21. a
22. a	22. a	22. d	22. c	22. b
23. b	23. c	23. d	23. d	23. c
24. a	24. a	24. b	24. b	24. a
25. c	25. a	25. c	25. a	25. d
26. b	26. c	26. d	26. b	26. d
27. ь	27. c	27. c	27. a	27. a
·28. d	28. b	28. a	28. b	28. b
29. a	29. b	29. b	29. c	29. b
30. c	30. a	30. b	30. d	30. b
31. d	31. d	31. c	31. a	31. d
32. c	32. a	32. b	32. d	32. d
33. a	33. b	33. c	33. b	' 33. a
34. a	34. c	34. c	34. ç	34. a
35. c	35. c	35. a	35. b	35. c
36. d	36. d	36. b	36. a	36. a
37. a	37. b	37. a	37. d	37. c
38. d	38. a	38. d	38. a	38. b
39. b	39. d	39. c	39. d	39. c
40. c	40. a	40. d	40. a	40. a
41. d	41. b	41. a	41. d	41. d
42. c	42. a	. 42. b	42. a	42. a
43. b	43. d	43. đ	43. c	43. a
44. d	44. c	44. c	44. b	44. d
45. a	45. c	45. c	45. c	45. a
46. a	46. d	46. a	46. b	46. d
47. c	47. a	47. d	47. a	47. b
48. b	48. a	48. b	48. a	48. c
49. c	49. c	49. c	49. d	49. a
50. b	50. a	50. b	50. c	50. d

#### 3. Answers to the Chapter Activities

Chapter 1 (Jo	ohnny Appleseed;	The Lovable Leec	th?)			
<b>F</b> en Words in Context	Matching Words with Definitions	Sentence Check 1	Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts/Syn- Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. c 6. c	1. 3 6. 1	1. j 6. g	1-2. e, g	1. d 6. h	1. c 6. g	1. b 6. g
2. a 7. c	2. 6 7. 7	2. c 7. f	3–4. j, f	2. a 7. j	2. b 7. i	2. d 7. i
3. c 8. a	3. 2 8. 10	3. e 8. a	5–6. h, b	3. b 8. f	3. d 8. j	3. a 8. f
4. b 9. b	4. 9 9. 8	4. i 9. h	7–8. c, a	4. c 9. g	4. e 9. h	4. c 9. h
5. a 10. c	5. 4 10. 5	5. d 10. b	9–10. d. i	5. e 10. i	5. a 10. f	5. e 10. j
Chapter 2 (F	inding Fault — An	d What to Do Ab	out It; What D	o Your Hobbies Re	eveal About You?)	
Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
l. b 6. c	1. 9 6. 4	1. i 6. h	1–2. d, c	1. e 6. i	1. b 6. d	1. c 6. g
2. c 7. a	2. 2 7. 5	2. f 7. c	3–4. b, e	2. c 7. f	2. b 7. a	2. d 7. h
3. c 8. c 4. c 9. b	3. 3 8. 8 4. 7 9. 1	3. g 8. a 4. j 9. e	5–6. f, h 7–8. i, g	3. d 8. g 4. a 9. j	3. a 8. b 4. d 9. b	3. e 8. i 4. b 9. f
5. a 10. b	5. 6 10. 10	5. b 10. d	7–8. 1, g 9–10. a, j	4. a 9. j 5. b 10. h	5. c 10. c	5. a 10. j
			•		J. C 10. C	5. a 10. j
Ten Words	ixing Up Furniture Matching Words	s; <b>Darbara's Date</b> Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. c 6. a	1. 5 6. 9	1. b 6. h	1-2. e, f	1. c 6. g	1. b 6. j	1. b 6. g
2. b 7. b	2. 3 7. 6	2. e 7. f	3–4. j, g	2. a 7. j	2. e 7. i	2. e 7. j
3. c 8. b	3. 4 8. 8	3. a 8. c	5-6. b, c	3. d 8. f	3. d 8. f	3. a 8. h
4. a 9. a	4. 2 9. 7	4. j 9. g	7–8. i, d	4. e 9. i	4. c 9. g	4. c 9. i
5. b 10. c	5. 10 10. 1	5. d 10. i	9–10. a, h	5. b 10. h	5. a 10. h	5. d 10. f
Chapter 4 (T	he Vacuum-Cleane	er Salesman; Peac	e at Last)			
Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. b 6. a	1. 8 6. 9	1. j 6. c	1–2. e, i	1. b 6. i	1. d 6. a	1. b 6. g
2. a 7. b	2. 1 7. 5	2. b 7. d	3–4. j, c	2. d 7. g	2. b 7. d	2. d 7. i
3. a 8. b	3. 3 8. 2	3. g 8. f	5–6. a, g	3. c 8. j	3. a 8. c	3. a 8. h
4. c 9. b 5. b 10. c	4. 7 9. 10 5. 6 10. 4	4. a 9. h 5. i 10. e	7–8. d, f 9–10. h, b	4. a 9. h 5. e 10. f	4. a 9. b 5. c 10. b	4. e 9. f 5. c 10. i
			,		J. C 10. b	5. c 10. j
_	tudy Skills to the R					
Ten Words in Context	Matching Words	Sentence Check I	Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts/Syn-	Final Chask
1. b 6. b	with Definitions 1.8 6.5	1. i 6. f	1–2. a, b	1. e 6. i	Ant/Analogies  1. a 6. b	Final Check  1. b 6. g
2. c 7. b	2. 2 , 7. 3	2. j 7. c	3–4. i, g	2. d 7. h	2. c 7. a	2. a 7. i
3. a 8. c	3. 9 8. 4	3. a 8. g	5–6. d, h	3. a 8. f	3. d 8. d	3. e 8. h
4. c 9. a	4. 6 9. 7	4. d 9. e	7–8. j, e	4. c 9. j	4. c 9. d	4. c 9. f
5. c 10. c	5. 1 10. 10	5. h 10. b	9–10. c, f	5. b 10. g	5. d 10. a	5. d 10. j
Chapter 6 (T	oasters; A Mean M	lan)				
Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. b 6. c	1. 7 6. 2	1. j 6. b	1-2. i, c	1. d 6. h	1. d 6. h	1. d 6. i
2. a 7. c	2. 4 7. 8	2. a 7. c	3–4. f, j	2. a 7. g	2. c 7. g	2. e 7. g
3. a 8. b	3. 3 8. 9	3. f 8. d	5–6. g, e	3. b 8. i	3. b 8. j	3. b 8. h
4. b 9. c	4. 6 9. 1	4. i 9. g	7–8. b, a	4. c 9. j	4. e 9. f	4. a 9. f
5. a 10. b	5. 5 10. 10	5. h 10. e	9–10. h, d	5. e 10. f	5. a 10. i	5. c 10. j
_	Special Memory;		ners!)			
Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	m
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. c 6. c	1. 9 6. 8	1. g 6. a	1–2. a, b	1. e 6. j	1. c 6. a	1. b 6. g
2. c 7. c 3. b 8. c	2. 7 7. 3 3. 6 8. 10	2. c 7. f	3-4. e, g	2. a 7. h	2. d 7. b	2. d 7. h
3. b 8. c 4. a 9. c	3. 6 8. 10 4. 4 9. 2	3. j 8. d 4. b 9. i	5–6. j, i 7–8. c, d	3. b 8. i 4. d 9. f	3. d 8. d 4. a 9. c	3. c 8. f 4. a 9. j
5. a 10. b	5. 5 10. 1	5. h 10. e	9–10. f, h	5. c 10. g	5. b 10. a	5. e 10. i
2	J. J 10. 1	J. II 10. C	> 10. I, II	J. 0 10. g	5. 5 10. a	5. 0 10. 1

8. g 9. j

3. c

4. a

5. b 10. i

Chapter 8 (B	ig Brothers and Si	sters; Kevin's Fir	st Date)			
Ten Words in Context	Matching Words with Definitions	Sentence Check 1	Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts/Syn- Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. a 6. c	1. 5 6. 1	1. f 6. a	1-2. e, j	1. b 6. h	1. c 6. g	1. a 6. f
2. c 7. a	2. 2 7. 4	2. h 7. e	3-4. i, a	2. d 7. f	2. d 7. j	2. b 7. i
3. b 8. c	3. 9 8. 8	3. i 8. d	5–6. b, f	3. c 8. i	3. b 8. f	3. e 8. h
4. b 9. a	4. 10 9. 3	4. b 9. g	7–8. h, g	4. a 9. g	4. a 9. h	4. d 9. g
5. c 10. c	5. 7 10. 6	5. j 10. c	9–10. d, c	5. e 10. j	5. e 10. i	5. c 10. j
		_	·	3. ¢ 10. j	5. 6 10. 1	3. c 10. j
Chapter 9 (D	differences in a Gyr	n Program; Teacl	ning A Lesson)			
Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
in Context	with Definitions	Check I	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. c 6. a	1. 10 6. 4	1.b 6.g	1–2. j, e	1.b 6.d	1. d 6. b	1. a 6. g
2. a 7. c	2. 7 7. 5	2. i 7. c	3–4. b, h	2. a 7. b	2. c 7. c	2. e 7. h
3. b 8. c	3. 2 8. 3	3. h 8. e	5-6. i, c	3. d 8. a	3. d 8. d	3. b , 8. f
4. c 9. a	4.8 9.6	4. j 9. d	7–8. d, f	4. c 9. c	4. a 9. a	4. c 9. j
5. c 10. a	5. 1 10. 9	5. f 10. a	9–10. g, a	5. e 10. e	5. a 10. b	5. d 10. i
Chapter 10 (	Knowing How to A	rgue; A Change	of School, A Ch	ange of Heart)	_	
Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. c 6. c	1. 1 6. 2	1. c 6. i	1-2. a, e	1. d 6. j	1. a 6. b	1. b 6. g
2. c 7. b	2. 7 7. 5	2. b 7. d	3–4. b, c	2. b 7. h	2. c 7. d	2. d 7. i
3. b 8. b	3. 9 8. 10	3. f 8. a	5–6. i, j	3. c 8. i	3. c 8. d	3. a 8. f
4. a 9. c	4. 3 9. 6	4. g 9. e	7–8. d, f	4. a 9. f	4. d 9. a	4. e 9. h
5. c 10. a	5. 4 10. 8	5. j 10. h	9–10. g, h			
3. c 10. a	5. 4 10. 6	5. j 14. n	9-10. g, 11	5. e 10. g	5. b 10. b	5. c 10. j
Chapter 11 (	Coming Out of a C	oma; The Office	Doughnut Cont	test)		
Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. c 6. a	1. 10 6. 8	1. f 6. b	1-2. i, c	1. d 6. f	1. d 6. h	l. a 6. f
2. b 7. a	2. 5 7. 1	2. d 7. h	3–4. d, f	2. a 7. j	2. c 7. g	2. c 7. h
3. c 8. b	3. 2 8. 3	3. g 8. i	56. e, j	3. b 8. g	3. a 8. f	3. b 8. g
4. c 9. c	4. 4 9. 6	4. j 9. a	7–8. a, b	4. c 9. h	4. b 9. i	4. d 9. i
5. b 10. b	5. 9 10. 7	5. e 10. c	9–10. h, g	5. e 10. i	5. e 10. j	5. e 10. i
Chapter 12 (	The People's Choic	e: The Christmas	Wars)		-	_
Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. b 5. a	1. 9 6. 3	1. j 6. c	1–2. f, d	1. b 6. j	1. c 6. c	1. e 6. f
2. a 6. c	2. 4 7. 7	2. a 7. h	3–4. c, a	2. a 7. f	2. c 7. b	2. c 7. i
3. c 7. b	3. 6 8. 2					
		3. d 8. g	5–6. j, h		3. d 8. d	3. b 8. g
4. c 8. a 5. b 10. c	4. 5 9. 8 5. 10 10. 1	4. f 9. i 5. b 10. e	7–8. i, e	4. d 9. i 5. c 10. h	4. a 9. a 5. c 10. b	4. d 9. j 5. a 10. h
			9–10. g, b	3. ¢ 10. ii	5. C PO. U	5. a 10. h
_	What's Your Type:					
Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	n
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. c 6. c	1. 9 6. 2	1. j 6. h	1–2. i, h	1. e 6. h	1. b 6. j	1.e 6.j
2. a 7. a	2. 8 7. 4	2. a 7. c	3–4. e, f	2. b 7. f	2. c 7. g	2. c 7. i
3. a 8. b	3. 1 8. 6	3. f 8. d	5–6. d, a	3. a 8. j	3. e 8. i	3. d 8. g
4. c 9. a	4. 10 9. 5	4. i 9. g	7–8. c, b	4. d 9. g	4. d 9. h	4. b 9. f
5. b 10. c	5. 3 10. 7	5. b 10. e	9–10. j, g	5. c 10. i	5. a 10. f	5. a 10. h
Chapter 14 (	Chapter 14 (Practicing Kindness; The Stinking Rose)					
Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. c 6. b	1. 9 6. 10	1. b 6. c	1–2. g, c	1. e 6. g	1. b 6. b	1. d 6. h
2. a 7. c	2. 1 7. 7	. 2. i 7. f	3-4. a, i	2. c 7. h	2. a 7. d	2. e 7. f
2. a 7. c 3 a	3 8 8 5	. 2.1 /.1	5-6 de	2. c 7. ii	2. a 7. u	2. c % g

8. 5 9. 2

4. 4 9. 2 5. 3 10. 6

3. 8

8. j

9. g

5. h 10. a

5-6. d, e

7–8. f, h

9-10. j, b

3. a

4. d 9. j 5. b 10. f

8. i

3. c

4. d

5. b 10. d

8. a

9. d

3. d

4. e

3. c

4. b

5. a

8. a

9. b

10. a

Chapter 15	(A Modern I	Fairy Tale:	Wolf Children)
Chaptel 13	MINIOUCIIII	all v laic.	WOR CHILDICITY

Ten Words in Context	Matching Words with Definitions	Sentence Check I	Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts/Syn- Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. c 6. a	1. 9 6. 7	1. i 6. j	1-2. b, a	1. d 6. g	1. b 6. c	1. d 6. f
2. a 7. b	2. 4 7. 8	2. a 7. h	3-4. d, e	2. a 7. h	2. c 7. d	2. a 7. h
3. a 8. c	3. 10 8. 2	3. g 8. d	5-6. g, j	3. b 8. i	3. c 8. a	3. c 8. i
4. b 9. b	4. 5 9. 3	4. c 9. f	7-8. f, h	4. c 9. f	4. c 9. b	4. b 9. g
5. c 10. a	5. 6 10. 1	5. e 10. b	9–10. c, i	5. e 10. j	5. d 10. b	5. e 10. j

#### Chapter 16 (A Mismatched Couple; A Campaign to Become Class President)

Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence Charles	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	Final Check
in Context	with Definitions	Check I	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Finai Check
1. b 6. b	1. 4 6. 6	1. j 6. a	1–2. j, i	1.d 6.g	1. a 6. f	1.b 6.i
2. a 7. c	2. 10 7. 3	2. c 7. f	3–4. b, h	2. b 7. f	2. d 7. j	2. c 7. g
3. c 8. c	3. 2 8. 1	3. g 8. h	5–6. d, f	3. e 8. h	3. c 8. i	3. a 8. j
4. b 9. a	4. 7 9. 8	4. e 9. d	7-8. a, c	4. a 9. i	4. b 9. h	4. d 9. f
5. c 10. b	5. 9 10. 5	5. i 10. b	9–10. g, e	5. c 10. j	5. e 10. g	5. e 10. h

#### Chapter 17 (The Famous Detective; Why So Quiet?)

Ten Words in Context	Matching Words with Definitions	Sentence Check I	Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts/Syn- Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. c 6. a	1. 3 6. 9	1. a 6. h	1-2. g, h	1. b 6. h	1. d 6. b	1. c 6. h
2. b 7. b	2. 2 7. 7	2. d 7. i	3–4. j, i	2. c 7. f	2. b 7. c	2. a 7. f
3. b 8. a	3. 5 8. 1	3. c 8. e	5–6. c, b	3. d 8. i	3. a 8. a	3. b 8. j
4. c 9. b	4. 6 9. 4	4. b 9. g	7–8. e, d	4. e 9. j	4. c 9. d	4. d 9. g
5. c 10. b	5. 10 10. 8	5. j 10. f	9–10. f, a	5. a 10. g	5. c 10. d	5. e 10. i

#### Chapter 18 (Fear of Speaking; Do You Believe in Magic?)

Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
with Definitions	Check I	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. 1 6. 9	l. f 6. b	1-2. f, g	1. d 6. g	1. d 6. h	1. e 6. h
2. 10 7. 7	2. c 7. h	3-4. h, c	2. b 7. h	2. b 7. i	2. b 7. f
3. 6 8. 4	3. a 8. e	5–6. b, a	3. a 8. f	3. a 8. f	3. c 8. j
4. 2 9. 3	4. i 9. j	7–8. d, i	4. e 9. i	4. c 9. g	4. a 9. i
5. 5 10. 8	5. g 10. d	9–10. e, j	5. c 10. j	5. e 10. j	5. d 10. g
	with Definitions 1. 1 6. 9 2. 10 7. 7 3. 6 8. 4 4. 2 9. 3	with Definitions       Check I         1. 1       6. 9         2. 10       7. 7         3. 6       8. 4         4. 2       9. 3             Check I         1. f       6. b         2. c       7. h         3. a       8. e         4. i       9. j	with Definitions       Check 1       Check 2         1. 1 6. 9       1. f 6. b       1-2. f, g         2. 10 7. 7       2. c 7. h       3-4. h, c         3. 6 8. 4       3. a 8. e       5-6. b, a         4. 2 9. 3       4. i 9. j       7-8. d, i	with Definitions         Check 1         Check 2         Words           1. 1 6. 9         1. f 6. b         1-2. f, g         1. d 6. g           2. 10 7. 7         2. c 7. h         3-4. h, c         2. b 7. h           3. 6 8. 4         3. a 8. e         5-6. b, a         3. a 8. f           4. 2 9. 3         4. i 9. j         7-8. d, i         4. e 9. i	with Definitions         Check I         Check 2         Words         Ant/Analogies           1. 1 6. 9         1. f 6. b         1-2. f, g         1. d 6. g         1. d 6. h           2. 10 7. 7         2. c 7. h         3-4. h, c         2. b 7. h         2. b 7. i           3. 6 8. 4         3. a 8. e         5-6. b, a         3. a 8. f         3. a 8. f           4. 2 9. 3         4. i 9. j         7-8. d, i         4. e 9. i         4. c 9. g

#### Chapter 19 (The Miracle Runner; One of Those Days)

Ten Words in Context	Matching Words with Definitions	Sentence Check 1	Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts/Syn- Ant/Anałogies	Final Check
1. c 6. a	1. 9 6. 2	1. b 6. a	1-2. c, a	1. d 6. h	1. a 6. b	1. e 6. j
2. c 7. a	2. 8 7. 7	2. i 7. d	3–4. f, g	2. a 7. f	2. a 7. a	2. c 7. i
3. a 8. c	3. 1 8. 5	3. g 8. c	5-6. j, b	3. c 8. g	3. d 8. c	3. d 8. g
4. b 9. c	4. 4 9. 3	4. j 9. f	7–8. i, d	4. b 9. j	4. c 9. d	4. a 9. f
5. b 10. c	5. 6 10. 10	5. h 10. e	9–10. h, e	5. e 10. i	5. d 10. b	5. b 10. h

#### Chapter 20 (Pregnancy and Alcohol; A Criminal with a Tail)

Ten Words in Context		Matching Words with Definitions	Sentence Check I	Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts/Syn- Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. b	6. a	1. 8 6. 5	1. e 6. f	1–2. i, h	1. b 6. h	1. d 6. a	1. c 6. j
2. a	7. b	2. 2 7. 6	2. h 7. g	3-4. j, c	2. e 7. i	2. b 7. d	2. a 7. i
3. c	8. a	3. 1 8. 10	3. c 8. b	5–6. b, e	3. d 8. g	3. a 8. b	3. e , 8. f
4. a	9. b	4. 3 9. 9	4. d 9. i	7–8. g, d	4. a 9. f	4. c 9. b	4. d 9. h
5. c	10. ь	5. 7 10. 4	5. j 10. a	9–10. a, f	5. c 10. j	5. d 10. d	5. b 10. g

#### Chapter 21 (Traveling with Children; Saving Earth's Natural Supplies)

Ten Words	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-		
in Context	with Definitions	Check 1	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check	
1. a 6. b	1. 5 6. 6	l. e 6. i	1-2. a, f	l. d 6. h	l. e 6. h	1. e 6. i	
2. a 7. c	2. 4 7. 9	2. h 7. c	3–4. j, c	2. c 7. f	2. a 7. g	2. a 7. h	
3. b 8. a	3. 10 8. 7	3. a 8. g	5–6. g, h	3. b 8. g	3. d 8. j	3. d 8. f	
4. c 9. b	4. 1 9. 2	4. j 9. d	7-8. b, d	4. e 9. j	4. c 9. i	4. c 9. j	
5. c 10. c	5. 8 10. 3	5. b 10. f	9–10. e, i	5. a 10. i	5. b 10. f	5. b 10. g	

Chapter 22	(More Fat.	Anyone?: Is	<b>Prison Effective?</b>
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Ten Words in Context		Matching Words with Definitions		Sentence Check I		Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts/Syn- Ant/Analogies	Final Check	
1. b	6. c	1. 4	6. 1	1. g	6. j	1-2. i, f	1. c 6. h	1. a 6. c	1. c 6. i	
2. a	7. a	2. 3	7. 7	2. f	7. b	3-4. h, a	2. b 7. f	2. b 7. a	2. e 7. j	
3. c	8. b	3. 6	8. 9	3. c	8. h	5-6. j, c	3. e 8. g	3. d 8. d	3. a 8. g	
4. c	9. c	4. 2	9. 10	4. d	9. i	7–8. b, d	4. d 9. i	4. d 9. b	4. d 9. f	
5. a 10	0. c	5. 8	10. 5	5. e	10. a	9–10. e, g	5. a 10. j	5. c 10. d	5. b 10. h	

#### Chapter 23 (She Changed My Mind; So Sue Me)

Ten Words		Matchin	ig Words	Sent	ence	Sentence	Rela	ated	Word P	arts/Syn-			
in Context		with De	with Definitions Check		ck I	Check 2	Wor	Words		Ant/Analogies		Final Check	
1. c 6.	. с	1. 7	6. 1	1. b	6. g	1–2. e, f	1. d	6. g	1. c	6. h	1. c	6. h	
2. a 7.	. b	2. 8	7. 3	2. a	7. h	3–4. h, g	2. c	7. f	2. a	7. j	2. e	7. i	
3. b 8.	. Ь	3. 2	8. 10	3. i	8. e	5–6. b, c	3. a	8. j	3. b	8. g	3. b	8. f	
4. a 9.	. с	4. 6	9. 9	4. c	9. f	7–8. a, d	4. b	9. h	4. d	9. i	4. d	9. j	
5. b 10.	. с	5. 5	10. 4	5. d	10. j	9–10. i, j	5. e	10. i	5. e	10. f	5. a	10. g	

#### Chapter 24 (Fear of Public Speaking; Mrs. Thornton's Condition)

Ten Wo	ords	Matching Words	Sentence	Sentence	Related	Word Parts/Syn-	
in Con	ıtext	with Definitions	Check I	Check 2	Words	Ant/Analogies	Final Check
1. b	6. a	1. 5 6. 1	1. b 6. a	1–2. d, g	l. d 6. h	1. c 6. a	1. a 6. i
2. c	7. c	2. 8 7. 4	2. h 7. d	3-4. a, b	2. a 7. i	2. b 7. d	2. e 7. g
3. b	8. b	3. 10 8. 7	3. g 8. e	5-6. e, f	3. c 8. f	3. c 8. d	3. c 8. j
4. c	9. b	4. 2 9. 3	4. i 9. c	7–8. c, h	4. b 9. g	4. a 9. c	4. d 9. f
5. b	10. b	5. 6 10. 9	5. j 10. f	9–10. i, j	5. e 10. j	5. c 10. d	5. b 10. h

#### Chapter 25 (Wacky Weddings; The Cost of Hatred)

Ten Words in Context		Matching Words with Definitions	Sentence Check 1	Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts/Syn- Ant/Analogies	Final Check	
1. b	6. a	1. 3 6. 7	1. d 6. g	1–2. a, j	1. b 6. h	1. b 6. a	1. c 6. j	
2. a	7. a	2. 2 7. 9	2. b 7. f	3-4. h, b	2. c 7. g	2. d 7. c	2. b 7. h	
3. b	8. c	3. 1 8. 10	3. c 8. h	5–6. f, c	3. d 8. f	3. a 8. d	3. d 8. f	
4. c	9. b	4. 5 9. 8	4. a 9. e	7–8. i, d	4. e 9. j	4. d 9. b	4. a 9. g	
5. c	10. b	5. 4 10. 6	5. i 10. j	9-10. g, e	5. a 10. i	5. d 10. b	5. e 10. i	

## 4. Answers to the Posttest of the Whole Book

1.	c
5.	b
9.	b
13.	b
17.	a
21.	c
25.	d
29.	a
33.	b
37.	d
41.	b
45.	c
49.	d
53.	b
57.	c
61.	b
65.	d
69.	b
73.	b
77.	d
81.	d
85.	a
89.	d
93.	a
97.	c

2.	d
6.	c
10.	c
14.	d
18.	c
22.	b
26.	c
30.	b
34.	a
38.	d
42.	c
46.	d
50.	c
54.	a
58.	b
62.	d
66.	b
70.	d
74.	c
78.	a
82.	b
86.	b
90.	b
94.	c
98.	a

/.	C
11.	d
15.	c
19.	c
23.	a
27.	d
31.	c
35.	d
39.	c
43.	a
47.	d
51.	a
55.	c
59.	a
63.	d
67.	d
71.	c
75.	d
79.	c
83.	b
87.	d
91.	d
95.	b
99.	b

3.	b	4.	d
7.	c	8.	d
11.	d	12.	С
15.	c	16,	d
19.	c	20.	d
23.	a	24.	c
27.	d	28.	a
31.	c	32.	a
35.	d	36.	c
39.	c	40.	a
43.	a	44.	t
47.	d	48.	ć
51.	a	52.	Ċ
55.	c	56.	Ċ
59.	a	60.	C
63.	d	64.	t
67.	d	68.	a
71.	c	72.	Ċ
75.	d	76.	t
79.	c	80.	Ċ
83.	b	84.	C
87.	d	88.	a
91.	d ·	92.	C
95.	b	96.	t
99.	b	100.	8

abandon v. 放弃 abolish v. 废止,彻底废除(法律、制 度、 川俗等) abrupt a. 突然的,意外的 abundant a. 大量的,多的, 充足的 accompany v. 陪伴,陪同 accustomed a. 习惯的,适应了的 acquire v. (尤指通过努力)取得, 获 得, 学到 adequate a. 适当的, 胜任的 advise v. 劝告, 忠告, 向…提供意见 aggravate v. 加重,加剧;使恶化 alert a. 警觉的,警惕的 analyze v. 细察,分析 anticipate v. 预期, 预料 anxious a. 焦虑的,发愁的 apparent a. 清晰可见的 appeal v. 呼吁, 吁请, 恳求 appropriate a. 适合的,恰当的,相称的 approximately adv. 大约, 大概 artificial a. 人工的,人造的,人为的 assert v. 肯定地说出,坚定地断言 assume v. 假定, 假设, 想当然地认为 assure v. 深信不疑地对…说,向…保 ìÆ astonish v. 使惊讶

attitude *n*. 态度,看法 authentic *a*. 真的,真正的,逼真的 automatic *a*. 自动的,以自动装置完 成的 awkward *a*. (动作、形态等)不雅观的,

唯看的 betray v. 背叛, 出卖 bewilder v. 使迷惑, 使糊涂 brutal a. 严酷的, 苛刻的 burden n. 重担, 精神负担 category n. 种类, 类, 类別 cease v. 停止, 终止 challenge n. 挑战 characteristic a. 典型的, 表示特性的 circumstances n. 情况, 事态, 情势, 形势 clarify v. 澄清, 阐明, 使清晰明了

classify v. 把…分类

commitment n. 承诺, 许诺, 保证 communicate v. 传达;传递;交流 comparison n. 比较, 对照 complex a. 复杂的, 错综的, 难懂的 complicate v. 使复杂化 comprehend v. 理解,懂;领会 concept n. 概念, 观点, 思想 conflict n. 冲突, 战斗 confront v. 使面对, 使面临, 使遇到 conscience n. 良心, 道德心 conscious a. 意识到的,自觉的,感 到的 consent v. 同意,赞同,准许 considerable v. 相当大(或多)的 consistent a. 坚持的, 固守的, 一贯的 contrast n. (对比之下显出的)悬殊差 别;比差(程度) convince v. 使确信,使信服;说服 cope v. 对付, 应付 corrupt a. 堕落的, 邪恶的, 不道德的 counsel v. 劝告,提议 critical a. 吹毛求疵的、爱挑剔的 crucial a. 决定性的, 关键性的 current a. 通行的, 通用的, 流行的 customary a. 习惯上的, 惯常的 decay v. 腐烂,腐朽,腐败 deceive v. 欺骗, 诓骗; 蒙蔽 deliberate a. 故意的, 蓄意的 demonstrate v. 示范操作(产品) dependent a. 依靠的, 依赖的 deprive v. 使不能享受; 使不能做 desperate a. 孤注一掷的, 拼死的 detect v. 查明,察觉,发现 determine v. 确定, 查明, 测定 detract v. 减损; 诋毁 devote v. 将…献(给), 奉献(to) discipline v. 惩罚,处罚 dispose of v. 去掉, 丢掉, 清除, 销毁

dispute n. 争论,辩论

coincide v. 同时发生

disregard v. 不理会,不顾 disrupt v. 扰乱, 使中断 distinct a. 明显的,清楚的,清晰的 distract v. 转移(注意力); 使分心 dominate v. 支配,统治,控制 dramatic a. 引人注目的,给人深刻 印象的 eager a. 热切的,渴望的 earnest a. 重要的: 庄重的 economical a. 经济的,节约的,省俭的 eligible a. 有资格当选的,有条件被 选中的 eliminate v. 排除,消除 emotion n. 情感,情绪,感情 emphasis n. 重点, 重要性 endure v. 忍耐,忍受 establish v. 建立;建造;设立 evade v. 逃脱, 躲开 evaluate v. 对…评价,为…鉴定 evident a. 明显的,明白的 exaggerate v. 夸张, 夸大, 对…言过 excerpt n. 摘录,选录, 节录 excessive a. 过多的,过分的,极度的 exclaim v. 呼喊, 惊叫 exclude v. 把…排斥在外, 不包括; 不让(或阻止)…进入 exhaust v. 使精疲力竭; 使枯竭 expand v. 发展,扩大,扩充 extend v. 延长, 使展期 external a. 外面的,外部的 · extraordinary a. 不平常的,不普通 的,非凡的,惊人的 extravagant a. 奢侈的、铺张的、浪 费的 fertile a. 肥沃的, 富饶的, 可繁殖的, 能生育的 fiction n. 虚构的事 flexible a. 柔韧的,易弯曲的,可弯 曲的, 灵活的, 易适应的 foresight n. 预见, 先见之明 formal a. 正式的, 合于传统习俗(或 礼仪等)的 fragile a. 易碎的, 脆的, 易损坏的 fragment n. 碎片, 破片

frank a. 坦白的,直率的,真诚的

frequency n. 次数, 重复发生率

218 Word List frustration n. 挫折,失败;失望 fulfill v. 履行,实现 function n. 用途, 目的, 功能, 作用 fundamental a. 基本的, 根本的, 基 础的 furthermore adv. 而且; 此外 harsh a. 严厉的, 无情的, 严酷的 hesitate v. 犹豫、踌躇、迟疑不决 hinder v. 阻碍,妨碍,阻止 horizontal a. 水平的, 横的 hostile a. 怀敌意的,不友善的 humane a. 仁爱的, 慈善的, 人道的 humiliate v. 使蒙耻, 使丢脸 idle a. 闲散的,闲置的 illustrate v. (用图或例子)说明、阐明 impression n. 印象, 感想 impulse n. 冲动,突然的欲望,一时 的念头 incredible a. 难以置信的,不可思议的 indicate v. 标示,指示,指出 inferior a. (地位、等级等)低等的,下 级的 influence v. 影响, 感化 inhabit v. 居住于 intense a. 强烈的,剧烈的,极度的 intentional a. 有意的, 故意的 interference n. 干涉,干预;扰乱 internal a. 内的,内部的 interpret v. 解释,说明,释明 interval n. (时间、空间上的)间隔,间距 investigate v. 调查,调查研究,审查 legible a. 清楚的,易读的 linger v. 继续逗留,留恋徘徊 maintain v. 维持,保持 maximum a. 最高的;最大的; 顶点的 minimum a. 最低的,最小的 miserable a. 痛苦的, 苦恼的 misinterpret v. 错误地理解; 错误地 解释 misleading a. 使人产生误解的,导 致错误结论的 monotonous a. 单一得令人厌倦的, 毫无变化的 negligent a. 疏忽的, 忽略的 neutral a. 中立的 nevertheless ad. 仍然,不过 objection n. 反对, 异议 objective n. 目的, 目标 obnoxious, a. 使人非常不快的, 可憎的 observe v. 看到, 注意到

obtain v. 得到, 获得

occur v. 发生

originate v. 起源,来自;产生 overcome v. 克服 overwhelm v. 征服,制服,压倒 peculiar a. 奇怪的, 古怪的 penalize v. 对…处罚,对…处刑 perceive v. 感知,感觉,察觉 phrase n. 词组; 习语 possess v. 具有(品质等) potential n. 潜力, 潜能 practical a. 实践的,实际的 precaution n. 预防措施, 防备办法 precede v. (順序、位置或时间上)处 在…之前,先于 precise a. 精确的,准确的,确切的 preconception n. 先入之见, 成见 preference n. 更加的喜爱, 偏爱 preserve v. 保护, 保养, 维护, 保全 prey n. 被捕食的动物;捕获的 primary a. 首要的,主要的 principal a. 最重要的,首要的,主要的 procedure n. 程序, 手续, 步骤 propose v. 提出,提议,建议 prosper v. 兴旺,繁荣;成功 protest v. 抗议,提出异议,反对 pursue v. 进行, 实行; 从事 random a. 无一定之规的, 任意的 recollect (重新)集中(思想等) reduction n. 减少,缩减 reform v. 改革,改变,改造 rejection n. 拒绝; 退回 reliable a. 可靠的;可信赖的 reluctant a. 不情愿的,勉强的 remedy n. 治疗,治疗法 remote a. 远的, 遥远的, 久远的 renew v. 使更生,补充,加固 represent v. 代表 resemble v. 像, 与…相似, 类似于 resent v. 对…表示岔恨, 对…怀恨, 怨恨 resort v. 求助; 凭借, 借用 resources n. 资源, 财富 respond v. 作答,回答 restore v. 使复原, 修复, 整修 revise v. 修订, 订正 revive v. 苏醒,复苏 rigid a. (不弯曲、不拉伸而)具刚性的; 坚硬的、坚固的 scarce a. 缺乏的,不足的,供不应求的 security n. 安全, 平安

seize v. 夺取 severe a. 严重的, 危险的 shallow a. 浅的,不深的 significant a. 相当数量的,不可忽略 的, 值得注意的 sole a. 单独的, 唯一的 solemn a. 严重的,严正的,庄严的 solitary a. 单独的,独自的 specific a. 明确的,确切的,具体的 spite n. 恶意,怨恨 stress n. 压力,紧张,紧迫 strive v. 努力, 奋斗 substance n. 物质, 材料, 东西 sufficient a. 足够的, 充足的 suitable a. 合适的,适宜的,适当的 surplus a. 过剩的,剩余的,多余的 symbolize v. 作为…的象征,象征,标志 sympathize v. 同情,表示同情,怜悯 temporary a. 暂时的,临时的 tendency n. (性格或性质上的)倾向 theme n. 题目,主题 theory n. 理论, 学理, 原理 thorough a. 彻底地,完全的,透彻的 thrive v. 兴旺发达,繁荣,旺盛 timid a. 胆怯的,易受惊的 tolerance n. 容忍, 宽容 trait n. 特征,特点,特性 transfer v. 搬,使转移 transform v. 使变形, 使改观 transparent a. 透明的 triumph n. 胜利, 得胜 ultimate a. 极点的, 绝顶的, 终极的 unanimous a. 全体一致的,一致同 意的 unstable a. 不稳定的,不坚定的,易 动摇的 utilize v. 利用 vague a. 含糊的,不明确的 vanish v. 突然不见,消失 variety n. 种种 vary v. 使不同,更改,改变 vast a. 广阔的,广大的 version n. (某人或从某一角度对事物 所作的)一种描述、说法 vertical a. 垂直的, 竖的 vicinity n. 周围地区,临近地区 wholesome a. 有益于健康的, 增进 健康的 withdraw v. 抽回,移开

			Cha	pters			
Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts; Syn/Ant; Analogies	Final Check	Sentence Check 2	Related Words	Word Parts; Syn/Ant; Analogies	Final Check
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# CROUNDWOR英语词准基础VOCABULARY

"英语词汇学习丛书"由美国知名的教材教辅图书出版社 Townsend Press 出版,是美国大学生使用最为广泛的扩大词汇的教学辅导图书之一。正如本丛书的编者所指出的那样,在美国一个学生的前途在某种程度上取决于他/她的词汇量的大小。对于我国广大的英语学习者来说,词汇学习当然是英语学习的一个重要方面。

本丛书共有 6 册。每册介绍 240-300 个在 TOEFL、GRE、SAT 等测试中经常出现的单词。本丛书的特点是引导学生根据上下文的语境,包括例证、同义、异义、类比等关系来理解单词,通过反复练习、多次使用来熟悉和记忆单词,从而摒弃死记硬背的学习方法。书中对每个关键单词提供的各类练习能让学生反复使用该单词达 10 次左右。此外,书中部分练习题的题型与 TOEFL、GRE、SAT 等美国常用入学考试的形式相似,对于我国有志于出国留学的学生熟悉题型也有一定的帮助。

《英语词汇基础》(*Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary*) 为本丛书的第二册,书中提供的英语词汇练习适用于我国大学非英语专业四级 (CET4) 学生的水平,也可以用作 TOEFL 培训初、中级阶段的辅助教材。

#### Townsend Press 英语词汇学习丛书书目

Books in the Townsend Press Vocabulary Series: A Comprehensive Vocabulary Program

Vocabulary Basics	《英语词汇入门》			
Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary	《英语词汇基础》			
Building Vocabulary Skills	《英语词汇提高》			
Improving Vocabulary Skills	《英语词汇扩展》			
Advancing Vocabulary Skills	《英语词汇突破》			
Advanced Word Power	《英语词汇飞跃》			

